

INGDAN, INC.

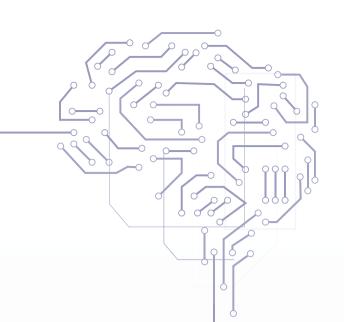
硬蛋創新

(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability) (於開曼群島註冊成立的有限公司)



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公司資料

Corporate Information

董事會

執行董事

康敬偉

(首席執行官兼董事會主席) 胡麟祥(首席財務官) 郭莉華

獨立非執行董事

葉忻 馬啟元

郝純一

審核委員會

郝純一(主席) 葉忻 馬啟元

薪酬委員會

馬啟元(主席) 葉忻 郝純一

提名委員會

葉忻(主席) 馬啟元 郝純一

註冊辦事處

Offices of Conyers Trust Company (Cayman) Limited Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive P.O. Box 2681 Grand Cayman KY1-1111 Cayman Islands

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Executive Directors

KANG Jingwei, Jeffrey (Chief Executive Officer and Chairman of the Board) WU Lun Cheung Allen (Chief Financial Officer) **GUO** Lihua

Independent Non-Executive Directors

YE Xin MA Qiyuan HAO Chunyi, Charlie

AUDIT COMMITTEE

HAO Chunyi, Charlie (Chairman) YE Xin MA Qiyuan

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

MA Qiyuan (Chairman) YE Xin HAO Chunyi, Charlie

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

YE Xin (Chairman) MA Qiyuan HAO Chunyi, Charlie

REGISTERED OFFICE

Offices of Conyers Trust Company (Cayman) Limited Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive P. O. Box 2681 Grand Cayman KY1-1111 Cayman Islands

Corporate Information (Continued)

主要營業地點

中國深圳市 南山區 高新南九道55號 微軟科通大廈11樓

香港主要營業地點

香港 新界屯門 洪祥路3號 田氏中心第2座 6樓D室

股份過戶登記總處

Conyers Trust Company (Cayman) Limited Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive P.O. Box 2681 Grand Cayman KY1-1111 Cayman Islands

公司秘書

胡麟祥

授權代表

康敬偉 胡麟祥

核數師

信永中和(香港)會計師事務所有限公司 執業會計師

PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS

11/F, Microsoft Comtech Tower No. 55 Gaoxin South 9th Road Nanshan District Shenzhen, China

PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN HONG **KONG**

Unit D, 6th Floor Tin's Centre Block II 3 Hung Cheung Road Tuen Mun, New Territories Hong Kong

PRINCIPAL SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Conyers Trust Company (Cayman) Limited Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive P.O. Box 2681 Grand Cayman KY1-1111 Cayman Islands

COMPANY SECRETARY

WU Lun Cheung Allen

AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVES

KANG Jingwei, Jeffrey WU Lun Cheung Allen

AUDITOR

SHINEWING (HK) CPA Limited Certified Public Accountants

公司資料(續)

Corporate Information (Continued)

法律顧問

香港法律及美國法律: 世達國際律師事務所

中國法律:

安傑世澤律師事務所

開曼群島法律:

Conyers Dill & Pearman (Cayman) Limited

主要往來銀行

中國銀行(香港)有限公司 渣打銀行(香港)有限公司

香港證券登記處

香港中央證券登記有限公司

上市信息

聯交所,股份代號:00400

公司網站

www.ingdangroup.com

LEGAL ADVISORS

As to Hong Kong and U.S. laws: Skadden, Arps, Slate, Meagher & Flom

As to PRC law: AnJie Broad Law Firm

As to Cayman Islands law: Conyers Dill & Pearman (Cayman) Limited

PRINCIPAL BANKERS

Bank of China (Hong Kong) Limited Standard Chartered Bank (Hong Kong) Limited

HONG KONG SHARE REGISTRAR

Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited

LISTING INFORMATION

Stock Exchange, Stock Code: 00400

COMPANY WEBSITE

www.ingdangroup.com

財務摘要 Financial Highlights

		截至下列日期止年度 Year ended		
		2024年12月31日	2023年12月31日	去年同期變動
		December 31,	December 31,	Year-on-year
		2024	2023	change
		(人民幣(「人民幣」)	(人民幣(「人民幣」)	
		百萬元,另有	百萬元,另有	
		註明者除外)	註明者除外)	
		(Renminbi ("RMB")	(Renminbi ("RMB")	
		in millions, unless	in millions, unless	
		specified)	specified)	
收入	Revenue	10,129.1	8,863.4	14.3%
毛利	Gross profit	889.4	1,029.9	(13.6)%
經營溢利	Profit from operations	427.9	465.4	(8.0)%
年內溢利	Profit for the year	273.5	319.9	(14.5)%
本公司權益股東應佔溢利	' '			
	shareholders of the Company	189.9	210.7	(9.9)%
每股盈利(「 每股盈利 」)	Earnings per share (" EPS ")			
(每股人民幣元)	(RMB per share)		0	(0.7)2/
- 基本	- basic	0.139	0.154	(9.7)%
	— diluted	0.138	0.154	(10.4)%

主席報告書 Chairman's Statement





康敬偉 KANG Jingwei, Jeffrey 主席Chairman

2024年,全球人工智能技術邁入加速融合與創 新的關鍵階段,應用場景不斷拓展,推動AI技 術從概念走向實踐。作為數位化與智能化的核 心驅動,芯片正快速滲透至各行各業。本集團 緊握趨勢,依託旗下科通技術與硬蛋科技兩大 主營業務,深化[芯一端一雲]全產業鏈佈局, 為全球科技生態發展注入創新動能。

生成式AI (AIGC) 技術突破與人形機器人產業快 速發展,推動高性能算力芯片需求指數式增 長,加速雲計算、邊緣計算與存儲架構升級。 作為AI算力供應鏈的核心服務商,科通技術積 極參與全球算力網絡建設,與國際原廠及本地 企業深度合作,為數據中心與AI伺服器提供高 效技術與供應鏈服務。透過自研AI技術、大語 言模型與行業知識庫,持續提升芯片方案,為 客戶創造更高價值。

In 2024, global artificial intelligence technology entered a crucial stage of accelerated integration and innovation, with the continued expansion of application scenarios, driving AI technology from the concept stage to practical implementation. As the core driver of digitalization and intelligence, chips are rapidly penetrating various industries. The Group has firmly grasped this trend. Through our two main businesses, Comtech and Ingdan, the Group has deepened our capabilities across the entire "chip-device-cloud" industrial chain, and jumpstarted innovation momentum into the global technology ecosystem.

The technological breakthroughs of generative AI (AIGC) and the rapid development of the humanoid robot industry have driven exponential growth in the demand for high-performance computing chips, as well as accelerated upgrading for cloud computing, edge computing, and storage architectures. As a core service provider in the Al computing power supply chain, Comtech actively participates in the construction of the global computing power network. It conducts in-depth cooperation with international original equipment manufacturers (OEMs) and local enterprises, providing efficient technological and supply chain services for data centers and Al servers. Through self-developed Al technologies, large language models, and industry knowledge bases, Comtech continuously enhances its chip solutions, creating higher value for customers.

主席報告書(續)

Chairman's Statement (Continued)

硬蛋科技則聚焦新能源領域,特別是在兩輪車 換電與電池梯次利用方面取得顯著成果。本公 司打造覆蓋電池全生命週期的智能化管理平 台,並通過自主研發的智能電池管理系統,實 現電池狀態實時監控與效能優化,顯著提升使 用效率。同時,硬蛋科技積極推進兩輪車電池 雲服務,搶佔人民幣千億級藍海市場,為本集 團開拓新成長空間,也助力國家「雙碳」目標的 實現。

展望未來,AI與實體經濟的深度融合將推動新 質生產力持續釋放,芯片需求有望保持高位。 2024年《政府工作報告》首次提出「人工智能+」 行動計劃,2025年更以獨立章節方式寫入政府 工作報告,顯示AI技術已成為國家戰略重點。 本集團將積極響應政策號召,充分發揮科通技 術與硬蛋科技的協同優勢,聚焦智能汽車、數 字基建、工業互聯、能源控制與大消費五大領 域,完善「芯 - 端 - 雲」產業閉環。我們相信, 這一戰略佈局將為集團在AI時代的競爭中奠定 堅實基礎。

與此同時,我們亦將持續強化創新與技術投 入,通過iPaaS平台的優化與升級,為產業鏈的 合作夥伴提供更高效的技術整合與數據服務, 加快智能應用落地。在全球佈局方面,我們將 拓展國際合作與戰略性投資機會,以多元化業 務模式提升市場競爭力。同時透過智能化工具 與定制化服務,進一步提升客戶忠誠度與滿意 度,鞏固行業領先優勢。

最後,本人謹代表董事會向全體管理層、員 工、客戶、合作夥伴及股東致以誠摯感謝。在 AI技術快速發展的新時代,我們將繼續秉持創 新精神,以科技驅動成長,為股東創造長期價 值,為社會貢獻技術力量,共同開創智能科技 的美好未來。

主席 康敬偉

香港,2025年3月31日

Ingdan focuses on the new energy industry, especially in the field of two-wheeler battery replacement and re-utilization, and has achieved remarkable results. The Company has built an intelligent management platform covering battery life-cycle, and developed a proprietary smart battery management system that monitors battery status in real-time to optimize its performance, significantly improving battery efficiency. Meanwhile, Ingdan has developed its two-wheeler battery cloud services to capture the RMB100 billion "blue ocean" market opportunity as a new growth driver the Group, and support the realization of the national "double carbon" goal.

Looking ahead, the in-depth integration of Al and the real economy will drive the continuous release of new quality productivity, with demand for chips expected to remain high. The country's "Artificial Intelligence +" initiative was first proposed in the 2024 Government Work Report, and included in the 2025 Government Work Report as a separate chapter, indicating that AI technology has become a national strategic priority. In alignment with the government policy, the Group will give full play to the synergy advantages of Comtech and Ingdan by focusing on five major fields downstream, including smart vehicles, digital infrastructure, industrial interconnection, energy control, and big consumption, improving the "chip-device-cloud" closed loop for the industry. We believe this strategic buildout will lay a solid foundation for the Group to compete in the Al era.

Meanwhile, we will also continue to increase investments in innovation and technology, and provide more efficient technical integration and data services to the partners in the industrial chain through the optimization and upgrading of our iPaaS platform, thereby accelerating the launch of intelligent applications. We will actively expand the Group's global layout through exploring international cooperation and strategic investment opportunities, to enhance market competitiveness with a diversified business model. Leveraging our intelligent tools and customized services, we will further enhance customer loyalty and satisfaction, and consolidate our leading position in the industry.

Finally, on behalf of the Board, I would like to express our sincere gratitude to our management team, employees, customers, suppliers, and Shareholders. In this new era of the rapid development of Al technology, we remain committed to innovation and aim to boost our growth, create long-term value for Shareholders, as well as contribute to society with technology, joining hands to create a bright future for intelliaent technology.

KANG Jingwei, Jeffrey

Chairman

Hong Kong, March 31, 2025

管理層討論與分析

Management Discussion and Analysis

業務回顧及展望

本集團整體業務及財務表現

本集團是一家創新型科技服務平台集團,專注 於連接上游芯片技術與下游創新企業需求。通 過自主研發的AI、大語言模型(「大模型」)和專 業行業知識庫,本集團為客戶提供尖端的芯片 應用技術解決方案和高效的供應鏈管理服務。 本集團主營業務為科通技術,服務芯片產業的 技術服務平台和硬蛋科技,提供AloT技術和服 務的平台。

受惠於AI算力需求持續強勁,伴隨AI技術相關 產業對芯片需求上升。報告期間,本集團收入 約人民幣10.129.1百萬元,較2023年同期約人 民幣8,863.4百萬元,增加約14.3%。本集團的 毛利約為人民幣889.4百萬元,同比減少約 13.6%; 經營利潤約為人民幣427.9百萬元,同 比減少了約14.5%;除税後淨溢利約為人民幣 273.5百萬元,同比減少約8.0%。來自大客戶的 銷量增加影響整體毛利率,加上美元利息成本 上升,導致本公司權益股東應佔溢利有所 下降。

BUSINESS REVIEW AND OUTLOOK

Overall business and financial performance of the Group

The Group is an innovative technology services platform conglomerate dedicated to connecting upstream chip technology with the needs of downstream innovation enterprises. Through proprietary Al technology, large language models ("LLMs"), and specialized industry knowledge bases, the Group provides customers with cutting-edge chip application technology solutions, and efficient supply chain management services. The Group's core businesses are Comtech, a technology services platform for the chip industry, and Ingdan, a platform providing AloT technology and services.

During the Reporting Period, benefiting from continued strong demand for Al computing power and growing demand for chips from industries related to Al technology, the Group recorded revenue of approximately RMB10,129.1 million, representing an increase of approximately 14.3% as compared to approximately RMB8,863.4 million for the corresponding period in 2023. Gross profit of the Group was approximately RMB889.4 million, representing a year-on-year decrease of approximately 13.6%. Profit from operations was approximately RMB427.9 million, representing a year-on-year decrease of approximately 8.0%. Net profit after tax was approximately RMB273.5 million, representing a year-on-year decrease of approximately 14.5%. The increase in sales volume from large customers impacted the overall gross margin, coupled with higher interest costs of US dollars. These led to a decrease of profit attributable to equity shareholders of the Company.

Management Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

AIGC技術的革命性突破與人形機器人產業的技 術躍遷,正全面重塑全球芯片業產業生態。市 場對高性能算力芯片的需求呈現指數級增長, 驅動雲計算基礎設施升級與邊緣計算設備迭代 的同時,更推動存儲芯片架構的技術革新。隨 著DeepSeek、ChatGPT、Gemini等AI應用逐步 落地,行業龍頭企業正加速布局AI基礎設施, 進一步帶動芯片市場的復甦。根據美國半導體 行業協會(SIA)的數據,AI處理器和記憶體需求 激增,帶動2024年全球芯片銷售額創下歷史新 高,首度突破6,000億美元大關,達6,276億美 元,同比增長19.1%;其中,第四季度單季銷售 額達1,709億美元,分別實現同比及環比增長 17.1%及3.0%。按地區劃分,美洲、中國與亞 太及其他地區的年芯片銷售額分別上升 44.8%、18.3%及12.5%¹。 展 望2025年,SIA預 計全球芯片銷售額將保持雙位數增長。世界半 導體貿易統計組織(WSTS)亦預測,2025年全球 芯片銷售額有望攀升至6.972億美元,年增幅 達11.2%,其中亞太地區年增長率預計將達 10.4%² °

Revolutionary breakthroughs in AIGC technology and the technological leaps in the humanoid robot industry are comprehensively reshaping the global chip industry ecosystem. Market demand for high-performance computing chips is growing exponentially, driving the upgrade of cloud computing infrastructure and the iteration of edge computing devices, while also promoting technological innovation in storage chip architecture. As Al applications such as Deep Seek, ChatGPT, and Gemini are gradually implemented, industry leaders are accelerating the buildout of Al infrastructure, further driving the recovery of the chip market. According to the Semiconductor Industry Association (SIA) of the United States, surging demand for Al processors and memory drove global chip sales to a record high in 2024, breaking the US\$600 billion mark for the first time, reaching US\$627.6 billion, marking a year-on-year increase of 19.1%. Among them, sales in the fourth guarter reached US\$170.9 billion, marking a year-on-year increase of 17.1% and quarter-to-quarter growth of 3.0% respectively. By region, annual chip sales in the Americas, China, Asia Pacific and Other regions increased by 44.8%, 18.3%, and 12.5%, respectively¹. Looking ahead to 2025, SIA expects global chip sales to maintain double-digit growth. The World Semiconductor Trade Statistics (WSTS) also predicts global chip sales to climb to US\$697.2 billion in 2025, an annual increase of 11.2%, with the Asia-Pacific region expected to grow at an annual rate of 10.4%².

Global Semiconductor Sales Increase 19.1% in 2024; Double-Digit Growth Projected in 2025

https://www.semiconductors.org/global-semiconductor-sales-increase-19-1-in-2024-double-digit-growth-projected-in-2025/

WSTS Semiconductor Market Forecast Fall 2024

https://www.wsts.org/esraCMS/extension/media/f/WST/6765/WSTS_FC-Release-2024_11.pdf

Management Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

在全球芯片產業發展的戰略機遇期,AI、雲計 算與物聯網技術的協同演進,疊加人形機器人 產業的技術突破,正推動全球算力需求進入指 數級增長軌道。這一趨勢不僅催生GPU、ASIC 等高性能計算芯片的迭代需求,更帶動高速存 儲芯片、智能網絡設備的全產業鏈技術升級, 形成從芯片設計、製造到應用終端的完整創新 生態。在這一背景下,科通技術作為AI算力供 應鏈的核心供應商,深度參與全球算力網絡建 設,服務覆蓋算力中心、數據中心、AI服務 器、AI交換機網絡產品、光模塊以及眾多的AI 應用領域。科通技術與全球多家領先的芯片原 廠緊密合作,已代理超過80家核心芯片公司的 產品,涵蓋Nvidia(英偉達)、AMD-Xilinx(超威半 導體-賽靈思)、Intel(英特爾)等國際知名原廠 以及眾多國內知名芯片原廠,主要代理產品包 括GPU、CPU、FPGA、ASIC、存儲芯片、軟件 及其他全系列產品。

憑藉多年深耕市場,科通技術積累了豐富的應 用技術經驗和產業資源,能夠向下游數以萬計 的創新客戶提供芯片應用技術解決方案及供應 鏈管理服務。通過自主研發的AI技術、大模型 和專業知識庫,科通技術能夠在芯片選型、硬 件設計、軟件開發、系統集成等方面提供智能 化和自動化的解決方案,顯著提升產品性能和 可靠性。此外,科通技術運用AI技術和大數據 分析,實現供應鏈智能化管理,提升運營效率 並降低成本。

During the strategic opportunity period of the global chip industry's development, the coordinated evolution of AI, cloud computing, and IoT technologies, coupled with technological breakthroughs in the humanoid robot industry, is pushing global computing power demand onto an exponential growth track. This track not only gives rise to the iterative demand for high-performance computing chips such as GPUs and ASICs, but also drives technological upgrades across the entire industry chain of high-speed storage chips and intelligent network equipment. Together they form a complete innovation ecosystem, from chip design and manufacturing, to application terminals. In this context, as a core supplier on the Al computing power supply chain, Comtech is deeply involved in the construction of the global computility network, and serves a broad spectrum of sectors including computing centers, data centers, Al servers, Al switch networking products, optical modules and a wide range of Al applications. Comtech works closely with global leading chip manufacturers, and has been an agent for the products of over 80 major companies including Nvidia, AMD-Xilinx, Intel, and other wellknown international manufacturers, in addition to numerous domestic chipmakers. Comtech's main products include GPUs, CPUs, FPGAs, ASICs, memory chips, software, and other full product series.

With years of successful business operations, Comtech has accumulated extensive application technology experience and industrial resources, allowing it to provide chip application technology solutions and supply chain management services for tens of thousands of downstream customers within the innovation industry. Through its proprietary Al technology, LLMs and professional knowledge base, Comtech is able to provide intelligent and automated solutions in the areas of chip selection, hardware design, software development, and system integration, which greatly enhances product performance and reliability. Additionally, by applying AI technology and big data analytics to achieve intelligent supply chain management, Comtech has increased operational efficiency while reducing costs.

Management Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

同時,科通技術擁有多項自主知識產權,包括智能算法庫、行業專屬大模型、智能硬件設計平台、自適應系統架構、智能開發工具鏈以及大量的創新技術專利,這些技術賦予其在AI芯片應用和智能供應鏈領域的競爭優勢。通過持續結合先進AI技術與深厚行業專業知識,科通技術持續提升服務質量,為客戶創造更大價值,並引領行業技術創新。

Comtech also holds a number of proprietary intellectual properties, including an intelligent algorithm library, industry-specific LLMs, an intelligent hardware design platform, an auto-adaptive system architecture, an intelligent development toolchain, and a large number of innovative technology patents, which lend a competitive advantage in the fields of Al chip application and intelligent supply chain. Leveraging the combination of advanced Al technologies and deep industry expertise, Comtech continues to improve its service quality, create greater value for its customers, and lead the industry in technological innovation.

Ingdan, on the other hand, focuses on the new energy industry, dedicating efforts to developing the industry for two-wheeler battery replacement and re-utilization, as well as building a reliable asset management platform for traceable lithium battery life-cycle data. Ingdan provides customized solutions for two-wheeler battery replacement, power re-utilization, and energy storage. Its proprietary smart battery management platform can monitor real-time battery status, effectively improve battery usage efficiency and cycles, and realize the smart management of the whole battery life cycle from production calibration, safe operation, asset management, efficiency management, and recycling tracking. The business has strategically focused on two- wheeler battery cloud services, aiming to keep track of the market trend of new energy smart battery clouds, in order to seize the RMB100 billion "blue ocean" market opportunity. The project would enable the Group to sustain profitability while contributing to the advocacy of the product standardization of China's two-wheeler battery replacement industry, providing technical support and industrial driving force for the realization of the national "double carbon" goal of carbon peaking and carbon neutrality.

Management Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

憑藉本集團在芯片產業積累的豐富資源與技術 優勢,硬蛋學堂引進全球領先的芯片應用技 術,為行業提供全方位的技術服務及人才培 訓。硬蛋學堂通過專業的技術培訓,幫助上游 AI芯片原廠實現產品和技術的市場推廣,並培 養AI技術人才協助下游AI應用企業快速採用最 新AI技術和產品,從而全面提升企業的AI業務 能力。同時,硬蛋學堂為企業提供基於本地化 部署的AI大模型應用解決方案,幫助企業在多 個領域實現AI數字化轉型。目前,硬蛋學堂已 成功培育超過2,000名芯片應用工程師,為行 業輸送大量高質素人才。通過持續的人才培訓 和技術支持,硬蛋學堂正全力助推深圳成為中 國乃至全球芯片應用產業中心,為國家芯片產 業發展做出更大貢獻。

Utilizing the Group's deep resources and technological strengths in the chip industry, Ingdan Academy brings together the world's leading chip application technologies to provide all-round technical services and talent training for the industry. The Academy assists upstream Al chip manufacturers in promoting their products and technologies in the market by offering professional technical training, while growing AI technical talent to help downstream AI application enterprises quickly adopt the latest AI technologies and products, thereby comprehensively enhancing those enterprises' Al capabilities. Ingdan Academy also provides enterprises with locally deployed Al LLMs application solutions and helps enterprises achieve multidisciplinary Al digital transformations. To date, Ingdan Academy has successfully trained over 2,000 chip application engineers, supplying the industry with a large number of highly qualified professionals. Through continuous talent training and technical support, Ingdan Academy is fully supporting Shenzhen in becoming a leading chip application industry hub in China and globally, greatly contributing to the development of the national chip industry.

Management Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

未來前景

本集團的目標是成為全球領先的科技服務平台,利用「科通技術+硬蛋科技」商業模式,組成智能硬件「芯-端-雲」的產業閉環。本集團致力為中國日益增長的科技市場服務,並計劃透過下列增長策略實現本集團的目標:

I. 搶抓AI商業落地機遇

在市場發展的推動下,AI技術持續實現商業落地,成為企業數字化和智慧化轉型的重要基礎,而芯片應用、智能硬件及鍵則是各行業加速數字化進程的關土的。根據國際數據公司(IDC)《全球人人工智能支出指南》的人人工智能支出指南》的各種與生成式人工智能支出指南》的各種與生成式人工智能支出指南》的各種與生成式人工智能支出指南》的各種與生成式人工智能支出指域支出規模的。與生成之2028年全球AI市場支出規模長期至2030年中國AI產業的需要到人民幣5.6萬億元,預計2024年至2030年間中國在AI產業的總投資規模將10萬億元4。

Future Prospects

The Group's goal is to become the world's leading technology service platform, leveraging the Group's "Comtech + Ingdan" business model to form a "chip-device-cloud" closed loop for the intelligent hardware industry. The Group strives to serve the whole of China's growing tech market and intends to pursue the following growth strategies to achieve its goal:

I. Capture Business Opportunities in Al

Driven by market developments, AI technologies continue to be implemented commercially. Al has become a crucial foundation for enterprises' digitalization and intelligentization, while chip applications, intelligent hardware, and big data serve as key pillars for various industries to accelerate their digital transformations. According to the latest forecast by the International Data Corporation (IDC) in its Worldwide Al and Generative AI Spending Guide, spending in the global AI market is expected to reach US\$632 billion by 2028, with a compound annual growth rate (CAGR) of approximately 29.0%3 over five years, as AI (particularly AIGC) rapidly integrates into various products. Additionally, research by China International Capital Corporation (CICC) estimates that the market demand for China's Al industry will reach RMB5.6 trillion by 2030, with total investment in the Al industry in China projected to exceed RMB10 trillion⁴ between 2024 and 2030.

Worldwide Spending on Artificial Intelligence Forecast to Reach \$632 Billion in 2028, According to a New IDC Spending Guide https://www.idc.com/getdoc.jsp?containerld=prUS52530724

⁴ AI規模新經濟·中金公司2024世界人工智能大會投融資主題論壇成功舉辦 https://www.cicc.com/news/details311_126956.html

Management Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

隨著AI技術的飛速發展,大模型的加速迭 代與多模態化趨勢日益顯著,全球算力需 求持續攀升,推動AI伺服器市場持續高 漲。這一趨勢不僅使AI芯片市場空間進一 步打開,也大大提升了對AI算力供應鏈的 需求,成為科通技術業務增長的主要動 力。在新經濟、智慧城市、數字化轉型、 元宇宙及AIGC等概念加持下,AI技術應用 對企業業務運營的商業價值與戰略意義 在市場供需兩端越來越重要。未來,AI將 進一步加快與實體經濟的融合創新,推動 科技變革創造更多新機遇。

中國也積極推動科技發展,以提升競爭 力。2024年《政府工作報告》中首次提出了 「人工智能+」行動,這不僅是順應全球人 工智能發展的趨勢,而且與中國產業升級 的大勢緊密相連,旨在推動AI技術與各行 業深度融合。這一行動體現了政府對AI的 高度重視,可以説是推動中國從[互聯網 時代」迭代升級至「人工智能時代」的政策 設計和布局,也是發展新質生產力的一個 重要方面。中國高度重視人工智能發展, 積極推動互聯網、大數據、人工智能和實 體經濟深度融合,壯大智能產業,加快發 展新質生產力,為高質量發展提供新動 能。本集團相信,在國家大力推動下,AI 產業也將迎來新一輪有力增長,為數字產 業的發展開闢全新的空間。

With the rapid development of AI technology, it is increasingly evident that LLMs are accelerating in their iterations with a trend towards multi-modality. The rising demand for computing power has propelled an already soaring market for Al servers. This trend not only further opens up the Al chip market, but also greatly increases the demand on the Al computing power supply chain, which has become the main driving force for growth in Comtech's business. With the rise of concepts such as the new economy, smart cities, digital transformation, the meta-universe, and AIGC, the commercial value and strategic significance of AI technology applications within enterprises' business operations are becoming more significant, in both the supply and demand sides of the market. In the future, Al will be further applied to the real economy and innovation, driving new scientific and technological transformations and creating new opportunities.

China is also actively promoting its development of science and technology to enhance its competitiveness. The country's "Artificial Intelligence +" initiative was first proposed in the 2024 Government Work Report. The initiative not only aligns with the global trend of Al development, but also closely links to the general trend of China's industrial upgrading, with the goal of in-depth integration of AI technology into various industries. The initiative reflects the high importance the government attaches to AI, and is part of its greater policy design to drive China's iteration and upgrade from the "Internet Age" to the "Al Age". It is also an important aspect of developing new productive forces. By placing great importance on Al development, China has actively promoted the deep integration of the Internet, big data, AI, and the real economy to expand the intelligent industry and accelerate the development of new productive forces, providing new impetus for high-quality development. The Group believes that, with strong support at the national level, the Al industry will experience another round of substantial growth, which opens up a new chapter for the development of the digital industry.

Management Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

The Group will also accelerate its presence in the Al industry chain by capturing development opportunities arising from Al technology. Capitalizing on its industrial strengths, the Group will cater to the AI industry chain through Comtech and Ingdan, and hasten its construction of an innovation-driven development model. Comtech, as the technology service platform for the chip industry, will continue to research and develop, and enhance the design of chip application solutions in order to meet Al technologies' market demand for high-performance chips and computing power. The AI computing power supply chain is expected to embark on accelerated growth. Meanwhile, Ingdan, by leveraging its big data analysis capability with "Ingdan Cloud", will effectively integrate complete intelligent hardware application solutions with products to speed up the successful application of Al products. The Group will continue to upgrade its service platform in order to provide complete service coverage for the entire AI industry chain, and capture business opportunities arising from the smart transformation of China.

Management Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

提升硬蛋科技的收入來源

本集團計劃進一步加強硬蛋科技的收入 來源,積極聚焦新能源智能電池雲業務的 開拓,並重點佈局兩輪車電池雲服務,搶 佔市場的新趨勢。此外,為了把握AI時代 的機遇,本集團打造了iPaaS技術整合平 台,發展成為服務AloT「芯-端-雲」產業鏈 的核心技術供應商,重點服務智能汽車、 數字基建、工業互聯、能源控制及大消費 五大智能硬件領域。作為企業服務平台, 本集團於其平台獲取大量客戶, 收集他們 的購買需求和數據,並提供強大的數據分 析工具為企業服務。本集團打造「芯-端-雲」的產業閉環以滿足AI產業鏈的需求, 「芯」是通過科通技術為芯片行業上游的 供應商提供向下游拓展市場的芯片應用 設計及分銷服務。硬蛋科技則專注於「端」 和「雲」的服務,利用大數據資源分析和提 供成熟的整合方案,由系統、終端到雲端 的技術整合支持,為不同新興行業提供度 身訂造的方案。「芯-端-雲」的產業閉環產 生協同效應,從而促進硬蛋科技於未來為 本集團帶來更大貢獻。隨著硬蛋科技的研 發項目日趨成熟,自研產品將為本集團的 業績表現作出更多貢獻。同時,本集團亦 計劃通過為客戶提供增值服務(包括但不 限於企業及技術服務)以及孵化計劃等投 資服務進一步提升本集團的業績表現。

Enhance revenue streams from Ingdan

The Group intends to further enhance Ingdan's revenue streams. In this regard, the Group will actively focus on the development of a new energy smart battery cloud business and the deployment of resources for cloud services for two-wheeler vehicle batteries, capitalizing on an important new market trend. Additionally, in order to capture new opportunities in the AI era, the Group has built an iPaaS technology integration platform, to become a core technology provider serving the AloT "chipdevice-cloud" industry chain, with emphasis on five intelligent hardware fields: smart vehicles, digital infrastructure, industrial interconnection, energy control, and big consumption. As an enterprise services platform, the Group acquires a large number of customers, collecting their purchasing demands and data on its platforms, while offering powerful analytical tools as enterprise services. The Group's "chip-device-cloud" industrial closed loop is primed to meet the needs of the Al industry chain. The "chip" part of the model is to provide, through Comtech, suppliers in the upstream of the chip industry with application design and distribution services for chips to expand the downstream market. Ingdan focuses on the "device" and "cloud" services portions. Using big data resource analysis and mature integration solutions. Inadan provides technical integration support from systems and terminals to the cloud, delivering tailormade solutions for various emerging industries. As such, the "chip-device-cloud" industrial closed loop creates synergy, enabling Ingdan to drive greater contributions to the Group in the future. As Ingdan's research and development projects become more sophisticated, proprietary products will contribute even more momentum to the Group's performance. The Group also plans to further enhance its performance by providing value-added services to customers, including but not limited to the provision of corporate and technology services, as well as investment services such as incubation programs.

Management Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

III. 促進發展服務電子製造價值鏈的生態 系統

本集團計劃促進發展一個開放、互助、繁榮的電子製造業生態系統,讓客戶和供應商的業務營運從中得益,相信此舉亦將可帶動本集團自身長遠的業務增長。本集團計劃開拓服務電子製造價值鏈的相關業務,例如供應鏈融資、保險和雲計算服務,藉以擴充平台的增值服務。

此外,本集團計劃將收集到來自客戶和供應商的大量數據營利化,提供數據導向服務,包括營銷及宣傳規劃、銷售、設計定制產品、履約管理及第三方數據服務。本集團相信上述配套服務將成為本集團服務組合的自然延伸,並將有助凝聚及挽留客戶。

IV. 進一步提升客戶忠誠度及增加每名客 戶採購量

III. Develop an ecosystem for the electronics manufacturing value chain

The Group plans to develop an open, collaborative, and prosperous electronic manufacturing industry ecosystem that will benefit the business operations of customers and suppliers. The Group believes this will also drive its long-term business growth. The Group intends to broaden its platforms' value-added services by extending into related businesses that serve the electronics manufacturing value chain, such as supply chain financing, insurance, and cloud computing services.

Additionally, the Group plans to monetize the vast amount of data collected from its customers and suppliers and offer data-driven services, such as marketing and advertising planning, merchandising, product customization, fulfilment management, and third-party data services. The Group believes these complementary services will become natural extensions of the Group's service mix, and will help attract and retain customers.

IV. Further enhance customer loyalty and increase purchases per customer

The Group plans to continuously enhance its customer loyalty and generate greater sales from existing customers. The Group intends to leverage its advanced market analytics tools to make its online and offline platforms more efficient and relevant to its customers. The Group will also continue to enhance customized content on its platforms, by continuously collecting and analyzing customers' data and feedback to gain a better understanding of their needs, so as to refer suitable products or develop new customized products according to customers' business needs and market trends.

Management Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

本集團亦計劃持續開發新配套服務,務求 為客戶提供全面的產品及解決方案。本集 團因此投放更多資源在客戶服務、訂單履 行及付運能力方面,務求提升本集團的服 務可靠度和縮短客戶回應時間,從而進一 步提升平台的整體效能。為了提升新客戶 的重複採購率,本集團將繼續為新客戶的 主要採購人員提供強大的線上工具、企業 資源規劃及其他配套服務。通過此等服 務,本集團將可與相關主要人員保持緊密 互動,從而深入了解客戶的需求及產品開 發內容。由此,本集團將可制定為新客戶 度身設計的營銷計劃,並進行其他產品的 交叉銷售。

推進策略夥伴關係及收購機遇

除诱過內部措施發展業務外,本集團計劃 通過策略夥伴關係和收購活動擴充業 務。本集團將繼續物色在不同領域上具發 展潛力的企業進行投資合作或收購,以進 一步優化本集團的業務營運,協助擴闊本 集團的用戶和收入基礎、擴大地域版圖、 提升產品與服務組合、改善科技基礎建設 及強化人才庫。繼而攻克不同細分領域的 市場,以多元化業務提升本集團的市場優 勢。本集團亦計劃借助其市場地位及業務 模式,尋求具吸引力的交叉營銷和授權經 營機遇,從而提升本集團的銷售能力,搶 佔AI所帶來新的市場增長空間。

The Group also plans to continuously develop new complementary services aimed at offering a complete range of products and solutions for customers. Accordingly, the Group has invested more resources in customer service, order fulfilment, and delivery capabilities in order to enhance service reliability and shorten customer response time, further enhancing the overall performance of its platforms. To increase the repeat purchase rates of newly acquired customers, the Group will continue to provide the key procurement personnel of new customers with powerful online tools, enterprise resource planning, and other complementary services. These services will enable the Group to maintain constant interactive communications with key personnel to better understand customers' demands and their product development. Accordingly, the Group will be able to create customized marketing plans targeting new customers, while cross-selling other products.

Pursue strategic partnerships and acquisition opportunities

In addition to growing business through internal initiatives, the Group plans to expand its business through strategic partnerships and acquisitions. The Group will continue to look across enterprises in different segments with good potential for investment, collaboration, or acquisition. Such strategic partnerships and acquisitions will further enhance the Group's business operations, help the Group expand its user and revenue base, widen geographic coverage, enhance product and service offerings, improve technology infrastructure, as well as strengthen talent pools. The Group's diversified business portfolio will also enhance its market strengths by targeting different market segments. The Group also plans to leverage its market position and business model to seek attractive cross-marketing and licensing opportunities, to enhance its sales capabilities and capture new market expansion opportunities brought by Al.

Management Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

2024年與2023年的比較

Year of 2024 compared to year of 2023

下表載列2024年與2023年的比較數據:

The following table sets forth the comparative figures for the year of 2024 and the year of 2023:

		截至下列日期止年度 Year ended	
		2024年	2023年
		12月31日	12月31日
		December 31,	December 31,
		2024	2023
		(人民幣百萬元)	(人民幣百萬元)
		(RMB in millions)	(RMB in millions)
收入	Revenue	10,129.1	8,863.4
銷售成本	Cost of sales	(9,239.7)	(7,833.5)
毛利	Gross profit	889.4	1,029.9
其他收入、收益及虧損	Other income, gains and losses	24.1	52.9
銷售及分銷開支	Selling and distribution expenses	(186.2)	(175.7)
研發開支	Research and development expenses	(104.1)	(102.6)
行政及其他經營開支	Administrative and other operating		
	expenses	(221.7)	(315.0)
金融資產減值虧損撥回	Reversal of impairment losses (impairment		
(減值虧損)	losses) of financial assets	26.4	(24.1)
經營溢利	Profit from operations	427.9	465.4
財務成本	Finance costs	(125.3)	(109.3)
應佔聯營公司業績	Share of results of associates	6.4	4.4
除税前溢利	Profit before tax	309.0	360.5
所得税開支	Income tax expenses	(35.5)	(40.6)
年內溢利	Profit for the year	273.5	319.9
以下應佔年內溢利:	Profit for the year attributable to:		
本公司擁有人	Owners of the Company	189.9	210.7
非控股權益	Non-controlling interests	83.6	109.2
W			
年內溢利	Profit for the year	273.5	319.9

Management Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

概覽

截至2024年12月31日止年度,經營溢利減少, 金額約為人民幣427.9百萬元,較2023年同期 的約人民幣465.4百萬元減少約人民幣37.5百 萬元。本集團的溢利約為人民幣273.5百萬元, 較2023年的約人民幣319.9百萬元減少約人民 幣46.4百萬元。本公司權益股東應佔溢利約為 人民幣189.9百萬元,較2023年的約人民幣 210.7百萬元減少約人民幣20.8百萬元。

收入

截至2024年12月31日止年度,本集團的收入約 為人民幣10,129.1百萬元,較2023年的約人民 幣8,863.4百萬元增加約人民幣1,265.7百萬元 或約14.3%。本集團的收入包括IC、其他電子 元器件、AloT產品及自研與半導體產品的銷售 額約人民幣10,085.1百萬元、軟件授權經營服 務收入約人民幣3.0百萬元及引力金服收入約 人民幣41.0百萬元。該增加乃主要由於AI技術 相關產業對芯片的需求不斷增長以及內存及存 儲模塊產品等部分市場逐步復甦。

收入成本

截至2024年12月31日止年度的收入成本約為 人民幣9,239.7百萬元,較截至2023年12月31 日止年度的約人民幣7,833.5百萬元增加約 18.0%。收入成本的增加乃由於「收入」一段所 述的收入增加。

Overview

For the year ended December 31, 2024, profit from operations decreased and amounted to approximately RMB427.9 million. representing a decrease of approximately RMB37.5 million as compared with approximately RMB465.4 million for the corresponding period of 2023. Profit of the Group amounted to approximately RMB273.5 million, representing a decrease of approximately RMB46.4 million as compared with approximately RMB319.9 million in 2023. Profit attributable to equity shareholders of the Company amounted to approximately RMB189.9 million, representing a decrease of approximately RMB20.8 million compared with approximately RMB210.7 million in 2023.

Revenue

For the year ended December 31, 2024, revenue of the Group amounted to approximately RMB10,129.1 million, representing an increase of approximately RMB1,265.7 million or approximately 14.3% as compared with approximately RMB8,863.4 million in 2023. The Group's revenue comprised approximately RMB10,085.1 million of sales of IC, other electronic components, AloT products and proprietary and semi-conductor products, approximately RMB3.0 million of service revenue from software licensing, and approximately RMB41.0 million of revenue from IngFin Financing Services. The increase was primarily due to an increase in demand for chips from the AI technology-related industry, and the gradual recovery of some markets such as storage and memory module products.

Cost of Revenue

Cost of revenue for the year ended December 31, 2024, was approximately RMB9,239.7 million, representing an increase of approximately 18.0% from approximately RMB7,833.5 million for the year ended December 31, 2023. The increase in cost of revenue was due to an increase in revenue described under the paragraph headed "Revenue".

Management Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

毛利

截至2024年12月31日止年度的毛利約為人民 幣889.4百萬元,與2023年的數字約人民幣 1,029.9百萬元比較,降幅為約13.6%。該減少 乃主要由於毛利率從截至2023年12月31日止 年度的11.6%降至2024年同期的8.8%所帶動。 該減少乃主要由於客戶組合的變化,2024年自 大客戶獲得的收入相對高於2023年同期。一般 而言,由於向大客戶銷售的毛利率相對較低, 因此向大客戶銷售越多,總體毛利率越低。

其他收入、收益及虧損

截至2024年12月31日止年度,本集團的其他收 入、收益及虧損約為人民幣24.1百萬元,較 2023年的約人民幣52.9百萬元減少約人民幣 28.8 百萬元或約54.4%。此乃主要由於截至 2024年12月31日止年度錄得政府補助約人民 幣4.6百萬元,而2023年同期錄得約人民幣19.8 百萬元。其他收入、收益及虧損的變動亦主要 由於截至2023年12月31日止年度錄得匯兑收 益淨額約人民幣3.8百萬元,而2024年同期則 為零,以及截至2024年12月31日止年度錄得出 售投資物業虧損約人民幣0.8百萬元,而2023 年同期則為零。

銷售及分銷開支

截至2024年12月31日止年度的銷售及分銷開 支約為人民幣186.2百萬元,較2023年的約人 民幣175.7百萬元增加約人民幣10.5百萬元或 6.0%。該增加乃主要由於銷售產品數量增加導 致物流及倉儲成本增加,以及其他銷售相關成 本(如為爭取新客戶而開展營銷及促銷活動) 增加。

Gross Profit

Gross profit for the year ended December 31, 2024, was approximately RMB889.4 million, representing a decrease of approximately 13.6% from approximately RMB1,029.9 million compared with the figures in 2023. The decrease was primarily driven by a decrease in gross margin from 11.6% for the year ended December 31, 2023, to 8.8% for the corresponding period of 2024. The decrease was primarily caused by a change in customer mix, in which revenue earned from large customers during 2024 was relatively higher than that in the corresponding period of 2023. In general, since gross margin for sales to large customers was comparatively lower, more sales to large customers resulted in lower overall gross margin.

Other Income, gains and losses

For the year ended December 31, 2024, other income, gains and losses of the Group amounted to approximately RMB24.1 million, representing a decrease of approximately RMB28.8 million or approximately 54.4% as compared with approximately RMB52.9 million in 2023. This was primarily due to government grants of approximately RMB4.6 million recorded for the year ended December 31, 2024, as compared to approximately RMB19.8 million recorded in the corresponding period of 2023. The change in other income, gains and losses was also primarily due to a net foreign exchange gain of approximately RMB3.8 million recorded for the year ended December 31, 2023, as compared to nil amount recorded in the corresponding period of 2024, and a loss on disposal of investment properties of approximately RMB0.8 million recorded for the year ended December 31, 2024, as compared to nil amount recorded in the corresponding period of 2023.

Selling and Distribution Expenses

Selling and distribution expenses for the year ended December 31, 2024, amounted to approximately RMB186.2 million, representing an increase of approximately RMB10.5 million or 6.0% from approximately RMB175.7 million in 2023. The increase was primarily due to an increase in logistics and warehousing costs as a result of an increase in product quantities of sales, and an increase in other selling related costs such as marketing and promotion campaigns for new customer acquisition.

Management Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

研發開支

截至2024年12月31日止年度的研發開支約為 人民幣104.1百萬元,較2023年的約人民幣 102.6百萬元增加約人民幣1.5百萬元或約 1.5%。此乃主要由於用於IC芯片分銷及應用設 計研發、AloT產品及技術以及自研產品定製技 術解決方案的支出增加。

行政及其他經營開支

截至2024年12月31日止年度,行政及其他經營 開支約為人民幣221.7百萬元,較2023年的約 人民幣315.0百萬元減少約人民幣93.3百萬元 或約29.6%,此乃主要由於截至2024年12月31 日止年度錄得無形資產攤銷約人民幣121.9百 萬元,而2023年同期錄得約人民幣190.3百萬 元。該減少亦由於2024年度錄得投資物業折舊 約人民幣3.5百萬元所致,其於2023年同期錄 得約人民幣15.3百萬元。

金融資產減值虧損撥回(減值虧損)

此乃主要由於截至2024年12月31日止年度錄 得貿易應收款項虧損撥備約人民幣26.4百萬 元,而2023年同期錄得貿易應收款項虧損撥備 約人民幣24.1百萬元。

所得税

本集團的所得税由截至2023年12月31日止年 度的約人民幣40.6百萬元減少約12.6%至截至 2024年12月31日止年度的約人民幣35.5百萬 元,主要由於經營溢利減少令除稅前溢利下 降。截至2024年12月31日止年度的實際税率為 11.5%,而截至2023年12月31日止年度的實際 税率則為11.3%。實際税率上升,主要由於香 港及中國附屬公司貢獻的溢利相對中國附屬公 司貢獻的免税溢利的比例上升。香港的利得税 税率為16.5%,而中國的所得税税率為25%。

Research and Development Expenses

Research and development expenses for the year ended December 31, 2024, amounted to approximately RMB104.1 million, representing an increase of approximately RMB1.5 million or approximately 1.5% from approximately RMB102.6 million in 2023. This was primarily due to more expenses spent on the research and development of IC chip distribution and application design, AloT products and technologies, as well as customized technical solutions for proprietary products.

Administrative and Other Operating Expenses

During the year ended December 31, 2024, administrative and other operating expenses amounted to approximately RMB221.7 million, representing a decrease of approximately RMB93.3 million or approximately 29.6% from approximately RMB315.0 million in 2023, which was primarily due to amortization of intangible assets of approximately RMB121.9 million recorded for the year ended December 31, 2024, as compared to approximately RMB190.3 million recorded in the corresponding period of 2023. The decrease was also the result of depreciation of investment properties of approximately RMB3.5 million recorded for the year of 2024 as compared to approximately RMB15.3 million recorded in the corresponding period of 2023.

Reversal of impairment losses (impairment losses) of financial assets

This was primarily due to reversal of loss allowance on trade receivables of approximately RMB26.4 million recorded for the year ended December 31, 2024, as compared to loss allowance on trade receivables of approximately RMB24.1 million recorded in the corresponding period of 2023.

Income Tax

Our income tax decreased by approximately 12.6% from approximately RMB40.6 million for the year ended December 31, 2023, to approximately RMB35.5 million for the year ended December 31, 2024, primarily due to a decrease in profit before tax as a result of the decreased profit from operations. The effective tax rate for the year ended December 31, 2024, was 11.5%, as compared to 11.3% for the year ended December 31, 2023. The increase in effective tax rate was mainly due to increased ratio of profits contributed by both Hong Kong and PRC subsidiaries to profits contributed by PRC subsidiaries with tax exemptions. The profits tax rate in Hong Kong is 16.5% while the income tax rate in the PRC is 25%.

Management Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

報告期間的本公司權益股東應佔溢利

截至2024年12月31日止年度,本公司權益股東應佔溢利約為人民幣189.9百萬元,較2023年的約人民幣210.7百萬元減少約人民幣20.8百萬元或約9.9%。該減少主要由於財務成本由截至2023年12月31日止年度的人民幣109.3百萬元增加約人民幣16.0百萬元至2024年同期的人民幣125.3百萬元。財務成本增加乃由於銀行借款增加。該減少亦部分由於經營溢利下降,惟部分被所得稅開支同比下降所抵銷。

流動資金及資金來源

於2024年12月31日,本集團的流動資產約為人民幣6,740.0百萬元,主要包括現金及銀行結應(包括已抵押存款)、存貨以及貿易及其他應收款項,金額分別約為人民幣839.7百萬元、幣3,510.5百萬元及約人民幣2,380.7百萬元元成約人民幣4,781.2百萬元人。本集團的流動負債約為人民幣4,781.2百萬元,人。內人民幣1,885.9百萬元為銀行貸款及項動比率(流動以及2024年12月31日,本集團的流動比率(流動至2024年12月31日,本集團的流動比率(流動至2024年12月31日,本集團的流動比率(流動至2024年12月31日,本集團的流動比率(流動至2024年12月31日,本集團的流動比率(流動主)。 產對流動負債比率)為1.41,較於2023年12月31日的1.51下降約6.6%。流動比率變動主部分資產對流動負債從非流動部分轉為流資則由於其他金融負債從非流動部分轉為流資則以及存貨款增加以及有數項數,以及貿易及其他應付款項減少所抵銷,以及貿易及其他應付款項增加。

根據於2020年9月10日、2020年9月25日、2020年10月16日及2021年6月29日訂立的認購協議(統稱「該等認購事項」),本集團向各投資者授予贖回權。贖回權構成一份合約,當中包含本集團購回其附屬公司股本工具的義務,以致按贖回價的現值(為人民幣650.1百萬元)確認贖回金融負債,並於其後按攤銷成本計量。該等認購事項下的有關贖回權已於2024年12月31日如由若干投資者行使。該等認購事項及行使贖回權之進一步詳情載於本公司日期為2020年9月10日、2020年9月25日、2020年10月16日、2021年6月29日及2024年12月31日之公告內。

Profit Attributable to Equity Shareholders of the Company for the Reporting Period

For the year ended December 31, 2024, profit attributable to equity shareholders of the Company amounted to approximately RMB189.9 million, representing a decrease of approximately RMB20.8 million or approximately 9.9% as compared to approximately RMB210.7 million in 2023. The decrease was primarily due to an increase in finance costs by approximately RMB16.0 million, from RMB109.3 million for the year ended December 31, 2023, to RMB125.3 million for the corresponding period of 2024. The increase in finance costs was the result of an increase in bank borrowings. The decrease was also partially due to decreased profit from operations, which was offset in part by a decrease in income tax expenses year-on-year.

Liquidity and Source of Funding

As of December 31, 2024, the current assets of the Group amounted to approximately RMB6,740.0 million, which mainly comprised cash and bank balances (including pledged deposits), inventories and trade and other receivables, in the amount of approximately RMB839.7 million, RMB3,510.5 million and approximately RMB2,380.7 million, respectively. Current liabilities of the Group amounted to approximately RMB4,781.2 million, of which approximately RMB1,885.9 million was bank loans and approximately RMB2,475.2 million was trade and other payables. As of December 31, 2024, the current ratio (the current assets to current liabilities ratio) of the Group was 1.41, representing a decrease of approximately 6.6% as compared with 1.51 as of December 31, 2023. The change in the current ratio was primarily due to a change from non-current portion to current portion of other financial liabilities, an increase in bank loans and a decrease in inventories, offset by a decrease in trade and other payables, and an increase in trade and other receivables.

Pursuant to the subscription agreements entered into on September 10, 2020, September 25, 2020, October 16, 2020, and June 29, 2021 (together, the "Subscriptions"), a redemption right was granted by the Group to each investor. The redemption right constituted a contract that contains an obligation for the Group to repurchase the equity instruments of the subsidiaries of the Group and gives rise to a redemption financial liability recognized at the present value of the redemption price, being RMB650.1 million, and subsequently measured at amortized cost. Such redemption right under the Subscriptions have been exercised by certain investors on December 31, 2024. Further details of the Subscriptions and the exercise of the redemption right are set out in the announcements of the Company dated September 10, 2020, September 25, 2020, October 16, 2020, June 29, 2021, and December 31, 2024.

Management Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

於2024年12月31日或本年度業績公告日期,本 集團並無其他債務融資承擔,亦無違反任何融 資契諾。

資本開支

截至2024年12月31日止年度,本集團的資本開 支約為人民幣31.0百萬元,較2023年的約人民 幣168.0百萬元減少約人民幣137.0百萬元或約 81.5%。資本開支減少乃主要由於使用權資產 添置同比減少,以及就自研產品研發採購的無 形資產同比減少。

淨資產負債比率

於2024年12月31日,本集團的淨資產負債比率 (按淨債務(銀行貸款總額、租賃負債及其他金 融負債減現金及現金等價物及已抵押存款)除 以淨債務及總權益的總和計算)約為27.8%,而 2023年12月31日則約為25.1%。該上升主要由 於報告期間內銀行貸款增加。

重大投資

報告期間,本集團並無作出任何重大投資(包 括價值相當於本公司截至2024年12月31日之 總資產的5%或以上的任何被投資公司之 投資)。

重大收購及出售

誠如本公司日期為2024年12月31日之公告所 披露,行使投資者(定義見本公司日期為2024 年12月31日之公告(「贖回公告」))已通知本公 司行使贖回權(定義見贖回公告)。因此,本公 司透過其全資附屬公司庫購網電子商務向行使 投資者購回深圳科通合共約5.58%的權益 (「贖回|)。

The Group does not have other debt financing obligations as of December 31, 2024, or the date of this annual results announcement and does not have any breaches of financial covenants.

Capital Expenditure

For the year ended December 31, 2024, the capital expenditure of the Group amounted to approximately RMB31.0 million, representing a decrease of approximately RMB137.0 million or approximately 81.5% compared with approximately RMB168.0 million in 2023. The decrease in the capital expenditure was primarily due to a decrease in additions of right-of-use assets and a decrease in purchases of intangible assets for R&D of proprietary products year-on-year.

Net Gearing Ratio

As of December 31, 2024, the net gearing ratio of the Group, which was calculated by dividing net debt (total bank loans, lease liabilities and other financial liabilities minus cash and cash equivalents and pledged deposits) by the sum of net debt and total equity was approximately 27.8% as compared with 25.1% as of December 31, 2023. The increase was primarily due to an increase in bank loans during the Reporting Period.

Significant Investments

The Group did not make any material investments (including any investment in an investee company with a value of 5% or more of the Company's total assets as of December 31, 2024) for the Reporting Period.

Material Acquisitions and Disposals

As disclosed in the announcement of the Company dated December 31, 2024 (the "Redemption Announcement"), the Exercising Investors (as defined in the Redemption Announcement) had notified the Company of the exercise of the Redemption Right (as defined in the Redemption Announcement). As a result, the Company through Kugouwang E-commerce, a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, would repurchase from the Exercising Investors (the "Redemption") an aggregate of approximately 5.58% interest in Shenzhen Comtech.

Management Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

根據贖回,在合併計算時,本公司透過其全資 附屬公司Alphalink及庫購網電子商務持有深圳 科通之股權將由66.84%增加至72.42%。深圳科 通於贖回完成後將繼續為本公司之非全資附屬 公司且深圳科通之財務業績將繼續於本集團之 財務業績內綜合入賬。有關贖回之進一步詳 情,請參閱贖回公告。

除已披露者外,本集團於報告期間內並無進行 任何重大收購及出售。

未來作重大投資及資本資產的計劃

深圳科通已於2022年6月28日向深圳證券交易 所提交在深圳證券交易所創業板進行建議A股 上市(「建議A股上市」)之上市申請(「創業板上 市申請一,並於2022年6月30日獲深圳證券交 易所通知確認建議A股上市之申請。

誠如本公司日期為2025年3月27日之公告所披 露,深圳科通之財務顧問就深圳科通申請有關 建議分拆及建議A股上市之上市前輔導過程向 中國證券監督管理委員會深圳監管局提交之申 請已於2025年3月26日獲備案受理。截至本年 報日期,深圳科通尚未向任何中國相關監管部 門提交任何正式的上市申請。其後,本公司將 根據上市規則的相關規定於適當時候作出進一 步材料提交及/或披露。

有關建議A股上市之進一步詳情,請參閱本公 司日期為2021年9月30日、2021年12月7日、 2022年6月30日、2023年2月28日、2023年6月 27日、2024年1月31日、2024年4月18日 及2025年3月27日的公告以及本公司日期為 2022年3月10日的通函,內容有關建議分拆深 圳科通並於中國的證券交易所進行建議A股 上市。

Pursuant to the Redemption, on an aggregated basis, the Company's shareholding in Shenzhen Comtech (through the Company's wholly owned subsidiaries, Alphalink and Kugouwang E-commerce) will increase from 66.84% to 72.42%. Shenzhen Comtech will continue to be a non-wholly owned subsidiary of the Company after the completion of the Redemption and the financial results of Shenzhen Comtech will continue to be consolidated into those of the Group. For further details of the Redemption, please refer to the Redemption Announcement.

Save as disclosed, the Group did not have any material acquisitions and disposals during the Reporting Period.

Future Plans for Material Investments and Capital **Assets**

Shenzhen Comtech has submitted its listing application to the Shenzhen Stock Exchange for the Proposed A-Share Listing (the "Proposed A-Share Listing") on the ChiNext Board of the Shenzhen Stock Exchange on June 28, 2022 (the "ChiNext Board Listing Application"), which was notified by the Shenzhen Stock Exchange on June 30, 2022, that the application for the Proposed A-Share Listing was acknowledged.

As disclosed in the announcement of the Company dated March 27, 2025, the application for the pre-listing tutoring process in connection with the proposed spin-off and the Proposed A-Share Listing submitted by the financial advisor of Shenzhen Comtech to the Shenzhen Regulatory Bureau of China Securities Regulatory Commission has been approved on March 26, 2025. As of the date of this annual report, Shenzhen Comtech has not submitted any official application for listing to any relevant regulatory authorities in the PRC. Subsequently, the Company will make further submission and/or disclosure as and when appropriate pursuant to the relevant requirements of the Listing Rules

Further details of the Proposed A-Share Listing can be referred to the announcements of the Company dated September 30, 2021, December 7, 2021, June 30, 2022, February 28, 2023, June 27, 2023, January 31, 2024, April 18, 2024 and March 27, 2025 and the circular of the Company dated March 10, 2022 in relation to the proposed spin-off and the Proposed A-Share Listing of Shenzhen Comtech on a stock exchange in the PRC.

Management Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

本年報所指之深圳科通財務數據乃基於本公司 所識別及分配之獨立管理業務分部,故未必與 深圳科通進行建議A股上市之財務數據相同。 本集團目前持有深圳科通約69.05%,深圳科通 的財務報表將繼續於本集團的綜合財務報表綜 合入賬。

The financial data of Shenzhen Comtech referred to in this annual report is based on the separately managed business segments identified and allocated by the Company and therefore is not equivalent to the financial data of Shenzhen Comtech for the Proposed A-Share Listing. The Group currently holds approximately 69.05% of Shenzhen Comtech, which financial statements will continue to be consolidated into the Group's consolidated financial statements.

資產抵押

除於2024年12月31日及2023年12月31日金額 分別為約人民幣231.5百萬元及約人民幣287.7 百萬元的已抵押銀行存款外,本集團於截至 2024年12月31日止年度內並無抵押任何資產。 已抵押銀行存款已作為數家香港及中國銀行所 授予信貸融資的抵押。

或然負債

於2024年12月31日,本集團及本公司均無任何 重大或然負債。

匯兑風險

報告期間內的外幣交易乃按於交易日期適用的 外幣匯率換算。以外幣計值的貨幣資產及負債 乃按於報告期間末適用的外幣匯率換算。匯兑 收益及虧損確認為損益。

以外幣的歷史成本計量的非貨幣資產及負債乃 使用於交易日期適用的外幣匯率換算。按公平 值列賬的以外幣計值的非貨幣資產及負債乃使 用於釐定公平值當日適用的外幣匯率換算。

並非以人民幣為功能貨幣的業務的業績乃按與 於交易日期適用的外幣匯率相若的匯率換算為 人民幣。簡明綜合財務狀況表項目乃按於報告 期間末的收市外幣匯率換算為人民幣。所產生 的匯兑差額乃於其他全面收益內確認,並於權 益中的匯兑儲備內獨立累計。

Pledge of Assets

Except for the pledged bank deposits of approximately RMB231.5 million and approximately RMB287.7 million as of December 31, 2024, and December 31, 2023, respectively, the Group did not have any pledge of assets for the year ended December 31, 2024. The pledged bank deposits were placed as security for credit facilities granted by several banks in Hong Kong and PRC.

Contingent Liabilities

Neither the Group nor the Company had any significant contingent liabilities as of December 31, 2024.

Foreign Exchange Exposure

Foreign currency transactions during the Reporting Period are translated at the foreign exchange rates ruling at the transaction dates. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the foreign exchange rates ruling at the end of the Reporting Period. Exchange gains and losses are recognized in profit or loss.

Non-monetary assets and liabilities that are measured in terms of historical cost in foreign currencies are translated using the foreign exchange rates ruling at the transaction dates. Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies that are stated at fair value are translated using the foreign exchange rates ruling at the dates the fair value was determined.

The results of operations with functional currency other than RMB are translated into RMB at the exchange rates approximating the foreign exchange rates ruling at the dates of transactions. Condensed consolidated statement of financial position items are translated into RMB at the closing foreign exchange rates at the end of the Reporting Period. The resulting exchange differences are recognized in other comprehensive income and accumulated separately in equity in the exchange reserve.

Management Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

於出售並非以人民幣為功能貨幣的業務時,有 關該並非以人民幣為功能貨幣的業務的匯兑差 額的累計金額乃於確認出售的損益時自權益重 新分類至損益。

於報告期間內,本集團並無使用任何衍生金融 工具對沖涉及外幣交易及日常業務過程中產生 的其他金融資產及負債的波動。本集團管理層 密切監察外匯風險並將於有需要時考慮對沖重 大外幣風險。

報告期間後事項

認購協議

於2025年2月7日,本公司與認購人 (Optimum Profuse Technology (HK) Limited) (「認購人」)(其屬本公司及其關連人士之 獨立第三方)訂立認購協議(「認購協 議」),據此,認購人已有條件同意認購而 本公司已有條件同意發行及配發 250,000,000股認購股份(「認購股份」),認 購價為每股1.30港元,總金額為 325,000,000港元。認購股份將根據本公 司於2024年6月5日舉行的股東週年大會 授予的一般授權分兩批發行及配發予認 購人。認購事項完成須待日期為2025年2 月10日之公告(「認購事項公告」)內「達致 認購事項完成之先決該等條件」一段所載 之該等條件達成後,方可作實。 250,000,000股認購股份相當於:(i)本公司 於認購事項公告日期現有已發行股本約 17.93%;及(ii)本公司經發行及配發認購股 份而擴大之已發行股本約15.20%(假設本 公司之已發行股本於認購事項公告日期 至認購事項完成為止之期間內並無其他 變動)。

On disposal of an operation with functional currency other than RMB, the cumulative amount of the exchange differences relating to that operation with functional currency other than RMB is reclassified from equity to profit or loss when the profit or loss on disposal is recognized.

During the Reporting Period, the Group did not use any derivative financial instruments to hedge against the volatility associated with foreign currency transactions and other financial assets and liabilities arising in the ordinary course of business. The Group's management monitors foreign exchange exposure closely and will consider hedging significant foreign currency exposure should the need arise.

Events After the Reporting Period

Subscription Agreement

On February 7, 2025, the Company entered into a subscription agreement (the "Subscription Agreement") with the subscriber, Optimum Profuse Technology (HK) Limited (the "Subscriber"), an independent third party to the Company and its connected persons, pursuant to which the Subscriber has conditionally agreed to subscribe for, and the Company has conditionally agreed to issue and allot, 250,000,000 subscription shares (the "Subscription Shares") at the subscription price of HK\$1.30 each for an aggregate amount of HK\$325,000,000. The Subscription Shares would be issued and allotted under the general mandate granted as at the annual general meeting of the Company held on June 5, 2024, to the Subscriber in two tranches. The subscription completion is subject to the conditions set out in the paragraph headed "Conditions precedent to the Subscription Completion" in the announcement dated February 10, 2025 (the "Subscription Announcement"). The 250,000,000 Subscription Shares represent (i) approximately 17.93% of the existing issued share capital of the Company as at the date of the Subscription Announcement; and (ii) approximately 15.20% of the issued share capital of the Company as enlarged by the issue and allotment of the Subscription Shares (assuming no other changes made to the issued share capital of the Company between the date of the Subscription Announcement and the subscription completion).

Management Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

認購協議所載首批完成及第二批完成(定義均見認購事項公告)的所有該等條件其後均已達成(包括聯交所已批准認購股份上市及買賣),而首批完成已於2025年2月20日落實。因此,根據一般授權已發行125,000,000股本公司新股份,而本公司已發行股份總數於2025年2月20日由1,394,262,732股股份增至1,519,262,732股股份。於2025年3月3日,第二批完成落實,本公司已發行股份總數因此由1,519,262,732股增至1,644,262,732股。

有關建議認購本公司新股份之更多詳情,請參閱認購事項公告及本公司日期為2025年2月20日及2025年3月3日之公告。

2. 有關贖回的最新資料

除本年報「重大收購及出售」一節所載之 贖回外,本公司謹此向股東提供有關贖回 的最新進展。

本公司將根據上市規則的相關規定於適 當時候就經延長投資者行使贖回權作出 進一步披露。 All conditions to Tranche One Completion and Tranche Two Completion (both defined in the Subscription Announcement), as set out in the Subscription Agreement, have subsequently been satisfied (including the grant of the approval for the listing of, and permission to deal in, the Subscription Shares by the Stock Exchange) and Tranche One Completion took place on February 20, 2025. As a result, 125,000,000 new shares of the Company have been issued under the general mandate and the number of total issued shares of the Company has increased from 1,394,262,732 shares to 1,519,262,732 shares on February 20, 2025. On March 3, 2025, Tranche Two Completion took place and as a result, the number of total issued shares of the Company has increased from 1,519,262,732 shares to 1,644,262,732 shares.

Please refer to the Subscription Announcement and the announcements of the Company dated February 20, 2025 and March 3, 2025, for more details of the subscription of new shares of the Company.

Update in relation to the Redemption

Further to the Redemption as set out in the section headed "Material Acquisitions and Disposals" of this annual report, the Company wishes to provide the latest update on the recent developments regarding the Redemption to the Shareholders.

Upon further discussions between the Company and Yuecai Emerging and Chuangying Jianke, as defined in the subscription announcement of the Company dated June 29, 2021 ("2021 Subscription Announcement"), Yuecai Emerging and Chuangying Jianke have decided to revoke their exercise of the Redemption right in December 2024 and have mutually agreed with the Company to extend their respective Redemption right from the end of 2024 to June 30, 2026 instead. Thereafter, in addition to Yuecia Emerging and Chuangying Jianke, Yimi Kaide, Yimi VC, Zhongtai, Shenbao Yiben, Shengdong Investment, Changsheng Jiuliang Investment, Woshun Investment and Guangdong Industrial Development Fund (as defined in the 2021 Subscription Announcement) (together with Yuecai Emerging and Chuangying Jianke, the "Extended Investors") have also mutually agreed with the Company to extend their respective Redemption Right from the end of 2024 to June 30, 2026 as of the date of this annual report.

The Company will make further disclosure regarding exercise of Redemption Right by the Extended Investors as and when appropriate pursuant to the relevant requirements of the Listing Rules.

Management Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

除本年報所披露者外,於截至2024年12月31日 止年度年結日後直至本年報日期,並無發生任 何其他可能對本集團構成影響的重大事項。

Save as disclosed in this annual report, there were no other significant events that might affect the Group since the end of the year ended December 31, 2024 up to the date of this annual report.

審閱綜合財務資料

我們已遵照企業管治守則成立審核委員會。審 核委員會成員已與本公司管理層討論並審閱本 年報所載本公司截至2024年12月31日止財政 年度的綜合財務資料。

REVIEW OF OUR CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL **INFORMATION**

We have established the Audit Committee in compliance with the CG Code. The members of the Audit Committee have discussed with the management of our Company and reviewed the consolidated financial information of our Company for the financial year ended December 31, 2024 set out in this annual report.

董事及高級管理層

Directors and Senior Management

我們的董事

於本年報日期,董事會由六名董事組成,包括 三名執行董事及三名獨立非執行董事。董事會 的職能及職責包括召開股東大會、在該等大會 上匯報董事會的工作、實行該等大會所通過預 決議案、決定業務及投資計劃、制訂年度 及決算,制訂利潤分配方案和增減註冊資本 案。此外,董事會亦負責根據組織章程大綱及 細則行使其他權力、職能及職責。

下表列載有關各董事的若干資料。

OUR DIRECTORS

As at the date of this annual report, the Board consists of six Directors, comprising three executive Directors and three independent non-executive Directors. The functions and duties of the Board include convening Shareholders' meetings, reporting on the Board's work at these meetings, implementing the resolutions passed at these meetings, determining business and investment plans, formulating our annual budget and final accounts, and formulating our proposals for profit distributions and for the increase or reduction of registered capital. In addition, the Board is responsible for exercising other powers, functions and duties in accordance with the Memorandum and Articles of Association.

The table below contains certain information about each of our Directors.

姓名 Name	年齡 Age	職位 Position	獲委任為 董事的日期 Date of Appointment as Director	加入本集團 (包括前身實體) 的日期 Date of Joining the Group (including the predecessor entities)
康敬偉 KANG Jingwei, Jeffrey	55	執行董事、主席及首席執行官 Executive Director, Chairman, and Chief Executive Officer	2014年3月1日 March 1, 2014	2000年7月 July 2000
胡麟祥 WU Lun Cheung Allen	50	執行董事、首席財務官及公司秘書 Executive Director, Chief Financial Officer and Company Secretary	2014年3月1日 March 1, 2014	2003年10月 October 2003
郭莉華 GUO Lihua	40	執行董事、集團融資部副總裁 Executive Director, vice-president of group financing	2022年6月10日 June 10, 2022	2016年6月 June 2016
葉忻 YE Xin	61	獨立非執行董事 Independent Non-executive Director	2014年7月18日 July 18, 2014	2014年7月 July 2014
馬啟元 MA Qiyuan	68	獨立非執行董事 Independent Non-executive Director	2017年6月2日 June 2, 2017	2017年6月 June 2017
郝純一 HAO Chunyi, Charlie	65	獨立非執行董事 Independent Non-executive Director	2018年2月13日 February 13, 2018	2018年2月 February 2018

Directors and Senior Management (Continued)

執行董事

康敬偉,55歲,為本集團創始人及主席,於 2014年3月1日獲委任為執行董事。彼自2014 年7月18日起獲委任為我們的首席執行官。康 先生負責本集團的整體策略規劃及業務方針。 康先生亦擔任以下本集團旗下公司之董事:

硬蛋集團有限公司(前稱科通芯城集團有 限公司及Vision Well Global Limited)。

康先生於1991年7月獲中國廣州市華南理工大 學頒授電氣工程理學學士學位,在互聯網多媒 體及電子元器件分銷行業擁有逾25年經驗。康 先生在2002年創辦本公司之前,曾於2002年創 辦前納斯達克上市公司優創科技集團公司(「優 創」, 前稱科通集團)(美國場外交易市場: VIEWF),作為中國電子元器件銷售的分銷渠 道,並一直擔任優創的執行董事至2014年5 月。康先生亦於2000年創辦一家互聯網多媒體 公司Viewtran Inc.。

胡麟祥,50歲,為本集團首席財務官兼公司秘 書,於2014年3月1日獲委仟為執行董事。胡先 生亦為本公司全資附屬公司硬蛋集團有限公司 的董事。

胡先生於1997年獲香港科技大學頒授工商管理 (會計)學士學位。胡先生為香港會計師公會會 員及為香港執業會計師。胡先生亦為美國註冊 會計師協會會員及全球特許管理會計師。胡先 生在審計及商業諮詢方面擁有逾20年經驗。彼 於1997年至2003年任職羅兵咸永道會計師事 務所,其後於2003年至2013年成為優創的財務 副總裁,負責企業融資、合規及投資。

Executive Directors

KANG Jingwei, Jeffrey (康敬偉), aged 55, is the founder and Chairman of our Group, and was appointed as an executive Director on March 1, 2014. He has been appointed as our Chief Executive Officer since July 18, 2014. Mr. Kang is responsible for the overall strategic planning and business direction of the Group. Mr. Kang is also a director of the following company of the Group:

Ingdan Group, Inc. (formerly known as Cogobuy Group, Inc. and Vision Well Global Limited).

Mr. Kang earned his bachelor of engineering degree in electrical engineering from South China Technology University in Guangzhou, China in July, 1991. Mr. Kang has over 25 years of experience in the Internet multimedia and electronic component distribution industry. Prior to founding the Company in 2002, Mr. Kang founded the predecessor of a former NASDAQ listed company Viewtran Group, Inc. ("Viewtran") (OTCMKTS: VIEWF), formerly known as Comtech Group, in 2002, to act as a distribution channel for the sale of electronic components in the PRC and has served as an executive director of Viewtran until May 2014. Mr. Kang also founded an Internet multimedia company, Viewtran Inc., in 2000.

WU Lun Cheung Allen (胡麟祥), aged 50, is the chief financial officer and company secretary of our Group and was appointed as an executive Director on March 1, 2014. Mr. Wu is also a director of Ingdan Group, Inc., a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company.

Mr. Wu received his bachelor of business administration degree in accounting from The Hong Kong University of Science and Technology in Hong Kong in 1997. Mr. Wu is a member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and a certified public accountant in Hong Kong. Mr. Wu is also a member and a chartered global management accountant of the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Mr. Wu has over 20 years of experience in auditing and commercial consulting. He worked at PricewaterhouseCoopers from 1997 to 2003, before becoming the vice president of finance at Viewtran from 2003 to 2013, where he was in charge of corporate finance, compliance and investment.

Directors and Senior Management (Continued)

郭莉華,40歲,於2022年6月10日起獲委任為 執行董事。郭女士為本公司集團融資部副總 裁,主要負責本集團融資業務營運。郭女士目 前於本集團旗下多間公司擔任多個職位。郭女 士為EZ ROBOT, INC.的董事。彼亦為深圳市協 諾通信技術有限公司、易造機器人(深圳)有限 公司及硬蛋科技(深圳)有限公司的法定代表 人、執行董事及總經理。郭女士於2016年6月 加入本公司任集團融資總監,並自2021年11月 起出任集團融資部副總裁。加入本公司前,郭 女士於2014年4月至2016年6月擔任醫美國際 控股集團有限公司的高級財務分析員,以及於 2011年6月至2014年3月擔任國微控股有限公 司的財務分析員。於2009年9月至2011年5月, 彼在卜海埃沃企業管理諮詢有限公司任職 顧問。

郭女士於2007年7月獲湖南大學頒發金融學學 士學位,以及於2009年7月獲西安交通大學頒 發金融學碩士學位。

GUO Lihua (郭莉華), aged 40, was appointed as an executive Director on June 10, 2022. Ms. Guo is the vice-president of group financing of the Company and is mainly responsible for the Group's financing operations. Ms. Guo currently holds various positions in a number of companies of the Group. Ms. Guo is a director of EZ ROBOT, INC. She is also a legal representative, executive director and general manager of Shenzhen Xeno Communication Technology Company Limited, EZ Robot (Shenzhen) Co, Ltd. and INGDAN.com (Shenzhen) Limited. Ms. Guo joined the Company in June 2016 as the group financing director and has served as the vice-president of group financing since November 2021. Before joining the Company, Ms. Guo served as a senior financial analyst in Aesthetic Medical International Holdings Group Limited from April 2014 to June 2016, and a financial analyst in SMIT Holdings Limited from June 2011 to March 2014. From September 2009 to May 2011, she was a consultant at Shanghai Evo Enterprise Management Consulting Company Limited.

Ms. Guo obtained a bachelor's degree in Finance from Hunan University in July 2007 and a master's degree in Finance from Xi'an Jiaotona University in July 2009.

Directors and Senior Management (Continued)

獨立非執行董事

葉忻,61歲,於2014年7月18日獲委任為獨立 非執行董事。彼亦為提名委員會主席,以及審 核委員會及薪酬委員會成員。葉先生於1986年 6月獲中國清華大學計算機科學與技術系頒授 學士學位,並於1988年5月獲美國威斯康星州 馬凱特大學頒授電腦科學理學碩士學位。2003 年至2006年,葉先生在中國領先的無線娛樂服 務提供商掌上靈誦擔任首席技術官。自2006年 起,葉先生出任架勢無線的首席執行官,架勢 無線為中國領先的Android/iPhone應用及移動內 容的移動廣告網絡。

馬啟元,博士,68歳,於2017年6月2日獲委任 為獨立非執行董事。彼亦為薪酬委員會主席, 以及審核委員會及提名委員會成員。馬博士為 其於2006年創立從事醫療影像及服務行業的領 先技術創新公司美時醫療公司的董事長兼首席 執行官。馬博士在美國擁有超過30年的研發管 理經驗。於1994年至2000年馬博士任哥倫比亞 大學教授,於2000年至2005年任哈佛大學醫學 院副教授以及於1998年至2004年任香港大學 磁共振工程中心副主任。馬博士擁有30項專 利,已發表論文200餘篇。馬博士從事領域包 括微電子器件、超導技術、通訊射頻電路、生 物醫學電子學和醫學成像。

馬博士於1990年從哥倫比亞大學獲得微電子學 博士學位,2003年獲得斯坦福大學商學院學士 學位。

Independent non-executive Directors

YE Xin (葉忻), aged 61, was appointed as an independent nonexecutive Director on July 18, 2014. He is also the chairman of the Nomination Committee and a member of the Audit Committee and Remuneration Committee. Mr. Ye received his bachelor of engineering degree (計算機科學與技術系) from Tsinghua University, China in June 1986, and a master of science degree in Computer Science from Marquette University in Wisconsin, United States in May 1988. From 2003 to 2006, Mr. Ye was the Chief Technology Officer of Linktone, a top wireless entertainment service provider in China. Since 2006, Mr. Ye was the chief executive officer of CASEE Mobile Ads (架勢無線), China's leading mobile advertising network for Android/iPhone applications and mobile content.

MA Qiyuan (馬啟元), PhD, aged 68, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director on June 2, 2017. He is also the chairman of the Remuneration Committee and a member of the Audit Committee and Nomination Committee. Dr. Ma is the chairman and chief executive director of Time Medical System Corp., a leading technology innovator in medical imaging and service industry he founded in 2006. Dr. Ma has over 30 years of experience in R&D management in the US. Dr. Ma served as a professor at Columbia University from 1994 to 2000, Associate Professor of Harvard Medical School from 2000 to 2005 and Deputy Director of Magnetic Resonance Engineering Center of the University of Hong Kong from 1998 to 2004. Dr. Ma holds 30 patents and has published more than 200 papers. Dr. Ma is engaged in the field of microelectronic devices, superconducting technology, RF devices, biomedical electronics, and medical imaging.

Dr. Ma received his PhD in microelectronics from Columbia University in 1990, and SEP degree from Stanford Business School in 2003.

Directors and Senior Management (Continued)

郝純一,65歲,於2018年2月13日獲委任為獨 立非執行董事。彼亦為審核委員會主席,以及 薪酬委員會及提名委員會成員。郝先生獲委任 為Tristar Acquisition I Corp.(一家於紐交所上市 的公司(紐交所: TRIS))的行政總裁及董事,自 2023年7月18日起生效。郝先生亦獲委任為 Finnovate Acquisition Corp.(一家於納斯達克上 市的公司(納斯達克: FNVT))的董事,自2023 年5月29日起生效。郝先生曾於2020年1月至 2022年11月為East Stone Acquisition Corporation (一家在英屬處女群島註冊成立並於納斯達克 上市的投資公司(納斯達克: ESSC))的首席財 務官及董事會主席。郝先生曾於2015年至2019 年間擔任山東海之晟能源工程有限公司的行政 總裁及總裁,該公司為研發新能源工程項目的 先驅。多年來,郝先生在創辦及成立多個投資 基金及公司方面發揮重要作用,包括郝先生於 2008年至2010年為China Fundamental Acquisition Corporation的行政總裁,且於2005年至2008年 為Asia Automotive Acquisition Corporation董事會 成員及中國總裁。於1995年至1999年,郝先生 為通用汽車公司(General Motors Inc.)的Delphi Automotive Corp (Saginaw Steering System) (「Delphi」)的財務總監,並監督三間總部設於 北京的Delphi合營企業的財政事宜。

郝先生獲佩斯大學頒發工商管理碩士學位,獲 聖母大學頒發文學碩士學位,並獲北京語言大 學頒發文學士學位。

我們的高級管理層

除上列執行董事外,本集團的高級管理層團隊 包括以下人士:

HAO Chunyi, Charlie (郝純一), aged 65, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director on February 13, 2018. He is also the chairman of the Audit Committee and a member of the Remuneration Committee and Nomination Committee. Mr. Hao has been appointed as the chief executive officer and director of Tristar Acquisition I Corp., a company listed on NYSE (NYSE: TRIS), with effect from July 18, 2023. Mr. Hao has also been appointed as director of Finnovate Acquisition Corp., a company listed on NASDAQ (NASDAQ: FNVT), with effect from May 29, 2023. Mr. Hao was the chief financial officer and chairman to the board of directors of East Stone Acquisition Corporation, an investment company incorporated in the BVI and listed on NASDAQ (NASDAQ: ESSC), from January 2020 to November 2022. Mr. Hao was the chief executive officer and president of Shandong Haizhicheng Energy Engineering Co., Ltd., a pioneer in the research and development in new energy engineering projects, from 2015 to 2019. Over the years, Mr. Hao has been instrumental in the founding and establishments of several investment funds and companies, including China Fundamental Acquisition Corporation, where Mr. Hao was the chief executive officer from 2008 to 2010, and a member of the board of directors and the president of China of Asia Automotive Acquisition Corporation from 2005 to 2008. Mr. Hao was the chief financial officer of Delphi Automotive Corp (Saginaw Steering System) ("Delphi") of General Motors Inc., and oversaw the financials of three joint ventures to Delphi headquarter in Beijing from 1995 to 1999.

Mr. Hao received his MBA degree from Pace University, Master of Arts from University of Notre Dame and Bachelor of Arts from Beijing Language and Culture University.

OUR SENIOR MANAGEMENT

The senior management team of our Group, in addition to the executive Directors listed above, comprises the following individuals:

姓名	年齢	職位	獲委任 為高級管理層 的日期 Date of appointment as senior	加入本集團 (包括前身實體) 的日期 Date of joining the Group (including the
Name	Age	Position	management	predecessor entities)
陳劍雄 CHAN Edward	61	營運副總裁 Vice-president of operations	2014年1月 January 2014	2004年4月 April 2004
王巍 WANG Vivia	41	副總裁 Vice-president	2015年9月 September 2015	2015年9月 September 2015

Directors and Senior Management (Continued)

陳劍雄,61歲,為本公司營運副總裁,主要負 責本集團一般行政營運,包括人力資源、客戶 服務、物流及倉儲。陳先生於1985年11月獲香 港大學頒授機械工程理學士學位。陳先生於 1987年至2002年任職松下信興機電(香港)有 限公司,其後出任高級經理一職。2004年至 2013年2月期間,陳先生擔任優創的營運副總 裁,負責該公司的客戶行政及物流營運。

王巍,41歲,為本公司副總裁,主要負責本公 司的投資及融資業務並為引力金服業務的主 管。王女士分別於2005年及2007年獲得中國清 華大學工商管理學士及碩士學位,並自2012年 起為特許註冊金融分析師(CFA)成員。王女士擁 有逾10年投資銀行經驗,於2007年至2008年在 滙豐銀行投資銀行部擔任分析師,以及於2009 年在交通銀行擔任助理客戶經理。加入本公司 之前,王女士於2010年至2015年在建銀國際中 國業務部擔任助理董事,負責華東地區的客戶 關係管理-開發結構性融資、首次公開發售債 券發行及PIPE交易。

董事謹此提呈本公司及本集團截至2024年12 月31日止年度之年報連同經審核綜合財務 報表。

CHAN Edward (陳劍雄), aged 61, is the vice-president of operations of the Company and is primarily responsible for general administrative operations of the Group, including human resources, customer service, logistics and warehousing. Mr. Chan received his bachelor of science degree in mechanical engineering from the University of Hong Kong, Hong Kong in November 1985. Between 1987 and 2002, Mr. Chan worked for and later served as a senior manager of Panasonic Shun Hing Industrial Devices Sales (Hong Kong) Co., Ltd. Between 2004 and February 2013, Mr. Chan was the vice president of operations of Viewtran, and was in charge of the company's customer administration and logistics operations.

WANG Vivia (王巍), aged 41, is a vice-president of the Company and is primarily responsible for the Company's investment and financing activities and is the head of IngFin Financing Services business. Ms. Wang received her BBA and MBA degrees from Tsinghua University, China in 2005 and 2007, respectively, and has been a Chartered Financial Analyst (CFA) member since 2012. Ms. Wang has over 10 years of investment banking experience and worked at HSBC's investment banking department as an analyst from 2007 to 2008 and Bank of Communications as assistant relationship manager in 2009. Prior to joining the Company, Ms. Wang was an associate director at CCB International's China Business Division from 2010 to 2015, where she was in charge of eastern China's clients relationship management, sourcing deals for structured finance, IPO bond issuance and PIPE transactions.

The Directors hereby present the annual report together with the audited consolidated financial statements of the Company and the Group for the year ended December 31, 2024.

董事會報告 **Report of the Directors**

公司資料

本公於2012年2月1日在開曼群島註冊成立為 獲豁免有限公司。本公司股份於2014年7月18 日在聯交所主板上市。

主要業務及附屬公司

本集團是一家創新型科技服務平台集團,專注 於連接上游芯片技術與下游創新企業需求。通 過自主研發的AI技術、大模型和專業行業知識 庫,本集團為客戶提供尖端的芯片應用技術解 決方案和高效的供應鏈管理服務。本集團主營 業務為科通技術(服務芯片產業的技術服務平 台)和硬蛋科技,提供AloT技術和服務的平台)。

科通技術主要為國內電子製造企業提供IC芯片 應用方案設計和分銷。科通技術面向上游覆蓋 全球50%以上主要高端芯片廠商以及眾多國內 芯片廠商;和向下游覆蓋泛AI產業鏈、數字基 建、工業互聯、能源控制、大消費等五大領域 數千家企業。硬蛋科技則專注於其自有品牌 AloT智能硬件產品研發與銷售,以及硬蛋雲的 AloT智能硬件產品的數據服務。硬蛋科技專注 於新能源智能電池的新領域,以智能控制及管 理系統有效提高電池的效率和可循環性,實現 電池智慧化,同時亦積極研發和銷售自有品牌 AloT智能硬件產品,為客戶量身定制AloT智能 硬件應用方案和產品,繼而助力佈局開發硬蛋 雲的數據服務。目前,本集團持有科通技術約 69.05%及硬蛋科技100%權益,硬蛋科技亦戰 略性地經營若干非全資附屬公司及持有若干權 益為100%以下的投資。

CORPORATE INFORMATION

The Company was incorporated as an exempted company with limited liability in the Cayman Islands on February 1, 2012. The Company's Shares were listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange on July 18, 2014.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES AND SUBSIDIARIES

The Group is an innovative technology services platform conglomerate dedicated to connecting upstream chip technology with the needs of downstream innovation enterprises. Through proprietary Al technology, LLMs, and specialized industry knowledge bases, the Group provides customers with cutting-edge chip application technology solutions, and efficient supply chain management services. The Group's core businesses are Comtech, a technology services platform for the chip industry, and Ingdan, a platform providing AloT technology and services.

Comtech focuses on IC chip application design and distribution for electronics manufacturing enterprises in China. Comtech maintains connections with over 50% of global major high-end chip suppliers and many leading domestic chip makers upstream and covering thousands of enterprises in five key sectors: Pan-Al industry chain, Digital Infrastructure, Industrial Connectivity, Energy Control and Big Consumption downstream. Meanwhile, Ingdan focuses on the research and development and sales of its own branded AloT intelligent hardware products, as well as the data services of its AloT intelligent hardware products under Ingdan Cloud. Ingdan focuses on the emerging field of smart new energy batteries, which effectively improves batteries' efficiency and circulation with intelligent control and management systems to achieve battery intelligence. Ingdan also actively conducts R&D and marketing of its own AloT intelligent hardware products, to customize AloT intelligent hardware application solutions and products for customers, hence facilitating the development of data services for the Ingdan Cloud. The Group currently holds approximately 69.05% of Comtech and 100% of Ingdan, which also operates certain non-wholly owned subsidiaries and retains certain investments with less than 100% interests strategically.

於2024年,本集團所完成的訂單的收入約達人 民幣10.129.1百萬元。

本公司之主要附屬公司名單連同該等附屬公司 之註冊成立地點及主要業務資料載於綜合財務 報表附註42。

A list of the Company's major subsidiaries, together with their places of incorporation and principal activities, is set out in note 42 to the

In 2024, the Group fulfilled orders and derived a revenue of

業務回顧

本集團截至2024年12月31日止年度的業務回 顧(包括使用關鍵績效指標對本集團年度表現 作出的分析及本集團未來業務發展的討論)載 於本年報第6至7頁的主席報告書及第8至29頁 的管理層討論與分析內。有關本公司面臨之主 要風險及不明朗因素之描述載於本董事會報告 第39至40頁。

遵守相關法律及法規

就董事會及管理層所知,本集團已於各重大方 面遵守對本集團業務及營運有重大影響之相關 法律及法規。於截至2024年12月31日止年度, 本集團並無重大違反或未有遵守適用法律及 法規。

與僱員之關係

本集團明白到投資於僱員的價值, 因此確保其 僱員享有合理薪酬。本集團亦實施年度自我績 效考核計劃,為員工實現定期目標提供激勵及 動力。本公司已採納2023年受限制股份單位計 劃作為僱員對本集團忠誠的獎勵。本集團自強 不息,透過定期檢討及更新(倘需要)其薪酬及 福利、培訓、職業健康及安全政策不斷求進步。

BUSINESS REVIEW

approximately RMB10,129.1 million.

consolidated financial statements.

The business review of the Group during the year ended December 31, 2024 (including analysis of the Group's performance during the year using key performance indicators and discussion of the Group's future business development) is set out in the Chairman's Statement on pages 6 to 7 and Management Discussion and Analysis on pages 8 to 29 of this annual report. A description of the principal risks and uncertainties facing the Company is set out on pages 39 to 40 of this Report of the Directors.

Compliance with the relevant laws and regulations

As far as the Board of Directors and management are aware, the Group has complied in all material respects with the relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the business and operation of the Group. During the year ended December 31, 2024, there was no material breach of, or non-compliance, with the applicable laws and regulations by the Group.

Relationship with employees

Recognizing the value of investing in its employees, the Group ensures that its employees are reasonably remunerated. The Group has also implemented an annual self-appraisal program to provide incentive and motivation to the staff to attain periodic goals. The Company has adopted the 2023 RSU Scheme to reward the fidelity of the employees of the Group. The Group continues to seek improvement through the regular review and update (if needed) of its policies on remuneration and benefits, training, occupational health and safety.

Report of the Directors (Continued)

與供應商、客戶及其他持份者之關係

本集團了解與其供應商及客戶保持良好關係對 達成其短期及長期目標之重要性。本集團設有 客戶服務團隊以方便聯繫及提供服務,從而加 強我們與客戶之間的關係。我們的採購及項目 管理團隊與供應商緊密合作,以保持提供可靠 及優質的產品。隨著業務平台的擴張,本集團 致力於為所有硬件創新行業的持份者提供一站 式供應鏈服務。本集團與供應商及承辦商進行 交易時,恪守最嚴謹的道德及專業操守。於截 至2024年12月31日止年度,本集團與其供應 商、客戶及其他持份者之間並無發生實質及重 大糾紛。

環保政策及表現

本集團致力維繫其經營地方的環境及社區的長 期可持續發展。本集團以對環境負責之方式行 事,盡力遵守適用環保法律及法規,並採取有 效措施,確保資源有效利用、能源節約及廢物 減少。該等措施包括回收廢紙、採取節能措 施、以未出售存貨換取新產品或向主要供應商 提供信貸、採納電子廢料處置流程及向中國偏 遠地區的一間學校捐贈舊電腦。於截至2024年 12月31日止年度,我們並無因任何不符合健 康、安全或環保規例的情況而遭到任何罰款或 其他處罰。有關詳情,請參閱環境、社會及管 治報告,該報告於本年報刊登的同時獨立刊載 於本公司網站及聯交所網站。

企業管治

有關本公司於截至2024年12月31日止年度採 納的主要企業管治常規的資料載於本年報第74 至106頁的企業管治報告內。

Relationship with suppliers, customers and other stakeholders

The Group understands the importance of maintaining good relationships with its suppliers and customers to meet its immediate and long-term goals. Our customer service team is set up so that they can be easily reached and serves to enhance our relationships with customers. Our procurement and project management teams work closely with our suppliers to maintain reliable and high-quality product offerings. With the expansion of our service platforms, the Group strives to provide one-stop supply chain services to all stakeholders in the hardware innovation industry. The Group is committed to upholding the highest ethical and professional standards when dealing with its suppliers and contractors. During the year ended December 31, 2024, there were no material and significant disputes between the Group and its suppliers, customers and other stakeholders.

Environmental policies and performance

The Group is committed to the long-term sustainability of the environment and communities in which it operates. Acting in an environmentally responsible manner, the Group endeavors to comply with the applicable environmental laws and regulations and to adopt effective measures to ensure the efficient usage of resources, energy conservation and waste reduction. Such initiatives include the recycling of used papers, the adoption of energy saving measures, the exchange of unsold inventory for new products or credit with major suppliers, the adoption of electronics waste disposal procedures and the donation of old computers to a school in remote area of China. During the year ended December 31, 2024, we had not been subject to any fines or other penalties due to any noncompliance with health, safety, or environmental regulations. For details, please refer to the Environmental, Social and Governance Report, which is separately published on the Company's website and the website of the Stock Exchange at the same time as the publication of this annual report.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Information on the principal corporate governance practices adopted by the Company during the year ended December 31, 2024 is set out in the Corporate Governance Report on pages 74 to 106 of this annual report.

主要風險及不明朗因素

以下載列本集團面對的主要風險及不明朗因 素,當中部分在我們控制範圍以外。惟並不詳 盡,除下文概述的主要風險外亦可能有其他風 險及不明朗因素。

- 我們的絕大部分收入乃來自在中國從事 電子製造的公司的採購。因此,對中國電 子製造商或中國電子製造業有不利影響 的因素亦可能對我們的業務、財務狀況、 經營業績及前景造成重大不利影響。
- 倘我們未能管理與供應商的關係,我們的 業務及前景或會受到不利影響。我們向主 要產品類別的部分頂級品牌供應商採購 產品,與該等供應商維持良好關係及以有 利條款向供應商採購產品對我們的業務 增長實為重要。概不能保證我們的現有供 應商將繼續以我們可接受的條款向我們 出售IC及其他電子元器件,或我們將能夠 與新供應商建立關係或擴展與現有供應 商的關係,以確保能及時取得IC及其他電 子元器件的穩定供應,並符合成本效益。
- 我們的業務面對激烈競爭,而我們可能無 法成功對抗現有或新競爭對手,這可能導 致我們的服務及產品需求下降。我們預期 中國電子元器件採購市場將會持續演 變。隨著我們進一步發展電商平台,為招 徠新客戶和挽留忠誠客戶,我們將面對更 激烈的競爭挑戰。
- 我們依賴第三方快遞服務供應商付運產 品,而倘彼等未能向我們的客戶提供優質 的快遞服務,可能會對客戶的採購體驗造 成負面影響,損害我們的市場聲譽及對我 們的業務及經營業績造成重大不利影 響。倘我們的產品未能按時交付或交付時 已經損毀,客戶可能會拒絕接受產品,並 對我們的服務失去信心。因此,我們可能 會流失客戶,而我們的財務狀況及市場聲 譽可能會受到影響。

PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The following section lists out the key risks and uncertainties facing the Group, some of which are beyond our control. It is a nonexhaustive list and there may be other risks and uncertainties further to the key risk areas outlined below.

- We derive substantially all of our revenue from purchases made by companies in China that engage in electronics manufacturing. As a result, factors that adversely affect Chinese electronics manufacturers or the Chinese electronics manufacturing industry could also materially and adversely affect our business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects.
- If we fail to manage our relationships with our suppliers, our business and prospects may be adversely affected. We source our products from some of the top brand-name suppliers in key product categories. Maintaining good relationships with these suppliers and procuring products from suppliers on favorable terms are important to the growth of our business. There can be no assurance that our current suppliers will continue to sell IC and other electronic components to us on terms acceptable to us, or that we will be able to establish new or extend current supplier relationships to ensure a steady supply of IC and other electronic components in a timely and cost-efficient manner.
- Our business is subject to intense competition, and we may fail to compete successfully against existing or new competitors, which may reduce demand for our services and products. We anticipate that China's electronic components procurement market will continually evolve. As we further develop our e-commerce platform, we will face increasing competitive challenges competing for new customers and retain loyal customers.
- We rely on third-party courier service providers to deliver our products, and their failure to provide high-quality courier services to our customers may negatively impact the procurement experience of our customers, damage our market reputation and materially and adversely affect our business and results of operations. If our products are not delivered on time or are delivered in a damaged state, customers may refuse to accept our products and have less confidence in our services. Thus, we may lose customers, and our financial condition and market reputation could suffer.

Report of the Directors (Continued)

- We provide credit facilities to our customers to earn interest income through our IngFin Financing Services business and offer required payment terms to our direct sales customers, which expose us to credit risks. The value of the collaterals for secured loans we grant our customers may fluctuate due to market conditions or other unforeseen adverse occurrences. We may fail to identify high risk customers or detect unlawfulness due to negligence, procedural errors, fraud and/or misconduct committed by employees, customers or other third parties. In the event that such customer or counterparty fails to honor its financial or contractual obligations, we would suffer financial loss.
- We rely on credit facilities such as factoring arrangements granted by banks to partially fund our working capital. The banking industry is sensitive to changes in market and economic conditions and is highly susceptible to unforeseen external events, such as political instability, recession, inflation, changes in regulation, adverse market conditions, or other adverse occurrences that may result in a significant decline or other change in the credit facilities granted to us and put stress on our cash position, which may necessitate us drawing on existing working capital facilities or other sources of liquidity.

董事

截至2024年12月31日止年度內及直至本年報 日期為止,董事成員為:

執行董事:

康敬偉先生(主席兼首席執行官) 胡麟祥先生 (首席財務官兼公司秘書) 郭莉華女士

獨立非執行董事:

葉忻先生 馬啟元博士 郝純一先生

擬於本公司應屆股東週年大會上重選之董事的 詳情載於將登載於本公司網站及聯交所網站和 寄發予股東(如適用)的通函內。

DIRECTORS

The Directors during the year ended December 31, 2024 and up to the date of this annual report were:

Executive Directors:

Mr. KANG Jingwei, Jeffrey (Chairman and Chief Executive Officer)
Mr. WU Lun Cheung Allen
(Chief Financial Officer and Company Secretary)
Ms. GUO Lihua

Independent non-executive Directors:

Mr. YE Xin Dr. MA Qiyuan Mr. HAO Chunyi, Charlie

Details of the Directors standing for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company are set out in the circular to be published on the Company's website and the website of the Stock Exchange and dispatched to the Shareholders, where applicable.

Report of the Directors (Continued)

董事的履歷載於本年報第30至34頁。自本公司 刊發2024年中期報告日期以來,根據上市規則 第13.51B(1)條須予披露的董事資料並無其他 變動。

The biographies of the Directors are set out on pages 30 to 34 of this annual report. There is no other change in the Directors' information required to be disclosed under Rule 13.51B(1) of the Listing Rules since the date of publication of the 2024 interim report of the Company.

董事服務合約

康敬偉先生、胡麟祥先生及郭莉華女士已各自 與本公司訂立服務協議,據此,彼等同意擔任 執行董事。執行董事康敬偉先生及胡麟祥先生 的任期自2020年6月2日起計以及郭莉華女士 的任期自2022年6月10日起計均為期三年(惟 須按組織章程細則規定接受重選),並自動連 續續期三年,直至根據服務協議終止為止。本 公司有權發出書面通知終止各協議。

葉忻先生、馬啟元博士及郝純一先生已各自與 本公司訂立委任書。獨立非執行董事葉忻先生 及馬啟元博士的任期自2020年6月2日起計以 及郝純一先生的任期自2023年6月9日起計(惟 須根據組織章程細則的規定退任)均為期三 年,並自動連續續期三年,惟須受委任書規定 的條款及條件所約束。

於即將舉行的股東週年大會上建議重選的董事 並無與本集團訂立任何本集團不能於一年內不 支付賠償(法定賠償除外)的情況下終止的服務 合約。

董事及高級行政人員薪酬及五名最 高薪酬人士

有關董事及本集團五名最高薪酬人士的薪酬詳 情分別載於綜合財務報表附註13及14。於截至 2024年12月31日止年度,概無董事已放棄或同 意放棄任何薪酬。

DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS

Mr. Kang Jingwei, Jeffrey, Mr. Wu Lun Cheung Allen and Ms. Guo Lihua have each entered into service agreements with our Company pursuant to which they agreed to act as executive Directors. The term of office of our executive Directors is three years with effect from June 2, 2020 for Mr. Kang Jingwei, Jeffrey and Mr. Wu Lun Cheung Allen and June 10, 2022 for Ms. Guo Lihua (subject always to re-election as and when required under the Articles of Association), and automatically renewed for successive periods of three years until terminated in accordance with the service agreements. The Company has the right to give written notice to terminate each of the agreement.

Mr. Ye Xin, Dr. Ma Qiyuan and Mr. Hao Chunyi, Charlie have each signed the letters of appointment with our Company. The term of office of our independent non-executive Directors is three years, and automatically renewed for successive periods of three years subject to the terms and conditions specified in the appointment letters, with effect from June 2, 2020 for Mr. Ye Xin and Dr. Ma Qiyuan and June 9, 2023 for Mr. Hao Chunyi, Charlie (subject to retirement as and when required under the Articles of Association).

None of the Directors proposed for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting has entered into any service contract with the Group which is not determinable by the Group within one year without payment of compensation (other than statutory compensation).

DIRECTORS' AND SENIOR EXECUTIVES' EMOLUMENTS AND FIVE HIGHEST PAID INDIVIDUALS

Details of the remuneration of the Directors and those of the five highest paid individuals of the Group are set out in notes 13 and 14 to the consolidated financial statements, respectively. None of the Directors has waived or agreed to waive any emoluments during the year ended December 31, 2024.

董事於合約及競爭業務中的權益

除綜合財務報表附計35 [關聯方交易 | 及本年報 下文「持續關連交易」一節中所披露者外,於年 末或於截至2024年12月31日止年度內任何時 間,並無任何由本公司、其控股公司或其任何 附屬公司或同系附屬公司作為訂約方而董事或 與董事有關連的實體直接地或間接地擁有重大 權益的重大交易、安排或合約仍然生效。

於截至2024年12月31日止年度,本公司董事及 控股股東概無從事任何直接或間接與本集團業 務構成或可能構成競爭的業務。

與控股股東的重大合約

截至2024年12月31日止年度內,本公司或其任 何附屬公司並無與控股股東或彼等任何附屬公 司訂立任何重大合約。

確認獨立非執行董事的獨立性

本公司已根據上市規則第3.13條規定接獲各獨 立非執行董事發出的年度獨立性確認書,本公 司認為各獨立非執行董事均為獨立人士。

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN CONTRACTS AND COMPETING BUSINESSES

Save as disclosed in note 35 to the consolidated financial statements headed "Related Party Transactions" and the section headed "Continuing Connected Transactions" of this annual report below, no transactions, arrangements or contracts of significance to which the Company, its holding company, or any of its subsidiaries or fellow subsidiaries was a party and in which a Director or an entity connected with a Director had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year ended December 31, 2024.

During the year ended December 31, 2024, none of the Directors nor the Controlling Shareholders of the Company engaged in any business that competed or might compete, either directly or indirectly, with the business of the Group.

CONTRACTS OF SIGNIFICANCE WITH CONTROLLING SHAREHOLDERS

No contract of significance has been entered into among the Company or any of its subsidiaries and the Controlling Shareholders or any of their subsidiaries during the year ended December 31, 2024.

CONFIRMATION OF INDEPENDENCE OF INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

The Company has received an annual confirmation of independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules from each of the independent non-executive Directors and the Company considers each of the independent non-executive Directors to be independent.

董事及最高行政人員於本公司及任 何相聯法團之股份、相關股份及債 權證之權益及淡倉

於2024年12月31日,董事及本公司最高行政人 員在本公司或其相聯法團(定義見證券及期貨 條例第XV部)的股份、相關股份或債權證中擁 有(i)須根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第7及8分部 通知本公司及聯交所的權益及淡倉(包括根據 證券及期貨條例有關條文董事或最高行政人員 被當作或視為擁有的權益及淡倉); (ii)根據證券 及期貨條例第352條須記入該條所指本公司存 置的登記冊的權益及淡倉;(iii)根據上市規則所 載的標準守則須通知本公司及聯交所的權益及 淡倉;或(iv)根據董事所知披露的權益及淡倉 如下:

DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVES' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN THE SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND **DEBENTURES OF THE COMPANY AND ANY** ASSOCIATED CORPORATION

As at December 31, 2024, the interests and short positions of the Directors and the chief executives of the Company in the Shares, underlying Shares or debentures of the Company or its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) which were (i) required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests and short positions which the Directors or chief executives have taken or deemed to have taken under such provisions of the SFO); (ii) required, pursuant to section 352 of the SFO, to be recorded in the register maintained by the Company referred to therein; (iii) required, pursuant to the Model Code contained in the Listing Rules, to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange; or (iv) disclosed according to the knowledge of the Directors were as follows:

於本公司股份的權益 (i)

Interests in the Shares of the Company

	**		
董事姓名	權益性質	股份數目 ⁽¹⁾	概約股權百分比 ⁽³⁾ Approximate
		Number of	percentage of
Name of Director	Nature of interest	Shares ⁽¹⁾	shareholding ⁽³⁾
康先生	受控法團權益 ^②	650,200,000	46.63%
Mr. Kang	Interest of controlled corporation (2)		
	實益擁有人	1,800,000	0.13%
	Beneficial owner		
胡先生	實益擁有人	1,800,000	0.13%
Mr. Wu	Beneficial owner		
郭女士	實益擁有人	600,000	0.04%
Ms. Guo	Beneficial owner		

附註:

- 所有股份均以好倉(定義見證券及期貨條例第 XV部)持有。
- 康先生擁有Envision Global的100%權益,而 Envision Global則擁有此等股份。因此,康先生 被視為於Envision Global持有的此等股份中擁 有權益。

Notes:

- All the Shares are held in long position (as defined under Part XV of the SFO).
- Mr. Kang owns 100% of Envision Global, which in turn owns these Shares. Mr. Kang is therefore deemed to be interested in these Shares held by Envision Global

Report of the Directors (Continued)

- 百分比僅供闡釋用途,數字可能因四捨五入而 略有出入,乃按2024年12月31日已發行股份 數目(並無計及將根據受限制股份單位計劃予 以發行的股份)計算。
- The percentage is for illustrative purpose only, subject to rounding error, and is calculated based on the number of Shares in issue as at December 31, 2024 (without taking into account the Shares to be issued pursuant to the RSU Schemes).
- 於證券及期貨條例第XV部所指任 何本公司相聯法團的權益
- (ii) Interests in any associated corporation of the Company within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO

董事姓名 Name of Director	證券及期貨條例第XV部 所指本公司相聯法團的名稱 Name of associated corporation of the Company within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO	權益性質 Nature of interest	擁有權益的 證券數目(股) Number of securities interested (share)	概約股權 百分比 Approximate percentage of shareholding
康先生 Mr. Kang	Envision Global ⁽²⁾ Envision Global ⁽²⁾	實益擁有人 Beneficial owner	1	100%

附註:

- 所有股份均以好倉(定義見證券及期貨條例第 (1) XV部)持有。
- 康先生直接擁有Envision Global的100%權益。

除上文所披露者外,於2024年12月31日,據任 何董事或本公司最高行政人員所知,概無董事 或本公司最高行政人員於本公司或其相聯法團 (按證券及期貨條例第XV部所指)的股份、相關 股份或債權證中擁有任何(i)根據證券及期貨條 例第XV部須通知本公司及聯交所的權益或淡倉 (包括根據證券及期貨條例有關條文董事被當 作或視為擁有的權益及淡倉);或(ii)根據證券及 期貨條例第352條須記入該條所指的登記冊的 權益或淡倉;或(iii)根據標準守則另行通知本公 司及聯交所的權益或淡倉。

Notes:

- (1) All the Shares are held in long position (as defined under Part XV of the
- Mr. Kang directly owns 100% of Envision Global.

Save as disclosed above, as at December 31, 2024, so far as is known to any Director or the chief executive of the Company, none of the Directors or the chief executives of the Company had any interests or short positions in the Shares, underlying Shares or debentures of the Company or its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) which were (i) required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Part XV of the SFO (including the interests and short positions which the Director is taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO); or (ii) required, pursuant to section 352 of the SFO, to be recorded in the register referred to therein; or (iii) otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code.

主要股東於本公司股份、相關股份 及債權證之權益及淡倉

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN THE SHARES. **UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES OF** THE COMPANY

於2024年12月31日,據董事所知悉,以下主要 股東於本公司股份或相關股份中擁有已記入本 公司根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第336條須存 置之登記冊內的權益及淡倉:

As at December 31, 2024, so far as the Directors are aware, the following substantial shareholders had interests or short positions in the Shares or underlying Shares of the Company, as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company pursuant to section 336 of Part XV of the SFO:

姓名/名稱 Name	權益性質 Nature of Interest	股份數目 ^⑴ Number of Shares ^⑴	概約股權 百分比 ⁽⁴⁾ Approximate percentage of shareholding ⁽⁴⁾
Envision Global ⁽²⁾	實益擁有人	650,200,000	46.63%
Envision Global [©] 康先生 [©]	Beneficial owner 受控法團權益	650,200,000	46.63%
Mr. Kang ⁽²⁾	Interest of a controlled corporation 實益擁有人	1,800,000	0.13%
Total Dynamic ⁽³⁾	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	182,888,000	13.12%
Total Dynamic ⁽³⁾ 姚女士 ⁽³⁾	Beneficial owner		
姚女士 ⁽⁾ Ms. Yao ⁽³⁾	受控法團權益 Interest of a controlled corporation	182,888,000	13.12%

附註:

- Notes:
- 所有股份均以好倉(定義見證券及期貨條例第XV部)
- All the Shares are held in long position (as defined under Part XV of the SFO).
- 康先生擁有Envision Global的100%權益,而Envision Global則擁有該等股份。因此,康先生被視為於 Envision Global持有的該等股份中擁有權益。
- Mr. Kang owns 100% of Envision Global, which in turn owns these Shares. Therefore, Mr. Kang is deemed to be interested in these Shares held by Envision Global.
- 姚女士擁有Total Dynamic的100%權益,而Total Dynamic 則擁有該等股份。因此,姚女士被視為於Total Dynamic持有的該等股份中擁有權益。
- Ms. Yao owns 100% of Total Dynamic, which in turn owns these Shares. Therefore, Ms. Yao is deemed to be interested in these Shares held by Total Dvnamic.
- 百分比僅供闡釋用途,數字可能因四捨五入而略有出 入,乃按2024年12月31日已發行股份數目(並無計及 將根據受限制股份單位計劃予以發行的股份)計算。
- The percentage is for illustrative purpose only, subject to rounding error, and is calculated based on the number of Shares in issue as at December 31, 2024 (without taking into account the Shares to be issued pursuant to the RSU Schemes).

Report of the Directors (Continued)

除上文所披露者外,於2024年12月31日,董事並無獲任何人士告知其於本公司股份或相關股份中擁有已記入根據證券及期貨條例第336條須存置的登記冊內的權益或淡倉。

Save as disclosed above, as at December 31, 2024, the Directors have not been notified by any person who had interests or short positions in the Shares or underlying Shares of the Company as recorded in the register required to be kept pursuant to Section 336 of the SFO.

獲准許彌償條文

於截至2024年12月31日止年度及直至本年報日期為止,本集團備有以本公司或其相聯法團董事為受益人的彌償條文。本公司各董事或其他高級職員有權就彼於執行職務時或就此或根據組織章程細則其他方面與此有關之情況下而可能承擔或引致之所有損失或債務,從本公司之資產中獲得賠償。

僱員及薪酬政策

於2024年12月31日,本集團共有579名僱員(2023年:580名),當中17名僱員(2023年:18名)為兼職僱員。本集團僱用的僱員人數視乎需要不時變動。僱員薪酬乃根據當前行業慣例及僱員的教育背景、經驗及績效釐定。我們定期檢討本集團僱員的薪酬政策及待遇。除退休金、內部培訓課程、酌情花紅、醫療保險及強制性公積金外,僱員可根據個人表現評估獲授予股份獎勵。

本集團主要行政人員的薪酬由本公司薪酬委員 會釐定,薪酬委員會負責根據本集團的表現及 行政人員各自對本集團作出的貢獻檢討及釐定 行政人員的薪酬。

本公司亦設有受限制股份單位計劃,其中合資格參與者包括僱員參與者、相關實體參與者及服務提供商參與者,詳情於本公司日期為2023年5月18日的通函中披露。

本集團於截至2024年12月31日止年度產生的薪酬成本總額約為人民幣153.3百萬元(2023年:人民幣144.7百萬元)。

PERMITTED INDEMNITY PROVISIONS

During the year ended December 31, 2024 and up to the date of this annual report, the Group has in force indemnity provisions for the benefit of the Directors of the Company or its associated companies. Each Director or other officer of the Company shall be entitled to be indemnified out of the assets of the Company against all losses or liabilities which he or she may sustain or incur in or about the execution of the duties of his or her office or otherwise in relation thereto in accordance with the Articles of Association.

EMPLOYEE AND REMUNERATION POLICIES

As at December 31, 2024, the Group had 579 employees (2023: 580), of which 17 employees work part-time (2023: 18). The number of employees employed by the Group varies from time to time depending on need. Employee remuneration is determined in accordance with prevailing industry practice and employees' educational backgrounds, experiences and performance. The remuneration policy and package of the Group's employees are periodically reviewed. Apart from pension funds, in-house training programs, discretionary bonuses, medical insurance and mandatory provident fund, share awards may be granted to employees according to the assessment of individual performance.

Compensation of key executives of the Group is determined by the Company's remuneration committee which reviews and determines executives' compensation based on the Group's performance and the executives' respective contributions to the Group.

The Company also has a restricted share unit scheme, of which eligible participants include employee participants, related entity participants and service provider participants, details of which are disclosed in the circular of the Company dated May 18, 2023.

The total remuneration cost incurred by the Group for the year ended December 31, 2024 was approximately RMB153.3 million (2023: RMB144.7 million).

股份計劃

本公司有一項已屆滿月當中有尚未行使受限制 股份單位的股份計劃及一項股份計劃,即分別 為2014年受限制股份單位計劃及2023年受限 制股份單位計劃。

由於在報告期內並無根據本公司受限制股份單 位計劃授予獎勵,因此並無就報告期內授予的 獎勵發行新股。

2014年受限制股份單位計劃

本公司於2014年3月1日採納2014年受限制股 份單位計劃,該計劃於2023年6月9日本公司 2023年股東週年大會結束時終止(「終止2014年 受限制股份單位計劃|)。

於2024年12月31日及本年報日期,根據2014 年受限制股份單位計劃,分別仍有合共 530,000份股份獎勵及265,000份股份獎勵尚未 行使。

目的

2014年受限制股份單位計劃旨在獎勵本集團主 管人員、高級經理及僱員的忠誠,並透過將彼 等的利益與本公司股東的利益掛鈎,鼓勵彼等 爭取傑出表現。

合資格參與者

2014年受限制股份單位計劃可供本公司及其附 屬公司的主管人員、高級經理及僱員參與。

SHARE SCHEMES

The Company has one expired share scheme with RSUs outstanding and one share scheme, namely the 2014 RSU Scheme and the 2023 RSU Scheme, respectively.

No new Shares may be issued in respect of awards granted during the Reporting Period as no awards were granted under the RSU Schemes of the Company during the Reporting Period.

2014 RSU SCHEME

The Company adopted the 2014 RSU Scheme on March 1, 2014, which was terminated on June 9, 2023 at the conclusion of the Company's 2023 annual general meeting (the "Termination of 2014 RSU Scheme").

As at December 31, 2024 and the date of this annual report, an aggregate of 530,000 share awards and 265,000 share awards remain outstanding under the 2014 RSU Scheme, respectively.

Purpose

The purpose of the 2014 RSU Scheme is to reward the fidelity of the executive officers, senior managers and employees of the Group and encourage their outstanding performance by aligning their interests with those of the shareholders of the Company.

Eligible participants

This 2014 RSU Scheme is open to executive officers, senior managers and employees of the Company and its subsidiaries.

Report of the Directors (Continued)

可供授出的受限制股份單位數目上限 (可以新股份或現有股份撥出)

根據2014年受限制股份單位計劃之終止,2023年6月9日之後將不再根據2014年受限制股份單位計劃授予獎勵。

可供發行新股份數目上限

根據本公司於2022年6月10日舉行的股東週年大會就2014年受限制股份單位計劃取得的特別授權,根據2014年受限制股份單位計劃已發行及可發行的新股份總數將不超過42,304,192股股份,相當於股東週年大會決議案日期本公司已發行股本的3%(「**2014年受限制股份單位計劃授權**」)。根據2014年受限制股份單位計劃之終止,截至2024年12月31日及本年報日期,2014年受限制股份單位計劃項下概無可供發行的新股份。

各參與者的限額

根據2014年受限制股份單位計劃,可授予單一 合資格參與者但根據2014年受限制股份單位計 劃未歸屬的股份數目上限並無特定限制。

歸屬期

於2014年12月22日或之後發行的受限制股份單位所涉及的任何股份的歸屬期將由薪酬委員會酌情釐定。個別授出的歸屬期詳情載於下表。

代價及購買價

根據2014年受限制股份單位計劃,申請或接納受限制股份單位時毋須支付任何款項,而授出受限制股份單位亦不設購買價。

2014年受限制股份單位計劃的剩餘 年期

2014年受限制股份單位計劃於2014年3月1日開始,並於2023年6月9日本公司2023年股東週年大會結束時終止。於終止2014年受限制股份單位計劃時尚未行使的受限制股份單位將根據2014年受限制股份單位計劃及適用獎勵協議的條款維持有效。

Maximum number of RSUs (which can be satisfied by new Shares or existing Shares) available for grant

No further awards would be granted under the 2014 RSU Scheme after June 9, 2023 pursuant to the Termination of 2014 RSU Scheme.

Maximum number of new Shares available for issue

Pursuant to the specific mandate in connection with the 2014 RSU scheme obtained by the Company at the annual general meeting held on June 10, 2022, the total number of new Shares issued and may be issued pursuant to the 2014 RSU scheme would not exceed 42,304,192 Shares, representing 3% of the Company's issued share capital on the date of resolution for the annual general meeting (the "2014 RSU Scheme Mandate"). Pursuant to the Termination of 2014 RSU Scheme, as of December 31, 2024 and the date of this annual report, no new Shares were available for issue under the 2014 RSU Scheme Mandate, respectively.

Limit for each participant

Under the 2014 RSU Scheme, there is no specific limit on the maximum number of shares which may be granted to a single eligible participant but unvested under the 2014 RSU scheme.

Vesting Period

The vesting period of any Shares that are the subject of RSUs issued on or after December 22, 2014 shall be determined by the Remuneration Committee as they see fit. Details of the vesting period of individual grants are stated in the table below.

Consideration and purchase price

Pursuant to the 2014 RSU scheme, there is no amount payable on application or acceptance of the RSU and no purchase price of RSU awarded.

Remaining life of the 2014 RSU Scheme

The 2014 RSU Scheme commenced on March 1, 2014 and was terminated on June 9, 2023 at the conclusion of the Company's 2023 annual general meeting. The RSUs that are outstanding upon the Termination of 2014 RSU Scheme shall remain in force according to the terms of the 2014 RSU Scheme and the applicable award agreement.

根據2014年受限制股份單位計劃授出而未行使 的受限制股份單位(將以現有股份撥出)詳情載 列如下:

Details of the outstanding RSUs granted under the 2014 RSU Scheme (to be satisfied by existing Shares) are as follows:

參與者姓名及職位 Name of Participants and Roles	獎勵日期 Date of award	歸屬期 Vesting Period	購買價 ⁽¹⁾ Purchase price ⁽¹⁾	涉及的	於2024年 1月1日 尚未歸屬的 受限制 股份單位 Unvested RSUs as at January 1, 2024	於報告期間 授出 Granted during the Reporting Period	於報告期間 註銷 Cancelled during the Reporting Period	於報告期間 鬱屬 Vested during the Reporting Period	於報告期間 失效 [©] Lapsed during the Reporting Period [©]	於2024年 12月31日 尚未歸屬的 愛限制 股份單位 Unvested RSUs as at December 31, 2024	of Shares immediately	受限制股份 單位於授日期 的公平值以及 採用的會計 準則及政策 [©] Fair value of RSUs at the date of grant and the accounting standard and policy	Weighted average closing price of the Share immediately before the date of vesting during the
董事 ⁽⁴⁾ Directors ⁽⁴⁾	不適用 ⁽⁴⁾ N/A ⁽⁴⁾												
報告期間五名最高薪人士													
Five highest paid individe		htting Period in aggregs 分12個季度分期 付款(2022年 4月20日至 2025年4月 19日) 12 quarterly	ate _	480,000	240,000	-	-	160,000	-	80,000	2.12	945,600	1.20
		installments (from April 20, 2022 to April 19, 2025)											
其他承授人合計													
Other grantees in aggree		分12個季度分期 付款(2022年 4月20日至 2025年4月 19日)	-	3,420,000	1,350,000	-	-	900,000	-	450,000	2.12	6,737,400	1.20
	April 20, 2022	12 quarterly installments (from April 20, 2022 to April 19, 2025)											

附註: Notes:

- 根據2014年受限制股份單位計劃,申請或接納受限制 (1) 股份單位時毋須支付任何款項,而授出受限制股份單 位亦不設購買價。
- Pursuant to the 2014 RSU scheme, there is no amount payable on application or (1) acceptance of the RSU and no purchase price of RSU awarded.
- 截至2024年1月1日,並無已授出受限制股份單位因 員工辭任而於各自的歸屬日期之前失效。
- As at January 1, 2024, nil awarded RSUs lapsed prior to their respective vesting dates as a result of staff resignation.
- 受限制股份單位的公平值根據編製本公司財務報表 (3) 所採用的會計準則及政策釐定,乃根據授予的股份數 量及股份在授出日期的收市價而計算。
- The fair value of RSUs is determined in accordance with the accounting standards and policies adopted for preparing the Company's financial statements, which is calculated based on the number of Shares granted and the closing price of the Shares on the date of grant.
- 概無董事於本報告期間擁有任何尚未行使的受限制 (4) 股份單位。
- None of the Directors has any outstanding RSUs during the Reporting Period. (4)

Report of the Directors (Continued)

2023年受限制股份單位計劃

本公司已於2023年6月9日採納2023年受限制 股份單位計劃,該計劃旨在為本公司提供靈活 的方式,通過向合資格參與者提供收購本公司 股權的機會,使合資格參與者的利益與本公司 及股東的利益一致,從而酬謝、激勵、保留合 資格參與者,向其作出獎勵、補償及/或提供 利益,鼓勵合資格參與者為本公司的長期增長 及盈利能力作出貢獻,並提高本公司及其股份 的價值,繼而使本公司及股東整體受益。

目的

2023年受限制股份單位計劃的目的乃為本公司 提供靈活的方式,通過向合資格參與者提供收 購本公司股權的機會,使合資格參與者的利益 與本公司及股東的利益一致,從而酬謝、激 勵、保留合資格參與者,向其作出獎勵、補償 及/或提供利益,鼓勵合資格參與者為本公司 的長期增長及盈利能力作出貢獻,並提高本公 司及其股份的價值,繼而使本公司及股東整體 受益。

獎 勵

受限制股份單位形式的獎勵可以通過獎勵股份 結算,獎勵股份可以由股份或由按現行市場價 格釐定的同等價值或兩者的組合撥款。

計劃管理

2023年受限制股份單位計劃應由董事會及/或 董事會的任何委員會或董事會已授權其管理 2023年受限制股份單位計劃的其他人士(例如 高級管理層成員)(「計劃管理人」)管理。

合資格參與者

合資格參與者為計劃管理人不時釐定為合資格 作為承授人參與本計劃的人士,包括(a)僱員參 與者;(b)相關實體參與者;及(c)服務提供商參 與者。

2023 RSU SCHEME

The Company adopted the 2023 RSU Scheme on June 9, 2023, which is meant to provide the Company with a flexible means of. remunerating, incentivizing, retaining, rewarding, compensating and/ or providing benefits to Eligible Participants through aligning the interests of Eligible Participants with those of the Company and Shareholders by providing them with an opportunity to acquire shareholding interests in the Company, and thereby, encouraging Eligible Participants to contribute to the long-term growth and profitability of the Company and to enhance the value of the Company and its Shares for the benefit of the Company and Shareholders as a whole.

Purpose

The purpose of the 2023 RSU Scheme is to provide the Company with a flexible means of, remunerating, incentivizing, retaining, rewarding, compensating and/or providing benefits to Eligible Participants through aligning the interests of Eligible Participants with those of the Company and Shareholders by providing them with an opportunity to acquire shareholding interests in the Company, and thereby, encouraging Eligible Participants to contribute to the longterm growth and profitability of the Company and to enhance the value of the Company and its Shares for the benefit of the Company and Shareholders as a whole.

Awards

Awards in the form of RSUs which may be settled by Award Shares, which can be funded by Shares or an equivalent value determined by prevailing market prices, or a combination of both.

Scheme administration

The 2023 RSU Scheme shall be administered by the Board and/or any committee of the Board or other person to whom the Board has delegated its authority to administer the 2023 RSU Scheme (such as senior management members) (the "Scheme Administrator").

Eligible participants

Eligible participants are determined by the Scheme Administrator from time to time to be eligible to participate as grantees under this Scheme, including (a) Employee Participant; (b) Related Entity Participant; and (c) Service Provider Participant.

可供授出的受限制股份單位數目上限 (可以新股份或現有股份撥出)

根據2023年受限制股份單位計劃已授出及將予 授出的受限制股份單位總數(不包括根據2023 年受限制股份單位計劃已沒收的受限制股份單 位) 將不會超過139,426,273股股份,即本公司 截至2023年6月9日已發行及發行在外股本總 額的10%(「2023年受限制股份單位計劃限額」)。

就2023年受限制股份單位計劃授予服務供應商 參與者的所有獎勵而可予發行的新股份總數為 4,182,788股(相當於本公司於2023年6月9日已 發行股本總數的3%)(「服務供應商分限額」)。

於報告期內,並無涉及新股份的受限制股份單 位根據2023年受限制股份單位計劃授予合資格 參與者。因此,截至2024年12月31日,根據 2023年受限制股份單位計劃限額及服務供應商 分限額分別有139,426,273個受限制股份單位及 4.182.788 個受限制股份單位可供授出。

根據2023年受限制股份單位計劃可轉撥為獎勵 相關獎勵股份的現有已發行股份總數設定為於 2023年6月9日已發行股份的1%,即13,942,627 股股份(「現有股份計劃限額」)。為免生疑問, 現有股份計劃限額不應計入2023年受限制股份 單位計劃限額。就計算2023年受限制股份單位 計劃限額而言,不應計入已根據2023年受限制 股份單位計劃規則(或本公司任何其他股份計 劃)的條款失效的股份。

於報告期內,並無涉及現有股份的受限制股份 單位根據現有股份計劃限額授予合資格參與 者。因此,截至2024年12月31日,根據現有股 份計劃限額有13,942,627個受限制股份單位可 供授出。

可供發行新股份數目上限

根據2023年受限制股份單位計劃及本公司任何 其他計劃(如有)可予發行股份的最高數目總數 為139,426,273股,即於2023年6月9日已發行 股份總數的10%(「2023年受限制股份單位計劃 授權」)。

Maximum number of RSUs (which can be satisfied by new Shares or existing Shares) available for grant

The aggregate number of RSUs granted and to be granted under the 2023 RSU Scheme (excluding RSUs which have been forfeited in accordance with the 2023 RSU Scheme) will not exceed 139,426,273 shares, being 10% of the total issued and outstanding share capital of the Company as of the June 9, 2023 (the "2023 RSU Scheme Limit").

The total number of new Shares that may be issued pursuant to all awards to be granted to service provider participants under the 2023 RSU Scheme is 4,182,788 Shares (representing 3% of the total number of the issued share capital of the Company as of the June 9, 2023) (the "Service Provider Sublimit").

During the Reporting Period, no RSUs involving new Shares were granted to eligible participants under the 2023 RSU Scheme Limit. It follows that, as of December 31, 2024, 139,426,273 RSUs and 4,182,788 RSUs were available for grant under the 2023 RSU Scheme Limit and the Service Provider Sublimit, respectively.

The total number of existing Shares in issue which may be transferred as Award Shares underlying an Award pursuant to the 2023 RSU Scheme is set at 1% of the Shares in issue as of the June 9, 2023, being 13,942,627 Shares (the "Existing Shares Scheme Limit"). For the avoidance of doubt, the Existing Shares Scheme Limit shall not count toward the 2023 RSU Scheme Limit. Shares which have lapsed in accordance with the terms of the rules of the 2023 RSU Scheme (or any other share schemes of the Company) shall not be counted for the purpose of calculating the 2023 RSU Scheme Limit.

During the Reporting Period, no RSUs involving existing Shares were granted to eligible participants under the Existing Shares Scheme Limit. It follows that, as of December 31, 2024, 13,942,627 RSUs were available for grant under the Existing Shares Scheme Limit.

Maximum number of new Shares available for issue

The maximum number of Shares issuable pursuant to the 2023 RSU Scheme and any other schemes of the Company (if any) in aggregate is 139,426,273 Shares, being 10% of the total number of Shares in issue on the June 9, 2023 (the "2023 RSU Scheme Mandate").

Report of the Directors (Continued)

於報告期內,並無根據2023年受限制股份單位 計劃授權下的2023年受限制股份單位計劃發行 新股份。因此,截至2024年12月31日及本年報 日期,根據2023年受限制股份單位計劃授權分 別有139.426.273股新股份(相當於截至本年報 日期本公司已發行股本的約8.48%)可供發行。

During the Reporting Period, no new Shares were issued pursuant to the 2023 RSU Scheme under the 2023 RSU Scheme Mandate. It follows that, as of December 31, 2024, and the date of this annual report, 139,426,273 new Shares (representing approximately 8.48% of the issued share capital of the Company as of the date of this annual report) were available for issue under the 2023 RSU Scheme Mandate, respectively.

每名合資格參與者的最高配額

2023年受限制股份單位計劃項下並無有關每名 合資格參與者的特定最高配額。向個別人十授 出超過上市規則第17章所載門檻將須遵守上市 規則第17章項下要求的額外批准規定。

歸屬期

計劃管理人可釐定歸屬期並於獎勵函內列明有 關期間。以新股份支付的獎勵歸屬期不得少於 自授出日期起計12個月,惟2023年受限制股份 單位計劃規則所載少數情況除外。

購買價及代價

計劃管理人可釐定申請或接納獎勵時應付的金 額(如有)及須作出任何有關付款的期限,金額 (如有)及期限應載列於獎勵函,其中考慮股份 當前收市價、計劃目的、表現及相關承授人的 情況等因素。為免生疑問,計劃管理人可將購 買價定為零代價。

表現目標

計劃管理人可基於(其中包括)交易指標、業務 或財務表現業績、個人表現評估及/或對本集 團的貢獻,於有關所授出獎勵的獎勵函中設定 表現標準/目標,並由本集團於指定評估期進 行評估。

Maximum entitlement of each eligible participant

There is no specific maximum entitlement for each eligible participant under the 2023 RSU Scheme. Grants to individuals that exceed the thresholds set out in the Chapter 17 of the Listing Rules will be subject to additional approval requirements as required under the Chapter 17 of the Listing Rules.

Vesting period

The Scheme Administrator may determine the vesting period and specify such period in the Award Letter. The vesting period of Awards funded by new Shares may not be for a period less than 12 months from the grant date, except in limited circumstances set out in the rules of the 2023 RSU Scheme.

Purchase price and consideration

The Scheme Administrator may determine the amount (if any) payable on application or acceptance of an Award and the period within which any such payments must be made, amounts (if any) and periods shall be set out in the Award Letter, taking into consideration factors such as the prevailing closing price of the Shares, the purpose of the Scheme, the performance and profile of the relevant Grantee(s). For the avoidance of doubt, the Scheme Administrator may determine the Purchase Price to be at nil consideration.

Performance targets

The Scheme Administrator may set performance criteria/targets in the Award Letter in respect of Awards granted based on, among others, transaction milestones, business or financial performance results, individual performance appraisal and/or contribution to the Group, and as evaluated by the Group over a specified evaluation period.

2023年受限制股份單位計劃的剩餘 年限

2023年受限制股份單位計劃的期限為自2023 年6月9日起計為期10年,除非於以下較早日期 終止:(a)2023年6月9日的第10週年;及(b)董事 會釐定的提前終止日期,惟有關終止將不會影 響已授予合資格參與者的獎勵所涉及任何現存 權利。2023年受限制股份單位計劃的剩餘年限 約為8.5年。

股票掛鈎投資

除上文所披露的受限制股份單位計劃外,本公 司於年內概無訂立或於年末仍存在將會或可能 導致本公司發行股份或要求本公司訂立任何將 會或可能導致本公司發行股份的協議的股票掛 鈎協議。

財務業績

本集團截至2024年12月31日止年度的業績載 於本年報第117及118頁的綜合損益及其他全 面收益表。

本集團最近五年已公佈業績及資產及負債的概 要載於本年報第269及270頁。此概要不構成經 審核財務報表一部分。

資本結構

資本結構的詳情載於綜合財務報表附註5。

股本

本公司的股本於截至2024年12月31日止年度 內的變動詳情載於綜合財務報表附註34。

Remaining life of the 2023 RSU Scheme

Term of the 2023 RSU Scheme is 10 years commencing on June 9, 2023 unless terminated on the earlier of: (a) the 10th anniversary of the June 9, 2023; and (b) such date of early termination as determined by the Board, provided that such termination shall not affect any subsisting rights in respect of the Awards already granted to eligible participants. The remaining life of the 2023 RSU Scheme is approximately 8.5 years.

EQUITY-LINKED INVESTMENTS

Save for the RSU Schemes as disclosed above, no equity-linked agreements that will or may result in the Company issuing Shares or that require the Company to enter into any agreements that will or may result in the Company issuing Shares were entered into by the Company during the year or subsisted at the end of the year.

FINANCIAL RESULTS

The results of the Group for the year ended December 31, 2024 are set out in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income on pages 117 and 118 of this annual report.

A summary of the published results and assets and liabilities of the Group for the most recent five years are set out on pages 269 and 270 of this annual report. This summary does not form part of the audited financial statements.

CAPITAL STRUCTURE

Details of the capital structure are set out in note 5 to the consolidated financial statements.

SHARE CAPITAL

Details of the movements in share capital of the Company during the year ended December 31, 2024 are set out in note 34 to the consolidated financial statements.

Report of the Directors (Continued)

儲備

本公司及本集團的儲備於截至2024年12月31 日止年度的變動詳情分別載於本年報綜合財務 報表附計41及第121至124頁的綜合權益變動 表。於2024年12月31日,本公司可供分派予股 東的儲備為約人民幣2,899.2百萬元(於2023年 12月31日: 約人民幣2.709.3百萬元)。

股息

董事會並無建議分派截至2024年12月31日止 年度的末期股息(2023年:無)。

捐款

於截至2024年12月31日止年度,本集團並無作 出任何慈善及其他捐款(2023年:無)。

銀行貸款及其他借款

本公司及本集團於2024年12月31日的銀行貸 款及其他借款詳情載於綜合財務報表附註31。

購買、出售或贖回本公司的上市證券

於截至2024年12月31日止年度內,除本年報所 披露者外,本公司及其任何附屬公司概無購 買、出售或贖回本公司於聯交所上市的任何證 券(包括任何出售庫存股份(定義見上市規 則))。截至2024年12月31日,本公司並無持有 任何庫存股份。

RESERVES

Details of the movements in the reserves of the Company and the Group during the year ended December 31, 2024 are set out in note 41 to the consolidated financial statements and the consolidated statement of changes in equity on pages 121 to 124 of this annual report. As at December 31, 2024, the Company's reserves available for distribution to the Shareholders were approximately RMB2,899.2 million (as at December 31, 2023: approximately RMB2,709.3 million).

DIVIDENDS

The Board does not recommend the distribution of a final dividend for the year ended December 31, 2024 (2023: nil).

DONATIONS

During the year ended December 31, 2024, the Group has not made any charitable and other donations (2023: nil).

BANK LOANS AND OTHER BORROWINGS

Particulars of bank loans and other borrowings of the Company and the Group as of December 31, 2024 are set out in note 31 to the consolidated financial statements.

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF **COMPANY'S LISTED SECURITIES**

During the year ended December 31, 2024, save as disclosed in this annual report, neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's securities listed on the Stock Exchange (including any sale of treasury shares (as defined under the Listing Rules)). As of December 31, 2024, the Company did not hold any treasury shares.

廠房及設備

廠房及設備於截至2024年12月31日止年度內 的變動詳情載於綜合財務報表附註17。

持作發展、出售或投資的物業

於2024年12月31日並無有關百分比率(定義見 上市規則第14.04(9)條)超過5%的持作發展、出 售或投資的物業。

所持的重大投資

於截至2024年12月31日止年度,本公司持有的 可供出售資產為人民幣796.8百萬元(於2023年 12月31日:人民幣884.6百萬元)。

重大收購及出售

誠如本公司日期為2024年12月31日之公告所 披露,行使投資者(定義見贖回公告)已通知本 公司行使贖回權(定義見贖回公告)。因此,本 公司诱過其全資附屬公司庫購網電子商務向行 使投資者購回合共約5.58%的科通技術權益。

根據贖回,在合併計算時,本公司透過其全資 附屬公司Alphalink及庫購網電子商務持有科通 技術之股權將由66.84%增加至72.42%。科通技 術於贖回完成後將繼續為本公司之非全資附屬 公司且科通技術之財務業績將繼續於本集團之 財務業績內綜合入賬。有關贖回之進一步詳 情,請參閱贖回公告。

除已披露者外,本集團於報告期間內並無進行 任何重大收購及出售。

PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Details of movements in plant and equipment during the year ended December 31, 2024 are set out in note 17 to the consolidated financial statements.

PROPERTY HELD FOR DEVELOPMENT, SALE **OR INVESTMENT**

There is no property held for development, sale or investment for which the percentage ratios (as defined under rule 14.04(9) of the Listing Rules) exceed 5% as at December 31, 2024.

SIGNIFICANT INVESTMENTS HELD

The Company held available-for-sale assets amounted to RMB796.8 million as at the year ended December 31, 2024 (as at December 31, 2023: RMB884.6 million).

MATERIAL ACQUISITIONS AND DISPOSALS

As disclosed in the announcement of the Company dated December 31, 2024, the Exercising Investors (as defined in the Redemption Announcement) had notified the Company of the exercise of the Redemption Right (as defined in the Redemption Announcement). As a result, the Company, through Kugouwang E-commerce, a whollyowned subsidiary of the Company, would repurchase from the Exercising Investors an aggregate of approximately 5.58% interest in Comtech.

Pursuant to the Redemption, on an aggregated basis, the Company's shareholding in Comtech (through the Company's wholly owned subsidiaries, Alphalink and Kugouwang E-commerce) will increase from 66.84% to 72.42%. Comtech will continue to be a non-wholly owned subsidiary of the Company after the completion of the Redemption and the financial results of Comtech will continue to be consolidated into those of the Group. For further details of the Redemption, please refer to the Redemption Announcement.

Save as disclosed, the Group did not have any material acquisitions and disposals during the Reporting Period.

未來作重大投資及資本資產的計劃

深圳科通已於2022年6月28日向深圳證券交易 所提交在深圳證券交易所創業板進行建議A股 上市之上市申請,並於2022年6月30日獲深圳 證券交易所通知確認建議A股上市之申請。

誠如本公司日期為2024年4月18日之公告所披 露,經審慎考慮中國證監會推出之新規、市場 狀況及本集團發展策略後,科通技術決定撤回 其創業板上市申請,並將於適當情況下申請於 中國適當的證券交易所及板塊上市。

誠如本公司日期為2025年3月27日之公告所披 露,深圳科通之財務顧問就深圳科通申請有關 建議分拆及建議A股上市之上市前輔導過程向 中國證券監督管理委員會深圳監管局提交之申 請已於2025年3月26日獲備案受理。截至本年 報日期,深圳科通尚未向任何中國相關監管部 門提交任何正式的上市申請。其後,本公司將 根據上市規則的相關規定於適當時候作出進一 步材料提交及/或披露。

有關建議A股上市之進一步詳情,請參閱本公 司 日 期 為2021年9月30日、2021年12月7日、 2022年6月30日、2023年2月28日、2023年 6月27日、2024年1月31日及2024年4月18日及 2025年3月27日的公告以及本公司日期為2022 年3月10日的通函,內容有關建議分拆深圳科 通並於中國的證券交易所進行建議A股上市。

本年報所指之深圳科通財務數據乃基於本公司 所識別及分配之獨立管理業務分部,故未必與 深圳科通進行建議A股上市之財務數據相同。 本集團目前持有深圳科通約69.05%,深圳科通 將繼續併表至本集團的綜合財務報表內。

FUTURE PLANS FOR MATERIAL INVESTMENTS AND CAPITAL ASSETS

Shenzhen Comtech has submitted its listing application to the Shenzhen Stock Exchange for the Proposed A-Share Listing on the ChiNext Board of the Shenzhen Stock Exchange on June 28, 2022, which was notified by the Shenzhen Stock Exchange on June 30, 2022 that the application for the Proposed A-Share Listing was acknowledged.

As disclosed in the announcement of the Company dated April 18, 2024, after careful consideration of the new regulations introduced by the CSRC, the market conditions and the Group's own development strategy, Comtech has decided to withdraw its ChiNext Board Listing Application and will, under suitable conditions, apply for listing on an appropriate board on a stock exchange in China.

As disclosed in the announcement of the Company dated March 27, 2025, the application for the pre-listing tutoring process in connection with the proposed spin-off and the Proposed A-Share Listing submitted by the financial advisor of Shenzhen Comtech to the Shenzhen Regulatory Bureau of China Securities Regulatory Commission has been approved on March 26, 2025. As of the date of this annual report, Shenzhen Comtech has not submitted any official application for listing to any relevant regulatory authorities in the PRC. Subsequently, the Company will make further submission and/or disclosure as and when appropriate pursuant to the relevant requirements of the Listing Rules

Further details of the Proposed A-Share Listing can be referred to the announcements of the Company dated September 30, 2021, December 7, 2021, June 30, 2022, February 28, 2023, June 27, 2023, January 31, 2024, April 18, 2024 and March 27, 2025 and the circular of the Company dated March 10, 2022 in relation to the proposed spin-off and the Proposed A-Share Listing of Shenzhen Comtech on a stock exchange in the PRC.

The financial data of Shenzhen Comtech referred to in this annual report is based on the separately managed business segments identified and allocated by the Company and therefore is not equivalent to the financial data of Shenzhen Comtech for the Proposed A-Share Listing. The Group currently holds approximately 69.05% of Shenzhen Comtech, which financial statements will continue to be consolidated into the Group's consolidated financial statements.

持續關連交易

於2019年12月23日,本公司與Envision China訂 立一份物業租賃及配套服務框架協議(「物業租 賃及配套服務框架協議),據此,Envision China已同意並將促使其附屬公司同意向本集 **国提供物業租賃及配套物業管理服務。**

由於物業租賃及配套服務框架協議於2022年 12月31日屆滿,於2022年12月19日,本公司與 Envision China訂立協議以監管重續物業租賃及 配套服務框架協議項下擬進行的的現有持續關 連交易(「2023年物業租賃及配套服務框架協 議」)及不時就本公司營運訂立的新租賃,並為 截至2025年12月31日止三個年度其項下的擬 進行交易設定年度上限。2023年物業租賃及配 套服務框架協議的年期自2023年1月1日開始, 並將於2025年12月31日結束。

截至2025年12月31日 上三個年度各年,2023 年物業租賃及配套服務框架協議項下進行物業 租賃的年度上限分別為人民幣71.9百萬元、人 民幣55.9百萬元及人民幣36.3百萬元。截至 2025年12月31日止三個年度各年,就本集團根 據2023年物業租賃及配套服務框架協議向 Envision China及/或其附屬公司應付的配套物 業管理服務費的年度上限為人民幣2.5百萬元。

康敬偉先生為本公司董事會主席、首席執行官 兼執行董事。於本年報日期,康先生持有本公 司已發行股本總額約39.65%,並為一名控股股 東。Envision China由康先生間接全資擁有,故 為康先生的聯繫人及本公司的關連人士。

CONTINUING CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

On December 23, 2019, the Company and Envision China entered into a property leasing and complementary services framework agreement (the "Property Leasing and Complementary Services Framework Agreement"), pursuant to which Envision China has agreed, and will procure its subsidiaries to agree, to provide property leasing and complementary property management services to the Group.

As the Property Leasing and Complementary Services Framework Agreement was expiring on December 31, 2022, on December 19, 2022, the Company entered into an agreement with Envision China to renew the Property Leasing and Complementary Services Framework Agreement (the "2023 Property Leasing and Complementary Services Framework Agreement") to govern the renewal of the existing continuing connected transactions contemplated under the Property Leasing and Complementary Services Framework Agreement and the entering into of new leases from time to time for the operations of the Company, and to set annual caps for the transactions contemplated thereunder for the three years ending December 31, 2025. The term of the 2023 Property Leasing and Complementary Services Framework Agreement commenced on January 1, 2023 and will end on December 31, 2025.

The annual caps for each of the three years ending December 31, 2025 for property leasing under the 2023 Property Leasing and Complementary Services Framework Agreement are RMB71.9 million, RMB55.9 million and RMB36.3 million, respectively. The annual caps in respect of the complementary property management service fees payable by the Group to Envision China and/or its subsidiaries under the 2023 Property Leasing and Complementary Services Framework Agreement for each of the three years ending December 31, 2025 is RMB2.5 million.

Mr. Kang Jingwei, Jeffrey is the chairman of the Board, chief executive officer and an executive Director of the Company. As at the date of this annual report, Mr. Kang holds approximately 39.65% of the total issued share capital of the Company and is a Controlling Shareholder. Envision China is indirectly wholly-owned by Mr. Kang, and is therefore an associate of Mr. Kang and a connected person of the Company.

Report of the Directors (Continued)

因此,本公司與Envision China訂立的2023年物 業租賃及配套服務框架協議構成本公司一項持 續關連交易。本公司確認,其已根據上市規則 第14A章遵守披露規定。

有關以上述協議的進一步詳情,請參閱本公司 日期為2019年12月23日、2020年2月20日及 2022年12月19日的公告。

合約安排

訂立合約安排之理由

由於中國法律及法規對外商投資的若干限制, 本公司並不可能透過擁有股權持有深圳可購 百。本公司(诱過庫購網電子商務)、深圳可購 百及姚女士訂立了一系列合約安排,據此,本 公司取得深圳可購百的實際控制權及深圳可購 百所經營業務的一切經濟利益(「合約安排」)。 合約安排容許深圳可購百的財務資料及營運業 績合併至我們的財務資料,猶如其為本集團的 全資附屬公司。

為遵守中國當時的相關法律,我們的cogobuy.com 由深圳可購百經營。庫購網電子商務繼而監督 深圳可購百的業務營運,並從深圳可購百獲得 經濟利益。深圳可購百當時持有開發及經營我 們電商平台所需要的中國許可證、執照及批 文,包括ICP許可證及EDI許可證。此外,深圳 可購百當時亦持有知識產權,包括軟件版權及 域名,亦正收購對經營我們cogobuy.com而言 至關重要的商標。深圳可購百亦曾從事本公司 的增值電信業務。

Accordingly, the 2023 Property Leasing and Complementary Services Framework Agreement entered into between the Company and Envision China constitutes a continuing connected transaction of the Company. The Company confirms that it has complied with the disclosure requirements in accordance with Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

For further details of the above agreement, please refer to the Company's announcements dated December 23, 2019 and February 20, 2020 and December 19, 2022.

Contractual Arrangements

Reasons for the Contractual Arrangements

Due to certain foreign investment restrictions under PRC laws and regulations, it was not viable for the Company to hold Shenzhen Kegoubai directly through equity ownership. The Company, through Kugouwang E-commerce, Shenzhen Kegoubai and Ms. Yao entered into a series of contractual arrangements, under which the Company gained effective control over, and received all the economic benefits generated from the business operated by Shenzhen Kegoubai (the "Contractual Arrangements"). The Contractual Arrangements allow Shenzhen Kegoubai's financials and results of operations to be consolidated into our financials and as if it was a wholly-owned subsidiary of our Group.

To comply with the relevant PRC laws at the time, our cogobuy.com was operated by Shenzhen Kegoubai. Kugouwang E-commerce in turn supervises the business operations of Shenzhen Kegoubai and derives the economic benefits from Shenzhen Kegoubai. Shenzhen Kegoubai held the requisite PRC permits, licenses and approvals for developing and operating our e-commerce platform, including the ICP license, and EDI license. In addition, Shenzhen Kegoubai held the intellectual property rights, including software copyrights and the domain name, and was in the process of acquiring the trademarks that were important for the operation of our cogobuy.com. Shenzhen Kegoubai had also performed the value-added telecommunication services of the Company.

Report of the Directors (Continued)

儘管我們已於2019年11月27日庫購網電子商 務取得EDI許可證時已將本集團所有中國增值 電信業務從深圳可購百轉移至庫購網電子商務 或其聯屬公司,但以往於深圳可購百旗下經營 的若干業務已於我們的財務業績內綜合入賬。 由於技術性問題而導致即時的淨資產損失或須 納重税(同時參見「與合約安排有關之風險」一 段),所以無法直接轉移至庫購網電子商務或 其聯屬公司。我們的董事認為應維持合約安排 直至有關資產可逐步轉移至本集團從而符合本 公司的最佳利益及不會對我們的財務業績構成 不利影響。

有關涉及合約安排的收入、溢利及資產的進一 步詳情,可參見「涉及合約安排的收入及資產」 一段。

與合約安排有關之風險

我們認為合約安排涉及下列風險。有關該等風 險的進一步詳情載於招股章程第39至45頁。

- 有關線上商務及在中國發佈互聯網內容 的中國法律及法規的詮釋及應用存在重 大不確定因素及限制。倘中國政府認為我 們就業務營運所採用的架構並不符合中 國法律及法規,或倘該等法律或法規或其 詮釋在日後有所變動,我們則可能面臨嚴 厲處罰,包括終止網站或被逼放棄業務的 權益。
- 我們依賴與中國營運實體深圳可購百的 合約安排為我們業務提供若干服務,而我 們的合約安排在提供營運控制方面未必 如權益擁有權般有效。
- 深圳可購百的唯一股東姚女士可能會與 我們存在利益衝突,且其可能違反與我們 訂立的合約或導致該等合約須作出違反 我們利益的修訂,因而可能對我們的業務 及財務狀況造成重大不利影響。

While we have completed the transfer of all of the Group's valueadded telecommunications businesses in the PRC from Shenzhen Kegoubai to Kugouwang E-commerce or its affiliate by the time Kugouwang E-commerce obtained an EDI License on November 27, 2019, certain businesses historically conducted under Shenzhen Kegoubai that had been consolidated into our financial results and could not be transferred to Kugouwang E-commerce or its affiliate directly due to technicality (immediate loss of net assets or heavy taxation - see also the paragraph headed "Risks relating to the Contractual Arrangements"). Our Directors are of the view that it is in the best interest of the Company to maintain the Contractual Arrangement until the relevant assets could be gradually transferred to the Group without adverse effects on our financial results.

Further details of the revenue, profit and assets subject to the Contractual Arrangements can be found in the paragraph headed "Revenue and assets subject to the Contractual Arrangements".

Risks relating to the Contractual Arrangements

We believe the following risks are associated with the Contractual Arrangements. Further details of the risks are set out on pages 39 to 45 of the Prospectus.

- Substantial uncertainties and restrictions exist with respect to the interpretation and application of PRC laws and regulations relating to online commerce and the distribution of Internet content in China. If the PRC government finds that the structure we have adopted for our business operations does not comply with PRC laws and regulations, or if these laws or regulations or their interpretations change in the future, we could be subject to severe penalties, including the termination of our website or the forced relinquishment of our interests in our operations.
- We rely on our Contractual Arrangements with our PRC operating entity Shenzhen Kegoubai to provide certain service to our business, and our Contractual Arrangements may not be effective in providing operational control as equity ownership.
- Ms. Yao, the sole shareholder of Shenzhen Kegoubai, may have conflicts of interest with us, and she may breach the contracts with us or cause such contracts to be amended in a manner contrary to our interests, which may materially and adversely affect our business and financial condition.

Report of the Directors (Continued)

- 我們合約安排的若干條款未必可根據中國法律強制執行。
- 倘深圳可購百宣佈破產或面臨解散或清 盤程序,我們則可能失去使用及享有深圳 可購百所持有的資產的能力。
- 庫購網電子商務與深圳可購百之間的合約安排可能會受到中國稅務機關審查,而倘任何結果顯示我們或深圳可購百欠繳額外稅款,則可能會大幅降低我們的綜合淨收入及我們股東投資的價值。
- 我們行使購股權收購深圳可購百的股本權益可能須受若干限制,而擁有權的轉讓可能會使我們的成本大幅增加。

本公司採取的緩解行動

我們的管理層與姚女士及我們的外部法律顧問和顧問緊密合作,監控中國法律及法規的監管環境及發展以緩解與合約安排有關的風險。我們的董事認為,鑒於合約安排的收入及溢利團獻不重大,加上涉及合約安排的資產於本集們的業務營運構成重大不利影響。有關涉及合約安排的收入、溢利及資產的進一步詳情,可參見「涉及合約安排的收入及資產」一段。

合約安排須遵守的除外資擁有權限制 以外的其他規定

所有合約安排均須受招股章程第139至144頁 所載之限制規限。

- Certain terms of our Contractual Arrangements may not be enforceable under PRC laws.
- We may lose the ability to use and enjoy assets held by Shenzhen Kegoubai if Shenzhen Kegoubai declares bankruptcy or becomes subject to a dissolution or liquidation proceeding.
- The Contractual Arrangements between Kugouwang E-commerce and Shenzhen Kegoubai may be subject to scrutiny by the PRC tax authorities and any findings revealing that we or Shenzhen Kegoubai owe additional taxes could substantially reduce our consolidated net income and the value of our shareholders' investment.
- Our exercise of the option to acquire the equity interests of Shenzhen Kegoubai may be subject to certain limitations and the ownership transfer may subject us to substantial costs.

Mitigation actions taken by the Company

Our management works closely with Ms. Yao and our external legal counsels and advisors to monitor the regulatory environment and developments in PRC laws and regulations to mitigate the risks associated with the Contractual Arrangements. Our Directors are of the view that this would not have a material adverse impact on our business operation in light of the immaterial revenue and profit contribution from the Contractual Arrangements and the assets subject to the Contractual Arrangements constitute an immaterial part of the Group's total assets. Further details of the revenue, profit and assets subject to the Contractual Arrangements can be found in the paragraph headed "Revenue and assets subject to the Contractual Arrangements".

The extent to which the Contractual Arrangements relate to requirements other than the foreign ownership restriction

All of the Contractual Arrangements are subject to the restrictions as set out on pages 139 to 144 of the Prospectus.

Report of the Directors (Continued)

合約安排

截至2024年12月31日止年度,本集團訂立下列 合約安排。

1. 獨家服務總協議

協議的性質及目的

於2014年3月13日,深圳可購百與庫購網 電子商務訂立一份獨家服務總協議(「獨 家服務總協議」),據此,深圳可購百同意 聘用庫購網電子商務作為提供多項服務 的獨家提供商,並向其支付服務費。

庫購網電子商務將提供的服務包括:(1)技 術開發及轉讓,以及技術諮詢服務;(2)業 務支持服務;(3)市場諮詢及營銷服務;(4) 技術支持服務;(5)出售及授權深圳可購百 使用軟件;及/或(6)庫購網電子商務不時 根據庫購網電子商務及其指定聯屬公司 業務需要及能力釐定的其他服務。

定價

根據獨家服務總協議,服務費將由庫購網 電子商務全權酌情釐定,當中會考慮深圳 可購百的營運資金需求及與所提供服務 相關的下列因素:(i)服務的技術難度及複 雜程度;(ii)提供服務所費時間;(iii)服務內 容及商業價值;及(iv)市場中類似服務的 基準價格。

協議期限

庫購網電子商務可提前30天向深圳可購 百發出書面通知,隨時終止獨家服務總協 議。當深圳可購百根據獨家購股權協議將 所有股份轉讓予庫購網電子商務及/或由 庫購網電子商務指定的第三方後,獨家服 務總協議亦將告終止。

Contractual Arrangements

During the year ended December 31, 2024, the Group engaged in the following Contractual Arrangements.

Master Exclusive Service Agreement Nature and purpose of the agreement

On March 13, 2014, Shenzhen Kegoubai and Kugouwang E-commerce entered into a master exclusive service agreement (the "Master Exclusive Service Agreement"), under which Shenzhen Kegoubai agreed to engage Kugouwang E-commerce as its exclusive provider for the provision of a number of services in exchange for a service fee.

The services to be provided by Kugouwang E-commerce include: (1) technology development and transfer, and technical consulting services; (2) business support services; (3) market consultancy and marketing services; (4) technical support services; (5) selling and authorizing Shenzhen Kegoubai to use software; and/or (6) other services determined from time to time by Kugouwang E-commerce according to the need of business and capacity of Kugouwang E-commerce and its designated affiliates.

Pricing

Under the Master Exclusive Service Agreement, the service fee will be determined by Kugouwang E-commerce at its sole discretion taking into account the working capital requirements of Shenzhen Kegoubai and the following factors relating to the services provided: (i) technical difficulty and complexity of the services; (ii) time spent in providing the services; (iii) contents and commercial value of the services; and (iv) the benchmark price of similar services in the market.

Term of the agreement

The Master Exclusive Service Agreement can be terminated by Kugouwang E-commerce at any time upon 30 days' advance written notice to Shenzhen Kegoubai. The Master Exclusive Service Agreement shall also terminate upon the transfer of all the shares of Shenzhen Kegoubai to Kugouwang E-commerce and/or a third party designated by Kugouwang E-commerce pursuant to the Exclusive Option Agreement.

Report of the Directors (Continued)

業務合作協議 協議性質及目的

於2014年3月13日,深圳可購百及其唯一 股東姚女士與庫購網電子商務訂立業務 合作協議(「業務合作協議」)。根據業務合 作協議,深圳可購百及姚女士共同協定, 在未取得庫購網電子商務書面同意前,深 圳可購百不會,姚女士並須同時促使深圳 可購百不會進行任何可能嚴重影響其資 產、責任、權利或營運的交易。

儘管合約安排沒有提及將域名cogobuy.com 提供給深圳可購百以外的其他本集團公 司使用,但根據業務合作協議,庫購網電 子商務有權監督深圳可購百的日常營運。

根據業務合作協議,深圳可購百的董事、 總經理、首席財務官及其他高級管理層成 員的選舉及委任,須達到庫購網電子商務 所提出的資格要求,並須得到庫購網電子 商務明確同意。若庫購網電子商務就任何 有關董事或高級管理層成員的替任或辭 退提出任何建議,姚女士或深圳可購百須 按照庫購網電子商務的建議替任或辭退 有關人士。

再者,姚女士同意,除非庫購網電子商務 要求,否則彼不會作出任何股東決定或以 其他方式要求深圳可購百向深圳可購百 的股東分派任何溢利、資金、資產或財 產,或就股東持有的深圳可購百股份發出 任何股息或其他分派。

Business Cooperation Agreement Nature and purpose of the agreement

On March 13, 2014, Shenzhen Kegoubai and its sole shareholder, Ms. Yao, and Kugouwang E-commerce entered into a business cooperation agreement (the "Business Cooperation Agreement"). Under the Business Cooperation Agreement, Shenzhen Kegoubai and Ms. Yao jointly agreed that Shenzhen Kegoubai shall not, and Ms. Yao shall cause Shenzhen Kegoubai not to, engage in any transaction which may materially affect its asset, obligation, right or operation without obtaining Kugouwang E-commerce's written consent.

Although the contractual arrangements are silent as to the use of the cogobuy.com domain name by the companies within the Group other than Shenzhen Kegoubai, under the Business Cooperation Agreement, Kugouwang E-commerce has the right to supervise Shenzhen Kegoubai's daily operation.

According to the Business Cooperation Agreement, the election and appointment of directors, the general manager, the chief financial officer and other senior management members of Shenzhen Kegoubai shall be subject to satisfaction of the qualification requirements put forward by Kugouwang E-commerce and shall require the explicit consent of Kugouwang E-commerce raises any suggestions over the replacement or dismissal of any such directors or senior management members, Ms. Yao or Shenzhen Kegoubai shall replace or dismiss such persons upon Kugouwang E-commerce's suggestions.

Furthermore, Ms. Yao agreed that, unless required by Kugouwang E-commerce, she shall not make any shareholder's decision to, or otherwise request Shenzhen Kegoubai to, distribute any profits, funds, assets or property to the shareholder of Shenzhen Kegoubai, or to issue any dividends or other distributions with respect to the shares of Shenzhen Kegoubai held by the shareholder.

Report of the Directors (Continued)

協議期限

業務合作協議須在深圳可購百存續的期 間維持有效,除非庫購網電子商務提前 30天發出書面通知,或根據獨家購股權 協議將姚女士持有的所有股份轉讓予庫 購網電子商務及/或由庫購網電子商務指 定的第三方後終止業務合作協議。

獨家購股權協議 3. 協議性質及目的

於2014年3月13日,深圳可購百與庫購網 電子商務訂立獨家購股權協議(「獨家購 股權協議」),據此,庫購網電子商務有權 要求姚女士將其持有的任何及所有深圳 可購百股份全部或部分轉讓予庫購網電 子商務及/或由其指定的第三方,惟須受 庫購網電子商務的具體要求所限。

協議期限

獨家購股權協議須在深圳可購百存續的 期間維持有效,且不可由深圳可購百或其 股東終止。獨家購股權協議可在以下情況 下終止:(i)庫購網電子商務可隨時提前30 天向深圳可購百及其股東發出書面通 知;或(ii)將該股東持有的所有股份轉讓予 庫購網電子商務及/或其指定人士後。

4. 股份質押協議

協議的性質及目的

於2014年3月13日,庫購網電子商務與深 圳可購百及姚女士訂立股份質押協議 (「股份質押協議」)。根據股份質押協議, 姚女士無條件及不可撤回地向庫購網電 子商務質押其擁有的所有深圳可購百股 份,包括就該等股份獲支付的任何利息或 股息,作為深圳可購百及姚女士履行獨家 服務總協議、業務合作協議、獨家購股權 協議以及深圳可購百、姚女士及庫購網電 子商務不時將予簽立的其他協議(統稱 [主要協議])項下責任的擔保。

Term of the agreement

The Business Cooperation Agreement shall remain effective as long as Shenzhen Kegoubai exists, unless Kugouwang E-commerce terminates it upon 30 days' advance written notice or upon the transfer of all the shares held by Ms. Yao to Kugouwang E-commerce and/or a third party designated by Kugouwang E-commerce pursuant to the Exclusive Option Agreement.

Exclusive Option Agreement 3.

Nature and purpose of the agreement

On March 13, 2014, Shenzhen Kegoubai and Kugouwang E-commerce entered into an exclusive option agreement (the "Exclusive Option Agreement"), under which Kugouwang E-commerce has a right to require Ms. Yao to transfer any and all of her shares in Shenzhen Kegoubai to Kugouwang E-commerce and/or a third party designated by it, in whole or in part, subject to Kugouwang E-commerce's specific requirements.

Term of the agreement

The Exclusive Option Agreement shall remain effective as long as Shenzhen Kegoubai exists, and cannot be terminated by either Shenzhen Kegoubai or its shareholder. The Exclusive Option Agreement can be terminated (i) by Kugouwang E-commerce at any time upon 30 days' advance written notice to Shenzhen Kegoubai and its shareholder; or (ii) upon the transfer of all the shares held by the shareholder to Kugouwang E-commerce and/or its designee(s).

Share Pledge Agreement

Nature and purpose of the agreement

On March 13, 2014, Kugouwang E-commerce entered into a share pledge agreement with Shenzhen Kegoubai and Ms. Yao (the "Share Pledge Agreement"). Pursuant to the Share Pledge Agreement, Ms. Yao unconditionally and irrevocably pledged all of her shares in Shenzhen Kegoubai, including any interest or dividend paid for such shares, to Kugouwang E-commerce as security for the performance of the obligations by Shenzhen Kegoubai and Ms. Yao under the Master Exclusive Service Agreement, the Business Cooperation Agreement, the Exclusive Option Agreement and other agreements to be executed among Shenzhen Kegoubai, Ms. Yao and Kugouwang E-commerce from time to time (collectively the "Principal Agreements").

Report of the Directors (Continued)

協議期限

該質押將維持有效,直至主要協議以令庫 購網電子商務滿意的方式履行或所有主 要協議已到期或被終止為止(以較遲發生 者為準)。

5. 委託協議及授權委託書 協議性質及目的

於2014年3月13日,庫購網電子商務與深 圳可購百及姚女士訂立不可撤銷的委託 協議及授權委託書(「委託協議及授權委 託書」)。據此,姚女士提名並委任庫購網 電子商務或任何由庫購網電子商務指定 的自然人(包括本公司的董事)為其受託 人,代表其行使並同意及承諾不會在未經 該受託人的同意下行使就其名下的深圳 可購百股份擁有的任何及一切權利。

此外,若根據姚女士為庫購網電子商務或 其聯屬公司的利益訂立的獨家購股權協 議及股份質押協議擬進行任何股份轉 讓,受託人有權簽署股份轉讓協議及其他 相關協議,並履行獨家購股權協議及股份 質押協議項下的一切股東責任。

協議期限

委託協議及授權委託書須在深圳可購百 存續的期間維持有效。姚女士無權在未經 庫購網電子商務事先書面同意前終止委 託協議及授權委託書,或撤銷對受託人的 委託。

除上述者外,於截至2024年12月31日止年度, 本集團並無與深圳可購百及姚女士訂立、重續 或重訂任何新合約安排。截至2024年12月31日 止年度,合約安排及/或其獲採納的情況並無 重大變動。

截至2024年12月31日止年度,由於致使採納合 約安排項下結構性合約的限制概無被移除,故 概無解除合約安排。

Term of the agreement

The pledge shall remain valid until the Principal Agreements have been fulfilled to the satisfaction of Kugouwang E-commerce or all of the Principal Agreements have expired or been terminated, whichever is the latest.

5. Proxy Agreement and Power of Attorney Nature and purpose of the agreement

On March 13, 2014, Kugouwang E-commerce entered into an irrevocable proxy agreement and powers of attorney (the "Proxy Agreement and Power of Attorney") with Shenzhen Kegoubai and Ms. Yao, pursuant to which Ms. Yao nominated and appointed Kugouwang E-commerce or any natural person designated by Kugouwang E-commerce (including directors of the Company) as her attorney-in-fact to exercise on her behalf, and agreed and undertook not to exercise without consensus with such attorney-in-fact, any and all rights that she has in respect of her shares in Shenzhen Kegoubai.

In addition, if any share transfer is contemplated under the Exclusive Option Agreement and the Share Pledge Agreement that Ms. Yao enters into for the benefits of Kugouwang E-commerce or its affiliate, the attorney-in-fact shall have the right to sign the share transfer agreement and other relevant agreements and to perform all shareholder obligations under the Exclusive Option Agreement and the Share Pledge Agreement.

Term of the agreement

The Proxy Agreement and Power of Attorney shall remain effective as long as Shenzhen Kegoubai exists. Ms. Yao shall not have the right to terminate the Proxy Agreement and Power of Attorney or to revoke the appointment of the attorney-in-fact without Kugouwang E-commerce's prior written consent.

Apart from the above, there are no new Contractual Arrangements entered into, renewed or reproduced by the Group with Shenzhen Kegoubai and Ms. Yao during the year ended December 31, 2024. There was no material change in the Contractual Arrangements and/ or the circumstances under which they were adopted for the year ended December 31, 2024.

For the year ended December 31, 2024, none of the Contractual Arrangements has been unwound as none of the restrictions that led to the adoption of the structured contracts under the Contractual Arrangements has been removed.

於本年報日期,(i)姚女士持有本公司已發行股 本總額約11.12%;及(ii)深圳可購百由姚女士全 資擁有,故為姚女士的聯繫人及本公司的關連 人士。因此,由庫購網電子商務(本公司間接全 資附屬公司)與深圳可購百所訂立的獨家服務 總協議及獨家購股權協議各自以及深圳可購 百、姚女士及庫購網電子商務所訂立的業務合 作協議、股份質押協議、委託協議及授權委託 書各自構成本公司的持續關連交易。

As at the date of this annual report, (i) Ms. Yao holds approximately 11.12% of the total issued share capital of the Company, and (ii) Shenzhen Kegoubai is wholly-owned by Ms. Yao, and is therefore an associate of Ms. Yao and a connected person of the Company. Accordingly, each of the Master Exclusive Service Agreement and the Exclusive Option Agreement, which is entered into between Kugouwang E-commerce, an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, and Shenzhen Kegoubai, and each of the Business Cooperation Agreement, the Share Pledge Agreement, the Proxy Agreement and Power of Attorney entered into among Shenzhen Kegoubai, Ms. Yao, and Kugouwang E-commerce, constitute continuing connected transactions of the Company.

涉及合約安排的收入及資產

深圳可購百的收入、年內溢利及總資產載列 如下:

Revenue and assets subject to the Contractual **Arrangements**

The revenue, profit for the year and total assets of Shenzhen Kegoubai are set out as follows:

		截至2024年 12月31日 止年度 Year ended December 31, 2024 人民幣千元 RMB'000	截至2023年 12月31日 止年度 Year ended December 31, 2023 人民幣千元 RMB'000
收入 年內溢利	Revenue Profit for the year	_ (2,110)	_ (21,328)
	\\		
		於2024年	於2023年
		12月31日	12月31日
		As at	As at
		December 31,	December 31,
		2024	2023
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000
總資產	Total assets	46,995	48,038

截至2024年12月31日止年度,深圳可購百的收 入及年內溢利分別佔本集團收入及年內溢利約 0%(2023年:0%)及-0.77%(2023年:-6.67%)。

For the year ended December 31, 2024, the revenue and profit for the year of Shenzhen Kegoubai amounted to approximately 0% (2023: 0%) and -0.77% (2023: -6.67%) of the revenue and profit for the year of the Group respectively.

Report of the Directors (Continued)

於2024年12月31日,深圳可購百的總資產佔本 集團總資產的約0.49%(2023年:0.47%)。

聯交所的豁免及年度審閱

姚女士為本公司之主要股東及深圳可購百之唯 一股東,故根據上市規則第14A.07(1)條,姚女 士為本公司之關連人士。由於深圳可購百為姚 女士全資擁有之有限責任公司並訂有合約安 排,故根據上市規則第14A章(尤其第14A.07(1) 條),深圳可購百為本公司之關連人士。本集團 透過與庫購網電子商務、深圳可購百及姚女士 訂立的一系列合約安排,在中國經營其IC及其 他電子元器件業務。根據上市規則,根據合約 安排擬進行之交易構成持續關連交易。聯交所 已就合約安排授予本公司特定豁免,於股份在 聯交所上市期間,豁免本公司嚴格遵守上市規 則第14A章的關連交易規定,包括(i)公告及獨 立股東批准之規定;(ii)設定根據合約安排向庫 購網電子商務支付之費用的年度上限之規定: 及(iii)將合約安排期限定為三年或以下之規定, 惟須受若干條件所限。

董事(包括獨立非執行董事)認為,本年報[持 續關連交易」一節所述的持續關連交易對本集 團的法律架構及業務營運至關重要,並(i)於本 公司日常業務過程中;(ii)以一般商業條款或更 佳之條款;及(iii)根據有關交易的協議訂立,其 條款公平合理,且有利於本集團及符合股東的 整體利益。董事亦認為,按照本集團的架構, 將綜合聯屬實體的財務業績併入本集團的財務 報表,猶如該等綜合聯屬實體是本集團的附屬 公司且其業務的經濟利益流入本集團,使本集 團就上市規則有關關連交易的相關規定而言, 屬於特殊情況。

As at December 31, 2024, the total assets of Shenzhen Kegoubai amounted to approximately 0.49% (2023: 0.47%) of the total assets of the Group.

Waiver from the Stock Exchange and Annual Review

As a substantial Shareholder of our Company and the sole shareholder of Shenzhen Kegoubai, Ms. Yao is therefore the Company's connected person pursuant to Rule 14A.07(1) of the Listing Rules. As a wholly-owned limited liability company by Ms. Yao and by virtue of the Contractual Arrangements, Shenzhen Kegoubai is a connected person of the Company for the purposes of Chapter 14A, and in particular, Rule 14A.07(1), of the Listing Rules. The Group operates its IC and other electronic components business in the PRC through a series of Contractual Arrangements entered into between Kugouwang E-commerce, Shenzhen Kegoubai and Ms. Yao. The transactions contemplated under the Contractual Arrangements constitute continuing connected transactions under the Listing Rules. The Stock Exchange has granted a specific waiver to the Company from strict compliance with the connected transactions requirement of Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules in respect of the Contractual Arrangements, including (i) the announcement and independent shareholders' approval requirements; (ii) the requirement of setting an annual cap for the fees payable to Kugouwang E-commerce under the Contractual Arrangements; and (iii) the requirement of limiting the term of the Contractual Arrangements to three years or less, for so long as the Shares are listed on the Stock Exchange, subject to certain conditions.

Our Directors (including the independent non-executive Directors) are of the view that the continuing connected transactions under the section headed "Continuing Connected Transactions" of this annual report, are fundamental to our Group's legal structure and business operations and have been entered into: (i) in the ordinary and usual course of business of the Company; (ii) on normal commercial terms or better; and (iii) according to the relevant agreement governing them on terms that are fair and reasonable or to the advantage of the Group and are in the interests of the Shareholders as a whole. Our Directors also believe that our Group's structure whereby the financial results of the consolidated affiliated entities are consolidated into our Group's financial statements as if they were our Group's subsidiaries, and the flow of economic benefits of their business to our Group places our Group in a special position in relation to relevant rules concerning connected transactions under the Listing Rules.

Report of the Directors (Continued)

獨立非執行董事已審閱合約安排,並確認:(i) 於截至2024年12月31日止年度進行的交易乃 根據合約安排的有關條文訂立,而該等交易的 運作令深圳可購百產生的收入絕大部份撥歸庫 購網電子商務;(ii)深圳可購百並無向其股權持 有人作出任何其後未以其他方式轉讓或轉撥予 本集團的股息或其他分派;及(iii)本集團與深圳 可購百於截至2024年12月31日止年度並無訂 立、重續或重訂任何新合約。

Our independent non-executive Directors reviewed the Contractual Arrangements and confirmed that: (i) the transactions carried out during the year ended December 31, 2024 have been entered into in accordance with the relevant provisions of the Contractual Arrangements, have been operated so that the revenue generated by Shenzhen Kegoubai has been substantially retained by Kugouwang E-commerce; (ii) no dividends or other distributions have been made by Shenzhen Kegoubai to the holders of its equity interests which are not otherwise subsequently assigned or transferred to our Group; and (iii) no new contracts have been entered into, renewed or reproduced between our Group and Shenzhen Kegoubai during the year ended December 31, 2024.

此外,本公司的核數師信永中和(香港)會計師 事務所有限公司獲委聘,以根據香港會計師公 會頒佈的《香港鑒證業務準則》第3000號(經修 訂)「非審核或審閱過往財務資料的鑒證工作」 及參照《實務説明》第740號「關於香港《上市規 則》所述持續關連交易的核數師函件|,就本集 團的持續關連交易作出匯報。信永中和(香港) 會計師事務所有限公司已根據上市規則第 14A.56條就本集團於上文披露之持續關連交易 向董事會發出載有其發現和結論的函件,據 此,其確認下列事項:

Furthermore, SHINEWING (HK) CPA Limited, the Company's auditor, were engaged to report on the Group's continuing connected transactions in accordance with Hong Kong Standard on Assurance Engagements 3000 (Revised) "Assurance Engagements Other Than Audits or Reviews of Historical Financial Information" and with reference to Practice Note 740 "Auditor's Letter on Continuing Connected Transactions under the Hong Kong Listing Rules" issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. SHINEWING (HK) CPA Limited has issued a letter to the Board containing the findings and conclusions in respect of the continuing connected transactions disclosed above by the Group in accordance with Rule 14A.56 of the Listing Rules, pursuant to which it confirmed the following:

- 並無注意到任何事情,可使信永中和(香 (a) 港)會計師事務所有限公司認為新居間服 務協議、新獨家服務協議及物業租賃及配 套服務框架協議項下的持續關連交易並 未獲董事會批准;
- nothing has come to their attention that causes SHINEWING (HK) CPA Limited to believe that the disclosed continuing connected transactions under the New Agency Agreement, the New Service Agreement and the Property Leasing and Complementary Services Framework Agreement, have not been approved by the Board;
- 並無注意到任何事情,可使信永中和(香 (b) 港)會計師事務所有限公司認為該等交易 在各重大方面沒有根據有關交易的協議 進行;及
- nothing has come to their attention that causes SHINEWING (HK) (b) CPA Limited to believe that the transactions were not entered into, in all material respects, in accordance with the relevant agreements governing such transactions; and
- 就新居間服務協議、新獨家服務協議及物 業租賃及配套服務框架協議項下的持續 關連交易各自的總金額而言,並無注意到 任何事情,可使信永中和(香港)會計師事 務所有限公司認為該等持續交易超逾本 公司所設定的年度上限。
- with respect to the aggregate amount of each of the continuing (C) connected transactions under the New Agency Agreement, the New Service Agreement and the Property Leasing and Complementary Services Framework Agreement, nothing has come to their attention that causes SHINEWING (HK) CPA Limited to believe that such continuing transactions have exceeded the annual cap as set by the Company.

Report of the Directors (Continued)

附註:

兹提述「持續關連交易」一節以及本公司日期為2019 年12月23日、2020年2月20日及2022年12月19日之 公告。截至2024年12月31日止年度,由於根據2023 年物業租賃及配套服務框架協議訂立了個別的租賃 協議,故物業租賃產生之使用權資產及租賃負債賬面 值增加人民幣4.9百萬元(2023年:人民幣117.6百萬 元),及配套物業管理服務費為人民幣1.5百萬元 (2023年:人民幣1.5百萬元)。

於截至2024年12月31日止年度,除本年報「持 續關連交易」一節所披露者外,綜合財務報表 附註35所披露的其他關聯方交易並不構成應根 據上市規則予以披露的關連交易或持續關連交 易。本公司已就本年報「持續關連交易」一節所 披露本集團於報告期間所訂立的關連交易及持 續關連交易,遵守上市規則第14A章訂明的披 露規定。

管理合同

除與任何董事訂立的服務合約或任何僱傭合約 外,截至2024年12月31日止年度並無訂立或存 在任何有關本公司全部或任何重大部分業務管 理及行政的合同。

客戶及供應商

我們的客戶主要是以中國為基地的電子製造 商。截至2024年12月31日止年度,我們並無客 戶佔我們收入10%以上(2023年:無)。於報告 期間,來自本集團五大客戶的合計銷售額佔本 集團總銷售額約21.5%,而來自本集團最大客 戶的銷售額佔本集團總銷售額約7.6%。據我們 的董事所知,我們的董事、彼等各自之聯繫人 或緊密聯繫人或任何股東概無擁有我們已發行 股本5%以上,或於我們任何最大客戶中擁有 任何權益。

Note:

(1) Reference is made to the section headed "Continuing Connected Transactions" and the Company's announcements dated December 23, 2019, February 20, 2020 and December 19, 2022. For the year ended December 31, 2024, given individual lease agreements were entered into pursuant to the 2023 Property Leasing and Complementary Services Framework Agreement, additions to the carrying amount of the right-of-use assets and lease liabilities arising from property leasing amounted to RMB4.9 million (2023: RMB117.6 million), and the complementary property management service fees amounted to RMB1.5 million (2023: RMB1.5 million).

During the year ended December 31, 2024, save as disclosed in the section headed "Continuing Connected Transactions" of this annual report, no other related party transactions disclosed in note 35 to the consolidated financial statements constituted a connected transaction or continuing connected transaction which should be disclosed pursuant to the Listing Rules. The Company has complied with the disclosure requirements prescribed in Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules with respect to the connected transactions and continuing connected transactions entered into by the Group during the Reporting Period as disclosed in the section headed "Continuing Connected Transactions" of this annual report.

MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS

No contracts, concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Company, except for contract of service with any Director or any employment contract, were entered into or existed for the year ended December 31, 2024.

CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

Our customers primarily consist of electronics manufacturers based in China. None of our customers accounted for more than 10% of our revenue for the year ended December 31, 2024 (2023: nil). For the Reporting Period, the aggregate sales attributable to the Group's five largest customers were approximately 21.5% of the Group's total sales, and the sales attributable to the Group's largest customer were approximately 7.6% of the Group's total sales. None of our Directors, their respective associates, or close associates, or any Shareholder, to the knowledge of our Directors, owns more than 5% of our issued capital or has any interest in any of our largest customer.

Report of the Directors (Continued)

於2024年12月31日,我們的強大網絡共有約 412名供應商,包括部分主要產品類別的頂級 供應商,諸如英特爾(Intel):工業控制、監測、遊 戲、醫療、機器人、AI、數據中心/雲端;邁絡 思(Mellanox):電商、數據中心、AI;微芯科技 (Microchip):工業及AloT;微軟(Microsoft):雲服 務及AloT;歐司朗(OSRAM):汽車、燈光及感 應;瑞昱(Realtek):PON電信、IoT及乙太網絡 轉換器; 閃迪(SanDisk)(Western Digital Corporation(西部數據公司)):智能移動裝置元 器件及OTT/教育電子學習器儲存裝置;思佳 訊(Skyworks):5G電信及WiFi網絡;及超微半導 體 - 賽靈思(AMD-Xilinx):工業、醫療、通信IC 設計、測試及計量。於報告期間內,我們的五 大供應商合共佔本集團總採購額約53.4%,而 我們的最大供應商佔本集團總採購額約 17.8%。據我們的董事所知,我們的董事、彼等 各自的聯繫人及緊密聯繫人或任何股東概無擁 有我們已發行股本5%以上,或於我們任何五 大供應商中擁有任何權益。

As of December 31, 2024, we had a strong network of approximately 412 suppliers, including some of the top suppliers in key product categories, such as Intel for industrial control, surveillance, gaming, medical, robotics, Al, data center/cloud, Mellanox for E-commerce, Data Center, Al, Microchip for industrial and AloT, Microsoft for cloud service and AloT, OSRAM for automotive, illumination and sensing, Realtek for PON communication, IoT and ethernet switch, SanDisk (Western Digital Corporation) for smart mobile device components and OTT/education electronic learning machine storage device, Skyworks for 5G communications and WiFi Network, and AMD-Xilinx for Al computing from cloud to the end, as well as high speed networking, AI PC, industrial, medical, communication IC design, test and measurement. For the Reporting Period, our five largest suppliers in aggregate accounted for approximately 53.4% of the Group's total purchases and our largest supplier accounted for approximately 17.8% of the Group's total purchases. None of our Directors, their respective associates and close associates, or any Shareholder, to the knowledge of our Directors, owns more than 5% of our issued capital or has any interest in any of our five largest suppliers.

足夠的公眾持股量

根據本公司公開可得資料及就董事所知,於本 年報日期,本公司維持上市規則項下之規定公 眾持股量。

優先購股權

根據開曼群島法例或根據本公司的組織章程細 則,並無優先購股權條文規定本公司須按比例 向其現有股東提呈新股份。

税務寬減及豁免

董事並不知悉股東可基於其持有本公司證券而 獲得任何税務寬減及豁免。

SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on the information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Directors, as at the date of this annual report, the Company maintained the prescribed public float under the Listing Rules.

PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There are no provisions for pre-emptive rights under the laws of the Cayman Islands or under the Company's Articles of Association that require the Company to offer new Shares on a pro-rata basis to its existing Shareholders.

TAX RELIEF AND EXEMPTION

The Directors are not aware of any tax relief and exemption available to the Shareholders by reason of their holding of the Company's securities.

Report of the Directors (Continued)

訴訟

於2024年12月31日,本公司並無牽涉仟何重大 訴訟或仲裁。本公司董事亦不知悉任何尚未了 結或對本公司構成威脅的任何重大訴訟或 索賠。

審核委員會

審核委員會已與管理層及外部核數師審閱本集 團採用的會計原則及政策以及截至2024年12 月31日止年度的經審核綜合財務報表。

核數師

截至2024年12月31日止年度的綜合財務報表 已由信永中和(香港)會計師事務所有限公司 (「信永中和」)審核。於即將舉行的本公司股東 週年大會上,將提呈一項決議案,以重新委任 信永中和為本公司核數師。

報告期間後事項

除本年報「重大收購及出售」一節所載之贖回 外,本公司謹此向股東提供有關贖回的最新 维展。

LITIGATION

As of December 31, 2024, the Company was not involved in any material litigation or arbitration. Nor were the Directors of the Company aware of any material litigation or claims that were pending or threatened against the Company.

AUDIT COMMITTEE

The audit committee has reviewed together with the management and the external auditor the accounting principles and policies adopted by the Group and the audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2024.

AUDITORS

The consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2024 have been audited by SHINEWING (HK) CPA Limited ("SHINEWING"). A resolution for the reappointment of SHINEWING as the Company's auditors is to be proposed at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company.

EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

Further to the Redemption as set out in the section headed "Material Acquisitions and Disposals" of this annual report, the Company wishes to provide the latest update on the recent developments regarding the Redemption to the Shareholders.

經本公司與粵財新興及創盈健科進一步商討後,粵財新興及創盈健科(定義見本公司2021年6月29日之認購公告(「2021認購公告」))已決定撤銷其於2024年12月行使之贖回權,並與本公司相互協定將彼等各自之贖回權由2024年年底延長至2026年6月30日。此後,截至本年報日期,除粵財新興及創盈健科外,蟻米凱得、蟻米創投、中泰、深報一本、盛東投資展基金(定義見2021認購公告)(連同粵財新興及創租互達成協定,以將彼等各自之贖回權由2024年底延長至2026年6月30日。

本公司將根據上市規則的相關規定於適當時候 就經延長投資者行使贖回權作出進一步披露。

於2025年2月7日,本公司與認購人(其屬本公 司及其關連人士之獨立第三方)訂立認購協 議,據此,認購人已有條件同意認購而本公司 已有條件同意發行及配發250,000,000股認購股 份, 認購價為每股1.30港元,總金額為 325,000,000港元。認購股份將根據本公司於 2024年6月5日舉行的股東週年大會授予的一 般授權分兩批發行及配發予認購人。認購事項 完成須待認購事項公告內「達致認購事項完成 之先決該等條件」一段所載之該等條件達成 後,方可作實。250,000,000股認購股份相當 於:(i)本公司於認購事項公告日期現有已發行 股本約17.93%;及(ii)本公司經發行及配發認購 股份而擴大之已發行股本約15.20%(假設本公 司之已發行股本於認購事項公告日期至認購事 項完成為止之期間內並無其他變動)。

Upon further discussions between the Company and Yuecai Emerging and Chuangying Jianke, as defined in the subscription announcement of the Company dated June 29, 2021 ("2021 Subscription Announcement"), Yuecai Emerging and Chuangying Jianke have decided to revoke their exercise of the Redemption right in December 2024 and have mutually agreed with the Company to extend their respective Redemption right from the end of 2024 to June 30, 2026 instead. Thereafter, in addition to Yuecia Emerging and Chuangying Jianke, Yimi Kaide, Yimi VC, Zhongtai, Shenbao Yiben, Shengdong Investment, Changsheng Jiuliang Investment, Woshun Investment and Guangdong Industrial Development Fund (as defined in the 2021 Subscription Announcement) (together with Yuecai Emerging and Chuangying Jianke, the "Extended Investors") have also mutually agreed with the Company to extend their respective Redemption Right from the end of 2024 to June 30, 2026 as of the date of this annual report.

The Company will make further disclosure regarding exercise of Redemption Right by the Extended Investors as and when appropriate pursuant to the relevant requirements of the Listing Rules.

On February 7, 2025, the Company entered into a Subscription Agreement with the Subscriber, an independent third party to the Company and its connected persons, pursuant to which the Subscriber has conditionally agreed to subscribe for, and the Company has conditionally agreed to issue and allot, 250,000,000 Subscription Shares at the subscription price of HK\$1.30 each for HK\$325,000,000. The Subscription Shares would be issued and allotted under the general mandate granted as at the annual general meeting of the Company held on 5 June 2024 to the Subscriber in two tranches. The Subscription completion is subject to the conditions set out in the paragraph headed "Conditions precedent to the Subscription Completion" in the Subscription Announcement. The 250,000,000 Subscription Shares represent (i) approximately 17.93% of the existing issued share capital of the Company as at the date of the Subscription Announcement; and (ii) approximately 15.20% of the issued share capital of the Company as enlarged by the issue and allotment of the Subscription Shares (assuming no other changes made to the issued share capital of the Company between the date of the Subscription Announcement and the Subscription completion).

董事會報告(續)

Report of the Directors (Continued)

認購協議所載首批完成及第二批完成(定義均 見認購事項公告)的所有該等條件其後均已達 成(包括聯交所已批准認購股份上市及買賣), 而首批完成已於2025年2月20日落實。因此, 根據一般授權已發行125,000,000股本公司新股 份,而本公司已發行股份總數於2025年2月20 日由1,394,262,732股股份增至1,519,262,732股 股份。於2025年3月3日,第二批完成落實,本 公司已發行股份總數因此由1.519.262.732股增 至1,644,262,732股。

有關建議認購本公司新股份之更多詳情,請參 閱認購事項公告及本公司日期為2025年2月20 日及2025年3月3日之公告。

除本年報所披露者外,於截至2024年12月31日 止年度年結日後百至本年報日期,並無發生任 何其他可能對本集團構成影響的重大事項。

有關違規事項的更新

於2024年12月31日,我們與中國業主訂立的7 份租賃協議並未向有關政府機關登記。根據中 國有關法律及法規,該等未登記事宜不會影響 租賃協議的有效性,但有關政府機關可要求租 賃訂約方於指定期間內登記有關租賃,若未能 於指定期間內加以糾正,租賃訂約方可遭罰款 人民幣1,000元至人民幣10,000元。我們預計因 該等租賃協議未登記而可能遭致的罰款總額最 高為人民幣70,000元。於上市日期至2024年12 月31日期間,我們並無遭任何機關責令於指定 期間內登記有關租賃協議或就未登記的租賃協 議被該等機關處以罰款。此外,因未登記有關 租賃而可能遭施加的罰款並不重大。我們的中 國法律顧問認為,上述事件對本集團整體而言 不屬重大,而所提及的所有中國政府機關均指 上述事宜的主管機關。

All conditions to Tranche One Completion and Tranche Two Completion (both defined in the Subscription Announcement), as set out in the Subscription Agreement, have subsequently been satisfied (including the grant of the approval for the listing of, and permission to deal in, the Subscription Shares by the Stock Exchange) and Tranche One Completion took place on February 20, 2025. As a result, 125,000,000 new shares of the Company have been issued under the general mandate and the number of total issued shares of the Company has increased from 1,394,262,732 shares to 1,519,262,732 shares on February 20, 2025. On March 3, 2025, Tranche Two Completion took place and as a result, the number of total issued shares of the Company has increased from 1,519,262,732 shares to 1.644.262.732 shares.

Please refer to the Subscription Announcement and the announcements of the Company dated February 20, 2025 and March 3, 2025, for more details of the subscription of new shares of the Company.

Save as disclosed in this annual report, there were no other significant events that might affect the Group since the end of the year ended December 31, 2024 up to the date of this annual report.

UPDATES ON NON-COMPLIANCE MATTERS

As at December 31, 2024, 7 of our lease agreements with PRC landlords had not been registered with the relevant government authorities. Under relevant PRC laws and regulations, the nonregistration would not affect the validity of these lease agreements, but the relevant governmental authority may ask the parties to a lease to register the lease within a given period, and a fine ranging between RMB1,000 to RMB10,000 may be imposed on the parties to a lease for failing to rectify within the given period. We estimate that the aggregate maximum amount of penalties for not registering such lease agreements would be RMB70,000. During the period between the Listing Date and December 31, 2024, we had not been ordered by any authorities to register the lease agreements within a given period or fined by such authorities with respect to these nonregistered lease agreements. In addition, the fine which may potentially be imposed as a result of the failure to register the relevant leases would be immaterial. Our PRC Legal Advisor is of the view that the above incident is not material to our Group as a whole, and all the PRC governmental authorities referred to are the competent authorities for the matters mentioned.

董事會報告(續) **Report of the Directors (Continued)**

鑑於因我們未就租賃物業之租賃協議進行登記 而可能招致之最高罰金並不重大,董事認為此 違規事件將不會對我們的營運或財務狀況構成 重大影響。

Our Directors are of the view that this non-compliance incident will not have a material operational or financial impact on us, given that the potential maximum fine for failure to register lease agreements for properties we leased would be immaterial.

本公司承諾其將及時糾正所有違規事項,並將 於本公司其後的中期及年度報告中更新糾正違 規事件之進展。

The Company undertakes that it will rectify all non-compliances in a timely manner and will update the progress of the rectification of the non-compliance incidents in the Company's subsequent interim and annual reports.

代表董事會

On behalf of the Board

董事會主席 康敬偉

香港,2025年3月31日

Kang Jingwei, Jeffrey Chairman of the Board

Hong Kong, March 31, 2025

企業管治報告

Corporate Governance Report

董事會欣然向股東呈報本公司截至2024年12 月31日止年度的企業管治。

The Board of Directors is pleased to report to the Shareholders on the corporate governance of the Company for the year ended December 31, 2024.

企業管治文化

本公司為一家投資控股公司,本集團的主要業 務為在中國提供服務全球IC產業和AloT生態的 iPaaS (Integration Platform as a Service整合平台 即服務)技術服務平台。本集團的核心業務為(1) 科通技術,服務芯片產業的技術服務平台,及 (ii)硬蛋科技,提供AloT技術和服務的平台。本 公司知悉持份者在本集團層面及本公司兩個獨 立管理的核心業務層面的重要性。

企業管治為董事會指導本集團管理層開展業務 以確保實現其目標的過程。本公司致力維持及 促進嚴格的企業管治,並致力確保實現其長期 目標:

- 誠信 我們致力維持高道德標準
- 客戶滿意度 我們的目標是提供客戶滿 意的高質量產品及服務
- 行業發展 我們參與制定國家技術標 準,並致力促進創新產業發展
- 問責性 我們及時監控及管理整體業務 風險

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE CULTURE

The Company is an investment holding company and the principal activities of the Group is the provision of an (Integration platform as a Service) iPaaS technology services platform serving the global IC industry and AloT ecosystem in China. The Group's core businesses are (i) Comtech, a technology services platform for the chip industry, and (ii) Ingdan, a platform providing AloT technology and services. The Company recognizes the importance of stakeholders at the Group level and at the Company's two independently managed core businesses level.

Corporate governance is the process by which the Board instructs management of the Group to conduct affairs with a view to ensuring that its objectives are met. The Company is committed to maintaining and promoting stringent corporate governance and endeavour to ensure achievement of its long-term objectives:

- Integrity we strive to maintain high standards of ethics
- Customer satisfaction we aim to deliver high-quality products and services to the satisfaction of customers
- Industry development we participate in the formulation of national technology standards and endeavour to foster the development of the innovative industry
- Accountability our overall business risk is monitored and managed promptly

Corporate Governance Report (Continued)

- 可持續發展 我們致力於通過可持續增 長及持續發展為持份者創造價值
- 關心 我們關心我們的持份者 僱員、 客戶、供應鏈以及行業及社區

董事會將繼續檢討本集團的業務策略並監察不 斷變化的市場狀況,以確保採取及時和積極的 措施應對此等變化,以促進本集團的可持續 發展。

- we are committed to create values to Sustainability stakeholders through sustainable growth and continuous development
- Care we care about our stakeholders employees, customers, supply chain and the industry and community

The Board will continuously review the Group's business strategies and monitor the changing market conditions to ensure prompt and proactive measures will be taken to respond to such changes to foster the sustainability of the Group.

企業管治常規

董事會致力達至良好的企業管治標準。

董事會相信,良好的企業管治標準為本公司提 供重要框架,以保障股東利益、提升企業價值 及問責性、制定其業務策略及政策,以及提升 其透明度及問責性。

本公司的企業管治常規乃以上市規則附錄C1 所載企業管治守則載列之原則及守則條文作為 基礎。

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES

The Board of Directors is committed to achieving good corporate governance standards.

The Board believes that good corporate governance standards are essential in providing a framework for the Company to safeguard the interests of Shareholders, enhance corporate value and accountability, formulate its business strategies and policies, and enhance its transparency and accountability.

The Company's corporate governance practices are based on the principles and code provisions as set out in the CG Code contained in Appendix C1 of the Listing Rules.

Corporate Governance Report (Continued)

董事會認為,於截至2024年12月31日止整個年 度,本公司已遵守於報告期間內生效的企業管 治守則所載的所有守則條文,惟偏離企業管治 守則第二部份守則條文第C.2.1條及第D.1.2條 除外,解釋如下:

偏離守則條文第C.2.1條:

企業管治守則第二部份守則條文第C.2.1條規 定,主席與行政總裁的角色應有區分,並不應 由一人同時兼任。本公司之主席與首席執行官 並無區分,現時由康先牛兼任該兩個角色。董 事會相信,由同一人兼任主席及首席執行官的 角色,可確保本集團內部領導貫徹一致,使本 集團的整體策略規劃更有效及更具效率。董事 會認為,現行安排將不會使權力和授權平衡受 損,此架構可讓本公司迅速及有效地作出及落 實決策。董事會將繼續進行檢討,並會因應本 集團的整體情況,於適當時候考慮將董事會主 席與本公司首席執行官的角色分開。

偏離守則條文第D.1.2條:

根據企業管治守則第二部份的守則條文第 D.1.2條,管理層應每月向全體董事會成員提供 更新資料,載列有關發行人的表現、狀況及前 景的公正及易於理解的評估,內容足以讓董事 會整體及各董事履行其職責。於報告期間內, 儘管本公司管理層並無定期每月向董事會成員 提供更新資料,但管理層已於每季及於適當時 候向董事會提供本集團最新的業務資料,讓全 體董事及時掌握本集團的表現、狀況及前景, 及使彼等能履行其職責。

The Board is of the view that throughout the year ended December 31, 2024, the Company has complied with all the code provisions as set out in the CG Code in force during the Reporting Period, save and except for the deviations from code provisions C.2.1 and D.1.2 of part 2 of the CG Code as explained below:

Deviation From Code Provision C.2.1:

Code provision C.2.1 of part 2 of the CG Code stipulates that the roles of chairman and chief executive should be separate and should not be performed by the same individual. The Company does not have a separate chairman and chief executive officer and Mr. Kang currently performs these two roles. The Board believes that vesting the roles of both chairman and chief executive officer in the same person has the benefit of ensuring consistent leadership within the Group and enables more effective and efficient overall strategic planning for the Group. The Board considers that the balance of power and authority for the present arrangement will not be impaired and this structure will enable the Company to make and implement decisions promptly and effectively. The Board will continue to review and consider splitting the roles of chairman of the Board and the chief executive officer of the Company at a time when it is appropriate by taking into account circumstances of the Group as a whole.

Deviation From Code Provision D.1.2:

Pursuant to code provision D.1.2 of part 2 of the CG Code, management should provide all members of the board with monthly updates, giving a balanced and understandable assessment of the issuer's performance, position, and prospects in sufficient details to enable the board as a whole and each director to discharge their duties. During the Reporting Period, although the management of the Company did not provide a regular monthly update to the members of the Board, the management has provided update to the Board on quarterly basis and when appropriate, the updated business information of the Group to keep all Directors abreast of the performance, position and prospects of the Group and to enable them to discharge their duties.

Corporate Governance Report (Continued)

證券交易的標準守則

本公司已採納上市規則附錄C3所載的《上市發 行人董事進行證券交易的標準守則》(「標準守 則」),作為其就董事進行本公司證券交易的行 為守則。經向全體董事作出特定查詢後,全體 董事已確認,彼等於截至2024年12月31日止年 度已遵守標準守則。

董事會亦已採納標準守則,以規管企業管治守 則第二部份的守則條文第C.1.3條所述,可能管 有關於本公司未公佈內幕消息的有關僱員進行 的所有本公司證券交易。本公司於截至2024年 12月31日止年度並未發現本公司的有關僱員 未有遵守標準守則的情況。

董事會

本公司以行之有效的董事會為首,董事會承擔 其領導及控制責任,並通過指導及監督本公司 事務共同負責促進公司的成功。董事以本公司 最佳利益為依歸,並以客觀的態度作出決策。

董事會應具備適合本公司業務要求的技能、經 驗及多元化觀點的平衡,並定期檢討董事向本 公司履行職責所需付出的貢獻,以及檢討董事 有否付出足夠時間履行與其角色及董事會職責 相稱的職責。董事會包括平衡的執行董事及獨 立非執行董事組成,使董事會具有很強的獨立 性,能夠有效地作出獨立判斷。

MODEL CODE FOR SECURITIES **TRANSACTIONS**

The Company has adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") as set out in Appendix C3 to the Listing Rules as its code of conduct for dealings in the securities of the Company by the Directors. Having made specific enquiry of all the Directors, all the Directors confirmed that they have complied with the Model Code for the year ended December 31, 2024.

The Board has also adopted the Model Code to regulate all dealings by relevant employees who are likely to be in possession of unpublished inside information of the Company in respect of securities in the Company as referred to in code provision C.1.3 of part 2 of the CG Code. No incident of non-compliance with the Model Code by the Company's relevant employees was noted by the Company for the year ended December 31, 2024.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

The Company is headed by an effective Board which assumes responsibility for its leadership and control and be collectively responsible for promoting the Company's success by directing and supervising the Company's affairs. Directors take decisions objectively in the best interests of the Company.

The Board has a balance of skills, experience and diversity of perspectives appropriate to the requirements of the Company's business and regularly reviews the contribution required from a Director to perform his responsibilities to the Company and whether the Director is spending sufficient time performing them that are commensurate with their role and the Board responsibilities. The Board includes a balanced composition of executive Directors and independent non-executive Directors so that there is a strong independent element on the Board, which can effectively exercise independent judgement.

Corporate Governance Report (Continued)

董事會組成

Board Composition

於截至2024年12月31日止年度及直至本年報 日期為止,董事會包括以下董事:

During the year ended December 31, 2024 and up to the date of this annual report, the Board comprises the following Directors:

董事姓名	董事委員會成員
里争灶石	里

Name of Director Membership of Board Committee(s)

執行董事

Executive Directors

康敬偉先生

(首席執行官兼董事會主席)

Mr. Kang Jingwei, Jeffrey

(Chief Executive Officer and Chairman of the Board)

胡麟祥先生

(首席財務官兼公司秘書)

Mr. Wu Lun Cheung Allen

(Chief Financial Officer and Company Secretary)

郭莉華女士

Ms. Guo Lihua

獨立非執行董事

Independent non-executive Directors

葉忻先生 提名委員會主席 薪酬委員會成員

審核委員會成員

Mr. Ye Xin Chairman of the Nomination Committee

Member of the Remuneration Committee

Member of the Audit Committee

馬啟元博士 薪酬委員會主席

提名委員會成員 審核委員會成員

Dr. Ma Qiyuan Chairman of the Remuneration Committee

> Member of the Nomination Committee Member of the Audit Committee

郝純一先生

審核委員會主席 提名委員會成員 薪酬委員會成員

Mr. Hao Chunyi, Charlie Chairman of the Audit Committee

> Member of the Nomination Committee Member of the Remuneration Committee

Corporate Governance Report (Continued)

董事之履歷資料載於本年報第30至35頁的「董 事及高級管理層|一節。

The biographical information of the Directors is set out in the section headed "Directors and Senior Management" on pages 30 to 35 of this annual report.

董事會成員之間並無財務、業務、家屬或其他 重大/相關關係。

There is no financial, business, family or other material/relevant relationship(s) between the Board members.

獨立非執行董事

於截至2024年12月31日止年度內,董事會一直 符合上市規則有關委任至少三名獨立非執行董 事(佔董事會三分之一以上,並且至少其中一 人具備適當的專業資格或會計或相關財務管理 專長)的規定。

目前,各獨立非執行董事的委任均具有指定任 期,由其委任書日期起計三年,並須根據上市 規則及組織章程細則輪流退任。

本公司已收到獨立非執行董事各自根據上市規 則第3.13條所載獨立指引就其獨立性呈交之書 面年度確認書。本公司認為所有獨立非執行董 事均為獨立人士。

董事會獨立性評估

本公司已建立董事會獨立性評估機制,制定相 關流程及程序,確保董事會有強大的獨立元 素,容許董事會有效作出獨立判斷,更妥善地 保障股東利益。

進行評估的目標為提高董事會效率、盡量發揮 優勢並確定需要改進或進一步發展的領域。評 估過程亦已闡明本公司需要採取哪些行動以維 持及提高董事會表現,例如處理各董事的個人 培訓及發展需要。

根據董事會獨立性評估機制,董事會每年將對 其獨立性進行審核。董事會獨立性評估報告將 提交予董事會,董事會將在適當情況共同討論 結果及改進行動計劃。

Independent non-executive Directors

During the year ended December 31, 2024, the Board at all times met the requirements of the Listing Rules relating to the appointment of at least three independent non-executive Directors representing more than one-third of the Board with one of whom possessing appropriate professional qualifications or accounting or related financial management expertise.

Currently, each independent non-executive Director was appointed for a specific term of three years commencing on the date of his appointment letter subject to retirement by rotation in accordance with the Listing Rules and the Articles of Association.

The Company has received written annual confirmation from each of the independent non-executive Director in respect of his independence in accordance with the independence guidelines set out in Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. The Company considers all independent non-executive Directors are independent.

Board Independence Evaluation

The Company has established a Board Independence Evaluation Mechanism which sets out the processes and procedures to ensure a strong independent element on the Board, which allows the Board effectively exercises independent judgment to better safeguard Shareholders' interests.

The objectives of the evaluation are to improve Board effectiveness, maximise strengths, and identify the areas that need improvement or further development. The evaluation process also clarifies what actions of the Company need to be taken to maintain and improve the Board performance, for instance, addressing individual training and development needs of each Director.

Pursuant to the Board Independence Evaluation Mechanism, the Board will conduct annual review on its independence. The Board Independence Evaluation Report will be presented to the Board which will collectively discuss the results and the action plan for improvement, if appropriate.

Corporate Governance Report (Continued)

委任及重選董事

企業管治守則第二部分的守則條文第B.2.2條 規定,所有董事(包括有指定任期的董事)須輪 流退任,至少每三年一次。

根據組織章程細則規定,佔當時三分之一的董事(或倘人數並非三的倍數,則按最接近但年少於三分之一的人數計)須於每屆股東週年大會輪席告退,惟每名董事須至少每三年於據一次。所有董事均須根據一次。所有董事均須根據任以東週年大會輪席告退一次。所有董事均須根據任功,所規定接受與對重要任以填補董事會委任以增加現有董事人數的董事任的或其有董事會委任以增加現有董事人數的董事任的或其方會為止,屆時其將合資格重選連任。

董事會及管理層職責、問責及貢獻

董事會負責領導及監控本公司,集體負責統管並監督本公司的事務以推進本公司取得成功。董事會藉著制訂策略及監督策略的施行情況,直接及透過其轄下委員會間接帶領並指導管理層、監察本集團的營運及財務表現,以及確保設有健全的內部監控及風險管理系統。董事會決策客觀,以本公司的利益為依歸。

全體董事(包括獨立非執行董事)均為董事會帶來廣泛之寶貴業務經驗、知識及專長,使其高效及有效地運作。獨立非執行董事負責確保本公司具有高標準的規管報告,並對董事會發揮制衡作用,使董事會在企業行動及營運方面能夠作出有效的獨立判斷。

全體董事均可全面並及時獲得所有資料(包括有關本集團表現、財務狀況及前景的定期更新資料),以及公司秘書及高級管理層提供的服務及意見。董事可於要求時在適當情況下尋求獨立專業意見,以向本公司履行其職責,有關費用由本公司承擔。

Appointment and re-election of Directors

Code provision B.2.2 of part 2 of the CG Code states that all Directors, including those appointed for a specific term, shall be subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years.

According to the requirements under the Articles of Association, at each annual general meeting, one-third of the Directors for the time being (or, if their number is not a multiple of three, the number nearest to but not less than one-third) shall retire from office by rotation provided that every Director shall be subject to retirement at an annual general meeting at least once every three years. All Directors are subject to re-election in accordance with the provisions of the Listing Rules and the Articles of Association. Any Director appointed by the Board to fill a casual vacancy on the Board or as an addition to the existing Board shall hold office until the next following annual general meeting of the Company and shall then be eligible for re-election.

Responsibilities, accountabilities and contributions of the board and management

The Board is responsible for leadership and control of the Company and is collectively responsible for promoting the success of the Company by directing and supervising its affairs. The Board directly and indirectly through its committees, leads and provides direction to management by laying down strategies and overseeing their implementation, monitors the Group's operational and financial performance, and ensures that sound internal control and risk management systems are in place. The Board of Directors takes decisions objectively in the interests of the Company.

All Directors, including independent non-executive Directors, have brought a wide spectrum of valuable business experience, knowledge and professionalism to the Board for its efficient and effective functioning. The independent non-executive Directors are responsible for ensuring a high standard of regulatory reporting of the Company and providing a balance in the Board for bringing effective independent judgement on corporate actions and operations.

All Directors have full and timely access to all the information, including regularly updates on the Group's performance, financial position and prospects, as well as the services and advice from the Company Secretary and senior management. The Directors may, upon request, seek independent professional advice in appropriate circumstances, at the Company's expenses for discharging their duties to the Company.

Corporate Governance Report (Continued)

董事須向本公司披露彼等所擔任的其他職位之 詳情,而董事會定期檢討各董事向本公司履行 職責所需作出的貢獻。

The Directors shall disclose to the Company details of other offices held by them and the Board regularly reviews the contribution required from each Director to perform his responsibilities to the Company.

董事會負責決定所有涉及政策事宜、策略及預 算、內部監控及風險管理、重大交易(特別是可 能涉及利益衝突者)、財務資料、委任董事及本 公司其他重大營運事務的重要事宜。有關執行 董事會決策、指導及協調本公司日常營運及管 理之職責轉授予管理層。

The Board reserves for its decision on all major matters relating to policy matters, strategies and budgets, internal control and risk management, material transactions (in particular those that may involve conflict of interests), financial information, appointment of Directors and other significant operational matters of the Company. Responsibilities relating to implementing decisions of the Board, directing and coordinating the daily operation and management of the Company are delegated to the management.

本公司已就由於企業活動而引致針對董事及高 級管理層的任何法律行動,為董事及高級人員 的責任作出適當的投保安排。

The Company has arranged appropriate insurance coverage on Directors' and officers' liabilities in respect of any legal actions taken against Directors and senior management arising out of corporate activities.

董事持續專業發展

Continuous professional development of Directors

董事須了解監管發展及變動,從而有效地履行 其職責,以及確保其繼續在具備全面資訊及切 合所需的情況下對董事會作出貢獻。

Directors shall keep abreast of regulatory developments and changes in order to effectively perform their responsibilities and to ensure that their contribution to the Board remains informed and relevant.

每一位新獲委任的董事均已於其首次獲委任時 接受正式、全面及為其而設的入職介紹,以確 保彼等適當了解本公司的業務及營運,以及完 全知悉上市規則及相關法例規定下的董事責任 及義務。有關入職培訓還包括考察本公司之主 要廠區及與本公司之高級管理層會面。

Every newly appointed Director has received formal, comprehensive and tailored induction on the first occasion of his/her appointment to ensure appropriate understanding of the business and operations of the Company and full awareness of Director's responsibilities and obligations under the Listing Rules and relevant statutory requirements. Such induction shall be supplemented by visits to the Company's key plant sites and meetings with senior management of the Company.

董事應參與適當的持續專業發展,務求發展及 更新彼等的知識及技能,確保彼等繼續在具備 全面資訊及切合所需情況下對董事會作出貢 獻。在適當情況下,本公司會向董事提供有關 相關主題的在線培訓課程及閱讀材料。本公司 鼓勵所有董事參加相關培訓課程,費用由本公 司承擔。

Directors should participate in appropriate continuous professional development to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills to ensure that their contribution to the Board remains informed and relevant. Online training courses and reading material on relevant topics would be provided to Directors where appropriate. All Directors are encouraged to attend relevant training courses at the Company's expenses.

Corporate Governance Report (Continued)

截至2024年12月31日止年度,董事已出席由合 資格專業人士/法律顧問舉辦的研討會及培訓 課程。培訓課程涵蓋一系列相關主題,包括董 事職務及職責、企業管治及最新監管資料。此 外,本公司已向董事提供相關閱讀材料,包括 合規手冊/法律及最新監管資料/研討會講 義,以供彼等參考及學習。

於截至2024年12月31日止年度及直至本年報 日期為止,董事培訓記錄載列如下:

During the year ended December 31, 2024, the Directors have attended seminars and training sessions conducted by qualified professionals/legal advisers. The training sessions covered a wide range of relevant topics including Directors' duties and responsibilities, corporate governance and regulatory updates. In addition, relevant reading materials including compliance manual/legal and regulatory updates/seminar handouts have been provided to the Directors for their reference and studying.

The training records of the Directors for the year ended December 31, 2024 and up to date of this annual report are summarized as follows:

董事姓	· 名 Na	me of Dire	ctors		培訓類型 ⁽¹⁾ Type of Training ⁽¹⁾
執行董	事 Exe	Executive Directors			
康敬偉	t 先生 Mr.	Mr. Kang Jingwei, Jeffrey			A & B
胡麟祥	先生 Mr.	Mr. Wu Lun Cheung Allen			A & B
郭莉華		Ms. Guo Lihua			A & B
獨立非	執行董事 Ind	Independent non-executive Directors			
葉忻先		Ye Xin			A & B
馬啟元		Ma Qiyuan			A & B
郝純一先生		Mr. Hao Chunyi, Charlie		arlie	A & B
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附註:		Note	٠.		
NII bIT .		NOLE			
(1) 培訓	類型	(1)	Туре	es of Training	
A:	出席培訓課程,包括但不限於簡報會、 會、會議及工作坊	研討	A:	Attending training sessions, including but not limited to be conferences and workshops	riefings, seminars,
B:	閱讀相關新聞提示、報紙、期刊、雜誌及 刊物	相關	B:	Reading relevant news alerts, newspapers, journals, relevant publications	magazines and

Corporate Governance Report (Continued)

董事委員會

董事會已設立三個委員會,即審核委員會、薪 酬委員會及提名委員會,以監察本公司事務之 特定範疇,並已向此等委員會轉授其權力,協 助其執行職能。本公司所有董事委員會的成立 均訂有書面界定的職權範圍,有關職權範圍在 本公司網站及聯交所網站上刊載,並可應要求 向股東提供。所有委員會均應就彼等所作出的 決定或建議向董事會報告。董事委員會獲供給 充足資源以履行其職責,且可提出要求,在適 當情況下尋求獨立的專業意見。

審核委員會

於2024年12月31日,審核委員會由三名獨立非 執行董事葉忻先生、馬啟元博士及郝純一先生 組成(其中郝純一先生擁有適當專業資格或會 計或相關財務管理專業知識)。郝純一先生為 審核委員會主席。

本公司於2022年12月16日採納經修訂的審核 委員會職權範圍。審核委員會的職權範圍不比 企業管治守則所載條款寬鬆。審核委員會之主 要職務為協助董事會檢討財務資料及申報程 序、內部監控程序及風險管理系統、內部審核 功能的有效性、審核計劃及與外聘核數師之關 係,以及讓本公司僱員可暗中就本公司財務申 報、內部監控或其他方面可能發生之不正當行 為提出關注的安排。

BOARD COMMITTEES

The Board has established three committees, namely, the Audit Committee, the Remuneration Committee and the Nomination Committee, for overseeing particular aspects of the Company's affairs and delegated its authority to these committees to assist it in the implementation of its functions. All Board committees of the Company are established with defined written terms of reference, which are published on the Company's website and the Stock Exchange's website and are available to Shareholders upon request. All committees should report to the Board on their decisions or recommendations made. The Board committees are provided with sufficient resources to discharge their duties and are able to seek independent professional advice in appropriate circumstances upon request.

Audit Committee

As at December 31, 2024, the Audit Committee consists of three independent non-executive Directors, namely Mr. Ye Xin, Dr. Ma Qiyuan, and Mr. Hao Chunyi, Charlie (with Mr. Hao Chunyi, Charlie possessing the appropriate professional qualifications or accounting or related financial management expertise). Mr. Hao Chunyi, Charlie is the chairman of the Audit Committee.

The Company adopted revised terms of reference of the Audit Committee on December 16, 2022. The terms of reference of the Audit Committee are of no less exacting terms than those set out in the CG Code. The main duties of the Audit Committee are to assist the Board in reviewing the financial information and reporting process, internal control procedures and risk management system, effectiveness of the internal audit function, audit plan and relationship with external auditor, and arrangements to enable employees of the Company to raise, in confidence, concerns about possible improprieties in financial reporting, internal control or other matters of the Company.

Corporate Governance Report (Continued)

於截至2024年12月31日止年度,審核委員會舉 行3次會議,以審閱、討論及考慮中期及年度 財務業績及報告、本集團採納的會計原則及實 務、財務申報及合規程序的重大事宜、營運及 合規監控、風險管理及內部監控系統以及內部 審核功能的有效性、外聘核數師之資格及獨立 性、履行非核數服務及有關範圍的工作、關連 交易、2024年全年的審核計劃、財務監控及舉 報政策。

截至2024年12月31日止年度,審核委員會亦於 執行董事不在場的情況下與外聘核數師舉行3 次會議。

薪酬委員會

於2024年12月31日,薪酬委員會由三名獨立非 執行董事葉忻先生、馬啟元博士及郝純一先生 組成。馬啟元博士為薪酬委員會主席。

本公司於2022年12月16日採納經修訂的薪酬 委員會職權範圍。薪酬委員會的職權範圍不比 企業管治守則所載條款寬鬆。薪酬委員會之主 要職責包括檢討個別執行董事及高級管理層之 薪酬待遇、全體董事及高級管理層之薪酬政策 及架構,並就此向董事會提出建議,以及建立 正式且透明的程序以完善有關薪酬政策及架 構,並確保概無董事或其任何聯繫人可參與訂 定其本身的薪酬以及審閱及/或批准上市規則 第17章項下有關購股權計劃的相關事宜。

於截至2024年12月31日止年度,薪酬委員會舉 行1次會議,以檢討全體董事及本公司高級管 理層的政策、架構及薪酬待遇,並向董事會作 出推薦建議,以及檢討上市規則第十七章項下 有關本公司股份計劃的重大事宜,包括檢討本 公司2023年受限制股份單位計劃的若干條款。

During the year ended December 31, 2024, the Audit Committee held 3 meetings to review, discuss and consider the interim and annual financial results and reports, accounting principles and practice adopted by the Group, significant issues on the financial reporting and compliance procedures, operational and compliance controls, the effectiveness of the risk management and internal control systems and internal audit function, external auditor's qualification and independence, engagement of non-audit services and relevant scope of works and connected transactions, 2024 full year audit plan, financial control and whistleblowing policy.

The Audit Committee also met the external auditors 3 times without the presence of the executive Directors for the year ended December 31, 2024.

Remuneration Committee

As at December 31, 2024, the Remuneration Committee consists of three independent non-executive Directors, namely Mr. Ye Xin, Dr. Ma Qiyuan, and Mr. Hao Chunyi, Charlie. Dr. Ma Qiyuan is the chairman of the Remuneration Committee.

The Company adopted revised terms of reference of the Remuneration Committee on December 16, 2022. The terms of reference of the Remuneration Committee are of no less exacting terms than those set out in the CG Code. The primary functions of the Remuneration Committee include reviewing and making recommendations to the Board on the remuneration packages of individual executive Directors and senior management, the remuneration policy and structure for all Directors and senior management, the establishment of formal and transparent procedures for developing such remuneration policy and structure, ensuring that no Director or any of his/her associates will participate in deciding his/ her own remuneration, and reviewing and/or approve matters relating to share schemes under Chapter 17 of the Listing Rules.

During the year ended December 31, 2024, the Remuneration Committee held 1 meeting to review and make recommendations to the Board on the policy, structure and packages for the remuneration of all Directors and senior management of the Company, and review material matters relating to the Company's Share Schemes under Chapter 17 of the Listing Rules, including reviewing certain terms of the Company's 2023 RSU Scheme.

Corporate Governance Report (Continued)

高級管理層之履歷資料載於本年報[董事及高 級管理層」一節,截至2024年12月31日止年 度,高級管理層(執行董事除外)的薪酬屬於以 下範圍:

The remuneration of the senior management (excluding executive Directors), whose biographical details are included in section headed "Directors and Senior Management" of this annual report, for the year ended December 31, 2024 falls within the following bands:

年度薪酬	Remuneration per year	人數 Number of Individuals
2,000,001港元至3,000,000港元 (約相當於人民幣1,825,501元至 人民幣2,738,250元) 1,000,001港元至2,000,000港元 (約相當於人民幣912,751元至 人民幣1,825,501元)	HK\$2,000,001 to HK\$3,000,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB1,825,501 to RMB2,738,250) HK\$1,000,001 to HK\$2,000,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB912,751 to RMB1,825,501)	1
總計	Total	2

本公司的薪酬政策旨在確保向僱員(包括董事 及高級管理層)提供的薪酬乃基於技能、知 識、責任及對本公司事務的參與程度而釐定。 執行董事的薪酬待遇亦參考本公司的表現及盈 利能力、現行市況以及各執行董事的表現或貢 獻而釐定。執行董事的薪酬包括基本薪金、退 休金及表現/酌情花紅。待薪酬委員會批准 後,執行董事有權獲得根據本公司股份獎勵計 劃授出的獎勵。獨立非執行董事的薪酬政策旨 在確保獨立非執行董事就其投入本公司事務 (包括參與董事委員會)所付出的努力及時間而 獲得充足報酬。獨立非執行董事的薪酬主要包 括董事袍金,而董事袍金乃由董事會參考其職 務及職責後釐定。獨立非執行董事不得收取根 據本公司股份獎勵計劃授出的獎勵。個別董事 及高級管理人員並無參與決定其自身薪酬。

The Company's remuneration policy is to ensure that the remuneration offered to employees, including Directors and senior management, is based on skill, knowledge, responsibilities and involvement in the Company's affairs. The remuneration packages of executive Directors are also determined with reference to the Company's performance and profitability, the prevailing market conditions and the performance or contribution of each executive Director. The remuneration for the executive Directors comprises basic salary, pensions and performance/discretionary bonus. Subject to the approval of the Remuneration Committee, Executive Directors are entitled to receive awards granted under the Company's share award scheme. The remuneration policy for independent nonexecutive Directors is to ensure that independent non-executive Directors are adequately compensated for their efforts and time dedicated to the Company's affairs, including their participation in Board committees. The remuneration for the independent nonexecutive Directors mainly comprises Director's fee which is determined with reference to their duties and responsibilities by the Board. Independent non-executive Directors shall not receive awards to be granted under the Company's share award scheme. Individual Directors and senior management have not been involved in deciding their own remuneration.

Corporate Governance Report (Continued)

提名委員會

於截至2024年12月31日止年度,提名委員會由 三名獨立非執行董事葉忻先生、馬啟元博士及 郝純一先生組成。葉忻先生為提名委員會 主席。

本公司於2022年12月16日採納經修訂的提名 委員會職權範圍。提名委員會的職權範圍不比 企業管治守則所載條款寬鬆。提名委員會之主 要職責包括檢討董事會之架構、人數及組成、 就提名及委任董事制定相關程序、就董事委任 及繼任計劃向董事會提出建議、檢討董事會成 員多元化政策及董事提名政策,以及評估獨立 非執行董事之獨立性。

於評估董事會組成時,提名委員會會考慮董事 會成員多元化政策所載各項範疇,包括但不限 於性別、年齡、文化及教育背景、專業資格、 技能、知識以及行業及地區經驗,有關該政策 的進一步詳情載於下文[董事會成員多元化政 策]一節。提名委員會於有需要時會討論及協 定實現董事會成員多元化之可計量目標,並就 此向董事會提出建議以供採納。

於物色及篩選合適的董事候選人時,提名委員 會會在適當地考慮候選人的品格、資格、經 驗、獨立性及對配合公司策略及實現董事會成 員多元化屬必要之其他相關條件後,方向董事 會提出建議。

Nomination Committee

As at December 31, 2024, the Nomination Committee consists of three independent non-executive Directors, namely Mr. Ye Xin, Dr. Ma Qiyuan, and Mr. Hao Chunyi, Charlie. Mr. Ye Xin is the chairman of the Nomination Committee.

The Company adopted revised terms of reference of the Nomination Committee on December 16, 2022. The terms of reference of the Nomination Committee are of no less exacting terms than those set out in the CG Code. The principal duties of the Nomination Committee include reviewing the structure, size and composition of the Board, developing and formulating relevant procedures for the nomination and appointment of Directors, making recommendations to the Board on the appointment and succession planning of Directors, reviewing the Board Diversity Policy and the Director Nomination Policy and assessing the independence of Independent Non-executive Directors.

In assessing the Board composition, the Nomination Committee would take into account various aspects set out in the Board Diversity Policy, further details of which are set out in the section headed "Board Diversity Policy" below, including but not limited to gender, age, cultural and educational background, professional qualifications, skills, knowledge and industry and regional experience. The Nomination Committee would discuss and agree on measurable objectives for achieving diversity on the Board, where necessary, and recommend them to the Board for adoption.

In identifying and selecting suitable candidates for directorships, the Nomination Committee would consider the candidate's character, qualifications, experience, independence and other relevant criteria necessary to complement the corporate strategy and achieve Board diversity, where appropriate, before making recommendation to the Board.

Corporate Governance Report (Continued)

於截至2024年12月31日止年度,提名委員會舉 行2次會議,以檢討董事會的架構、人數及組 成,及檢討董事會成員多元化政策。提名委員 會認為,董事會在多元化方面維持適當平衡。

During the year ended December 31, 2024, the Nomination Committee held 2 meetings to review the structure, size and composition of the Board and to review the Board Diversity Policy. The Nomination Committee considered an appropriate balance of diversity perspectives of the Board is maintained.

董事會成員多元化政策

本公司於2014年6月27日採納一項董事會成員 多元化政策(「董事會成員多元化政策」),並於 2018年12月14日及2022年12月16日作出修正 及採納。董事會成員多元化政策旨在列載董事 會達至成員多元化及獲得持續均衡發展的方 針。本公司明白並深信董事會成員多元化裨益 良多,並視提升董事會層面的多元化為維持本 公司競爭優勢的關鍵元素。於報告期間,董事 會已檢討董事會多元化政策的執行情況及成 效,認為董事於各方面及領域的經驗及能力令 本公司可維持高水準的營運。

根據董事會成員多元化政策,提名委員會定期 檢討董事會的架構、人數及組成,並於適當時 就配合本公司的公司策略而擬對董事會作出的 變動提出建議,以及確保董事會維持均衡而多 元化的組合。提名委員會亦將定期討論及於有 需要時協定實現董事會成員多元化(包括性別 多元化)的可計量目標,並向董事會提出建議 以供考慮及採納。單性別董事會將不會被視為 實現多元化。

董事會成員多元化政策訂有甄選董事會人選的 一系列多元化範疇,除教育背景、專業經驗、 技能、知識以及行業及地區經驗外,亦包括但 不限於性別、年齡、文化背景及種族。

Board Diversity Policy

The Company adopted a board diversity policy (the "Board Diversity Policy") on June 27, 2014, which was revised and adopted on December 14, 2018 and December 16, 2022. The Board Diversity Policy aims to set out the approach on the diversity of the Board and a sustainable and balanced development. The Company recognizes and embraces the benefits of having a diverse Board and sees increasing diversity at the Board level as an essential element in maintaining the Company's competitive advantage. During the Reporting Period, the Board conducted a review of the implementation and effectiveness of the Board Diversity Policy, and considered that the experience and competence of the Directors in all aspects and areas could enable the Company to maintain operation at a high standard.

Pursuant to the Board Diversity Policy, the Nomination Committee reviews regularly the structure, size and composition of the Board and where appropriate, make recommendations on changes to the Board to complement the Company's corporate strategy and to ensure that the Board maintains a balanced diverse profile. The Nomination Committee will also discuss periodically and where necessary, agree on the measurable objectives for achieving diversity, including gender diversity, of the Board and make recommendation to the Board for consideration and adoption. Diversity will not be considered to be achieved for a single gender Board.

The Board Diversity Policy sets out a range of diversity perspectives in selecting candidates to the Board, including but not limited to gender, age, cultural background and ethnicity, in addition to educational background, professional experience, skills, knowledge and industry and regional experience.

Corporate Governance Report (Continued)

本公司的目標,是維持董事會成員具有與本公司業務增長有關的適當多元化持續均衡發展,並致力確保由董事會起以下各層級的招聘及甄選均按適當的架構程序進行,以便能招徠不同的人選供委聘。

為落實董事會多元化政策,已採納以下可計量 目標:

- (A) 至少一名董事會成員須為女性;
- (B) 至少一名董事會成員須為非執行董事或 獨立非執行董事;
- (C) 至少三分之一的董事會成員須為獨立非 執行董事;
- (D) 至少一名董事會成員須已取得會計或其 他專業資格;
- (E) 至少三分之一的董事會成員須在其專門 行業中有超過5年的經驗;
- (F) 至少大多數的董事會成員具有中國相關 的工作經驗。

The Company aims to maintain an appropriate balance of diversity perspectives that are relevant to the Company's business growth and is also committed to ensuring that recruitment and selection practices at all levels (from the Board downwards) are appropriately structured so that a diverse range of candidates are considered.

For the purpose of implementation of the Board Diversity Policy, the following measurable objectives were adopted:

- (A) at least one of members of the Board shall be female:
- (B) at least one of the members of the Board shall be non-executive Directors or independent non-executive Directors;
- (C) at least one-third of the members of the Board shall be independent non-executive Directors;
- (D) at least one of the members of the Board shall have obtained accounting or other professional qualifications;
- (E) at least one-third of the members of the Board shall have more than 5 years of experience in the industry he/she is specialised in;
- (F) at least a majority of the members of the Board shall have China-related work experience.

Corporate Governance Report (Continued)

根據可衡量的目標對董事會目前的組成所進行 的分析載列如下:

An analysis of the Board's current composition based on the measurable objectives is set out below:

性別

Gender

男性:五名董事 Male: 5 Directors 女性: 一名董事 Female: 1 Director

職銜

Designation

執行董事:三名董事

Executive Directors: 3 Directors 獨立非執行董事:三名董事

Independent non-executive Directors: 3 Directors

中國相關的工作經驗

China-related working Experience

六名董事

6 Directors

註: 有些董事可能屬於多個類別

Note: Some Directors may fall into more than one category

提名委員會及董事會認為,目前董事會的組成 已達到董事會成員多元化政策所訂立的目標。

提名委員會負責檢討董事會成員多元化情況, 並將不時監察及評核董事會成員多元化政策的 執行情況,以確保其持續有效。

年齡組別

Age Group

31歲至40歲: 一名董事

31-40: 1 Director

41歲至50歲:一名董事

41-50: 1 Director

51歲至60歲: 一名董事

51-60: 1 Director

61歲至70歲:三名董事 61-70: 3 Directors

教育背景

Educational Background

工商管理:兩名董事

Business Administration: 2 Directors

會計及金融:兩名董事

Account and Finance: 2 Directors 電氣工程/電子:四名董事 Engineering/Electronics: 4 Directors

商業經驗

Business Experience

會計及金融:三名董事

Accounting & Finance: 3 Directors

技術產業:六名董事 Tech industry: 6 Directors

The Nomination Committee and the Board are of the view that the current composition of the Board has achieved the objectives set in the Board Diversity Policy.

The Nomination Committee is responsible for reviewing the diversity of the Board and will monitor and evaluate the implementation of the Board Diversity Policy from time to time to ensure its continued effectiveness.

Corporate Governance Report (Continued)

性別多元化

本公司重視本集團各個層級的性別多元化。下 表載列截至本年報日期本集團僱員(包括董事 會及高級管理層)的性別比例:

Gender Diversity

The Company values gender diversity across all levels of the Group. The following table sets out the gender ratio in the workforce of the Group, including the Board and senior management as at the date of this annual report:

		女性 Female	男性 M ale
董事會 高級管理層 其他僱員	Board Senior Management Other employees	16.7% (1) 50% (1) 41.6% (239)	83.3% (5) 50% (1) 58.4% (335)
全體人員	Overall workforce	41.4% (241)	58.6% (341)

董事會的目標為實現至少有一名女性董事、一名女性高級管理人員及三分之一其他僱員為女性,而有關目標已達成,董事認為上述目前的性別多元化情況令人滿意。

有關本集團性別比例及相關數據的詳情載於環境、社會及管治報告。

董事提名政策

董事會已將其甄選及委任董事的責任及權力轉授予提名委員會。

本公司於2018年12月14日採納一項董事提名政策(「董事提名政策」),並於2022年12月16日作出修正及採納。董事提名政策旨在列載提名及委任董事的甄選準則及程序,確保董事會具備對本公司而言屬適當所需的技巧、經驗及多樣的觀點與角度,以及確保董事會連續性及董事會層面具有適當的領導。

The Board had targeted to achieve and had achieved at least one female Director, one female senior management and one-third of the other employees of the Group being female and considers that the above current gender diversity is satisfactory.

Details on the gender ratio of the Group together with relevant data can be found in the Environmental, Social and Governance Report.

Director Nomination Policy

The Board has delegated its responsibilities and authority for selection and appointment of Directors to the Nomination Committee.

The Company has adopted a director nomination policy (the "**Director Nomination Policy**") on December 14, 2018 and revised and adopted on December 16, 2022. The Director Nomination Policy aims to set out the selection criteria and process in the nomination and appointment of Directors, ensure that the Board has a balance of skills, experience and diversity of perspectives appropriate to the Company, and ensure the continuity of the Board and appropriate leadership at Board level.

Corporate Governance Report (Continued)

本公司提名委員會在評估建議候選人是否合適 及對董事會的潛在貢獻時可能考慮的因素包括 但不限於下列各項:

The factors that the Nomination Committee of the Company may use when assessing the suitability and the potential contribution to the Board of a proposed candidate include but are not limited to the following:

- 品格及誠信;
- 包括專業資格、技能、知識及經驗等
- 各方面的多元化,包括但不限於性別、年 齡(18歲或以上)、文化及教育背景、種 族、專業經驗、技能、知識及服務年資;
- 董事會對獨立非執行董事的要求,以及根 據上市規則,候選獨立非執行董事是否屬 獨立人士;
- 履行作為本公司董事會及/或董事委員會 成員可投入的時間及作出的貢獻;及
- 對本公司業務及繼任計劃而言為適當及 於適當時董事會及/或提名委員會就提名 董事及繼任計劃可能不時採納及/或修訂 的其他觀點與角度。

- character and integrity;
- qualifications including professional qualifications, skills, knowledge and experience;
- diversity in all aspects, including but not limited to gender, age (18 years or above), cultural and educational background, ethnicity, professional experience, skills, knowledge and length of service;
- requirements of independent non-executive Directors on the Board and independence of the proposed independent nonexecutive Directors in accordance with the Listing Rules;
- commitment in respect of available time and relevant contribution to discharge duties as a member of the Board and/ or Board committee(s) of the Company; and
- such other perspectives that are appropriate to the Company's business and the succession planning and where applicable, may be adopted and/or amended by the Board and/or the Nomination Committee from time to time for nomination of Directors and the succession planning.

Corporate Governance Report (Continued)

董事提名政策的提名程序列載如下:

The nomination process set out in the Director Nomination Policy is as follows:

委任新董事

- 提名委員會及/或董事會應在收到委任新 董事的建議及候選人的履歷資料(或相關 詳情)後,依據上述準則評估該候選人, 以判斷該候選人是否合資格擔任董事。
- 如過程產生一個或多個合意的候選人,提 (ii) 名委員會及/或董事會應根據本公司的需 要及各候選人的推薦審查(如適用)排列 彼等的優先次序。
- 提名委員會隨後應就委任合適人選擔任 (iii) 董事一事(如適用)向董事會提出建議。
- 就任何經由股東提名於本公司股東大會 上選舉為董事的人士,提名委員會及/或 董事會應依據上述準則評估該候選人,以 判斷該候選人是否合資格擔任董事。

倘適合,提名委員會及/或董事會應就建議於 股東大會上選舉董事向股東提供推薦意見。

於股東大會上重選董事

- 提名委員會及/或董事會應檢討退任董事 對本公司的整體貢獻及服務,以及在董事 會的參與程度及表現。
- 提名委員會及/或董事會亦應檢討及確定 退任董事是否仍然符合上文所載標準。
- 提名委員會及/或董事會其後應就建議於 股東大會上重選董事向股東提供推薦 意見。

Appointment of New Director

- The Nomination Committee and/or the Board should, upon receipt of the proposal on appointment of new Director and the biographical information (or relevant details) of the candidate, evaluate such candidate based on the criteria as set to determine whether such candidate is qualified for set out above directorship.
- If the process yields one or more desirable candidates, the (ii) Nomination Committee and/or the Board should rank them by order of preference based on the needs of the Company and reference check of each candidate (where applicable).
- The Nomination Committee should then recommend to the (iii) Board to appoint the appropriate candidate for directorship, as applicable.
- For any person that is nominated by a Shareholder for election as a Director at the general meeting of the Company, the Nomination Committee and/or the Board should evaluate such candidate based on the criteria as set out above to determine whether such candidate is qualified for directorship.

Where appropriate, the Nomination Committee and/or the Board should make recommendation to Shareholders in respect of the proposed election of Director at the general meeting.

Re-election of Director at General Meeting

- The Nomination Committee and/or the Board should review the overall contribution and service to the Company of the retiring Director and the level of participation and performance on the Board.
- The Nomination Committee and/or the Board should also (ii) review and determine whether the retiring Director continues to meet the criteria as set out above.
- The Nomination Committee and/or the Board should then make (iii) recommendation to Shareholders in respect of the proposed re-election of Director at the general meeting.

Corporate Governance Report (Continued)

若董事會擬於股東大會上提呈決議案選舉或重 選某一候選人為董事,則根據上市規則及/或 適用法律及法規,該候選人的相關資料將於隨 附有關股東大會通告的致股東通函及/或説明 函件中披露。

提名委員會將定期檢討董事會的架構、人數及 組成及董事提名政策, 並於適當時就配合本公 司的公司策略及業務需要而擬對董事會作出的 變動提出建議以供考慮及批准,從而確保董事 會行之有效。

企業管治職能

董事會認同企業管治乃董事的共同責任。董事 會負責履行企業管治守則第二部份之守則條文 第A.2.1條所載的職能。

於截至2024年12月31日止年度內,董事會已檢 討本公司的企業管治政策及常規、董事及高級 管理層的培訓及持續專業發展、本公司遵守法 律及監管規定的政策及常規,遵守標準守則的 情況,以及本公司遵守企業管治守則的情況及 本企業管治報告的披露內容。

Where the Board proposes a resolution to elect or re-elect a candidate as Director at the general meeting, the relevant information of the candidate will be disclosed in the circular to Shareholders and/ or explanatory statement accompanying the notice of the relevant general meeting in accordance with the Listing Rules and/or applicable laws and regulations.

The Nomination Committee will conduct regular review of the structure, size and composition of the Board and the Director Nomination Policy, and where appropriate, make recommendations on changes to the Board for consideration and approval to complement the Company's corporate strategy and business needs to ensure its effectiveness.

Corporate Governance Functions

The Board recognizes that corporate governance should be the collective responsibility of the Directors. The Board is responsible for performing the functions set out in code provision A.2.1 of part 2 of the CG Code.

During the year ended December 31, 2024, the Board had reviewed the Company's corporate governance policies and practices, training and continuous professional development of Directors and senior management, the Company's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements, the compliance of the Model Code and the Company's compliance with the CG Code and disclosure in this Corporate Governance Report.

Corporate Governance Report (Continued)

董事及委員會成員之會議出席記錄

ATTENDANCE RECORD OF DIRECTORS AND **COMMITTEE MEMBERS**

各董事出席於截至2024年12月31日止年度內 舉行的董事會及董事委員會會議及本公司股東 大會的記錄載於下表:

The attendance record of each Director at the Board and Board committee meetings and the general meeting of the Company held during the year ended December 31, 2024 is set out in the table below:

董真	事姓名	Name of Director	董事會 Board	Nomination Remuneration Audit General				
胡 郭 茅 葉 也 馬 后	放偉	Kang Jingwei, Jeffrey Wu Lun Cheung Allen Guo Lihua Ye Xin Ma Qiyuan Hao Chunyi, Charlie	11/11 11/11 11/11 11/11 11/11	不適用 N/A 不適用 N/A 不適用 N/A 2/2 2/2 2/2	不適用 N/A 不適用 N/A 不適用 N/A 1/1 1/1	不適用 N/A 不適用 N/A 不適用 N/A 3/3 3/3 3/3	1/1 1/1 1/1 1/1 1/1 1/1	

除定期舉行的董事會會議外,於截至2024年12 月31日止年度內,主席亦於執行董事不在場的 情況下與獨立非執行董事舉行一次會議。

獨立非執行董事已出席本公司股東大會,以全 面了解股東的意見。

除上述會議外,須取得董事會批准的事宜亦透 過安排向全體董事會成員傳閱書面決議案的方 式處理。

Apart from regular Board meetings, the Chairman also held a meeting with the independent non-executive Directors without the presence of executive Directors during the year ended December 31, 2024.

The independent non-executive Directors have attended general meeting of the Company to gain and develop a balanced understanding of the view of the Shareholders.

Apart from the said meetings, matters requiring the Board's approval were also arranged by means of circulation of written resolutions to all Board members.

Corporate Governance Report (Continued)

會議的常規及舉行過程

董事會定期會議誦告於會議舉行前至少14日送 交全體董事。至於其他董事會及委員會會議, 通常發出合理通知。

董事會會議文件連同所有適當、完整及可靠的 資料至少在各董事會會議或委員會會議舉行的 三天前送交所有董事,以使董事能夠掌握本公 司的最新發展及財務狀況,並作出有根據的決 定。董事會及各董事於認為適當時,亦有自行 接觸高級管理人員的獨立途徑。

董事可親身或透過電子通訊方式出席會議,並 可於會上自由發表及分享意見,而重大決定僅 於在會上進行商議後才作出。董事如被視為於 建議交易或將討論的事宜中發生利益衝突或擁 有重大利益,便不會被計入會議的法定人數 內,並會就有關決議案放棄投票。

公司秘書記錄所有經董事會審議的事宜、已達 致的決定及董事提出的任何疑慮或表達的反對 意見。所有董事會會議及委員會會議的會議紀 錄由公司秘書保存,副本於全體董事間傳閱, 以作參考及記錄。

董事就綜合財務報表應負的責任

董事承認其有責任編製本集團截至2024年12 月31日止年度的綜合財務報表,並確認綜合財 務報表真實而公平地反映回顧年度的狀況及根 據適用的法律規定及會計準則編製。

PRACTICES AND CONDUCT OF MEETINGS

Notices of regular Board meetings are served to all directors at least 14 days before the meetings. For other Board and committee meetings, reasonable notice is generally given.

Board papers together with all appropriate, complete and reliable information are sent to all Directors at least three days before each Board meeting or committee meeting to keep the Directors apprised of the latest developments and financial position of the Company and to enable them to make informed decisions. The Board and each director also have separate and independent access to the senior management as and when they deemed appropriate.

Directors may attend meetings either in person or through electronic means of communications and are free to contribute and share their views at meetings and major decisions will only be taken after deliberation at meetings. Directors who are considered to have conflict of interests or material interests in the proposed transactions or issues to be discussed will not be counted in the quorum of meeting and will abstain from voting on the relevant resolutions.

The Company Secretary records all matters considered by the Board, decisions reached and any concerns raised or dissenting views expressed by the Directors. Minutes of all Board meetings and committee meetings are kept by the Company Secretary with copies circulated to all Directors for information and records.

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY IN RESPECT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL **STATEMENTS**

The Directors acknowledge their responsibility for preparing the consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended December 31, 2024 and confirm that the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view for the year under review, and are prepared in accordance with the applicable statutory requirements and accounting standards.

Corporate Governance Report (Continued)

董事並不知悉任何重大不明朗事件或情況可能 會嚴重影響本集團持續經營的能力。

本公司獨立核數師有關其對綜合財務報表應負 申報責任的聲明載於本年報第107至116頁的 「獨立核數師報告」內。

The Directors are not aware of any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt upon the Group's ability to continue as a going concern.

The statement of the independent auditor of the Company about their reporting responsibilities on the consolidated financial statements is set out in the Independent Auditor's Report on pages 107 to 116 of this annual report.

風險管理及內部監控

董事會承認其須對風險管理及內部監控系統負 責, 並有責任檢討該等制度的有效性。該等風 險管理及內部監控系統旨在管理而非消除未能 達成業務目標的風險,而且只能就不會有重大 的失實陳述或損失作出合理而非絕對的保證。

董事會全面負責評估及釐定本公司達成策略目 標時所願意接納的風險性質及程度,並設立及 維持合適及有效的風險管理及內部監控系統。 董事會已將其風險管理及內部監控責任(連同 有關授權)轉授予本公司的審核委員會。

審核委員會協助董事會領導管理層,並監督風 險管理及內部監控系統的設計、實施及監察。 本公司已制定並採納風險管理程序及指引,並 訂有明確的權限由主要的業務流程及辦事處職 能部(包括項目管理、財務申報、人力資源及信 息技術)執行。

RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROLS

The Board acknowledges its responsibility for the risk management and internal control systems and reviewing their effectiveness. Such risk management and internal control systems are designed to manage rather than eliminate the risk of failure to achieve business objectives and can only provide reasonable and not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss.

The Board has the overall responsibility for evaluating and determining the nature and extent of the risks it is willing to take in achieving the Company's strategic objectives and establishing and maintaining appropriate and effective risk management and internal control systems. The Board has delegated its responsibilities (with relevant authorities) of risk management and internal control to the Audit Committee.

The Audit Committee assists the Board in leading the management and overseeing their design, implementation and monitoring of the risk management and internal control systems. The Company has developed and adopted risk management procedures and guidelines with defined authority for implementation by key business processes and office functions, including project management, financial reporting, human resources and information technology.

Corporate Governance Report (Continued)

本公司的風險管理及內部監控系統已建立清晰 的管治架構、政策及程序以及申報機制,有助 本集團管理其業務營運風險,以及確保遵守適 用的法律及規例。風險管理系統包括以下各 階段:

- 識別:識別風險承擔者,業務目標及可能 影響實現目標的風險。
- 評估:分析風險可能性及影響,並評估相 應風險組合。
- 管理:考慮風險應對、確保董事會有效溝 通及持續監察其餘風險。

所有部門均持續評估及識別對本集團業務及各 方面(包括主要營運及財務程序、監管合規及 信息安全)可能具有潛在影響之風險及內部監 控缺失。任何已識別的風險應向管理層匯報, 而管理層將指示內部審核部門制訂或完善應對 該等風險的政策及程序。任何已識別的重大內 部監控缺失應向管理層及審核委員會匯報,而 審核委員會將作出指示,以便管理層解決及補 救該等內部監控缺失,以及指示內部審核部門 制訂或完善應對該等風險的政策及程序。

管理層已透過與部門主管及內部審核部門緊密 合作,評估發生風險的可能性,部署風險管理 方案及監察風險管理進度,並向審核委員會及 董事會匯報主要事宜及有關系統的成效。此 外,內部審核部門與管理層及部門主管緊密合 作,就各相關營運及財務程序(可包括審批、授 權、核證、推薦建議、表現檢討、資產安全 及/或職責區分)適當地制訂及完善政策及程 序。各部門定期進行評價,以確認已妥善遵守 監控政策。管理層已向董事會確認,截至2024 年12月31日止年度的風險管理及內部監控系 統為有效。

The Company's risk management and internal control systems have been developed with a clear governance structure, policies and procedures, as well as reporting mechanism to facilitate the Group to manage its risks across business operations and to ensure compliance with applicable laws and regulations. The risk management system consists of the following phases:

- Identification: identify ownership of risks, business objectives and risks that could affect the achievement of objectives.
- Evaluation: analyze the likelihood and impact of risks and evaluate the risk portfolio accordingly.
- Management: consider the risk responses, ensure effective communication to the Board and on-going monitoring of the residual risks.

All departments continuously assess and identify risks and internal control defects that may potentially impact the business of the Group and various aspects including key operational and financial processes, regulatory compliance and information security. Any risks identified shall be reported to the management, which will direct the internal audit department to develop or refine policies and procedures to address such risks. Any material internal control defects identified shall be reported to the management and the Audit Committee, which will provide directions for management to resolve and remedy such internal control defects and direct the internal audit department to develop or refine policies and procedures to address such risk.

The management, working closely with department heads and the internal audit department, assessed the likelihood of risk occurrence, devised risk management plans, monitored the risk management progress, and reported to the Audit Committee and the Board on key issues and the effectiveness of the systems. Also, working closely with the management and department heads, the internal audit department develops and refines policies and procedures for each applicable operational and financial process, which may include approvals, authorisation, verification, recommendations, performance reviews, asset security, and segregation of duties as appropriate. Each department conducts regular evaluations to confirm that control policies are properly complied with. The management has provided a confirmation to the Board on the effectiveness of the risk management and internal control systems for the year ended December 31, 2024.

Corporate Governance Report (Continued)

於截至2024年12月31日止年度內,本集團的內 部審核職能由本公司的內部審核部門履行,其 負責定期檢討風險管理及內部監控系統是否足 夠及有效。內部審核部門已審查與會計實務有 關之主要事宜及所有重大監控,並向審核委員 會提交其結果及改進建議。

本公司亦已聘請具有相關專長的外聘專業顧 問,對本集團截至2024年12月31日止年度的風 險管理及內部監控系統進行年度獨立檢討,從 而確保(i)用以辨認、評估及管理重大風險的程 序妥善; (ii) 識別到風險管理及內部監控系統的 主要特點;(iii)該等系統乃旨在管理風險,以達 到業務目標,並合理保證不會有重大的失實陳 述或損失;(iv)解決嚴重風險管理及內部監控缺 失的程序適當;及(v)管理內幕消息的風險管理 及內部監控程序有效。

在審核委員會以及管理報告、內部審核結果及 專業顧問所出具的初步報告給予支援下,董事 會已對本集團截至2024年12月31日止年度的 風險管理及內部監控系統的有效性進行檢討。 該項檢討涵蓋所有重要監控範疇,包括本集團 的財務、營運、合規監控及風險管理職能,以 及會計、內部審核及財務匯報職能的資源、培 訓課程、預算、員工資歷及經驗是否充足。根 據內部監控檢討,概無發現重大的監控漏洞。 董事會認為該等系統屬有效及充足。

During the year ended December 31, 2024, the internal audit function of the Group was performed by the Company's internal audit department, which is responsible for performing regular review of the adequacy and effectiveness of the risk management and internal control systems. The internal audit department examined key issues in relation to the accounting practices and all material controls and provided its findings and recommendations for improvement to the Audit Committee.

The Company also engaged an external professional advisor in possession of relevant expertise to conduct an annual independent review of the risk management and internal control systems of the Group for the year ended December 31, 2024, in order to ensure (i) proper process used to identify, evaluate and manage significant risks: (ii) main features of the risk management and internal control systems were identified; (iii) the systems were designed to manage the risks to achieve business objectives and provide reasonable assurance against material misstatement or loss; (iv) appropriate process to resolve material risk management and internal control defects; and (v) effective procedures of risk management and internal controls for inside information management.

The Board, as supported by the Audit Committee as well as the management report, internal audit findings and the preliminary report issued by the professional advisor, has conducted a review on the effectiveness of the risk management and internal control systems of the Group for the year ended December 31, 2024. Such review covered the areas of all material controls, including the Group's financial, operational, compliance control and risk management functions and the adequacy of resources, training programmes, budgets, qualifications and experience of staff of the accounting, internal audit and financial reporting functions. Based on the internal control review, no significant control deficiency was identified. The Board considered that such systems are effective and adequate.

Corporate Governance Report (Continued)

股息政策

本公司根據於2018年12月14日舉行的董事會會議採納股息政策(「**股息政策**」),並於2022年12月16日作出修正及採納。股息政策列載釐至本公司派發股息與否、派息次數及形式修動之素。股息政策將予定期檢討,如須作出後近事會批准。本公司並無任何預先出等。以為主率,並擬將大部份(如非全部)可定資金及未來任何盈利保留,作經營及擴展之間,定資司本於釐定未來任何股息分派及金額時應考慮的因素:

- 營運業績;
- 現金流量;
- 資本需要;
- 整體財務狀況;
- 合約限制;
- 未來前景;及
- 董事會可能認為相關的其他因素。

Dividend policy

The dividend policy was adopted by the Company pursuant to the Board meeting held on December 14, 2018 (the "Dividend Policy") and was revised and adopted on December 16, 2022. The Dividend Policy sets out the factors in determination of dividend payment of the Company, the frequency and form of dividend payments. The Dividend Policy will be reviewed periodically and submitted to the Board for approval if amendments are required. The Company does not have any pre-determined dividend payout ratio and intends to retain most, if not all, of available funds and any future earnings to operate and expand the business of the Company. The Dividend Policy outlines the following factors of the Group that the Board should take into account in determining the distribution and the amount of any future dividends:

- results of operations;
- cash flows;
- capital requirements;
- general financial condition;
- contractual restrictions:
- future prospects; and
- other factors that the Board may deem relevant.

Any declaration and payment as well as the amount of dividends will be subject to the Articles of Association and the Companies Law, including the approval of the Shareholders and that dividends can only be paid out of profits or other distributable reserves. The future dividend payments to the Shareholders will also depend upon the availability of dividends received from the Company's subsidiaries that are established in the PRC. Depending on the financial conditions of the Group and the conditions and factors as set out above, interim dividend, final dividend, special dividend, and any distribution of net profits that the Board may deem appropriate may be proposed and/ or declared by the Board during the financial year and any final dividend for a financial year will be subject to the Shareholders' approval.

Corporate Governance Report (Continued)

舉報政策

本公司致力達致及維持至高水平的開放性、廉 潔度及問責性。各階級員工應正直、公正及誠 實地行事。

本公司設有舉報政策,該政策於2022年12月16 日修訂及採納,供本公司僱員及與本公司來往 的人士以保密及匿名的方式向審核委員會提出 與本公司相關的任何事項中可能存在的不當 情況。

反貪污

本公司設有反貪污政策,該政策於2022年12月 16日採納,旨在杜絕本公司內任何貪污及賄賂 行為。本公司設有內部舉報渠道,可供本公司 僱員舉報任何涉嫌貪污及賄賂行為。僱員亦可 以匿名向內部審計部門舉報,該部門負責調查 所舉報的事件並採取適當措施。本公司持續開 展反貪污及反賄賂活動,培育廉潔文化,積極 組織反貪污培訓及檢查,確保反貪污及反賄賂 工作有效。

截至2024年12月31日止年度,本公司為58名 僱員舉辦一次反貪污培訓及簡報會。所有員工 亦可隨時透過集團內聯網路查閱本集團的反洗 錢和反恐怖主義融資內部指引。於報告期間 內,概無出現有關與賄賂及貪污的違規事項。

資料披露政策

本公司已制定其披露政策,向本公司的董事、 高級人員、高級管理層及有關僱員提供處理保 密資料、監察資料披露及回應查詢方面的一般 指引。本公司已執行監控程序,以確保嚴格禁 止未經授權取得及使用內幕消息。董事會受委 託負責監察及實施資料披露政策中的程序性 規定。

Whistleblowing policy

The Company is committed to achieving and maintaining the highest possible standards of openness, probity and accountability. Employees at all levels are expected to conduct themselves with integrity, impartiality and honesty.

The Company has in place the Whistleblowing Policy, which was revised and adopted on December 16, 2022, for employees of the Company and those who deal with the Company to raise concerns, in confidence and anonymity, with the Audit Committee about possible improprieties in any matters related to the Company.

Anti-corruption

The Company has in place the Anti-Corruption Policy, which was adopted on December 16, 2022, to safeguard against corruption and bribery within the Company. The Company has an internal reporting channel that is open and available for employees of the Company to report any suspected corruption and bribery. Employees can also make anonymous reports to the internal audit function, which is responsible for investigating the reported incidents and taking appropriate measures. The Company continues to carry out anticorruption and anti-bribery activities to cultivate a culture of integrity, and actively organizes anti-corruption training and inspections to ensure the effectiveness of anti-corruption and anti-bribery.

During the year ended December 31, 2024, the Company held one anti-corruption training and briefing to 58 employees. The Group's Anti-Money Laundering and Counter-Terrorist Financing Internal Guidelines were also accessible to all employees on the group intranet at all times. During the Reporting Period, there were no noncompliance cases in relation to bribery and corruption.

Information disclosure policy

The Company has developed its disclosure policy which provides a general guide to the Company's Directors, officers, senior management and relevant employees in handling confidential information, monitoring information disclosure and responding to enquiries. Control procedures have been implemented to ensure that unauthorized access and use of inside information are strictly prohibited. The Board is entrusted with the responsibility for monitoring and implementing the procedural requirements in the information disclosure policy.

Corporate Governance Report (Continued)

核數師酬金

本公司外聘核數師信永中和(香港)會計師事務 所有限公司及其聯屬事務所於截至2024年12 月31日止年度就核數及非核數服務而已獲支付 及應獲支付的酬金載列如下:

AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION

The remuneration paid and payable to the external auditor of the Company, SHINEWING (HK) CPA Limited, and its affiliated firm, for the year ended December 31, 2024 in respect of audit and non-audit services is set out below:

已提供服務	Services provided	費用(港元) Fees (HK\$)
核數服務: 對本集團截至2024年12月31日止年度的 綜合財務報表進行年度審計 非核數服務: 對本集團截至2024年6月30日止六個月的 綜合財務報表進行中期審閱	Audit service: Annual audit on the consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended December 31, 2024 Non-audit service: Interim review on the consolidated financial statements of the Group for the six months ended June 30, 2024	3,000,000
供內部監控的行業分析(附註)	Industrial analysis on internal controls (Note) Total	4,800,00

附註:由信永方略風險管理有限公司(信永中和(香港)會計 師事務所有限公司之聯屬公司)進行

Note: Performed by SHINEWING Risk Services Limited, an affiliated company of SHINEWING (HK) CPA Limited

公司秘書

公司秘書為本公司的僱員並由董事會委任,負 責協助董事會確保董事會程序獲得遵守及董事 會程序有效及高效地進行。彼亦負責確保董事 會充分了解所有適用的法律、規則、規例及企 業管治的發展。

公司秘書已確認,彼於截至2024年12月31日止 年度內已參加不少於15個小時的專業培訓,以 更新其技能及知識,符合上市規則第3.29條的 規定。

COMPANY SECRETARY

The Company Secretary is an employee of the Company and is appointed by the Board, who supports the Board by ensuring board procedures are followed and board proceedings are efficiently and effectively conducted. The incumbent is also responsible for ensuring that the Board is fully apprised of all applicable laws, rules, regulations and corporate governance developments.

The Company Secretary has confirmed that he has taken no less than 15 hours of professional training to update his skills and knowledge for the year ended December 31, 2024 in compliance with Rule 3.29 of the Listing Rules.

Corporate Governance Report (Continued)

股東之權利

為保障股東之利益及權利,本公司就每項實際 獨立的事宜(包括選舉個別董事)於股東大會上 提呈獨立決議案。根據上市規則,所有於股東 大會上提呈之決議案將以投票方式進行表決, 投票表決結果將於各股東大會舉行後在本公司 及聯交所之網站上登載。

股東向董事會作出查詢之程序

股東如欲向董事會作出任何查詢,可將書面查 詢郵寄至中國深圳市南山區高新南九道55號微 軟科通大廈11樓,郵編:518057,或電郵至 ir@ingdan.com,以送交本公司,註明董事會 收。本公司通常不會處理口頭或匿名的查詢。

股東提名人撰參撰董事的程序

股東可按本公司網站(http://www.ingdangroup.com) 上「投資者關係」一欄下之「企業管治」一節所列 之程序,提名人選參選董事。

股東召開股東特別大會之程序

本公司之組織章程細則第58條規定,任何一名 或多名於遞呈要求的日期持有不少於附帶於本 公司股東大會表決權的本公司繳足股本十分之 一的股東,於任何時候均有權透過向董事會或 本公司秘書發出書面要求,要求董事會召開股 東特別大會,以處理有關要求中指明的任何事 項,且該大會應於遞呈該要求後兩個月內舉 行。倘於有關遞呈後二十一日內,董事會未有 召開該大會,則遞呈要求人士可自行以相同方 式召開大會,而本公司須向遞呈要求人士償付 所有由遞呈要求人士因董事會未能召開大會而 產生的合理開支。

SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS

To safeguard Shareholder interests and rights, a separate resolution is proposed for each substantially separate issue at general meetings. including the election of individual Directors. All resolutions put forward at general meetings will be voted by poll pursuant to the Listing Rules and the poll results will be published on the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange after each general meeting.

Procedures for Shareholders to put forward enquiries to the Board

For putting forward any enquiries to the Board, Shareholders may send written enquiries to the Company, for the attention of the Board of Directors by mail to 11/F, Microsoft Comtech Tower, No. 55 Gaoxin South 9th Road, Nanshan, Shenzhen 518057, PRC or by email to ir@ingdan.com. The Company will not normally deal with verbal or anonymous enquiries.

Procedures for Shareholders to propose a person for election as a Director

Shareholders may propose a person for election as Director, the procedures for which are available in the section of "Corporate Governance" under the column of "Investor Relations" on the Company's website (http://www.ingdangroup.com).

Procedures for Shareholders to convene an extraordinary general meeting

Article 58 of the Company's Articles of Association provides that any one or more shareholders holding at the date of deposit of the requisition not less than one-tenth of the paid up capital of the Company carrying the right of voting at general meetings of the Company shall at all times have the right, by written requisition to the Board or the Secretary of the Company, to require an extraordinary general meeting to be called by the Board for the transaction of any business specified in such requisition; and such meeting shall be held within two months after the deposit of such requisition. If within twenty one days of such deposit the Board fails to proceed to convene such meeting the requisitionist(s) himself (themselves) may do so in the same manner, and all reasonable expenses incurred by the requisitionist(s) as a result of the failure of the Board shall be reimbursed to the requisitionist(s) by the Company.

Corporate Governance Report (Continued)

股東於股東大會上提呈建議的程序

歡迎股東提出有關本公司之營運、策略及/或 管理之建議以供於股東大會上討論。擬提呈建 議的股東應按「股東召開股東特別大會之程序」 所載之程序召開股東特別大會。

聯繫資料

股東可以下列方式發出上文提述之查詢或 要求:

地址: 中國深圳市南山區高新南九道55號

微軟科通大廈11樓,

郵編:518057

(註明收件人為投資者關係主管)

傳真: +86 (755) 2674 3522

電郵: ir@ingdan.com

為免生疑,股東須把妥為簽署之書面要求、通知或聲明或查詢(視情況而定)之正本送交及發送至上述地址,並提供其全名、聯絡方式及身份,以便本公司回覆。股東資料可能根據法律規定而予以披露。

與股東及投資者溝通/投資者關係

本公司認為,與股東有效溝通對促進投資者關係及加深投資者對本集團業務表現及策略的了解至為重要。本公司致力維持與股東持續溝通,尤其是透過股東週年大會及其他股東大會。董事(或彼等的代表(倘適用))出席股東週年大會以會見股東及回答彼等的提問。

為管理與投資大眾之間的關係,本集團定期會 見新聞界及財經分析員,以及經常參與其他會 議及簡報會。

Procedures for Shareholders to put forward proposals at general meeting

Shareholders are welcomed to suggest proposals relating to the operations, strategy and/or management of the Company to be discussed at general meeting. Shareholders who wish to put forward a proposal should convene an extraordinary general meeting by the procedures set out in "Procedures for Shareholders to convene an extraordinary general meeting".

Contact details

Shareholders may send their enquiries or requests as mentioned above to the following:

Address: 11/F, Microsoft Comtech Tower,

No. 55 Gaoxin South 9th Road, Nanshan District,

Shenzhen 518057, PRC

(For the attention of the Investor Relations Director)

Fax: +86 (755) 2674 3522 Email: ir@ingdan.com

For the avoidance of doubt, Shareholders must deposit and send the original duly signed written requisition, notice or statement, or enquiry (as the case may be) to the above address and provide their full name, contact details and identification in order to give effect thereto. Shareholders' information may be disclosed as required by law.

COMMUNICATION WITH SHAREHOLDERS AND INVESTORS/INVESTOR RELATIONS

The Company considers that effective communication with Shareholders is essential for enhancing investor relations and investor understanding of the Group's business performance and strategies. The Company endeavours to maintain an ongoing dialogue with Shareholders and in particular, through annual general meetings and other general meetings. At the annual general meeting, Directors (or their delegates as appropriate) are available to meet Shareholders and answer their enquiries.

To manage its relationship with the investment community, the Group meets regularly with the press and financial analysts and participates frequently in other conferences and presentations.

Corporate Governance Report (Continued)

為進一步促進有效溝通,本公司設有公司網 站,以電子方式及時發佈本公司的公告及其他 有關財務及非財務資訊。

股東通訊政策

本公司設有股東通訊政策。該政策旨在促進與 股東及其他持份者的有效溝通,鼓勵股東積極 參與本公司事務,並使股東能夠有效行使其作 為股東的權利。董事會已檢討股東通訊政策的 實施情況及成效,結果令人滿意。

本公司已建立多種渠道與股東持續對話,如下 所示:

公司通訊 (a)

上市規則所界定的「公司通訊」指本公司 發出或將予發出以供其任何證券的持有 人參照或採取行動的任何文件,包括但不 限於:(a)董事會報告、年度賬目連同核數 師報告及(如適用)財務摘要報告;(b)中期 報告及(如適用)中期摘要報告;(c)季度報 告;(d)會議通告;(e)上市文件;(f)通函; 及(g)代表委任表格。本公司的公司通訊將 按照上市規則規定適時在聯交所網站 (www.hkexnews.hk)上發佈。公司通訊將按 照上市規則的規定適時以中英文版本(或 如獲准許,以單一語言)向股東及本公司 證券的非登記持有人提供。股東及本公司 證券的非登記持有人應有權選擇公司通 訊的語言版本(中文或英文)或收取方式 (印刷本或诱過電子形式)。

To further promote effective communication, the corporate website is maintained to disseminate Company announcements and other relevant financial and non-financial information electronically on a timely basis.

Shareholders' Communication Policy

The Company has in place a Shareholders' Communication Policy. The policy aims at promoting effective communication with Shareholders and other stakeholders, encouraging Shareholders to engage actively with the Company and enabling Shareholders to exercise their rights as Shareholders effectively. The Board reviewed the implementation and effectiveness of the Shareholders' Communication Policy and the results were satisfactory.

The Company has established a number of channels for maintaining an on-going dialogue with its Shareholders as follows:

(a) Corporate Communication

"Corporate Communication" as defined under the Listing Rules refers to any document issued or to be issued by the Company for the information or action of holders of any of its securities, including but not limited to the following documents of the Company: (a) the Directors' report, annual accounts together with a copy of the auditor's report and, where applicable, its summary financial report; (b) the interim report and, where applicable, its summary interim report; (c) the quarterly report; (d) a notice of meeting; (e) a listing document; (f) a circular; and (g) a proxy form. The Corporate Communication of the Company will be published on the Stock Exchange's website (www. hkexnews.hk) in a timely manner as required by the Listing Rules. Corporate Communication will be provided to Shareholders and non-registered holders of the Company's securities in both English and Chinese versions or where permitted, in a single language, in a timely manner as required by the Listing Rules. Shareholders and non-registered holders of the Company's securities shall have the right to choose the language (either English or Chinese) or means of receipt of the Corporate Communication (in printed form or through electronic means).

Corporate Governance Report (Continued)

(b) 根據上市規則規定的公告及其他文件

本公司應根據上市規則的規定於聯交所網站適時登載公告(就內幕消息、企業行動及交易等事宜)及其他文件(例如組織章程大綱及細則)。

(c) 公司網站

任何登載於聯交所網站的本公司資料或 文件亦將登載於本公司的網站(www. ingdangroup.com)的「投資者關係」欄目內。

(d) 股東大會

本公司的股東週年大會及其他股東大會 是本公司與其股東溝通的主要平台。本公 司應按照上市規則適時向股東提供在股 東大會上提呈的決議案的相關資料,所提 供資料應為令股東可就建議決議案作出 知情決定的合理所需資料。本公司鼓勵股 東參與股東大會或如彼等未能出席大會 則委任代表出席股東大會並於會上代表 其投票。在合適或有需要情況下,董事會 主席及其他董事會成員、董事會轄下委員 會的主席或其委任的代表,以及外聘核數 師應出席本公司的股東大會並在會上回 答股東提問(如有)。董事會轄下的獨立委 員會(如有)的主席亦應出席任何批准關 連交易或任何其他須經獨立股東批准的 交易的股東大會,並於會上回答提問。

(e) 股東查詢

有關股權的查詢

股東應透過以下方式,向本公司的香港證券登記處香港中央證券登記有限公司查詢其股權:使用其線上持股查詢服務(網址:www.computershare.com/hk/contact)、或致電其熱線+852 2862 8555、或親身前往其公眾櫃檯(地址為:香港灣仔皇后大道東183號合和中心17M樓)。

(b) Announcements and Other Documents pursuant to the Listing Rules

The Company shall publish announcements (on inside information, corporate actions and transactions etc.) and other documents (e.g. Memorandum and Articles of Association) on the Stock Exchange's website in a timely manner in accordance with the Listing Rules.

(c) Corporate Website

Any information or documents of the Company posted on the Stock Exchange's website will also be published on the Company's website (www.ingdangroup.com) under the Investor Relations section.

(d) Shareholders' Meetings

The annual general meeting and other general meetings of the Company are primary forum for communication between the Company and its Shareholders. The Company shall provide Shareholders with relevant information on the resolutions(s) proposed at a general meeting in a timely manner in accordance with the Listing Rules. The information provided shall be reasonably necessary to enable Shareholders to make an informed decision on the proposed resolution(s). Shareholders are encouraged to participate in general meetings or to appoint proxies to attend and vote at the meetings for and on their behalf if they are unable to attend the meetings. Where appropriate or required, the Chairman of the Board and other Board members, the chairmen of board committees or their delegates, and the external auditors should attend general meetings of the Company to answer Shareholders' questions (if any). The chairman of the independent board committee (if any) should also be available to answer questions at any general meeting to approve a connected transaction or any other transaction that is subject to independent Shareholders' approval.

(e) Shareholders' Enquiries

Enquiries about Shareholdings

Shareholders should direct their enquiries about their shareholdings to the Company's Hong Kong share registrar, Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited, via its online holding enquiry service at www.computershare.com/hk/contact, or call its hotline at +852 2862 8555, or go in person to its public counter at 17M Floor Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Wan Chai, Hong Kong.

Corporate Governance Report (Continued)

章程文件

於截至2024年12月31日止年度內,本公司已修 訂其組織章程細則。修訂詳情載於寄發予股東 的日期為2024年4月29日的通函。本公司最新 版本的組織章程細則亦於本公司網站及聯交所 網站上可供閱覽。

代表董事會

董事會主席 康敬偉

香港,2025年3月31日

CONSTITUTIONAL DOCUMENTS

During the year ended December 31, 2024, the Company has amended its Articles of Association. Details of the amendments are set out in the circular dated April 29, 2024 to the Shareholders. An up to date version of the Company's Articles of Association is also available on the Company's website and the Stock Exchange's website.

On behalf of the Board

Kang Jingwei, Jeffrey

Chairman of the Board

Hong Kong, March 31, 2025

獨立核數師報告 Independent Auditor's Report



致硬蛋創新各股東

(於開曼群島註冊成立之有限公司)

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TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF INGDAN, INC.

(incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

意見

本核數師(以下簡稱「我們」)已審計列載於第 117至268頁的硬蛋創新(「貴公司」)及其附屬公司(以下統稱「貴集團」)的綜合財務報表,此綜 合財務報表包括於2024年12月31日的綜合財 務狀況表、截至該日止年度的綜合損益及其他 全面收益表、綜合權益變動表及綜合現金流量 表,以及綜合財務報表附註,包括重大會計政 策資料。

我們認為,該等綜合財務報表已根據香港會計師公會(「香港會計師公會」)頒佈的《香港財務報告準則」)真實而公平地反映了 貴集團於2024年12月31日的綜合財務狀況及截至該日止年度的綜合財務表現以及綜合現金流量,並已遵照香港《公司條例》的披露規定妥為擬備。

意見的基礎

我們已根據香港會計師公會頒佈的《香港審計準則》(「香港審計準則」)進行審計。我們在該等準則下承擔的責任已在本報告「核數師就審計綜合財務報表須承擔的責任」部分中作進一步闡述。根據香港會計師公會頒佈的《專業會計師道德守則》(「守則」),我們獨立於 貴集團,並已履行守則中的其他專業道德責任。我們相信,我們所獲得的審計憑證能充足及適當地為我們的意見提供基礎。

OPINION

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Ingdan, Inc. (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (hereinafter collectively referred to as the "Group") set out on pages 117 to 268, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2024, and the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including material accounting policy information.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 December 2024, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (the "HKICPA") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

BASIS FOR OPINION

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("HKSAs") issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (the "Code") and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Independent Auditor's Report (Continued)

關鍵審計事項

關鍵審計事項是根據我們的專業判斷,認為對 本期綜合財務報表的審計最為重要的事項。此 等事項是在我們審計整體綜合財務報表及出具 意見時進行處理的。我們不會對該等事項提供 單獨的意見。

無形資產及商譽的減值

茲提述綜合財務報表附註20及21,以及第 136、151至152頁的會計政策。

關鍵審計事項

The key audit matter

於2024年12月31日, 貴集團的無形資產及商 譽賬面值分別約為人民幣298.037.000元及人民 幣607,007,000元,已分配至不同的現金產生單 位。 貴集團的管理層對無形資產及商譽進行 減值評估時,乃以各現金產生單位的使用價值 計算作為基礎。截至2024年12月31日止年度並 無確認任何減值虧損。

As at 31 December 2024, the carrying amounts of the Group's intangible assets and goodwill are approximately RMB298,037,000 and RMB607,007,000 respectively. The management of the Group performed impairment assessment on the intangible assets and goodwill based on valuein-use calculations of each cash-generating unit. No impairment loss was recognised for the year ended 31 December 2024.

我們將無形資產及商譽的減值確認為一項關鍵 審計事項,原因是無形資產及商譽的賬面值對 綜合財務報表整體而言屬重大,且涉及 貴集 團管理層在進行減值評估時作出重大程度的判 斷及估計。

We have identified the impairment of intangible assets and goodwill as a key audit matter because the carrying amounts of intangible assets and goodwill are significant to the consolidated financial statements as a whole and there is involvement of a significant degree of judgements and estimates made by the management of the Group when performing the impairment assessment.

KEY AUDIT MATTERS

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Impairment of intangible assets and goodwill

Refer to notes 20 and 21 to the consolidated financial statements and the accounting policies on pages 136, 151 and 152.

我們的審計如何處理關鍵審計事項

How the matter was addressed in our audit

我們的審計程序旨在覆核管理層的評估,以及其用於進行無形資 產及商譽減值測試的估計及判斷。

Our audit procedures were designed to review the management's assessment, and its estimations and judgements used in the impairment testing on intangible assets and goodwill.

我們已評估就減值評估對各現金產生單位作出的識別以及商譽及 無形資產對各現金產生單位作出的分配是否合理。

We have assessed the reasonableness of the identification of each cash-generating unit and the allocation of goodwill and intangible assets to each cash-generating unit for impairment assessment.

我們亦已評估 貴集團管理層所進行的減值測試。我們已透過同 貴集團管理層所核准的預算,測試溢利預測及現金流量預測 所用的相關數據及假設,並與直至報告日期為止可獲得的實際業 績進行比較。我們亦根據最新可得資料質詢管理層用於溢利預測 及現金流量預測中的判斷及估計是否合理,包括預測銷售額及增 長率。我們亦透過覆核計算基礎及比較輸入值與市場來源,質詢

貴集團管理層及獨立估值師於使用價值計算所採納的折現率。 We have also assessed the impairment testing performed by the management of the Group. We have tested the underlying data and assumptions used in the profit forecasts and cash flow projections by agreeing the budgets approved by the management of the Group and compared with actual results available up to the report date. We have also challenged the reasonableness of the management's judgements and estimates used in the profit forecasts and cash flow projections, including the forecasted sales and growth rate, against latest available information. We have also challenged the discount rate adopted by the management of the Group and the independent valuer in the value-inuse calculations by reviewing its basis of calculation and comparing the input data to market sources.

Independent Auditor's Report (Continued)

存貨撥備

茲提述綜合財務報表附註25,以及第153頁的 會計政策。

Allowance for inventories

Refer to note 25 to the consolidated financial statements and the accounting policies on page 153.

關鍵審計事項

The key audit matter

於2024年12月31日, 貴集團的存貨賬面值 於扣除存貨撥備約人民幣32,780,000元後, 約為人民幣3.510.501,000元。截至2024年12 月31日止年度,已確認經扣除存貨撥備約人 民幣4,416,000元。

As at 31 December 2024, the carrying amount of the Group's inventories is approximately RMB3,510,501,000, net of allowance for inventories of approximately RMB32,780,000. The net allowance for inventories of approximately RMB4,416,000 was recognised for the year ended 31 December 2024.

我們將存貨撥備確認為一項關鍵審計事項, 原因是 貴集團存貨的賬面值對綜合財務報 表整體而言屬重大,以及涉及 貴集團管理 層於識別陳舊及滯銷存貨及基於存貨狀況及 市場需求釐定可變現淨值(「可變現淨值」)時 作出重大判斷及估計。

We have identified the allowance for inventories as a key audit matter because the carrying amount of the Group's inventories is significant to the consolidated financial statements as a whole and there is involvement of significant judgements and estimates made by the management of the Group when identifying obsolete and slow-moving inventories and determining the net realisable value ("NRV"), which are based on conditions and the marketability of the inventories.

我們的審計如何處理關鍵審計事項 How the matter was addressed in our audit

我們的審計程序旨在評價管理層對識別陳舊及滯銷存貨以及 釐定可變現淨值的評估。

Our audit procedures were designed to evaluate the management's assessment on identifying obsolete and slow-moving inventories and determination of the net realisable value.

我們已對存貨的可變現淨值釐定基準的合理性作出評估,並 對 貴集團管理層所採用存貨的狀況及市場需求作出評價。 我們已按抽樣基準對存貨的賬齡分析與來源文件進行核查。 我們亦已按抽樣基準將期後銷售與來源文件進行核查。

We have assessed the reasonableness of the basis adopted by the management of the Group on determining the NRV of inventories and evaluating the conditions and marketability of the inventories. We have performed testing on the ageing analysis of the inventories, on a sample basis, to source documents. We have also tested the subsequent sales, on a sample basis, to source documents.

我們亦已按抽樣基準,經參考最近售價,評估對陳舊及滯銷存 貨作出的撥備是否充足及估計可變現淨值。

We have also assessed the adequacy of allowance for obsolete and slow-moving inventories and the estimated NRV with reference to the latest selling price, on a sample basis.

Independent Auditor's Report (Continued)

貿易應收款項的虧損撥備

兹提述綜合財務報表附註26,以及第160至166 頁的會計政策。

Loss allowance on trade receivables

Refer to note 26 to the consolidated financial statements and the accounting policies from pages 160 to 166.

關鍵審計事項

The key audit matter

於2024年12月31日, 貴集團的貿易應收款 項賬面值於扣除約人民幣89,307,000元的貿 易應收款項虧損撥備後,約為人民幣 1,924,098,000元。截至2024年12月31日止年 度已確認經扣除的虧損撥備淨額約為人民幣 26.440.000元。

As at 31 December 2024, the carrying amount of the Group's trade receivables is approximately RMB1,924,098,000, net of loss allowance on trade receivables of approximately RMB89,307,000. Net reversal of loss allowance of approximately RMB26,440,000 was recognised for the year ended 31 December 2024.

我們將貿易應收款項的虧損撥備確認為一項 關鍵審計事項,原因是 貴集團貿易應收款 項的賬面值對綜合財務報表整體而言屬重 大,以及在評估預期信貸虧損(「預期信貸虧 損」) 時,涉及管理層根據過往的信貸虧損經 驗、債務人特定的前瞻性資料及彼等的經濟 環境作出重大程度的判斷及估計。

We have identified the loss allowance on trade receivables as a key audit matter because the carrying amount of the Group's trade receivables is significant to the consolidated financial statements as a whole and there is involvement of a significant degree of management's judgements and estimates involved in assessing the expected credit loss ("ECL"), based on the historical credit loss experience and forwardlooking information specific to the debtors and their economic environments.

我們的審計如何處理關鍵審計事項

How the matter was addressed in our audit

我們的審計程序旨在覆核管理層對貿易應收款項預期信貸虧 損作出的評估。

Our audit procedures were designed to review the management's assessment of the ECL on trade receivables.

我們已了解 貴集團管理層在預期信貸虧損模型所採用的方 法及其制訂程序。

We have obtained an understanding of the methodology used and its development processes adopted by the management of the Group in the ECL model.

我們亦已評估 貴集團管理層對預期信貸虧損評估、所挑選 參數及所採用的內部信貸評級而作出的假設及判斷是否合 理。我們亦已抽樣審視預期信貸虧損模式所用的主要數據,以 評估其準確性及合理性。

We have also assessed the reasonableness of assumptions and judgements made by the management of the Group on the ECL assessment, parameters selected and the internal credit rating used. We have also examined the key data used in the ECL model on a sample basis to assess their accuracy and reasonableness.

Independent Auditor's Report (Continued)

應收貸款的虧損撥備

茲提述綜合財務報表附註27,以及第160至166 頁的會計政策。

Loss allowance on loans receivables

Refer to note 27 to the consolidated financial statements and the accounting policies from pages 160 to 166.

關鍵審計事項

損撥備。

The key audit matter

於2024年12月31日, 貴集團的應收貸款賬 面值約為人民幣806.497.000元,相當於根據 金融服務(即引力金服及僱員)向 貴集團客 戶、聯繫人及非控股被投資者提供的貸款。 截至2024年12月31日止年度並無確認任何虧

As at 31 December 2024, the carrying amount of the Group's loans receivables is approximately RMB806,497,000, representing the loans granted to customers, associates and noncontrolling investees of the Group under the financing services, namely IngFin Financing Services and employees. No loss allowance was recognised for the year ended 31 December 2024.

我們將應收貸款的虧損撥備確認為一項關鍵 審計事項,原因是 貴集團應收貸款的賬面 值對綜合財務報表整體而言屬重大,以及在 評估預期信貸虧損時,涉及 貴集團管理層 及獨立估值師根據過往的信貸虧損經驗、債 務人特定的前瞻性資料及彼等的經濟環境作 出重大程度的判斷及估計。

We have identified the loss allowance on loans receivables as a key audit matter because the carrying amount of the Group's loans receivables is significant to the consolidated financial statements as a whole and there is involvement of a significant degree of judgements and estimates made by the management of the Group and the independent valuer in assessing the ECL, based on historical credit loss experience and forward-looking information specific to the debtors and their economic environments.

我們的審計如何處理關鍵審計事項

How the matter was addressed in our audit

我們的審計程序旨在覆核管理層對就應收貸款預期信貸虧損 作出的評估。

Our audit procedures were designed to review the management's assessment of the ECL on loans receivables.

我們已了解 貴集團管理層及獨立估值師在預期信貸虧損模 型所採用的方法及其制訂程序。

We have obtained an understanding of the methodology used and its development processes adopted by the management of the Group and the independent valuer in the ECL model.

我們亦已評估 貴集團管理層及獨立估值師對預期信貸虧損 評估、所挑選參數及所採用的內部信貸評級而作出的假設及 判斷是否合理。我們亦已抽樣審視預期信貸虧損模式所用的 主要數據,以評估其準確性及合理性。

We have also assessed the reasonableness of assumptions and judgements made by the management of the Group and the independent valuer on the ECL assessment, parameters selected and the internal credit rating used. We have also examined the key data used in the ECL model on a sample basis to assess their accuracy and reasonableness.

Independent Auditor's Report (Continued)

釐定按公平值計入其他全面收益(「按 公平值計入其他全面收益1)的金融資 產的公平值

兹提述綜合財務報表附註22,以及第167頁的 會計政策。

Fair value determination of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVTOCI")

Refer to note 22 to the consolidated financial statements and the accounting policies on page 167.

關鍵審計事項

The key audit matter

於2024年12月31日, 貴集團按公平值計入 其他全面收益的金融資產的賬面值約為人民 幣796,786,000元。獨立估值師乃由 貴集團 管理層就釐定於2024年12月31日的非上市股 本投資各自的公平值而聘請。

As at 31 December 2024, the carrying amount of the Group's financial assets at FVTOCI is approximately RMB796,786,000. Independent valuer was engaged by the management of the Group for the fair value determination of each of the unlisted equity investments as at 31 December 2024.

我們將釐定按公平值計入其他全面收益的金 融資產的公平值確認為一項關鍵審計事項, 原因是該賬面值對綜合財務報表整體而言屬 重大,以及在釐定於報告期末按公平值計入 其他全面收益的金融資產的公平值時,涉及

貴集團管理層及獨立估值師作出重大判斷 及估計,包括使用重大不可觀察輸入值。

We have identified the fair value determination of financial assets at FVTOCI as a key audit matter because the carrying amount is significant to the consolidated financial statements as a whole and there is involvement of significant judgements and estimates, including use of significant unobservable inputs, made by the management of the Group and the independent valuer when determining the fair value of financial assets at FVTOCI at the end of the reporting period.

我們的審計如何處理關鍵審計事項

How the matter was addressed in our audit

我們的審計程序旨在覆核判斷及估值(包括使用 貴集團管理 層及獨立估值師於釐定公平值時採用的重大不可觀察輸入值) 是否合理。

Our audit procedures were designed to review the reasonableness of judgements and estimates, including use of significant unobservable inputs adopted in the fair value determination by the management of the Group and the independent valuer.

我們已與獨立估值師討論估值方法。我們亦已透過覆核計算 基準及比較輸入數據與市場來源,質詢 貴集團管理層及獨 立估值師於評估公平值時使用的相關假設及數據(例如評估公 平值時採用的盈利倍數及銷售倍數)是否合理。

We have discussed with the independent valuer on the valuation methodology and challenged the reasonableness of the underlying assumptions and data used by the management of the Group and the independent valuer in the fair value assessment, such as the earnings multiples and sales multiples adopted in the fair value assessment by reviewing its basis of calculation and comparing the input data to market sources.

獨立核數師報告(續) Independent Auditor's Report (Continued)

綜合財務報表及就此發出的核數師 報告以外的資料

貴公司董事須對其他資料負責。其他資料包括 載入公司資料、董事及高級管理層、董事會報 告及企業管治報告的資料,但不包括我們於本 核數師報告日期之前取得的綜合財務報表及我 們的核數師報告以及預期將在本核數師報告日 期之後向我們提供的財務摘要、主席報告書、 管理層討論與分析以及五年財務概要。

我們對綜合財務報表作出的意見並不包括其他 資料,我們亦不會對其他資料發表任何形式的 核證結論。

就我們審計綜合財務報表而言,我們的責任為 閱讀上述已識別的其他資料,並於此過程中, 考慮其他資料是否與綜合財務報表或我們於審 計中所得知的情況有重大抵觸,或似乎有重大 錯誤陳述。基於我們就本核數師報告日期前獲 取的其他資料已執行的工作,倘我們認為此其 他資料有重大錯誤陳述,我們須報告有關事 實。就此,我們毋須作出報告。

當我們閱讀財務摘要、主席報告、管理層討論與分析以及五年財務概要時,倘我們得出其中存在重大錯誤陳述的結論,我們須將該事項告知審核委員會,並在考慮我們的法定權利及義務後採取適當行動。

INFORMATION OTHER THAN THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND AUDITOR'S REPORT THEREON

The directors of the Company are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in corporate information, directors and senior management, report of the directors and corporate governance report, but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon, which we obtained prior to the date of the auditor's report, and the financial highlights, chairman's statement, management discussion and analysis and five-year financial summary, which are expected to be made available to us after that date.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed on the other information that we obtained prior to the date of this auditor's report, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

When we read financial highlights, chairman's statement, management discussion and analysis and five-year financial summary, if we conclude that there is a material misstatement therein, we are required to communicate the matter to Audit Committee and take appropriate action considering our legal rights and obligations.

Independent Auditor's Report (Continued)

貴公司董事及審核委員會就綜合財 務報表須承擔的責任

貴公司董事須負責根據香港會計師公會頒佈的 香港財務報告準則及香港《公司條例》的披露規 定編製綜合財務報表,以令綜合財務報表作出 真實而公平的列報,及落實 貴公司董事認為 編製綜合財務報表所必要的內部控制,以使綜 合財務報表不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重 大錯誤陳述。

於編製綜合財務報表時, 貴公司董事負責評 估 貴集團持續經營的能力,並在適用情況下 披露與持續經營有關的事項,以及採用持續經 營為會計基礎,除非 貴公司董事有意將 貴 集團清盤或停止經營,或除此之外並無其他實 際可行的辦法。

審核委員會須負責監督 貴集團的財務申報 程序。

核數師就審計綜合財務報表須承擔 的青任

我們的目標為合理確定此等綜合財務報表整體 而言是否不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大 錯誤陳述,並發出載有我們意見的核數師報 告。我們僅根據協定委任條款向全體股東報 告,不作其他用途。我們概不就本報告內容向 任何其他人士承擔或負上任何責任。合理確定 屬高層次的核證,惟根據香港審計準則進行的 審計工作概不保證總能察覺所存在的重大錯誤 陳述。錯誤陳述可因欺詐或錯誤而產生,倘個 別或整體在合理預期情況下可影響使用者根據 該等綜合財務報表作出的經濟決定時,則被視 為重大錯誤陳述。

RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS OF THE COMPANY AND AUDIT COMMITTEE FOR THE **CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors of the Company determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors of the Company are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors of the Company either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Audit Committee is responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion, solely to you, as a body, in accordance with our agreed terms of engagement, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

Independent Auditor's Report (Continued)

核數師就審計綜合財務報表須承擔 的責任(續)

根據香港審計準則進行審計時,我們運用專業 判斷,並於整個審計過程中保持專業懷疑態 度。我們亦:

- 識別及評估由於欺詐或錯誤而導致綜合 財務報表存在重大錯誤陳述的風險、設計 及執行審計程序以應對該等風險,以及獲 取充足和適當的審計憑證,作為我們意見 的基礎。由於欺詐可能涉及串謀、偽造、 蓄意遺漏、虚假陳述或凌駕內部控制的情 況,因此未能發現因欺詐而導致的重大錯 誤陳述的風險高於未能發現因錯誤而導 致的重大錯誤陳述的風險。
- 了解與審計有關的內部控制,以設計適當 的審計程序,但並非為對 貴集團內部控 制的效能發表意見。
- 評估 貴公司董事所採用會計政策的合適 性及作出會計估計及相關披露的合理性。
- 對 貴公司董事採用持續經營為會計基礎 的恰當性作出結論,並根據所獲得的審計 憑證,確定是否存在與事項或情況有關的 重大不確定性,從而可能導致對 貴集團 的持續經營能力產生重大疑慮。倘我們認 為存在重大不確定性,我們須於核數師報 告中提請注意綜合財務報表中的相關披 露,或倘有關披露不足,則修訂我們的意 見。我們的結論乃基於截至核數師報告日 期所獲得的審計憑證。然而,未來事項或 情況可能導致 貴集團無法持續經營。
- 評估綜合財務報表的整體呈報方式、結構 及內容,包括披露資料,以及綜合財務報 表是否中肯反映相關交易及事項。

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors of the Company.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Company's directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

Independent Auditor's Report (Continued)

核數師就審計綜合財務報表須承擔的責任(續)

規劃及執行集團審計以就 貴集團內實體或業務單位的財務資料獲取充足及適當的審計憑證,以此為基準就 貴集團財務報表發表意見。我們須負責指示、監督及檢討就集團審計執行的審計工作。我們須為我們的審計意見承擔全部責任。

我們與審核委員會就(其中包括)審計的計劃範圍、時間安排及重大審計發現進行溝通,該等發現包括我們在審計過程中識別的內部控制的任何重大缺失。

我們亦向審核委員會作出聲明,説明我們已符合有關獨立性的相關道德要求,並與彼等溝通可能被合理認為會影響我們獨立性的所有關係及其他事宜,以及為消除威脅而採取的行動或相關的防範措施(如適用)。

從與審核委員會溝通的事項中,我們釐定對本期間綜合財務報表的審計至關重要,因而構成關鍵審計事項的事項。我們在核數師報告中描述該等事項,除非法律或法規不允許公開理時次下,做合理人工,以在極端罕見的情況下,做合理過期在報告中溝通某事項造成的負面後果超過至的公眾利益,則我們決定不應在報告中溝通有關事項。

出具本獨立核數師報告的審計項目合夥人為黃 漢基先生。

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Plan and perform the group audit to obtain sufficient appropriate
audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities
or business units within the Group as a basis for forming an
opinion on the Group financial statements. We are responsible
for the direction, supervision and review of the audit work
performed for purpose of the group audit. We remain solely
responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with Audit Committee regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide Audit Committee with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

From the matters communicated with Audit Committee, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Mr. Wong Hon Kei, Anthony.

信永中和(香港)會計師事務所有限公司 執業會計師

黄漢基

執業證書編號: P05591

香港 2025年3月31日 SHINEWING (HK) CPA Limited

Certified Public Accountants

Wong Hon Kei, Anthony

Practising Certificate Number: P05591

Hong Kong 31 March 2025

綜合損益及其他全面收益表 **Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss** and Other Comprehensive Income

		附註 Notes	2024年 2024 人民幣千元 RMB'000	2023年 2023 人民幣千元 RMB'000
收入 銷售成本	Revenue Cost of sales	7	10,129,127 (9,239,666)	8,863,382 (7,833,461)
毛利 其他收入、收益及虧損 銷售及分銷開支 研發開支 行政及其他經營開支 金融資產減值虧損 撥回(減值虧損) 財務成本 應佔聯營公司業績	Gross profit Other income, gains and losses Selling and distribution expenses Research and development expenses Administrative and other operating expenses Reversal of impairment losses (impairment losses) of financial assets Finance costs Share of results of associates	9	889,461 24,059 (186,226) (104,126) (221,697) 26,440 (125,260) 6,400	1,029,921 52,845 (175,713) (102,582) (315,031) (24,115) (109,295) 4,435
除税前溢利 所得税開支	Profit before tax Income tax expenses	11	309,051 (35,561)	360,465 (40,595)
年內溢利	Profit for the year	12	273,490	319,870
以下應佔年內溢利: 本公司擁有人 非控股權益	Profit for the year attributable to: Owners of the Company Non-controlling interests		189,854 83,636	210,700 109,170
			273,490	319,870

綜合損益及其他全面收益表(續)

Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income (Continued)

		附註 Note	2024年 2024 人民幣千元 RMB'000	2023年 2023 人民幣千元 RMB'000
其他全面開支	Other comprehensive expense			
其後不會重新分類至 損益的項目: 財務報表由功能貨幣 換算為呈報貨幣所產 生的匯兑差額	Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss: Exchange differences arising on translation of financial statements from functional currency to presentation currency		18,304	(23,131)
按公平值計入其他 全面收益的股本投資 的公平值變動淨額	Net change in fair value of equity investments at fair value through other comprehensive income		(399,367)	(182,617)
			(381,063)	(205,748)
其後可能重新分類至 損益的項目: 換算海外業務財務 報表所產生的 匯兑差額	Item that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss: Exchange differences arising on translation of financial statements of foreign operations		67,742	(5,296)
	operation.		67,742	(5,296)
年內其他全面開支	Other comprehensive expense for the year		(313,321)	(211,044)
年內全面(開支)收益 總額	Total comprehensive (expense) income for the year		(39,831)	108,826
以下應佔年內全面 (開支)收益總額: 本公司擁有人 非控股權益	Total comprehensive (expense) income for the year attributable to: Owners of the Company Non-controlling interests		(134,456) 94,625	12,575 96,251
			(39,831)	108,826
每股盈利 基本(人民幣元)	EARNINGS PER SHARE Basic (RMB)	16	0.139	0.154
攤薄(人民幣元)	Diluted (RMB)		0.138	0.154

綜合財務狀況表

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

於2024年12月31日 As at 31 December 2024

			2024年	2023年
			2024	2023
		附註	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		Notes	RMB'000	RMB'000
非流動資產	Non-current assets			
廠房及設備	Plant and equipment	17	15,600	14,569
使用權資產	Right-of-use assets	18	104,904	122,702
投資物業	Investment properties	19	207,347	222,403
無形資產	Intangible assets	20	298,037	445,154
商譽	Goodwill	21	607,007	607,007
按公平值計入其他全面	Financial assets at fair value through other			
收益的金融資產	comprehensive income	22	796,786	884,596
應收貸款	Loans receivables	27	803,622	284,612
於聯營公司的權益	Interests in associates	23	33,239	26,839
於一間合營企業的權益	Interest in a joint venture	24	_	
			2,866,542	2,607,882
流動資產	Current assets			
存貨	Inventories	25	3,510,501	4,506,058
貿易應收款項、應收	Trade, bills and other receivables		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	, ,
票據及其他應收款項		26	2,380,719	1,932,233
應收貸款	Loan receivables	27	2,875	424,635
可收回所得税	Income tax recoverables	21	6,215	3,129
已抵押銀行存款	Pledged bank deposits	28	231,458	287,705
現金及現金等價物		28	•	
况立及况立守惧初 ————————————————————————————————————	Cash and cash equivalents	28	608,229	437,777
			6,739,997	7,591,537
			· · ·	
流動負債	Current liabilities			
貿易及其他應付款項	Trade and other payables	29	2,475,227	3,304,924
租賃負債	Lease liabilities	18	11,269	19,193
合約負債	Contract liabilities	30	137,276	101,700
其他金融負債	Other financial liabilities	33	249,618	-
應付所得稅	Income tax payables	00	21,917	4,378
銀行貸款	Bank loans	31	1,885,882	1,597,377
蚁门	Dai in IUdi 15	٥١	1,000,002	1,087,077
			4,781,189	5,027,572
			.,,	5,521,512
流動資產淨額	Net current assets		1,958,808	2,563,965
//U <i>判</i> 只 庄 / T	THOS CALLOTTS ASSOCIA		1,000,000	2,000,000

綜合財務狀況表(續)

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position (Continued)

於2024年12月31日 As at 31 December 2024

		附註 Notes	2024年 2024 人民幣千元 RMB'000	2023年 2023 人民幣千元 RMB'000
總資產減流動負債	Total assets less current liabilities		4,825,350	5,171,847
			<u> </u>	
非流動負債	Non-current liabilities			
遞延税項負債	Deferred tax liabilities	32	26,226	33,878
其他金融負債	Other financial liabilities	33	384,555	610,699
租賃負債	Lease liabilities	18	5,685	12,550
			416,466	657,127
資產淨額	Net assets		4,408,884	4,514,720
資本及儲備	Capital and reserves			
股本	Share capital	34	1	1
儲備	Reserves		3,846,054	3,993,792
			3,846,055	3,993,793
非控股權益	Non-controlling interests		562,829	520,927
總權益	Total equity		4,408,884	4,514,720

第117至268頁的綜合財務報表於2025年3月31 日經董事會審批及授權刊發,並由以下董事代 表簽署:

The consolidated financial statements on pages 117 to 268 were approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 31 March 2025 and are signed on its behalf by:

康敬偉 Kang Jingwei, Jeffrey 董事 Director

胡麟祥 Wu Lun Cheung, Allen 董事 Director

綜合權益變動表

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity 截至2024年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2024

							司擁有人應佔 owners of the Co	ompany						
		股本	股份溢價	資本儲備	以股份為基礎的 補償儲備 Share-based	其他儲備	庫存股份	匯兑儲備	法定儲備	公平值儲備	保留溢利		非控股權益 Non-	
		Share capital 人民幣千元 RMB'000 (附註35) (note 35)	Share premium 人民幣千元 RMB'000	Capital reserve 人民幣千元 RMB'000 (附註(j)) (note (i))	compensation reserve 人民幣千元 RMB'000 (附註(ii)) (note (ii))	Other reserve 人民幣千元 RMB'000 (附註(iii)) (note (iii))	Treasury shares 人民幣千元 RMB'000 (附註(iv)) (note (iv))	Exchange reserve 人民幣千元 RMB'000	Statutory reserves 人民幣千元 RMB'000 (附註(v)) (note (v))	Fair value reserve 人民幣千元 RMB'000 (附註(vi)) (note (vi))	Retained profits 人民幣千元 RMB'000	Total 人民幣千元 RMB'000	Controlling interests 人民幣千元 RMB'000	Total 人民幣千元 RMB'000
於2024年1月1日	At 1 January 2024	1	2,023,351	18,923	28,274	(110,184)	(38,058)	(24,599)	13,891	(627,145)	2,709,339	3,993,793	520,927	4,514,720
年內溢利 年內其他全面收益(開支)	Profit for the year Other comprehensive income (expense) for the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	75,057	-	(399,367)	189,854	189,854 (324,310)	83,636 10,989	273,490 (313,321)
年內全面收益(開支)總額	Total comprehensive income (expense) for the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	75,057	-	(399,367)	189,854	(134,456)	94,625	(39,831)
附屬公司向非控股權益分派	Distributions by a subsidiary to non-controlling interests	_	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	(47,853)	(47,853)
於一間附屬公司的擁有權權益的變動(附註38) 根據受限制股份單位計劃 發行股份(附註37)	Changes in ownership interest in a subsidiary (note 38) Issue of shares under the RSU scheme (note 37)	-	-	-	_ (1,696)	(14,423)	_ 1,696	-	-	-	-	(14,423) —	(4,870) —	(19,293)
按權益結算以股份為基礎的 補償開支(附註37(b))	Equity-settled share-based compensation expenses (note 37(b))	-	-	-	1,141	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,141	-	1,141
於2024年12月31日	At 31 December 2024	1	2,023,351	18,923	27,719	(124,607)	(36,362)	50,458	13,891	(1,026,512)	2,899,193	3,846,055	562,829	4,408,884

綜合權益變動表(續)

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity (Continued)

						司擁有人應佔 owners of the Cor	mpany						
	股本	股份溢價	資本儲備	以股份為基礎的 補償儲備 Share-based	其他儲備	庫存股份	匯兇儲備	法定儲備	公平值储備	保留溢利	總計	非控股權益 Non-	總計
	Share capital 人民幣千元 RIMB'000 (州註35) (note 35)	Share premium 人民幣千元 RMB'000	Capital reserve 人民幣千元 RMB'000 (附註(i)) (note (i))	compensation reserve 人民幣千元 RMB'000 (附註间) (note 间)	Other reserve 人民幣千元 RMB'000 (附註(ii)) (note (iii))	Treasury shares 人民幣千元 RMB'000 (附註(v)) (note (iv))	Exchange reserve 人民幣千元 RMB'000	Statutory reserves 人民幣千元 RMB'000 (附註(v)) (note (v))	Fair value reserve 人民幣千元 RMB'000 (附註(vi)) (note (vi))	Retained profits 人民幣千元 RMB'000	Total 人民幣千元 RMB'000	controlling interests 人民幣千元 RMB'000	Tota 人民幣千元 RMB'000
於2023年1月1日 At 1 January 203	23 1	2,073,753	18,923	27,172	(110,184)	(39,900)	(9,091)	13,891	(444,528)	2,498,639	4,028,676	424,676	4,453,352
年內溢利 Profit for the yea 年內其他全面開支 Other comprehe the year	r – nsive expense for –	-	-	-	-	-	(15,508)	-	(182,617)	210,700	210,700 (198,125)	109,170 (12,919)	319,870 (211,044
年內全面 (開支) 收益總額 Total compreher the year	nsive (expense) income for	-	-	_	-	-	(15,508)	-	(182,617)	210,700	12,575	96,251	108,826
發行股份(附註37) (note 37)	under the RSU scheme –	(50,402)	-	- (1,84 <u>2</u>)	-	- 1,842	-	-	-	- -	(50,402)	- -	(50,402
按權益結算以股份支付的 Equity-settled sh 補償開支(附註37(b)) expenses (are-based compensation note 37(b)) –	-	-	2,944	-	-	-	-	-	_	2,944	-	2,944
於2024年12月31日 At 31 December	2024 1	2,023,351	18,923	28,274	(110,184)	(38,058)	(24,599)	13,891	(627,145)	2,709,339	3,993,793	520,927	4,514,720

綜合權益變動表(續)

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity (Continued)

截至2024年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2024

附註:

資本儲備

這指於截至2012年12月31日止年度內本公司股東以 現金形式注入的款項3,000,000美元(相當於約人民幣 18.923.000元)。

以股份為基礎的補償儲備 (ii)

這指已根據附註3就以股份為基礎的付款採納的會計 政策確認的根據受限制股份單位計劃(「受限制股份 單位計劃」)授予本公司及其附屬公司董事及僱員的 股份的授出日期公平值部分。

(iii) 其他儲備

其他儲備用於應對附屬公司擁有權權益變動並無導 致喪失控制權。

庫存股份

從市場上購買本公司股份之已付代價呈列為[庫存股 份」,而相關金額自總權益扣除。

於本公司的股份因歸屬而轉讓予受獎人後,已歸屬的 獎勵股份的相關成本計入「庫存股份」內,並對「以股 份為基礎的補償儲備|作出相應調整。

Notes:

Capital reserve

It represents an amount of US\$3,000,000, equivalent to approximately RMB18,923,000, contributed by the shareholder of the Company in the form of cash during the year ended 31 December 2012.

Share-based compensation reserve

It represents the portion of the grant date fair value of the shares granted to the directors and employees of the Company and its subsidiaries under the Restricted Share Unit Scheme ("RSU Scheme") that has been recognised in accordance with the accounting policy adopted for share-based payments in note 3.

(iii) Other reserve

The other reserve is to deal with the changes in ownership interests in subsidiaries that do not result in a loss of control

Treasury shares

The consideration paid for purchasing the Company's shares from the market is presented as "Treasury shares" and the amount is deducted from total equity.

When the Company's shares are transferred to the awardees upon vesting, the related costs of the awarded shares vested are credited to "Treasury shares", with a corresponding adjustment made to "share-based compensation reserve".

綜合權益變動表(續)

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity (Continued)

截至2024年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2024

附註:(續)

(v) 法定儲備

> 根據中華人民共和國(「中國」)外商投資企業的適用法 例、組織章程細則及適用於中國境內海外附屬公司的 法例,中國附屬公司須把其根據中國公認會計原則 (「中國公認會計原則」) 釐定的純利的適當部分轉撥至 多項儲備,包括一般儲備及法定盈餘儲備(統稱「法定 儲備1)。

> 就一般儲備而言,轉撥至一般儲備的金額由相關中國 附屬公司的董事酌情決定。該儲備僅可用作特定用途 及不可作為現金股息分派。

> 就法定盈餘儲備而言,相關中國附屬公司須把根據中 國公認會計原則釐定的純利的10%轉撥至法定盈餘儲 備, 直至儲備結餘達到相關中國附屬公司註冊資本的 50%。轉撥至此儲備須於分派股息前進行。法定盈餘 儲備可連同以往年度之虧損(如有)動用,並可藉向股 東按其現有持股比例發行新股份,或藉增加股東現時 持有之股份面值,將法定盈餘儲備轉換為股本,惟發 行股份後之結餘不得少於註冊資本之25%。50%儲備 結餘以外的任何基金金額可由相關中國附屬公司分 派以作為墊款或現金股息,惟須遵守適用規定。

公平值儲備 (vi)

公平值儲備包括於報告期間末按公平值計入其他全 面收益的金融資產的公平值累積變動淨額,乃根據附 註3所載的會計政策處理。

* 英文名稱僅供識別。

Notes: (Continued)

Statutory reserves

According to laws applicable to the foreign investment enterprises in the People's Republic of China (the "PRC") and the Articles of Associations to laws applicable to the foreign subsidiaries in the PRC, the subsidiaries in the PRC are required to appropriate part of their net profits as determined in accordance with the Generally Accepted Accounting Principles in the PRC (the "PRC GAAP") to various reserves. These include general reserve and statutory surplus reserve (collectively referred to as the "statutory reserves").

For general reserve, appropriation to general reserve is at the discretion of the directors of the relevant subsidiaries in the PRC. The reserve can only be used for specific purposes and is not distributable as cash dividends.

For statutory surplus reserve, 10% of the net profit, as determined in accordance with the PRC GAAP, of the relevant subsidiaries in the PRC is transferred to the statutory surplus reserve until the reserve balance reaches 50% of the registered capital of the relevant subsidiaries in the PRC. The transfer to this reserve must be made before distribution of dividends. The statutory surplus reserve can be utilised with the previous years' losses, if any, and may be converted into share capital by the issue of new shares to shareholders in proportion to their existing shareholders or by increasing the par value of the shares currently held by the shareholders, provided that the balance after such issue is not less than 25% of the registered capital. Any amount of funds outside of the 50% reserve balance can be distributed as by the relevant subsidiaries in the PRC, as advances or cash dividends, subject however, to complying with applicable requirements.

Fair value reserve (vi)

The fair value reserve comprises the cumulative net change in the fair value of financial assets at FVTOCI at the end of the reporting period and is dealt with in accordance with the accounting policies in note 3.

* The English name is for identification purpose only.

綜合現金流量表

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

		2024年 2024 人民幣千元 RMB'000	2023年 2023 人民幣千元 RMB'000
經營活動 除税前溢利	OPERATING ACTIVITIES Profit before tax	309,051	360,465
就廠使投無財銀貿 存應出政撇按有股權物資成利應回撥聯資品售所銷權與虧資數方應的人人人人,與一個人,與一個人,與一個人,與一個人,與一個人,與一個人,與一個人,	Adjustments for: Depreciation of plant and equipment Depreciation of right-of-use assets Depreciation of investment properties Amortisation of intangible assets Finance costs Bank interest income (Reversal of loss allowance) loss allowance on trade receivables Allowance for inventories, net Share of results of associates Loss on disposal of investment properties Government grants Written off of plant and equipment Equity-settled share-based compensation expenses	2,286 22,653 3,482 181,078 125,260 (13,407) (26,440) 4,416 (6,400) 774 (4,625) 26	2,424 24,464 15,250 287,672 109,295 (14,991) 24,115 2,622 (4,435) — (19,777) 159
營運資金變動前經營現金 流量 存貨減少(增加) 貿易應收款項、應收票據及 其他應收款項增加 應收貸款及利息增加 質易及其他應付款項減少 合約負債增加(減少) 經營活動所得(所用)現金 已付所得税	Operating cash flows before movements in working capital Decrease (increase) in inventories Increase in trade, bills and other receivables Increase in loans and interest receivables Decrease in trade and other payables Increase (decrease) in contract liabilities Cash generated from (used in) operations Income tax paid	599,295 874,327 (360,180) (87,598) (900,648) 35,576	790,207 (460,752) (488,251) (5,245) (165,641) (162,795) (492,477) (80,864)
經營活動所得(所用)現金	NET CASH FROM (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES	132,012	(573,341)

綜合現金流量表(續)

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows (Continued)

		2024年 2024 人民幣千元 RMB'000	2023年 2023 人民幣千元 RMB'000
投資活動 解除已抵押銀行存款 已抵押銀行存款 已收利息 出售投資物業所得款項 按值計入其他全面收益 的放已抵資資 存數 時間 對別 對別 對別 對別 對別 對 對 對 對 對 對 對 對 對 對 對 對	INVESTING ACTIVITIES Release on pledged bank deposits Interest received Proceeds from disposal of investment properties Investment in financial assets at FVTOCI Placement of pledged bank deposits Purchase of intangible assets Investment in debenture Purchase of plant and equipment Purchase of right-of-use assets Proceeds from financial asset at fair value through	107,577 13,407 10,800 (100,000) (51,330) (27,660) (10,000) (3,333)	100,000 14,991 — — (197,166) (64,411) — (8,833) (94,789)
值計入損益」)的金融 資產的所得款項	profit or loss ("FVTPL")	_	6,000
投資活動所用現金淨額	NET CASH USED IN INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(60,539)	(244,208)
融資活動 新籌銀行貸款 政府補助收款 償還銀行貸款 已付利息 已付股息 租賃負債還款 收購附屬公司額外股權的 付款(附註40(a))	FINANCING ACTIVITIES New bank loans raised Receipts of government grants Repayment of bank loans Interest paid Dividend paid Repayment of lease liabilities Payment for acquisition of additional equity interest in a subsidiary (note 40(a))	1,880,843 4,625 (1,611,783) (99,086) (47,853) (20,908) (19,293)	2,778,686 19,777 (2,083,353) (65,787) (50,402) (24,102)
融資活動所得現金淨額	NET CASH FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	86,545	574,819

綜合現金流量表(續)

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows (Continued)

		2024年 2024 人民幣千元 RMB'000	2023年 2023 人民幣千元 RMB'000
現金及現金等價物增加 (減少)淨額	NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	158,018	(242,730)
年初現金及現金等價物	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE BEGINNING OF THE YEAR	437,777	676,419
匯率變動的影響	Effect of foreign exchange rate changes	12,434	4,088
年末現金及現金等價物 , 以銀行結餘及現金代表	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE YEAR, represented by bank balances and cash	608,229	437,777

綜合財務報表附註

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

截至2024年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2024

1. 一般資料

硬蛋創新(「本公司」)為一間於2012年2月 1日在開曼群島根據開曼群島法例第22章 《公司法》(1961年第3號法例,經綜合及 修訂)註冊成立的獲豁免有限公司,其股 份於2014年7月18日在香港聯合交易所有 限公司(「聯交所」)主板上市。

本公司註冊辦事處的地址為Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive, P.O. Box 2681, Grand Cayman KY1-1111, Cayman Islands • 本公司主要營業地點的地址為中國深圳 市南山區高新南九道55號微軟科通大廈 11樓。

本公司董事認為,本集團的直接控股公司 及最終控股公司為於英屬處女群島(「英 屬處女群島」) 註冊成立的Envision Global Investments Limited •

本集團主要從事集成電路(「IC」)、其他電 子元器件、人工智能與物聯網(「AloT」)產 品及自研與半導體產品的銷售、軟件授權 經營服務收入,以及提供金融服務,即引 力金服(「引力金服」)。

本公司及其於香港註冊成立的附屬公司 (下文統稱為「本集團」)的功能貨幣為美 元(「美元」),而於中國成立的附屬公司的 功能貨幣為人民幣(「人民幣」)。由於本集 團中央管理層位於中國,為方便綜合財務 報表的使用者,綜合財務報表以人民幣 呈列。

GENERAL INFORMATION

Ingdan, Inc. (the "Company") is a limited company incorporated on 1 February 2012 in the Cayman Islands under the Companies Law (Chapter 22, Law 3 of 1961, as consolidated and revised) of the Cayman Islands as an exempted company and its shares were listed on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") on 18 July 2014.

The address of the registered office of the Company is Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive, P.O. Box 2681, Grand Cayman KY1-1111, Cayman Islands. The address of the principal place of business of the Company is 11/F., Microsoft Comtech Tower, No. 55 Gaoxin South 9th Road, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, the PRC.

In the opinion of the directors of the Company, the immediate holding company and the ultimate holding company of the Group are Envision Global Investments Limited, which was incorporated in the British Virgin Islands (the "BVI").

The Group was principally engaged in the sales of integrated circuits ("IC"), other electronic components, Artificial Intelligence and Internet of Things ("AloT") products and proprietary and semi-conductor products, service revenue from software licensing and provision of financing services, namely IngFin Financing Services ("IngFin Financing Services").

The functional currency of the Company and its subsidiaries (hereinafter collectively referred to as the "Group") incorporated in Hong Kong is United States dollars ("US\$") while the functional currency of the subsidiaries established in the PRC are Renminbi ("RMB"). The consolidated financial statements are presented in RMB for the convenience of users of the consolidated financial statements as the central management of the Group was located in the PRC.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

截至2024年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2024

2. 採用新訂香港財務報告準則 (「香港財務報告準則」)及準則 修訂

於本年度,本集團已首次採用於本集團自 2024年1月1日開始的財政年度生效的以 下由香港會計師公會(「香港會計師公會」) 頒佈的經修訂的香港財務報告準則(「香 港財務報告準則」):

香港財務報告準則 第16號的修訂 售後回租的租賃 負債

香港會計準則 第1號的修訂 負債的流動或非流動或者等 動的劃分及等第5號 (2020年)財務報 表的列報一時 表對包含項條款 人對它還條款的 定期貸款的分類 的相關修訂

香港會計準則 第1號的修訂

附帶契諾的非流動

51號的修訂 負債 時會計準則第7號 供應商融資安排

香港會計準則第7號 及香港財務報告 準則第7號的修訂

除下文所述外,在本年度應用經修訂的香港財務報告準則,對本集團本年度及過往年度的財務狀況及表現及/或綜合財務報表所載的披露資料並無重大影響。

2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs")

In the current year, the Group has applied, for the first time, the following amendments to Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (the "HKICPA") which are effective for the Group's financial year beginning 1 January 2024:

Amendments to HKFRS 16

Lease Liability in a Sale and

Leaseback

Amendments to HKAS 1

Classification of Liabilities as
Current or Non-current and the
related amendments to Hong
Kong Interpretation 5 (2020)
Presentation of Financial
Statements — Classification by
the Borrower of a Term Loan
that Contains a Repayment on

Demand Clause

Amendments to HKAS 1

Non-current Liabilities with

Covenants

Amendments to HKAS 7 and HKFRS 7

Supplier Finance Arrangements

Except as described below, the application of the amendments to HKFRSs in the current year has had no material impact on the Group's financial positions and performance in the current and prior years and/or on the disclosures set out in these consolidated financial statements.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

截至2024年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2024

採用新訂香港財務報告準則 (「香港財務報告準則」)及準則 修訂(續)

> 應用香港會計準則第1號的修訂負 债的流動或非流動的劃分及香港 解釋公告第5號(2020年)的相關 修訂(「2020年修訂本」);及香港 會計準則第1號的修訂附帶契諾的 非流動負債(「2022年修訂本」)的

> 2020年修訂本澄清將負債分類為流動或 非流動的規定,包括延期清償權利的涵 義,要求延期權利必須於報告期末存在。 負債的分類不受該實體行使其延期權利 的可能性的影響。修訂本亦明確指出,負 債可用其自身的權益工具進行結算,惟當 可轉換負債中的轉換選擇權本身作為權 益工具入賬時,則負債的條款不會影響其 分類。2022年修訂本亦進一步澄清,在貸 款安排中產生的負債的契諾之中,只有實 體必須於報告日期或之前遵守的契諾才 會影響負債被分類為流動或非流動的結 果。對於實體須於報告期後12個月內遵 守未來契諾的非流動負債,需要進行額外 披露。

> 於應用修訂本後,本集團已重新評估其貸 款安排的條款及條件。應用修訂本對本集 **国**負債的分類並無重大影響。

2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (CONTINUED)

Impact on application of Amendments to HKAS 1 Classification of Liabilities as Current or Noncurrent and related amendments to Hong Kong Interpretation 5 (2020) (the "2020 Amendments"); and Amendments to HKAS 1 - Non-current Liabilities with Covenants (the "2022 Amendments")

The 2020 Amendments clarify the requirements for classifying liabilities as current or non-current, including what is meant by a right to defer settlement and that a right to defer must exist at the end of the reporting period. Classification of a liability is unaffected by the likelihood that the entity will exercise its right to defer settlement. The amendments also clarify that a liability can be settled in its own equity instruments, and that only if a conversion option in a convertible liability is itself accounted for as an equity instrument would the terms of a liability not impact its classification. The 2022 Amendments further clarify that, among covenants of a liability arising from a loan arrangement, only those with which an entity must comply on or before the reporting date affect the classification of that liability as current or non-current. Additional disclosures are required for noncurrent liabilities that are subject to the entity complying with future covenants within 12 months after the reporting period.

Upon application of the amendments, the Group has reassessed the terms and conditions of its loan arrangements. The application of the amendments has no material impact on the classification of the Group's liabilities.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

and HKFRS 7

截至2024年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2024

2. 採用新訂香港財務報告準則 (「香港財務報告準則|)及準則 修訂(續)

已頒佈但尚未生效的新訂香港財 務報告準則及準則修訂

本集團並無提早採用以下已頒佈但尚未 生效的新訂香港財務報告準則及準則 修訂。

香港財務報告準則 財務報表的呈列及 披露3 第18號 非公共受託責任附 香港財務報告準則 第19號 屬公司的披露3 香港會計準則 缺乏可兑換性1 第21號的修訂 對金融工具分類及 香港財務報告準則 第9號及香港財務 計量的修訂² 報告準則第7號的 修訂 香港財務報告準則 香港財務報告準則 會計準則的修訂 會計準則的年度 改進 - 第11卷2 投資者與其聯營公 香港財務報告準則 第10號及香港會 司或合營企業之 計準則第28號的 間的資產出售或 投入4 修訂 香港財務報告準則 涉及依賴自然能源 第9號及香港財務 生產電力的合約² 報告準則第7號的

於2025年1月1日或之後開始的年度期間生效

修訂

- 於2026年1月1日或之後開始的年度期間生效
- 於2027年1月1日或之後開始的年度期間生效
- 於待釐定的日期或之後開始的年度期間生效

本公司董事預期,除下文所述者外,採用 其他新訂及經修訂的香港財務報告準則 將不會對本集團的業績及財務狀況構成 重大影響。

2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND **AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG** FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSS") (CONTINUED)

New and amendments to HKFRSs issued but not yet effective

The Group has not early applied the following new and amendments to HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective.

HKFRS 18	Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements ³
HKFRS 19	Subsidiaries without Public Accountability: Disclosures ³
Amendments to HKAS 21	Lack of Exchangeability ¹
Amendments to HKFRS 9 and HKFRS 7	Amendments to the Classification and Measurement of Financial Instruments ²
Amendments to HKFRS Accounting Standards	Annual Improvements to HKFRS Accounting Standards — Volume 11 ²
Amendments to HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28	Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture ⁴
Amendments to HKFRS 9	Contracts Referencing Nature-

- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2025
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2026
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2027
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after a date to be determined

dependent Electricity²

The directors of the Company anticipate that, except described below the application of other the new and amendments to HKFRSs will have no material impact on the results and the financial position of the Group.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

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採用新訂香港財務報告準則 (「香港財務報告準則|)及準則 修訂(續)

香港財務報告準則第18號—財務 報表的呈列及披露

香港財務報告準則第18號規定了財務報 表的呈列及披露要求,並將取代香港會計 準則第1號「財務報表的呈列」。香港財務 報告準則第18號引入了損益表中呈報指 定類別和定義小計的新要求; 在財務報表 附註中揭露管理層定義的績效衡量標 準,並改善財務報表中揭露的資訊的總和 及分類。也針對香港會計準則第7號「現 金流量表」及香港會計準則第33號「每股 盈利|作出輕微修訂。

香港財務報告準則第18號以及對其他香 港財務報告準則會計準則的相應修訂將 於2027年1月1日或之後開始的年度期間 生效,並允許提前應用。

應用香港財務報告準則第18號預計不會 對本集團的財務狀況產生重大影響,但預 計會影響綜合損益及其他全面收益表和 綜合現金流量表的列報以及未來綜合財 務報表中的披露。本集團將持續評估香港 財務報告準則第18號對本集團綜合財務 報表的影響。

2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND **AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG** FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSS") (CONTINUED)

HKFRS 18 — Presentation and Disclosure in **Financial Statements**

HKFRS 18 sets out requirements on presentation and disclosures in financial statements and will replace HKAS 1 "Presentation of Financial Statements". HKFRS 18 introduces new requirements to present specified categories and defined subtotals in the statement of profit or loss; provide disclosures on management-defined performance measures in the notes to the financial statements and improve aggregation and disaggregation of information to be disclosed in the financial statements. Minor amendments to HKAS 7 "Statement of Cash Flows" and HKAS 33 "Earnings per Share" are also made.

HKFRS 18, and the consequential amendments to other HKFRS Accounting Standards, will be effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2027, with early application permitted.

The application of HKFRS 18 is not expected to have material impact on the financial position of the Group but is expected to affect the presentation of the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income and consolidated statement of cash flows and disclosures in the future consolidated financial statements. The Group will continue to assess the impact of HKFRS 18 on the consolidated financial statements of the Group.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

截至2024年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2024

3. 重大會計政策資料

綜合財務報表乃根據香港會計師公會所頒佈之香港財務報告準則編製。此外,綜合財務報表載有聯交所證券上市規則 (「上市規則」)及香港公司條例規定的適用披露事項。

除若干金融工具乃按於各報告期間末的 公平值計量外,綜合財務報表根據歷史成 本法編製。

歷史成本一般按交換商品及服務時所付 代價之公平值計量。

公平值乃於計量日期市場參與者間於計量日期在主要市場(或最有利的市場)按照現行市況進行的有序交易所出售資產所收取或轉讓負債須支付的價格(即平倉價),不論該價格是否直接可觀察或使用另一估值技術估計所得。公平值計量之詳情於下文所載的會計政策中解釋。

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA. In addition, the consolidated financial statements include applicable disclosures required by the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange (the "Listing Rules") and by the Hong Kong Company Ordinance.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, except for certain financial instruments that are measured at fair values at the end of each reporting period.

Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for goods and services.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date in the principal (or most advantageous) market at the measurement date under current market conditions (i.e. an exit price) regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. Details of fair value measurement are explained in the accounting policies set out below.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

截至2024年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2024

3. 重大會計政策資料(續)

重大會計政策載列如下。

綜合基準

綜合財務報表包括本公司及受其控制的 實體(包括結構性實體)及其附屬公司的 財務報表。

倘屬以下情況,即表示本集團取得控 制權:

- 可對被投資公司行使權力;
- 因參與被投資公司的業務而可獲得 或有權獲得可變回報;及
- 有能力藉行使其對被投資公司的權 力而影響本集團的回報金額。

倘本集團擁有少於被投資公司大多數表 決權時,在本集團擁有足夠表決權賦予其 實際能力單方面主導被投資公司的相關 活動,則本集團對被投資公司有權力。本 集團於評估本集團於被投資公司的表決 權是否足以賦予其權力時考慮所有相關 事實及情況,包括:

- 相較其他表決權持有人所持表決權 的數量及分散情況,本集團持有表 決權的數量;
- 本集團、其他表決權持有人或其他 人士持有之潛在表決權;
- 其他合約安排產生的權利;及
- 需要作出決定時,本集團擁有或沒 有擁有現有能力主導相關活動的任 何額外事實及情況(包括於過往股東 會議上的投票模式)。

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY **INFORMATION** (CONTINUED)

The material accounting policies are set out below.

Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Company and entities (including structured entities) controlled by the Company and its subsidiaries.

Control is achieved where the Group has:

- the power over the investee;
- exposure, or rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee: and
- the ability to use its power over the investee to affect the amount of the Group's return.

When the Group has less than a majority of the voting rights of an investee, it has power over the investee when the voting rights are sufficient to give it the practical ability to direct the relevant activities of the investee unilaterally. The Group considers all relevant facts and circumstances in assessing whether or not the Group's voting rights in an investee are sufficient to give it power, including:

- the size of the Group's holding of voting rights relative to the size and dispersion of holdings of the other vote holders;
- potential voting rights held by the Group, other vote holders or other parties;
- rights arising from other contractual arrangements; and
- any additional facts and circumstances that indicate that the Group has, or does not have, the current ability to direct the relevant activities at the time that decisions need to be made, including voting patterns at previous shareholders' meetings.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

截至2024年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2024

3. 重大會計政策資料(續)

綜合基準(續)

倘有事實及情況顯示上述三項控制因素 中,有一項或以上出現變數,本集團會重 新評估其是否控制被投資公司。

本集團於獲得附屬公司控制權時將附屬 公司綜合入賬,並於失去附屬公司控制權 時終止入賬。

附屬公司的收入及開支由本集團獲得控 制權當日起計入綜合損益及其他全面收 益表內,直至本集團不再控制該附屬公司 當日為止。

附屬公司的損益及其他全面收益各分部 歸屬於本公司擁有人及非控股權益。即使 會產生虧絀結餘,附屬公司全面收益總額 歸屬於本公司擁有人及非控制權益。

與本集團實體間的交易有關的所有集團 內公司間資產及負債、權益、收入、支出 及現金流均於綜合賬目時予以全數對銷。

本集團於現有附屬公司的擁有權 權益的變動

本集團於現有附屬公司的擁有權權益發 生不導致本集團失去對附屬公司控制權 的變動,按權益交易入賬。本集團的權益 及非控股權益的賬面值予以調整,以反映 兩者於附屬公司相關權益的變動。按非控 股權益調整的金額與已付或已收代價公 平值之間的任何差額直接於權益確認,並 歸屬本公司擁有人。

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY **INFORMATION** (CONTINUED)

Basis of consolidation (Continued)

The Group reassesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control listed above.

Consolidation of a subsidiary begins when the Group obtains control over the subsidiary and ceases when the Group loses control of the subsidiary.

Income and expenses of subsidiaries are included in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income from the date the Group gains control until the date when the Group ceases to control the subsidiary.

Profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income of subsidiaries are attributed to the owners of the Company and to the non-controlling interests. Total comprehensive income of subsidiaries is attributed to the owners of the Company and to the non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

All intra-group assets and liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows relating to transactions between entities of the Group are eliminated in full on consolidation.

Changes in the Group's ownership interests in existing subsidiaries

Changes in the Group's ownership interests in existing subsidiaries that do not result in the Group losing control over the subsidiaries are accounted for as equity transactions. The carrying amounts of the Group's interests and the noncontrolling interests are adjusted to reflect the changes in their relative interests in the subsidiaries. Any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interests are adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognised directly in equity and attributed to owners of the Company.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

截至2024年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2024

3. 重大會計政策資料(續)

本集團於現有附屬公司的擁有權 權益的變動(續)

當本集團失去對附屬公司的控制權時,則 會終止確認該附屬公司的資產和負債以 及非控制性權益(如有)。收益及虧損於損 益表確認,按:(i)已收代價的公平值及任 何保留權益的公平值總額及(ii)歸屬於本公 司所有者的附屬公司資產(包括商譽)和 負債的賬面價值之間的差額。先前於其他 全面收益確認並於權益中累計款額,會按 猶如本集團已直接出售相關資產及負債 入賬(即按適用香港財務報告準則之規定 重新分類至損益或直接轉撥至保留盈 利)。在失去控制權當日於先前附屬公司 保留的任何投資的公平值將被視為後續 根據香港財務報告準則第9號金融工具入 賬時被列作初步確認的公平值,或(如適 用)於聯營公司或合營企業投資的初步確 認成本。

商譽

因業務合併而產生的商譽按成本減去累 計減值虧損(如有)列賬。

為進行減值測試, 商譽分配至本集團預期 從合併協同效益中獲益的每個現金產生 單位(或現金產生單位組別)。

獲分配商譽的現金產牛單位(或現金產牛 單位組別)每年或於有跡象顯示該單位可 能減值時更頻密地進行減值測試。就因於 報告期間內進行收購而產生的商譽而 言,獲分配商譽的現金產生單位(或現金 產生單位組別)於該報告期間結束前進行 減值測試。倘現金產生單位的可收回金額 低於其賬面值,則首先將減值虧損分配以 調減任何已分配至該單位的商譽的賬面 值,然後基於該單位(或現金產生單位組 別)內各資產的賬面值,按比例分配至該 單位的其他資產。商譽的任何減值虧損直 接在損益中確認。就商譽確認的減值虧損 於往後期間不予以撥回。

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY **INFORMATION** (CONTINUED)

Changes in the Group's ownership interests in existing subsidiaries (Continued)

When the Group loses control of a subsidiary, the assets and liabilities of that subsidiary and non-controlling interests (if any) are derecognised. A gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss and is calculated as the difference between (i) the aggregate of the fair value of the consideration received and the fair value of any retained interest and (ii) the carrying amount of the assets (including goodwill), and liabilities of the subsidiary attributable to the owners of the Company. The amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity are accounted for as if the Group had directly disposed of the related assets and liabilities (i.e. reclassified to profit or loss or transferred directly to retained earnings as specified by applicable HKFRSs). The fair value of any investment retained in the former subsidiary at the date when control is lost is regarded as the fair value on initial recognition for subsequent accounting under HKFRS 9 Financial Instruments or, when applicable, the cost on initial recognition of an investment in an associate or a joint venture.

Goodwill

Goodwill arising from a business combination is carried at cost less accumulated impairment losses, if any.

For the purposes of impairment testing, goodwill is allocated to each of the Group's cash-generating units (or groups of cashgenerating units) that is expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination.

A cash-generating unit (or groups of cash-generating unit) to which goodwill has been allocated is tested for impairment annually or more frequently when there is indication that the unit may be impaired. For goodwill arising on an acquisition in a reporting period, the cash-generating unit (or groups of cashgenerating unit) to which goodwill has been allocated is tested for impairment before the end of that reporting period. If the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit is less than its carrying amount, the impairment loss is allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the unit and then to the other assets of the unit on a pro rata basis based on the carrying amount of each asset in the unit (or groups of cash-generating unit). Any impairment loss for goodwill is recognised directly in profit or loss. An impairment loss recognised for goodwill is not reversed in subsequent periods.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

截至2024年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2024

3. 重大會計政策資料(續)

商譽(續)

出售相關現金產生單位或現金產生單位 組別內的任何現金產生單位時,釐定出售 損益金額時會計入商譽應佔金額。

本集團計入投資賬面值內的與聯營公司 或合營企業有關的商譽的政策載於下文 「於聯營公司及合營企業的權益」。

於聯營公司及合營企業的權益

聯營公司為一間本集團擁有重大影響力 之實體。重大影響力乃有權參與被投資公 司之財務及經營政策決定而非控制或共 同控制該等政策。

合營企業指一項合營安排, 對安排擁有共 同控制權之訂約方據此對合營安排之資 產淨值擁有權利。共同控制權指按照合約 協定對一項安排所共有之控制權,僅在相 關活 動 必 須 獲 得 共 同 享 有 控 制 權 之 各 方 一致同意方能決定時存在。

聯營公司及合營企業的業績及資產及負 債乃採用權益法計入於綜合財務報表 中。根據權益法,於聯營公司及合營企業 的權益首次按成本確認並其後調整以確 認本集團應佔聯營公司及合營企業的損 益及其他全面收益。倘本集團應佔一間聯 營公司或一間合營企業的虧損等於或超 出其於該聯營公司或合營企業的權益(包 括實質上構成本集團於聯營公司或合營 企業投資淨額一部分的任何長期權益), 本集團終止確認其應佔的進一步虧損。僅 於本集團已產生法定或推定責任,或已代 表該聯營公司或合營企業支付款項的情 況下,方會提供額外虧損並確認負債。

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY 3. **INFORMATION** (CONTINUED)

Goodwill (Continued)

On disposal of the relevant cash-generating unit or any of the cash-generating unit within the group of cash-generating units, the attributable amount of goodwill is included in the determination of the amount of profit or loss on disposal.

The Group's policy for goodwill relating to an associate or a joint venture that included in the carrying amount of the investment is set out in "Interests in associates and joint ventures" below.

Interests in associates and joint ventures

An associate is an entity over which the Group has significant influence. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee but is not control or joint control over those policies.

A joint venture is a joint arrangement whereby the parties that have joint control of the arrangement have rights to the net assets of the arrangement. Joint control is the contractually agreed sharing of control of an arrangement, which exists only when decisions about the relevant activities require the unanimous consent of the parties sharing control.

The results and assets and liabilities of associates and joint ventures are incorporated in these consolidated financial statements using the equity method. Under the equity method, interests in associates and joint ventures are initially recognised at cost and adjusted thereafter to recognise the Group's share of the profit or loss and other comprehensive income of the associates and joint ventures. If the Group's share of losses of an associate or a joint venture equals or exceeds its interest in the associate or joint venture, which includes any long-term interests that, in substance, form part of the Group's net investment in the associate or joint venture, the Group discontinued recognising its share of further losses. Additional losses are provided for, and a liability is recognised, only to the extent that the Group has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate or joint venture.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

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3. 重大會計政策資料(續)

於聯營公司及合營企業的權益(續)

於被投資方成為一間聯營公司或合營企 業當日,於聯營公司及或合營企業的投資 採用權益法入賬。於收購投資後,收購成 本超過本集團應佔聯營公司或合營企業 可識別資產及負債之公允淨值部分確認 為商譽,並計入投資賬面值。

在釐定是否有需要就本集團於聯營公司 或合營企業的權益確認任何減值虧損 時,會應用香港會計準則第36號資產減 值的規定。於有需要時,該項投資之全部 賬面值(包括商譽)作為單一資產,透過將 其可收回金額(使用價值與公平值減出售 成本之較高者)與賬面值比較進行減值測 試。任何已確認的減值虧損不分配至任何 組成該投資賬面值一部分的資產(包括商 譽)。有關減值虧損的任何撥回於該項淨 投資可收回金額其後增加時確認。

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY **INFORMATION** (CONTINUED)

Interests in associates and joint ventures (Continued)

An investment in an associate or a joint venture is accounted for using the equity method from the date on which the investee becomes an associate or a joint venture. On acquisition of the investment, any excess of the cost of acquisition over the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities of the associate or joint venture is recognised as goodwill and is included in the carrying amount of the investment.

The requirement of HKAS 36 Impairment of Assets are applied to determine whether it is necessary to recognise any impairment loss with respect to the Group's interests in associates or a joint venture. When necessary, the entire carrying amount of the investment (including goodwill) is tested for impairment as a single asset by comparing its recoverable amount (higher of value-in-use and fair value less costs of disposal) with its carrying amount. Any impairment loss recognised is not allocated to any asset, including goodwill, that forms part of the carrying amount of the investment. Any reversal of that impairment loss is recognised to the extent that the recoverable amount of the net investment subsequently increases.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

截至2024年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2024

3. 重大會計政策資料(續)

於聯營公司及合營企業的權益(續)

於投資不再作為聯營公司或合營企業當 日,本集團終止使用權益法。當本集團保 留於前聯營公司或合營企業之權益,且保 留權益為金融資產時,則本集團於當日按 公平值計量保留權益,而有關公平值則被 視為根據香港財務報告準則第9號首次確 認時之公平值。聯營公司或合營企業之帳 面值與任何保留權益之公平值及出售聯 營公司或合營企業相關權益所得任何所 得款項之間的差額,於釐定出售聯營公司 或合營企業之收益或虧損時計入。此外, 本集團會將過往於其他全面收益內就該 聯營公司或合營企業確認之所有金額按 該聯營公司或合營企業直接出售相關資 產或負債的情況下使用之相同基準入 賬。因此,倘該聯營公司或合營企業過往 於其他全面收益確認之收益或虧損會於 出售相關資產或負債時重新分類至損 益,則本集團會於出售/部分出售時將有 關收益或虧損由權益重新分類至損益(作 為重新分類調整)。

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

Interests in associates and joint ventures (Continued)

The Group discontinues the use of equity method from the date when the investment ceases to be an associate or a joint venture. When the Group retains an interest in the former associate or joint venture and the retained interest is a financial asset, the Group measures the retained interest at fair value at that date and the fair value is regarded as its fair value on initial recognition in accordance with HKFRS 9. The difference between the carrying amount of the associate or joint venture and the fair value of any retained interest and any proceeds from disposing of the relevant interest in the associate or joint venture is included in the determination of the gain or loss on disposal of the associate or joint venture. In addition, the Group accounts for all amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to that associate or joint venture on the same basis as would be required if that associate or joint venture had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities. Therefore, if a gain or loss previously recognised in other comprehensive income by that associate or joint venture would be reclassified to profit or loss on the disposal of the related assets or liabilities, the Group reclassifies the gain or loss from equity to profit or loss (as a reclassification adjustment) upon disposal/partial disposal of.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

截至2024年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2024

3. 重大會計政策資料(續)

收入確認

確認收入旨在描述以反映實體預期就向 客戶提供承諾貨品或服務而有權換取的 代價的金額向客戶轉讓該等貨品及服 務。具體而言,本集團使用五步法確認 收入:

- 第一步: 識別與客戶訂立的合約
- 第二步:識別合約中的履約責任
- 第三步: 釐定交易價
- 第四步: 將交易價分配至合約中的 履約責任
- 第五步:於本集團完成履約責任時 (或就此)確認收入。

本集團於完成履約責任時(或就此)確認 收入,即與特定履約責任相關之貨品或服 務的「控制權」轉讓予客戶時。

履約責任指可明確區分的貨品或服務(或 一攬子貨品或服務)或大致相同的一系列 可明確區分之貨品或服務。

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY **INFORMATION** (CONTINUED)

Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers at an amount that reflects the consideration to which an entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services to a customer. Specifically, the Group uses a five-step approach to recognise revenue:

- Step 1: Identify the contract(s) with a customer
- Step 2: Identify the performance obligations in the contract
- Step 3: Determine the transaction price
- Step 4: Allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations in the contract
- Step 5: Recognise revenue when (or as) the Group satisfies a performance obligation.

The Group recognised revenue when (or as) a performance obligation is satisfied, i.e. when "control" of the goods or services underlying the particular performance obligation is transferred to customers.

A performance obligation represents a good or service (or a bundle of goods or services) that is distinct or a series of distinct goods or services that are substantially the same.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

截至2024年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2024

3. 重大會計政策資料(續)

收入確認(續)

倘符合下列其中一項標準,則控制權隨時 間轉移,而收入則參照已履行相關履約責 任的進展情況而隨時間確認:

- 於本集團履約時,客戶同時取得並 耗用本集團履約所提供之利益;
- 本集團的履約產生或提升一項在產 生或提升時由客戶控制之資產;或
- 本集團的履約並未產生讓本集團有 替代用途之資產,且本集團對迄今 已完成履約之付款具有可強制執行 之權利。

否則,收入於客戶獲得可明確區分之貨品 或服務控制權的時間點確認。

收入根據於客戶合約中指明的本集團預 期有權享有的代價計量,不包括代表第三 方收取的金額、折扣及銷售相關税項。

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY **INFORMATION** (CONTINUED)

Revenue recognition (Continued)

Control is transferred over time and revenue is recognised over time by reference to the progress towards complete satisfaction of the relevant performance obligation if one of the following criteria is met:

- the customer simultaneously receives and consumes the benefits provided by the Group's performance as the Group performs;
- the Group's performance creates or enhances an asset that the customer controls as the asset is created or enhanced: or
- the Group's performance does not create an asset with an alternative use to the Group and the Group has an enforceable right to payment for performance completed to date.

Otherwise, revenue is recognised at a point in time when the customer obtains control of the distinct good or service.

Revenue is measured based on the consideration to which the Group expects to be entitled specified in a contract with a customer, excludes amounts collected on behalf of third parties, discounts and sales related taxes.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

截至2024年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2024

3. 重大會計政策資料(續)

收入確認(續)

合約負債

合約負債指本集團就已向客戶收取代價 而須向客戶轉讓貨品或服務之責任。

本集團確認來自以下主要來源的收入:

- 銷售IC、其他電子元器件、AloT產品 與自研及半導體產品;及
- 軟件授權經營服務收入。

IC、其他電子元器件、AloT產品及自 研與半導體產品的銷售額以及第三方 平台收入

來自銷售IC、其他電子元器件、AloT產品 與自研及半導體產品的收入於貨品的控 制權轉移至客戶的時點確認(一般發生在 交付設備時)。

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY **INFORMATION** (CONTINUED)

Revenue recognition (Continued)

Contract liabilities

A contract liability represents the Group's obligation to transfer goods or services to a customer for which the Group has received consideration from the customer.

The Group recognised revenue from the following major sources:

- Sales of IC, other electronic components, AloT products and proprietary and semi-conductor products; and
- Service revenue from software licensing.

Sales of IC, other electronic components, AloT products and proprietary and semi-conductor products and marketplace income

Revenue from sales of IC, other electronic components, AloT products and proprietary and semi-conductor products is recognised at the point when the control of the goods is transferred to the customers (generally on delivery of equipment).

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

截至2024年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2024

3. 重大會計政策資料(續)

收入確認(續)

軟件授權經營服務收入

就給予與其他已承諾商品或服務不同的 授權而言,如符合以下所有條件,則本集 團承諾給予授權的性質,是答應提供獲取 本集團知識財產的權利:

- 合約規定或客戶合理預期本集團將 會開展活動,而該等活動對客戶於 該知識財產的權利產生重大影響;
- 該授權給予的權利直接令該客戶面 對本集團所開展活動帶來的任何正 面或負面影響;及
- 該等活動沒有導致商品或服務隨該 等活動的發生而移交該客戶。

如符合此等條件,本集團便會將給予授權 的承諾入賬列為於一段時間內滿足的履 約責任。

和賃

和賃的定義

倘合約輸送權利以控制特定資產於一段 時間內的使用以換取代價,該合約即屬於 或包含租賃。

本集團作為承租人

本集團於租賃合約生效時評估該合約是 否屬於或包含租賃。本集團就其為承租人 的所有租賃安排確認使用權資產及相應 的租賃負債,惟短期租賃(界定為租賃期 為開始日期起計12個月或以下且不包含 購買選擇權的租賃)及低價值資產租賃除 外。就此等租賃而言,本集團以直線法於 租賃的年期內將租賃付款確認為經營 開支。

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY **INFORMATION** (CONTINUED)

Revenue recognition (Continued)

Service revenue from software licensing

For granting of a licence that is distinct from other promised goods or services, the nature of the Group's promise in granting a licence is a promise to provide a right to access the Group's intellectual property if all the following criteria are met:

- The contract requires, or the customer reasonably expects, that the Group will undertake activities that significantly affect the intellectual property to which the customer has rights;
- The rights granted by the licence directly expose the customer to any positive or negative effects of the Group's activities; and
- Those activities do not result in the transfer of a good or service to the customer as those activities occur.

If these criteria are met, the Group accounts for the promise to grant a licence as a performance obligation satisfied over time.

Leasing

Definition of a lease

A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys a right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

The Group as lessee

At inception of the lease contract, the Group assesses whether a contract is or contains a lease. The Group recognises a rightof-use asset and a corresponding lease liability with respect to all lease arrangements in which it is the lessee, except for shortterm leases (defined as leases with a lease term of 12 months or less from the commencement date and do not contain a purchase option) and leases of low value assets. For these leases, the Group recognises the lease payments as an operating expense on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

截至2024年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2024

重大會計政策資料(續)

租賃(續)

本集團作為承租人(續)

租賃負債

於開始日期,本集團按並非於該日支付的 租賃付款的現值計量租賃負債,包括本集 團可行使的續期選擇權,考慮到所有相關 事實及情況,行使該等選擇權會為本集團 帶來經濟誘因,該等選擇權很可能會被行 使。租賃付款使用租賃內含的利率折現。 倘不能輕易釐定此利率,本集團會使用其 增量借款利率。

租賃負債計量中計入的租賃付款包括固 定的租賃付款。

租賃負債於綜合財務狀況表內呈列為單 獨的項目。

其後計量租賃負債時, 乃诱過調高賬面值 以反映租賃負債的利率(使用實際利率 法),以及透過調低賬面值以反映已支付 的租賃款項。

使用權資產

使用權資產包括初始計量的相應租賃負 債、於開始日期或之前的已支付租賃付 款,及任何初始直接成本,減去已收取的 租賃激勵金額。當本集團招致承擔拆卸及 移除租賃資產、修復其所在場地或修復相 關資產至租賃條款及條件規定的狀態的 成本責任時,根據香港會計準則第37號 撥備、或然負債及或然資產確認及計量撥 備。成本計入相關使用權資產內,除非該 等成本乃因生產存貨而產生。

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY **INFORMATION** (CONTINUED)

Leasing (Continued)

The Group as lessee (Continued)

Lease liabilities

At the commencement date, the Group measures lease liability at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at that date, including extension options exercisable by the Group which are likely to be exercised taking into account all relevant facts and circumstances that create an economic incentive for the Group to exercise the options. The lease payments are discounted by using the interest rate implicit in the lease. If this rate cannot be readily determined, the Group uses its incremental borrowing rate.

Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability comprise fixed lease payments.

The lease liability is presented as a separate line in the consolidated statement of financial position.

The lease liability is subsequently measured by increasing the carrying amount to reflect interest on the lease liability (using the effective interest method) and by reducing the carrying amount to reflect the lease payments made.

Right-of-use assets

The right-of-use assets comprise the initial measurement of the corresponding lease liability, lease payments made at or before the commencement date and any initial direct costs, less lease incentives received. Whenever the Group incurs an obligation for costs to dismantle and remove a leased asset, restore the site on which it is located or restore the underlying asset to the condition required by the terms and conditions of the lease, a provision is recognised and measured under HKAS 37 Provision, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets. The costs are included in the related right-of-use asset, unless those costs are incurred to produce inventories.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

截至2024年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2024

3. 重大會計政策資料(續)

租賃(續)

本集團作為承租人(續)

使用權資產(續)

使用權資產其後按成本減去累計折舊及 減值虧損計量(見下文有關廠房及設備、 使用權資產以及無形資產減值虧損的會 計政策),並於租賃期及相關資產的可使 用年期(以較短者為準)內計提折舊。折舊 於租賃開始當日開始。

本集團於綜合財務狀況表內呈列使用權 資產為獨立項目。

本集團應用香港會計準則第36號資產減 值來釐定使用權資產有否減值,以及入賬 處理任何已識別的減值虧損。

本集團作為出和人

本集團就其部分投資物業而作為出租人 訂立租賃協議。本集團作為出租人的租賃 分類為融資或經營租賃。凡租賃條款將擁 有權絕大部分風險及回報轉移予承租 人,則合約分類為融資租賃。所有其他租 **信** 分類 為 經 營 和 **信** 。

當合約包括租賃及非租賃組成部分時,本 集團應用香港財務報告準則第15號將合 約項下的代價分配至各組成部分。

經營租賃的租金收入於相關租賃期內按 直線法確認。協商及安排經營租賃所產生 的初始直接成本會加入至該租賃資產的 賬面值,並於租期內按直線基準確認。

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY 3. **INFORMATION** (CONTINUED)

Leasing (Continued)

The Group as lessee (Continued)

Right-of-use assets (Continued)

Right-of-use assets are subsequently measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses (see the accounting policy in respect of impairment losses on plant and equipment, right-of-use assets and intangible assets below). They are depreciated over the shorter period of lease term and useful life of the underlying asset. The depreciation starts at the commencement date of the lease.

The Group presents right-of-use assets as a separate line in the consolidated statement of financial position.

The Group applies HKAS 36 Impairment of Assets to determine whether a right-of-use asset is impaired and accounts for any identified impairment loss.

The Group as lessor

The Group enters into lease agreements as a lessor with respect to some of its investment properties. Leases for which the Group is a lessor are classified as finance or operating leases. Whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee, the contract is classified as a finance lease. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

When a contract includes both lease and non-lease components, the Group applies HKFRS 15 to allocate the consideration under the contract to each component.

Rental income from operating leases is recognised on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognised on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

截至2024年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2024

3. 重大會計政策資料(續)

外幣

編製各個別集團實體之財務報表時,以該 實體之功能貨幣以外之貨幣(外幣)進行 之該等交易乃按交易日現行之匯率以其 功能貨幣(即該實體營運所在之主要經濟 環境之貨幣)記錄。在報告期間末,以外 幣列值之貨幣項目乃按當天之現行匯率 重新換算。以歷史成本計量並以外幣計價 的非貨幣性項目不會再換算。

於結算貨幣項目及於重新換算貨幣項目 時產生的匯兑差額乃於其產生的期間在 損益賬中確認。

就呈報綜合財務報表而言,本集團海外業 務之資產及負債按各報告期間末之現行 匯率換算為本集團之呈報貨幣(即人民 幣)。收入及費用項目按該年度之平均匯 率換算。所產生之匯兑差額(如有)均於其 他全面收入確認,並於匯兑儲備(歸屬非 控股權益(如適用))項下之權益中累計。

出售海外業務(即出售本集團於海外業務 的全部權益、或出售涉及失去對包含海外 經營的一間附屬公司的控制權、或出售涉 及失去對包含海外業務的一間合營安排 共同控制權、或出售涉及失去對包含海外 業務的一間聯營公司重大影響力)時,就 本公司擁有人應佔該業務於權益內累計 的所有匯兑差額會重新分類至損益。此 外,就不導致本集團失去對附屬公司控制 權之部分出售附屬公司而言,按比例計算 之應佔累計匯兑差額部分重新歸屬於非 控股權益,而不於損益內確認。

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY 3. **INFORMATION** (CONTINUED)

Foreign currencies

In preparing the financial statements of each individual group entity, transactions in currencies other than the functional currency of that entity (foreign currencies) are recorded in the respective functional currency (i.e. the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates) at the rates of exchanges prevailing on the dates of the transactions. At the end of the reporting period, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at that date. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

Exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary items, and on the retranslation of monetary items, are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.

For the purposes of presenting the consolidated financial statements, the assets and liabilities of the Group's foreign operations are translated into the presentation currency of the Group (i.e. RMB) using exchange rates prevailing at the end of each reporting period. Income and expenses items are translated at the average exchange rates for the year. Exchange differences arising, if any, are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity under the heading of exchange reserve (attributed to non-controlling interests as appropriate).

On the disposal of a foreign operation (i.e. a disposal of the Group's entire interest in a foreign operation, or a disposal involving loss of control over a subsidiary that includes a foreign operation, a disposal involving loss of joint control over a joint arrangement that includes a foreign operation, or a disposal involving loss of significant influence over an associate that includes a foreign operation), all of the exchange differences accumulated in equity in respect of that operation attributable to the owners of the Company are reclassified to profit or loss. In addition, in relation to a partial disposal of a subsidiary that does not result in the Group losing control over the subsidiary, the proportionate share of accumulated exchange differences are reattributed to non-controlling interests and are not recognised in profit or loss.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

截至2024年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2024

3. 重大會計政策資料(續)

外幣(續)

收購海外業務時所產生之已收購可識別 資產之商譽及公平值調整乃視為該海外 業務之資產及負債處理,並按各報告期間 末現行之匯率重新換算。所產生之匯兑差 額於其他全面收益確認。

借款成本

因購買、建造或生產合資格資產(需一段 較長時間方可作擬定用途或出售的資產) 直接應佔的借款成本,計入該等資產之成 本,直至資產大部分可作擬定用途或出售 為止。

所有其他借款成本均於產生期間於損益 確認。

政府補貼

政府補貼於可合理確保本集團會遵守政 府補貼所附帶的條件且會收到補貼後方 會確認。

用作補償本集團已產生開支或虧損或為 本集團提供即時財務資助(而無未來相關 成本)的應收與收入相關的政府補貼,在 應收期間於損益確認。

退休福利成本

向界定供款計劃/國家管理的退休福利計 劃/強制性公積金計劃(「強積金計劃」)作 出的付款於僱員提供服務而享有供款時 確認為開支。

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY 3. **INFORMATION** (CONTINUED)

Foreign currencies (Continued)

Goodwill and fair value adjustments on identifiable assets acquired arising on an acquisition of a foreign operation are treated as assets and liabilities of that foreign operation and retranslated at the rate of exchange prevailing at the end of each reporting period. Exchange differences arising are recognised in other comprehensive income.

Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are added to the cost of those assets until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale.

All other borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

Government grants

Government grants are recognised until there is reasonable assurance that the Group will comply with the conditions attaching to them and that the grants will be received.

Government grants related to income that are receivable as compensation for expenses or losses already incurred or for the purpose of giving immediate financial support to the Group with no future related costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they become receivable.

Retirement benefits cost

Payments to the defined contribution plans/state-managed retirement benefit schemes/the Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme (the "MPF Scheme") are recognised as an expense when employees have rendered service entitling them to the contributions.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

截至2024年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2024

重大會計政策資料(續)

短期僱員福利

與工資及薪金相關的僱員福利於提供相 關服務的有關期間按預期交換該服務需 支付的福利之未貼現金額確認為負債。

就短期僱員福利確認的負債乃按預期交 換相關服務需支付的福利之未貼現金額 計量。

税項

所得税開支指現時應付税項與遞延税項 的總和。

現時應付税項按年度應課税利潤計算。由 於其不包括於其他年度的應課稅或可扣 減收支項目亦並不包括毋須課税或不可 扣減項目,故應課税利潤有別於綜合損益 及其他全面收益表所呈報的「稅前利潤」。 本集團的即期税項負債按各報告期間末 前已頒佈或實質上已頒佈的税率計算。

遞延 税 項 按 綜 合 財 務 報 表 中 資 產 及 負 債 的賬面值與計算應課税利潤所用相應税 基之間的暫時差額予以確認。所有應課稅 暫時差額一般確認為遞延税項負債。倘可 能出現動用該等可扣減暫時差額的應課 税利潤,則所有可扣減暫時差額一般確認 為遞延税項資產。倘該暫時差額乃源自商 譽或源自一項交易中資產及負債的初步 確認(業務合併除外),而該差額並無影響 應課税利潤或會計利潤及於交易時不會 產生同等的應課税及可扣減暫時差額,則 不會確認該等遞延税項資產及負債。

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY **INFORMATION** (CONTINUED)

Short-term employee benefits

A liability is recognised for benefits accruing to employees in respect of wages and salaries in the period the related service is rendered at the undiscounted amount of the benefits expected to be paid in exchange for that service.

Liabilities recognised in respect of short-term employee benefits are measured at the undiscounted amount of the benefits expected to be paid in exchange for the related service.

Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from "profit before tax" as reported in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The Group's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of each reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the consolidated financial statements and the corresponding tax base used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary difference to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilised. Such deferred tax assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit and at the time of the transaction does not give rise to equal taxable and deductible temporary differences.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

截至2024年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2024

3. 重大會計政策資料(續)

税項(續)

與於附屬公司的投資及於聯營公司及一 間合營企業的權益有關的應課税暫時差 額乃確認為遞延税項負債,惟本集團可控 制暫時差額的撥回,以及有關暫時差額可 能不會於可見將來撥回則除外。與該等投 資及權益有關的可扣減暫時差額所產生 的遞延税項資產,僅於可能會有充足應課 税利潤而須動用暫時差額的利益及預期 會於可見將來撥回時方予以確認。

遞延税項資產的賬面值於各報告期間末 予以檢討,並在不再可能會有足夠的應課 税利潤以收回全部或部分資產的情況下 作出調減。

遞延税項資產及負債乃根據預期清償負 債或變現資產期間應用的稅率計量,而該 税率乃根據於報告期間末已頒佈或實質 上已頒佈的税率(及税法)釐定。

遞 延 税 項 負 倩 及 資 產 的 計 量 反 映 本 集 團 於報告期間末預期可收回或清償其資產 及負債賬面值的方式將導致的稅務後果。

當有可合法執行權利可將即期稅項資產 與即期税項負債抵銷,且即期税項資產及 即期税項負債與同一税務機關徵收之所 得税相關,則將遞延税項資產與税項負債 予以抵銷。

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY **INFORMATION** (CONTINUED)

Taxation (Continued)

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, interests in associates and a joint venture, except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax assets arising from deductible temporary differences associated with such investments and interests are only recognised to the extent that it is probable that there will be sufficient taxable profits against which to utilise the benefits of the temporary differences and they are expected to reverse in the foreseeable future.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset is realised, based on tax rate (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

截至2024年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2024

3. 重大會計政策資料(續)

税項(續)

就租賃負債享有税務減免的租賃交易而 言,本集團對租賃負債及相關資產分別應 用香港會計準則第12號的規定。本集團 會確認與租賃負債有關的遞延税項資 產,惟以可能有應課税溢利可用以抵銷可 扣税暫時差額為限,並會就所有應課税暫 時差額確認遞延税項負債。

即期及遞延税項於損益中確認。

廠房及設備

廠房及設備(在建工程除外)於綜合財務 狀況表中按成本減去隨後累計折舊及累 計減值虧損(如有)列賬。

折舊乃使用直線法於廠房及設備項目的 估計可使用年期內撇銷其減去剩餘價值 後的成本確認。估計可使用年期、剩餘價 值及折舊方法於各報告期間末檢討,而任 何估計變動的影響會按前瞻性基準入賬。

廠房及設備項目於出售時或在繼續使用 該資產預期不會產生任何未來經濟利益 時終止確認。出售或報廢廠房及設備項目 產生的任何收益或虧損釐定為出售所得 款項與資產賬面值間的差額,並於損益中 確認。

投資物業

投資物業為持作賺取租金及/或資本增值 的物業。

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY **INFORMATION** (CONTINUED)

Taxation (Continued)

For leasing transactions in which the tax deductions are attributable to the lease liabilities, the Group applies HKAS 12 requirements to lease liabilities and the related assets separately. The Group recognises a deferred tax asset related to lease liabilities to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary difference can be utilised and a deferred tax liability for all taxable temporary differences.

Current and deferred tax are recognised in profit or loss.

Plant and equipment

Plant and equipment other than construction-in-progress are stated in the consolidated statement of financial position at cost less subsequent accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost of items of plant and equipment less their residual values over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method. The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis.

An item of plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in profit or loss.

Investment properties

Investment properties are properties held to earn rentals and/or for capital appreciation.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

截至2024年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2024

3. 重大會計政策資料(續)

投資物業(續)

投資物業初步按成本(包括任何直接應佔 開支)計量。初步確認後,投資物業按成 本減其後累計折舊及任何累計減值虧損 列賬。折舊會進行確認以使用直線法於投 資物業的估計可使用年期並計及其估計 剩餘價值後撇銷其成本。

投資物業於出售或於投資物業永久停止 使用且預期不會從出售中獲得未來經濟 利益時終止確認。終止確認物業所產生的 任何收益及虧損於物業終止確認期間在 損益中確認。

無形資產

單獨取得的無形資產

單獨取得的具有有限可使用年期的無形 資產按成本減累計攤餘及任何累計減值 虧損列賬。

內部產生之無形資產 - 研究與開發 支出

倘若且只有已顯示以下所有各項,因開發 (或因內部項目之開發階段)而於內部產 生之無形資產方可確認:

- 完成無形資產令其可供使用或出售 的技術可行性;
- 完成無形資產以及加以使用或出售 的意向;

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY 3. **INFORMATION** (CONTINUED)

Investment properties (Continued)

Investment properties are initially measured at cost, including any directly attributable expenditure. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment properties are stated at cost less subsequent accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost of investment properties over their estimated useful lives and after taking into account of their estimated residual value, using the straight-line method.

An investment property is derecognised upon disposal or when the investment property is permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefits are expected from its disposals. Any gain and loss arising in derecognition of the property is recognised in the profit or loss in the period in which the property is derecognised.

Intangible assets

Intangible assets acquired separately

Intangible assets with finite useful lives that are acquired separately are carried at costs less accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses.

Internally-generated intangible assets — research and development expenditure

An internally-generated intangible asset arising from development activities (or from the development phase of an internal project) is recognised if, and only if, all of the following have been demonstrated:

- the technical feasibility of completing the intangible asset so that it will be available for use or sale;
- the intention to complete the intangible asset and use or sell it:

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

截至2024年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2024

3. 重大會計政策資料(續)

無形資產(續)

內部產生之無形資產 - 研究與開發 支出(續)

- 使用或出售無形資產的能力;
- 無形資產可能產生的未來經濟利益 之方式;
- 有足夠技術、財務及其他資源用以 完成開發及使用或出售無形資產;
- 可靠計量於開發期間無形資產應佔 開支的能力。

內部產生之無形資產之初步確認金額為 該等無形資產首次符合上述確認標準當 日起產生之支出總額。倘並無內部產生之 無形資產可予確認,則開發支出將於產生 期間於損益內確認。

於初步確認後,內部產生之無形資產以與 單獨收購的無形資產相同的基準,按成本 減累計攤銷及累計減值虧損(如有)呈報。

研究活動支出於其產生期間確認為開支。

具有有限使用年期之無形資產以直線法 按其估計可使用年期確認攤餘。估計可使 用年期及攤餘方法於各報告期間末檢 討,估計的任何變動的影響按前瞻性基準 入賬。

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY **INFORMATION** (CONTINUED)

Intangible assets (Continued)

Internally-generated intangible assets - research and development expenditure (Continued)

- the ability to use or sell the intangible asset;
- how the intangible asset will generate probable future economic benefits:
- the availability of adequate technical, financial and other resources to complete the development and to use or sell the intangible asset; and
- the ability to measure reliably the expenditure attributable to the intangible asset during its development.

The amount initially recognised for internally-generated intangible asset is the sum of the expenditure incurred from the date when the intangible asset first meets the recognition criteria listed above. Where no internally-generated intangible asset can be recognised, development expenditure is recognised in profit or loss in the period in which it is incurred.

Subsequent to initial recognition, internally-generated intangible assets are reported at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses (if any), on the same basis as intangible assets that are acquired separately.

Expenditure on research activities is recognised as an expense in the period in which it is incurred.

Amortisation for intangible assets with finite useful lives is recognised on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives. The estimated useful life and amortisation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate being accounted for on a prospective basis.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

截至2024年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2024

3. 重大會計政策資料(續)

於業務合併中收購的無形資產

於業務合併中收購的無形資產與商譽分開確認,初步按收購日期的公平值(被視為成本)確認。

於首次確認後,於業務合併中收購的具有有限可使用年期的無形資產按成本減累計攤餘及任何累計減值虧損列賬。具有有限使用年期之無形資產以直線法按其預計可使用年期確認攤餘。估計可使用年期 及攤餘方法於各報告期間末檢討,估計的任何變動的影響按前瞻性基準入賬。

存貨

存貨按成本與可變現淨值兩者中的較低 者列賬。成本按先進先出法計算。可變現 存貨淨值指於日常業務過程中估計售價 減出售所需成本。

現金及現金等價物

於綜合財務狀況表內,現金及銀行結餘包括現金(即手頭現金及活期存款)及現金等價物。現金等價物指短期(一般原到期日為三個月以內)、高流動性的投資,易於轉換為已知金額現金且價值變動風險不大。現金等價物乃為應付短期現金承擔而持有,而非用作投資或其他用途。

就綜合現金流量表而言,現金及現金等價物包括現金及現金等價物(定義見上文)。

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

Intangible assets acquired in a business combination

Intangible assets acquired in a business combination are recognised separately from goodwill and are initially recognised at their fair value at the acquisition date (which is regarded as their cost).

Subsequent to initial recognition, intangible assets acquired in a business combination with finite useful lives are carried at costs less accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses. Amortisation for intangible assets with finite useful lives is recognised on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives. The estimated useful lives and amortisation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate being accounted for on a prospective basis.

Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is calculated using the first-in, first-out method. Net realisable value of inventories represents the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less costs necessary to make the sale.

Cash and cash equivalents

In the consolidated statement of financial position, cash and bank balances comprise cash (i.e. cash on hand and demand deposits) and cash equivalents. Cash equivalents are shortterm (generally with original maturity of three months or less), highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. Cash equivalents are held for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitments rather for investment or other purposes.

For the purpose of the consolidated statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents consist of cash and cash equivalents, as defined above.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

截至2024年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2024

3. 重大會計政策資料(續)

於附屬公司的投資

於附屬公司的投資按成本減累計減值虧 損於本公司的財務狀況表列賬。

廠房及設備、使用權資產及無形 資產減值虧損(除載列於上述商譽 的會計政策的商譽減值外)

於各報告期間末,本集團對其有固定使用 年期的廠房及設備、使用權資產及無形資 產之賬面值作出檢討,以釐定有否任何跡 象顯示該等資產出現減值虧損。倘存在任 何此類跡象,則會對資產的可收回金額作 出估計,以確定減值虧損的程度(如有)。 物業、廠房及設備、使用權資產及無形資 產的可收回金額單獨作出估計。倘無法估 計單個資產的可回收金額,本集團會估計 該資產所屬的現金產生單位的可收回金 額。倘可識別一個合理及一致的分配基 準,企業資產亦應分配至單個現金產生單 位,倘不能分配至單個現金產生單位,則 應將企業資產按能識別的、合理且一致的 基準分配至最小的現金產生單位組合。

可收回金額是指公平值減去處置成本後 的餘額與使用價值兩者中的較高者。於評 估使用價值時,估計未來現金流量會採用 税前折現率貼現為現值,該税前折現率應 反映對貨幣時間價值的當前市場評估及 該資產特有的風險(未針對該風險調整估 計未來現金流量)。

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY **INFORMATION** (CONTINUED)

Investments in subsidiaries

Investments in subsidiaries are stated on the statement of financial position of the Company at cost less accumulated impairment losses.

Impairment losses on plant and equipment, right-of-use assets and intangible assets (other than impairment of goodwill set out in accounting policy of goodwill above)

At the end of each reporting period, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of its plant and equipment, right-of-use assets, and intangible assets with finite useful lives to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss, if any. The recoverable amount of property, plant and equipment, right-of-use assets, and intangible assets are estimated individually. When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the cashgenerating unit to which the asset belongs. When a reasonable and consistent basis of allocation can be identified, corporate assets are also allocated to individual cash-generating unit, or otherwise they are allocated to the smallest group of cashgenerating unit for which a reasonable and consistent allocation basis can be identified.

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs of disposal and value-in-use. In assessing value-in-use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

截至2024年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2024

3. 重大會計政策資料(續)

廠房及設備、使用權資產及無形 資產減值虧損(除載列於上述商譽 的會計政策的商譽減值外)(續)

倘估計資產(或現金產生單位)的可收回 金額低於其賬面值,則資產(或現金產生 單位)的賬面值將調低至其可收回金額。 對於無法按合理及一致基準分配至現金 產生單位的公司資產或部分公司資產,本 集團將一組現金產生單位的賬面值(包括 分配至該組現金產生單位的公司資產或 部分公司資產的賬面值)與該組現金產生 單位的可收回金額比較。在分配減值虧損 時,首先將減值虧損分配以調減任何商譽 的賬面值(如適用),然後基於該單位或該 組現金產生單位內各資產的賬面值,按比 例分配至該等其他資產。一項資產的賬面 值不會被降至低於其公平值減出售成本 (如可計量)、其使用價值(如可釐定)及零 (以最高者為準)。本應分配至該資產的減 值虧損金額按比例分配至該單位或該組 現金產生單位的其他資產。減值虧損立即 於損益內確認。

倘減值虧損於其後撥回,資產(或現金產生單位)的賬面值將調升至其經修訂的估計可收回金額,而增加後的賬面值不得超過倘該資產(或現金產生單位)在過往年度並無確認減值虧損時原應確認的賬面值。減值虧損的撥回立即於損益內確認。

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

Impairment losses on plant and equipment, right-of-use assets and intangible assets (other than impairment of goodwill set out in accounting policy of goodwill above) (Continued)

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or a cash-generating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or the cash-generating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. For corporate assets or portion of corporate assets which cannot be allocated on a reasonable and consistent basis to a cash-generating unit, the Group compares the carrying amount of a group of cash-generating units, including the carrying amounts of the corporate assets or portion of corporate assets allocated to that group of cashgenerating units, with the recoverable amount of the group of cash-generating units. In allocating the impairment loss, the impairment loss is allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill (if applicable) and then to the other assets on a pro-rata basis based on the carrying amount of each asset in the unit or the group of cash-generating units. The carrying amount of an asset is not reduced below the highest of its fair value less costs of disposal (if measurable), its value-in-use (if determinable) and zero. The amount of the impairment loss that would otherwise have been allocated to the asset is allocated pro rata to the other assets of the unit or the group of cashgenerating units. An impairment loss was recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (or the cash-generating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset (or the cash-generating unit) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss was recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

截至2024年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2024

3. 重大會計政策資料(續)

全融工具

金融資產及金融負債於集團實體成為工 具合約條文的訂約方時在綜合財務狀況 表內確認。

金融資產及金融負債初始按公平值計 量,惟因客戶合約產生的貿易應收款項乃 根據香港財務報告準則第15號初始計量 除外。可直接歸因於收購或發行金融資產 及金融負債(按公平值計入損益的金融資 產除外)的交易成本於首次確認時適當地 自金融資產或金融負債的公平值中計入 或扣減。收購按公平值計入損益的金融資 產直接應佔的交易成本即時於損益中 確認。

金融資產

金融資產的所有常規買賣於交易日期確 認及終止確認。以常規方式買賣指須於市 場規則或慣例所設定的時間架構內交付 資產的金融資產的購買或出售。

所有已確認的金融資產其後整體按攤銷 成本或公平值計量,視乎金融資產的分類 而定。金融資產於首次確認時分類為其後 按攤銷成本、按公平值計入其他全面收益 及按公平值計入損益計量。

於首次確認時對金融資產進行的分類,乃 取決於金融資產的合約現金流量特徵,以 及本集團管理該等資產的業務模式。

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY **INFORMATION** (CONTINUED)

Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position when a group entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value, except for trade receivables arising from contracts with customers which are initially measured in accordance with HKFRS 15. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial asset at FVTPL) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial asset at FVTPL are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Financial assets

All regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognised and derecognised on a trade date basis. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame established by regulation or convention in the marketplace.

All recognised financial assets are subsequently measured in their entirety at either amortised cost or fair value, depending on the classification of the financial assets. Financial assets are classified, at initial recognition, as subsequently measured at amortised cost, FVTOCI and FVTPL.

The classification of financial assets at initial recognition depends on the financial asset's contractual cash flow characteristics and the Group's business model for managing them.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

截至2024年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2024

3. 重大會計政策資料(續)

金融工具(續)

金融資產(續)

按攤銷成本計量的金融資產(債務 工具)

如同時符合以下兩種條件,本集團其後便 按攤銷成本計量金融資產:

- 金融資產於一個目的為持有金融資 產以收取合約現金流量的業務模式 中持有;及
- 金融資產的合約條款於指明日期產 生的現金流量為僅支付本金及未償 還本金的利息。

按攤銷成本計量的金融資產其後採用實 際利率法計量,並可能出現減值。

攤銷成本及實際利率法

實際利率法為計算債務工具的攤銷成本 及於有關期間內分配利息收入的方法。

除所購買或源牛的已發牛信貸減值的金 融資產(即於初始確認時已發生信貸減值 的資產)以外的金融資產,實際利率為將 估計未來現金收入(包括所有構成實際利 率組成部份的已付或已收費用及基點、交 易成本及其他溢價或折讓,但不包括預期 信貸虧損)按債務工具預計年期或(倘適 用)更短期間準確貼現至債務工具於初始 確認時的賬面總值之利率。對於購買或發 起的信貸減值金融資產,信貸調整實際利 率乃按將估計未來現金流量(包括預期信 貸虧損)折現至初始確認時債務工具攤銷 成本的方式計算。

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY **INFORMATION** (CONTINUED)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Financial assets at amortised cost (debt instruments)

The Group measures financial assets subsequently at amortised cost if both of the following conditions are met:

- the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows; and
- the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Financial assets at amortised cost are subsequently measured using the effective interest method and are subject to impairment.

Amortised cost and effective interest method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a debt instrument and of allocating interest income over the relevant period.

For financial assets other than purchased or originated creditimpaired financial assets (i.e. assets that are credit-impaired on initial recognition), the effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts (including all fees and points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) excluding expected credit losses, through the expected life of the debt instrument, or, where appropriate, a shorter period, to the gross carrying amount of the debt instrument on initial recognition. For purchased or originated credit-impaired financial assets, a credit-adjusted effective interest rate is calculated by discounting the estimated future cash flows, including expected credit losses, to the amortised cost of the debt instrument on initial recognition.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

截至2024年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2024

3. 重大會計政策資料(續)

金融工具(續)

金融資產(續)

按攤銷成本計量的金融資產(債務 工具)(續)

攤銷成本及實際利率法(續)

金融資產的攤銷成本指金融資產於初始 確認時計量的金額,減去本金還款,加上 初始金額與到期金額之間的任何差額(已 就任何虧損撥備作出調整)採用實際利率 法計量的累計攤餘。金融資產的賬面總 值,為金融資產於調整任何虧損撥備前的 攤銷成本。

就其後按攤銷成本計量的債務工具而 言,利息收入採用實際利率法確認。就除 所購買或源生的已發生信貸減值的金融 資產以外的金融資產而言,利息收入透過 將實際利率應用於金融資產的賬面總值 計算,惟其後已發生信貸減值的金融資產 除外(見下文)。就其後已發生信貸減值的 金融資產而言,利率收入透過將實際利率 應用至金融資產的攤銷成本確認。於報告 期間後,如已發生信貸減值的金融工具的 信貸風險改善,令金融資產不再發生信貸 減值,則利息收入诱過將實際利率應用至 金融資產的賬面總值確認。

利息收入於損益中確認,並計入「其他收 入、收益及虧損」項目(附註9)內。

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY **INFORMATION** (CONTINUED)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Financial assets at amortised cost (debt instruments) (Continued)

Amortised cost and effective interest method (Continued)

The amortised cost of a financial asset is the amount at which the financial asset is measured at initial recognition minus the principal repayments, plus the cumulative amortisation using the effective interest method of any difference between that initial amount and the maturity amount, adjusted for any loss allowance. The gross carrying amount of a financial asset is the amortised cost of a financial asset before adjusting for any loss allowance.

Interest income is recognised using the effective interest method for debt instruments measured subsequently at amortised cost. For financial assets other than purchased or originated credit-impaired financial assets, interest income is calculated by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset, except for financial assets that have subsequently become credit-impaired (see below). For financial assets that have subsequently become creditimpaired, interest income is recognised by applying the effective interest rate to the amortised cost of the financial asset. If, in subsequent reporting periods, the credit risk on the creditimpaired financial instrument improves so that the financial asset is no longer credit-impaired, interest income is recognised by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of the financial asset.

Interest income is recognised in profit or loss and is included in the "other income, gain and losses" line item (note 9).

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

截至2024年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2024

3. 重大會計政策資料(續)

金融工具(續)

金融資產(續)

指定為按公平值計入其他全面收益的 股本工具

於首次確認時,本集團可作出不可撤回之 選擇(按個別工具基準)將股本工具投資 指定為按公平值計入其他全面收益。倘股 本投資乃持作買賣,或倘其為收購方於業 務合併中確認的或然代價,則不得指定為 按公平值計入其他全面收益。

按公平值計入其他全面收益的股本工具 投資初始按公平值加交易成本計量,其後 按公平值計量,而因公平值變動產生的收 益或虧損確認於其他全面收益,並累計於 公平值儲備內。累計收益或虧損將不會重 新分類至出售股本投資的損益,反而將轉 撥至保留溢利。

此等股本工具投資的股息於本集團有權 收取股息的權利確立時在損益中確認,除 非股息清楚代表收回投資成本的部份。股 息計入損益中的「其他收入、收益及虧損」 項目(附註9)。

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY **INFORMATION** (CONTINUED)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Equity instruments designated as at FVTOCI

On initial recognition, the Group may make an irrevocable election (on an instrument-by-instrument basis) to designate investments in equity instruments as at FVTOCI. Designation at FVTOCI is not permitted if the equity investment is held for trading or if it is contingent consideration recognised by an acquirer in a business combination.

Investments in equity instruments at FVTOCI are initially measured at fair value plus transaction costs. Subsequently, they are measured at fair value with gains or losses arising from changes in fair value recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the fair value reserve. The cumulative gain or loss will not be reclassified to profit or loss on disposal of the equity investments, instead, they will be transferred to retained profits.

Dividends on these investments in equity instruments are recognised in profit or loss when the Group's right to receive the dividends is established, unless the dividends clearly represent a recovery of part of the cost of the investment. Dividends are included in the "other income, gain and losses" line item in profit or loss (note 9).

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

截至2024年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2024

重大會計政策資料(續)

金融工具(續)

金融資產(續)

金融資產的減值

本集團就按攤銷成本計量的債務工具投 資確認預期信貸虧損(「預期信貸虧損」) 的虧損撥備。預期信貸虧損的金額於各報 告期間末予以更新,以反映信貸風險自初 始確認有關金融工具以來的變動。

本集團一直就貿易應收款項確認存續期 預期信貸虧損。此等金融資產的預期信貸 虧損採用以本集團過往信貸虧損經驗為 基礎的撥備矩陣(已就債務人的特定因 素、整體經濟狀況及對於報告日期當前及 預測狀況方向,包括貨幣時間價值(如適 當))就重大結餘客戶按個別基準及/或組 合基準作出估計。

就所有其他金融工具而言,本集團計量相 等於12個月預期信貸虧損的虧損撥備, 惟倘信貸風險自初始確認以來已顯著增 加,則本集團便確認存續期預期信貸虧 損。是否應確認存續期預期信貸虧損的評 估,乃根據自初始確認以來發生違約事件 的可能性或風險有否顯著增加而定。

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY **INFORMATION** (CONTINUED)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Impairment of financial assets

The Group recognises a loss allowance for expected credit losses ("ECL") on investments in debt instruments that are measured at amortised cost. The amount of ECL is updated at the end of each reporting period to reflect changes in credit risk since initial recognition of the respective financial instrument.

The Group always recognises lifetime ECL for trade receivables. The ECL on these financial assets are estimated on an individual basis for customers with significant balances and/or collectively by using a provision matrix based on the Group's historical credit loss experience, adjusted for factors that are specific to the debtors, general economic conditions and an assessment of both the current as well as the forecast direction of conditions at the reporting date, including time value of money where appropriate.

For all other financial instruments, the Group measures the loss allowance equal to 12-month ECL, unless there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, in which case the Group recognises lifetime ECL. The assessment of whether lifetime ECL should be recognised is based on significant increase in the likelihood or risk of a default occurring since initial recognition.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

截至2024年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2024

重大會計政策資料(續)

金融工具(續)

金融資產(續) 金融資產的減值(續)

信貸風險的顯著增加

在評估金融工具的信貸風險自初始確認 以來是否已顯著增加時,本集團將金融工 具於報告期間末正在發生違約的風險與 金融工具於初始確認日期正在發生違約 的風險作出比較。在作出此項評估時,本 集團會考慮合理且可支持的定量及定性 資料,包括過往經驗,以及在毋須付出不 必要成本或努力下即可獲取的前瞻性資 料。所考慮的前瞻性資料包括從經濟專家 報告、財經分析員、政府部門、有關智囊 團及其他類似組織所取得本集團債務人 經營行業的未來前景,以及考慮的各類來 自外部與本集團業務有關的實際及預測 經濟資料。

具體而言,在評估信貸風險自初始確認以 來是否已顯著增加時考慮的資料如下:

金融工具的外部(如適用)或內部信 貸評級實際上或預期會顯著轉差;

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY **INFORMATION** (CONTINUED)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued) Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

Significant increase in credit risk

In assessing whether the credit risk on a financial instrument has increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group compares the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the end of the reporting period with the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the date of initial recognition. In making this assessment, the Group considers both quantitative and qualitative information that is reasonable and supportable, including historical experience and forward-looking information that is available without undue cost or effort. Forward-looking information considered includes the future prospects of the industries in which the Group's debtors operate, obtained from economic expert reports, financial analysts, governmental bodies, relevant think-tanks and other similar organisations, as well as consideration of various external sources of actual and forecast economic information that relate to the Group's operations.

In particular, the following information is taken into account when assessing whether credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition:

an actual or expected significant deterioration in the financial instrument's external (if available) or internal credit rating;

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

截至2024年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2024

3. 重大會計政策資料(續)

金融工具(續)

金融資產(續) 金融資產的減值(續)

信貸風險的顯著增加(續)

- 外部市場顯示特定債務人信貸風險 的指標顯著轉差,例如信貸利差、 債務人的信貸違約掉期價格或金融 資產公平值低於其攤銷成本的時間 長度或程度顯著增加;
- 現時或預測業務、財務或經濟狀況 出現預期會導致債務人履行其債務 責任的能力顯著下降的不利變動;
- 債務人的經營業績實際上或預期會 顯著轉差;
- 同一債務人的其他金融工具的信貸 風險顯著增加;或
- 債務人的監管、經濟或技術環境實 際上或預期會出現導致債務人履行 其債務責任的能力顯著下降的重大 不利變動。

不論以上評估的結果如何,當合約付款逾 期超過30天時,本集團會假定金融資產 的信貸風險自初始確認以來已顯著增 加,除非本集團具有合理且可支持的資料 説明情況並非如此。

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY **INFORMATION** (CONTINUED)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued) Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

Significant increase in credit risk (Continued)

- significant deterioration in external market indicators of credit risk for a particular debtor, e.g. a significant increase in the credit spread, the credit default swap prices for the debtor, or the length of time or the extent to which the fair value of a financial asset has been less than its amortised cost;
- existing or forecast adverse changes in business, financial or economic conditions that are expected to cause a significant decrease in the debtor's ability to meet its debt obligations;
- an actual or expected significant deterioration in the operating results of the debtor;
- significant increases in credit risk on other financial instruments of the same debtor: or
- an actual or expected significant adverse change in the regulatory, economic, or technological environment of the debtor that results in a significant decrease in the debtor's ability to meet its debt obligations.

Irrespective of the outcome of the above assessment, the Group presumes that the credit risk on a financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition when contractual payments are more than 30 days past due, unless the Group has reasonable and supportable information that demonstrates otherwise.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

截至2024年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2024

重大會計政策資料(續)

金融工具(續)

金融資產(續) 金融資產的減值(續)

信貸風險的顯著增加(續)

儘管如此,如債務工具於報告日期被確定 為屬於低信貸風險,本集團會假設該債務 工具的信貸風險自初始確認以來並無顯 著增加。倘(i)債務工具發生違約的風險 低;(ii)債務人相當有能力於短期內履行其 合約現金流量責任;及(iii)經濟及業務狀況 出現長期不利變動可能但將未必會削弱 借款人履行其合約現金流量責任的能 力,則債務工具被確定為屬於低信貸風 險。當資產根據國際認可定義具有「投資 級別」的外界信貸評級時,或倘沒有外界 評級時資產具有「良好」的內部評級時,本 集團便視債務工具具有低信貸風險。良好 指交易對手具有強勁的財務狀況且無逾 期款項。

本集團定期監察用以識別信貸風險是否 已顯著增加的標準是否有效,並於適當時 作出修訂,以確保有關標準能夠於款項逾 期前識別到信貸風險有否顯著增加。

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY **INFORMATION** (CONTINUED)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued) Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

Significant increase in credit risk (Continued)

Despite the foregoing, the Group assumes that the credit risk on a debt instrument has not increased significantly since initial recognition if the debt instrument is determined to have low credit risk at the reporting date. A debt instrument is determined to have low credit risk if (i) the debt instrument has a low risk of default; (ii) the debtor has a strong capacity to meet its contractual cash flow obligations in the near term; and (iii) adverse changes in economic and business conditions in the longer term may, but will not necessarily, reduce the ability of the borrower to fulfil its contractual cash flow obligations. The Group considers a debt instrument to have low credit risk when the asset has external credit rating of "investment grade" in accordance with the globally understood definition or if an external rating is not available, the asset has an internal rating of "performing". Performing means that the counterparty has a strong financial position and there is no past due amounts.

The Group regularly monitors the effectiveness of the criteria used to identify whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk and revises them as appropriate to ensure that the criteria are capable of identifying significant increase in credit risk before the amount becomes past due.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

截至2024年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2024

3. 重大會計政策資料(續)

金融工具(續)

金融資產(續) 金融資產的減值(續)

違約的定義

本集團就內部信貸風險管理而言視以下 情況為構成違約事件,原因是過往經驗顯 示符合以下標準的應收款項通常不可 收回:

- 當債務人違反財務契諾時;或
- 內部制定或從外界來源取得的資料 顯示,債務人不大可能全數付款予 其債權人(包括本集團)(不計及本集 團所持有的任何抵押品)。

不論上述分析,本集團認為,當金融資產 已逾期超過90天時,即已發生違約,除非 本集團具有合理且可支持的資料,説明更 滯後的違約標準更為適當。

已發生信貸減值的金融資產

常一項或多項對金融資產的估計未來現 金流量構成不利影響的事件已經發生 時,該金融資產即已發生信貸減值。證明 金融資產已發生信貸減值的證據包括有 關以下事件的可觀察數據:

- 發行人或借款人出現重大財務困難;
- 違反合約,例如拖欠付款或逾期 事件;
- 借款人的放貸人基於借款人出現財 務困難有關的經濟或合約原因,而 給予借款人在任何其他情況下放貸 人都不會作出的讓步;

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY **INFORMATION** (CONTINUED)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued) Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

Definition of default

The Group considers the following as constituting an event of default for internal credit risk management purposes as historical experience indicates that receivables that meet either of the following criteria are generally not recoverable:

- when there is a breach of financial covenants by the debtor; or
- information developed internally or obtained from external sources indicates that the debtor is unlikely to pay its creditors, including the Group, in full (without taking into account any collaterals held by the Group).

Irrespective of the above analysis, the Group considers that default has occurred when a financial asset is more than 90 days past due unless the Group has reasonable and supportable information to demonstrate that a more lagging default criterion is more appropriate.

Credit-impaired financial assets

A financial asset is credit-impaired when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of that financial asset have occurred. Evidence that a financial asset is credit-impaired includes observable data about the following events:

- significant financial difficulty of the issuer or the borrower;
- a breach of contract, such as a default or past due event;
- the lender(s) of the borrower, for economic or contractual reasons relating to the borrower's financial difficulty, having granted to the borrower a concession(s) that the lender(s) would not otherwise consider;

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

截至2024年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2024

3. 重大會計政策資料(續)

金融工具(續)

金融資產(續)

金融資產的減值(續)

已發生信貸減值的金融資產(續)

- 借款人將很可能陷入破產或進行其 他財務重組;或
- 由於財務困難以致該金融資產的活 躍市場消失。

撇銷政策

當有資料顯示債務人陷入嚴重的財務困 難,以及並無實際的收回期望(例如當交 易對手已遭清盤或已進入破產程序)時, 或(就貿易應收款項而言)當有關款項已 逾期超過180天(以較早發生者為準)時, 本集團便會撇銷金融資產。經考慮適當尋 求的法律意見後,被撇銷的金融資產仍可 能根據本集團的收回程序進行執法活 動。任何已收回的款項於損益中確認。

預期信貸虧損的計量及確認

預期信貸虧損的計量是違約概率、違約虧 損率(即發生違約時的虧損程度)及違約 風險的函數。違約概率及違約虧損率乃根 據歷史數據(已按前瞻性資料作出調整) 作出評估。至於違約風險,就金融資產而 言,乃以資產於報告日期的賬面總值 代表。

就金融資產而言,預期信貸虧損估計為根 據合約應付予本集團的所有合約現金流 量與本集團預期收取的所有現金流量(按 原實際利率折現)之間的差額。

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY **INFORMATION** (CONTINUED)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

Credit-impaired financial assets (Continued)

- it is becoming probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation; or
- the disappearance of an active market for that financial asset because of financial difficulties.

Write-off policy

The Group writes off a financial asset when there is information indicating that the debtor is in severe financial difficulty and there is no realistic prospect of recovery, e.g. when the counterparty has been placed under liquidation or has entered into bankruptcy proceedings, or in the case of trade receivables, when the amounts are over 180 days past due, whichever occurs sooner. Financial assets written off may still be subject to enforcement activities under the Group's recovery procedures, taking into account legal advice where appropriate. Any recoveries made are recognised in profit or loss.

Measurement and recognition of ECL

The measurement of expected credit losses is a function of the probability of default, loss given default (i.e. the magnitude of the loss if there is a default) and the exposure at default. The assessment of the probability of default and loss given default is based on historical data adjusted by forward-looking information. As for the exposure at default, for financial assets, this is represented by the assets' gross carrying amount at the reporting date.

For financial assets, the ECL is estimated as the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Group in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Group expects to receive, discounted at the original effective interest rate.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

截至2024年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2024

3. 重大會計政策資料(續)

金融工具(續)

金融資產(續) 金融資產的減值(續)

預期信貸虧損的計量及確認(續)

倘本集團於前一報告期間內按相等於存 續期預期信貸虧損的金額計量金融工具 的虧損撥備,但於本報告日期確定不再符 合存續期預期信貸虧損的條件,本集團便 會於本報告日期按相等於12個月預期信 貸虧損的金額計量虧損撥備,惟已採用簡 化方式的資產除外。

本集團就所有金融工具在損益中確認減 值收益或虧損, 並透過虧損撥備賬對其賬 面值作出相應的調整。

金融資產的終止確認

本集團僅在獲取資產所產生現金流量的 合約權利到期,或者將金融資產及該資產 所有權上絕大部份風險及回報轉移至另 一方時,方會終止確認金融資產。

於終止確認按攤銷成本計量的金融資產 時,該資產的賬面值與已收及應收代價的 總和之間的差額在損益中確認。此外,於 終止確認本集團於首次確認時已選擇按 公平值計入其他全面收益計量的股本工 具的投資時,先前累計於公平值儲備的累 計收益或虧損不予重新分類至損益,但轉 撥至保留溢利。

金融負債及股本工具

分類為債務或股本

由集團實體發行的債務及股本工具根據 合約安排的內容實質以及金融負債及股 本工具的定義分類為金融負債或權益。

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY **INFORMATION** (CONTINUED)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

Measurement and recognition of ECL (Continued)

If the Group has measured the loss allowance for a financial instrument at an amount equal to lifetime ECL in the previous reporting period, but determines at the current reporting date that the conditions for lifetime ECL are no longer met, the Group measures the loss allowance at an amount equal to 12-month ECL at the current reporting date, except for assets for which simplified approach was used.

The Group recognises an impairment gain or loss in profit or loss for all financial instruments with a corresponding adjustment to their carrying amount through a loss allowance account.

Derecognition of financial assets

The Group derecognises a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another party.

On derecognition of a financial asset measured at amortised cost, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable is recognised in profit or loss. In addition, on derecognition of an investment in equity instrument which the Group has elected on initial recognition to measure at FVTOCI, the cumulative gain or loss previously accumulated in the fair value reserve is not reclassified to profit or loss, but is transferred to retained profits.

Financial liabilities and equity instruments Classification as debt or equity

Debt and equity instruments issued by a group entity are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

截至2024年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2024

3. 重大會計政策資料(續)

金融工具(續)

金融負債及股本工具(續)

股本工具

股本工具為證明一間實體資產具有剩餘 權益(經扣除其所有負債後)的任何合 約。集團實體發行的股本工具按已收所得 款項減直接發行成本確認。

本公司所購回自身的股本工具直接於權 益中確認及扣除。本公司購買、出售、發 行或註銷自身股本工具的損益概無於損 益中確認為收益或虧損。

金融負債

所有金融負債其後均採用實際利率法按 攤銷成本計量。

其後按攤銷成本計量的金融負債

並非(i) 收購方於業務合併中的或然代價; (ii)持作買賣;或(iii)指定為按公平值計入損 益的金融負債,其後採用實際利率法按攤 銷成本計量。

實際利率法為計算相關期間金融負債的 攤銷成本及分配利息開支的方法。實際利 率是將估計未來現金付款(包括所有構成 實際利率組成部分的已付或已收費用及 基點、交易成本及其他溢價或折讓)按金 融負債預計年期或(倘適用)更短期間準 確貼現至金融負債的攤銷成本之利率。

金融負債的終止確認

本集團於及僅於其責任已經履行、解除或 到期時,方會終止確認金融負債。已終止 確認的金融負債的賬面值與已付及應付 代價之間的差額於損益中確認。

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY **INFORMATION** (CONTINUED)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial liabilities and equity instruments (Continued) **Equity instruments**

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by a group entity are recognised at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

Repurchase of the Company's own equity instruments is recognised and deducted directly in equity. No gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss on the purchase, sale, issue or cancellation of the Company's own equity instruments.

Financial liabilities

All financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Financial liabilities subsequently measured at amortised cost

Financial liabilities that are not (i) contingent consideration of an acquirer in a business combination; (ii) held-for-trading; or (iii) designated as at FVTPL, are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial liability and of allocating interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments (including all fees and points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the financial liability, or (where appropriate) a shorter period, to the amortised cost of a financial liability.

Derecognition of financial liabilities

The Group derecognises financial liabilities when, and only when, the Group's obligations are discharged, cancelled or they expire. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid and payable, is recognised in profit or loss.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

截至2024年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2024

3. 重大會計政策資料(續)

公平值計量

在計量公平值(惟本集團的以股份付款的 交易、租賃交易、存貨的可變現淨值以及 廠房及設備的使用價值、使用權資產、於 聯營公司的權益、商譽及無形資產除外) 以進行減值評估時,本集團會計及倘市場 參與者於計量日對資產或負債定價時所 計及的資產或負債的特點。

計量非金融資產公平值時會計及一名市 場參與者透過以最大限度使用該資產達 致最佳用途,或诱過將資產出售予將以最 大限度使用該資產達致最佳用途的另一 名市場參與者而產生經濟利益的能力。

本集團使用適用於不同情況且具備足夠 可用數據以計量公平值的估值方法,以盡 量使用相關可觀察輸入數據及盡量減少 使用不可觀察輸入數據。具體而言,本集 團根據輸入數據的特色將公平值計量分 類為三個級別如下:

- 第1級 相同資產或負債於活躍市場 的報價(未經調整)。
- 第2級 對公平值計量而言屬重大的 最低級別輸入數據為直接或 間接可觀察數據的估值方法。
- 第3級 對公平值計量而言屬重大的 最低級別輸入數據為不可觀 察數據的估值方法。

於報告期末,本集團透過審閱各自的公平 值計量,釐定經常性按公平值計量的資產 及負債的公平值層級之間是否存在轉移。

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

Fair value measurement

When measuring fair value except for the Group's share-based payment transactions, leasing transactions, net realisable value of inventories and value-in-use of plant and equipment, right-ofuse assets, interests in associates, goodwill and intangible assets for the purpose of impairment assessment, the Group takes into account the characteristics of the asset or liability if market participants would take those characteristics into account when pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date.

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The Group uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs. Specifically, the Group categorised the fair value measurements into three levels, based on the characteristics of inputs, as follows:

- Level 1 Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Valuation techniques for which the lowest level Level 2 input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable.
- Level 3 -Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable.

At the end of the reporting period, the Group determines whether transfer occur between levels of the fair value hierarchy for assets and liabilities which are measured at fair value on recurring basis by reviewing their respective fair value measurement.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

截至2024年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2024

3. 重大會計政策資料(續)

以股份支付的交易

按權益結算以股份支付的交易

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

Share-based payment transactions

Equity-settled share-based payment transactions

The Group grants shares of the Company to employees at nil consideration under the RSU Scheme, and the awarded shares under the RSU Scheme are either newly issued or are purchased from the open market. The cost of shares purchased from the open market is recognised in equity as shares held for the RSU Scheme. The fair value of the RSUs granted to employees is recognised as an equity-settled share-based compensation expenses with a corresponding increase in share-based compensation reserve within equity. Where the employees have to meet vesting conditions before becoming unconditionally entitled to the RSUs, the total estimated fair value of the RSUs is spread over the vesting period, taking into account the probability that the RSUs will vest.

At the end of the reporting period, the Group revises its estimates of the number of RSUs that are expected to ultimately vest. Any resulting adjustment to the cumulative fair value recognised in prior years is charged/credited to the profit or loss for the year of the review, unless the original employee expenses qualify for recognition as an asset, with a corresponding adjustment to the share-based compensation reserve. On the vesting date, the amount recognised as an expense is adjusted to reflect the actual number of RSUs that vest (with a corresponding adjustment to the share-based compensation reserve) except where forfeiture is only due to not achieving vesting conditions that relate to the service conditions. The equity amount is recognised in the share-based compensation reserve until the RSUs are vested (when it is included in the amount recognised in share premium for the shares vested).

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

截至2024年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2024

主要會計判斷及估計不確定性 的關鍵來源

在應用附計3所述的本集團會計政策時, 本公司董事須就於綜合財務報表所呈報 及披露的資產、負債、收入及開支的賬面 值作出判斷、估計及假設。該等估計及相 關假設乃根據過往經驗及被視為相關的 其他因素作出。實際結果可能有別於該等 估計。

該等估計及相關假設會持續進行檢討。倘 會計估計修訂僅影響作出修訂的期間,則 有關修訂會在該期間確認,或倘有關修訂 同時影響當前及未來期間,則在修訂期間 及未來期間確認。

應用會計政策的主要判斷

除涉及估計者(見下文)外,以下為本公司 董事在應用本集團的會計政策過程中已 作出的主要判斷,該等判斷對於綜合財務 報表中的已確認金額及已作出披露具有 最深遠的影響。

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION **UNCERTAINTY**

In the application of the Group's accounting policies, which are described in note 3, the directors of the Company are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses reported and disclosures made in the consolidated financial statements. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

Critical judgements in applying accounting policies

The followings are the critical judgements, apart from those involving estimations (see below), that the directors of the Company have made in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies and that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised and disclosures made in the consolidated financial statements.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

截至2024年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2024

主要會計判斷及估計不確定性 的閣鍵來源(續)

應用會計政策的主要判斷(續)

透過合約安排取得的控制權

如附註42(c)所披露,深圳市可購百信息技 術有限公司(「深圳可購百」)被視為本公 司的間接全資附屬公司。儘管本集團並無 於深圳可購百擁有任何股本權益,但本集 團對深圳可購百擁有控制權,原因是透過 與深圳可購百的股東與本集團訂立多份 合約協議,本集團具有權力委任及免任深 圳可購百的董事會成員,指示深圳可購百 的有關活動,以影響本集團的回報金額。 因此,本公司董事及本公司獨立法律顧問 認為,本集團具有實務能力單方面指示深 圳可購百的相關活動,故本集團對深圳可 購百擁有控制權。

對聯營公司發揮重大影響力

如附註23所披露,本公司的董事視喜和 香港有限公司(「喜和香港」,本集團於該 公司擁有15%股本權益)為本集團的聯營 公司,原因是本集團透過其合約權利可委 任喜和香港董事會三名董事的其中一 名,對喜和香港發揮重大的影響力。

估計不確定性的關鍵來源

以下為於報告期間末有關未來的關鍵假 設及估計不確定性的其他關鍵來源,而該 等假設及不確定估計會造成須對下一個 財政年度內資產及負債賬面值作出重大 調整的重大風險。

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION **UNCERTAINTY** (CONTINUED)

Critical judgements in applying accounting policies (Continued)

Control obtained through contractual arrangements

As disclosed in the note 42(c) Shenzhen Kegoubai Information Technologies Limited (formerly known as "Shenzhen Cogobuy Information Technologies Limited") (深圳市可購百信息技術有 限公司) ("Shenzhen Kegoubai ") is considered as an indirectly wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company. Although the Group does not own any shareholding in Shenzhen Kegoubai, the Group has the control over Shenzhen Kegoubai since the Group has the power to appoint and remove the board of directors of Shenzhen Kegoubai to direct the relevant activities of Shenzhen Kegoubai to affect the amount of the Group's return, through various contractual agreements signed between the shareholder of Shenzhen Kegoubai and the Group. Therefore, in the opinions of the directors of the Company and the independent legal adviser of the Company, the Group has the practical ability to direct the relevant activities of Shenzhen Kegoubai unilaterally and hence the Group has the control over Shenzhen Kegoubai.

Significant influence over associates

As disclosed in note 23, the directors of the Company considered ZIM (HK) Limited ("ZIM HK"), in which the Group has 15% equity interest in, is an associate of the Group as the Group has significant influence over ZIM HK by virtue of its contractual right to appoint one out of three directors to the board of directors of ZIM HK.

Key sources of estimation uncertainty

The followings are the key assumptions concerning the future, and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

截至2024年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2024

主要會計判斷及估計不確定性 的閣鍵來源(續)

估計不確定性的關鍵來源(續)

無形資產及商譽減值

本集團管理層透過確定無形資產是否存 在可能減值的跡象,對該等無形資產進行 減值評估。 一經確定後, 本集團管理層進 行減值測試,有關測試須對該等無形資產 所屬的現金產生單位的可收回金額作出 估算。

本集團管理層每年或於確定出現可能減 值跡象時就商譽進行減值測試。

釐定無形資產及商譽有否減值時,需要估 算獲分配商譽及無形資產的現金產生單 位的可收回金額。現金產生單位的可收回 金額乃採用使用價值計算釐定,該計算需 要本集團估計現金產生單位各自預期可 產生的未來現金流量及合適的稅前折現 率,以計算現值。倘未來實際現金流量低 於預期,則可能出現重大減值虧損。

於2024年12月31日,無形資產及商譽的 賬面值分別約為人民幣298,037,000 元(2023年: 人民幣445,154,000元)及 人民幣607,007,000元(2023年:人民幣 607,007,000元)。截至2024年及2023年12 月31日止年度並無就無形資產及商譽確 認減值虧損。

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION **UNCERTAINTY** (CONTINUED)

Key sources of estimation uncertainty (Continued)

Impairment of intangible assets and goodwill

The management of the Group performed the impairment assessment on the intangible assets by identifying the indication of possible impairment of such intangible assets. Once identified, the management of the Group performed impairment testing, which requires an estimation of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating units to which such intangible assets belongs.

The management of the Group performed impairment testing annually, or if there is indication of possible impairment identified, for the goodwill.

Determining whether intangible assets and goodwill are impaired requires an estimation of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating units to which goodwill and intangible assets have been allocated. The recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit is determined using the value-in-use calculation, which requires the Group to estimate the future cash flows expected to arise from each of the cash-generating unit and a suitable pre-tax discount rate in order to calculate the present value. Where the actual future cash flows are less than expected, a material impairment loss may arise.

As at 31 December 2024, the carrying amount of intangible assets and goodwill were approximately RMB298,037,000 (2023: RMB445,154,000) and RMB607,007,000 (2023: RMB607,007,000) respectively. No impairment loss in respect of intangible assets and goodwill has been recognised for the years ended 31 December 2024 and 2023.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

截至2024年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2024

4. 主要會計判斷及估計不確定性 的關鍵來源(續)

估計不確定性的關鍵來源(續)

無形資產攤餘

於各報告期間末,本公司董事根據過往對 類似功能的無形資產的實際可使用年期 的經驗或市場參與者所採用類似無形資 產的可使用年期,檢討無形資產的估計可 使用年期及攤餘方法。如有需要根據實際 使用作出變動,本公司董事將按預期基準 修訂估計可使用年期及攤餘方法。

於2024年12月31日,並無對賬面值約為人民幣298,037,000元(2023年:人民幣445,154,000元)的無形資產修訂估計可使用年期及攤餘方法。

按公平值計入其他全面收益的金融資 產的公平值釐定

對於釐定於2024年12月31日按公平值計入其他全面收益的公平值,本公司董事在釐定按公平值計入其他全面收益的金數據時運用對斷及估計。本公司董事及獨立估值的相關假設及數據時運用坊諮詢評估有限公司(「華坊」)參考售頭上,一個大學,則按公平值計入其他全面收益的金融資產的公平值可能出現重大差異。

於2024年12月31日,按公平值計入其他全面收益的金融資產的公平值約為人民幣796,786,000元(2023年:人民幣884,596,000元),並於截至2024年12月31日止年度內確認公平值儲備相應淨減少約人民幣399,367,000元(2023年:人民幣182,617,000元)。本公司董事相信,已選用的估值方法及假設對於釐定按公平值計入其他全面收益的金融資產的公平值而言為恰當。

4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY (CONTINUED)

Key sources of estimation uncertainty (Continued)

Amortisation of the intangible assets

At the end of each reporting period, the directors of the Company review the estimated useful life and the amortisation method of intangible assets, based on the historical experience of the actual useful life of intangible assets of similar functions or the useful life of similar intangible assets adopted by the market participants. The directors of the Company will revise the estimated useful life and amortisation method prospectively if there is a need for the change with reference to the actual usage.

As at 31 December 2024, there is no revision of the estimated useful life and amortisation method on the intangible assets with carrying amount of approximately RMB298,037,000 (2023: RMB445,154,000).

Fair value determination of financial assets at FVTOCI

For the determination of the fair values of FVTOCI as at 31 December 2024, the directors of the Company use their judgements and estimates in the underlying assumptions and data for the fair value determination of financial assets at FVTOCI. The directors of the Company and the independent valuer, CHFT Advisory and Appraisal Limited ("CHFT"), exercises judgements and estimates in applying suitable earnings multiples and sales multiples with reference to the available market sources. Where the actual inputs are varied, a material variance on the fair values of financial assets at FVTOCI may arise.

As at 31 December 2024, the fair value of financial assets at FVTOCI was approximately RMB796,786,000 (2023: RMB884,596,000), with corresponding net decrease in fair value reserve of approximately RMB399,367,000 (2023: RMB182,617,000) recognised during the year ended 31 December 2024. The directors of the Company believe that the chosen valuation techniques and assumptions are appropriate in determining the fair values of financial assets at FVTOCI.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

截至2024年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2024

4. 主要會計判斷及估計不確定性 的閣鍵來源(續)

估計不確定性的關鍵來源(續)

存貨撥備

管理層會檢討本集團的存貨狀況並就被 識別為不再適合銷售的陳舊及滯銷存貨 項目計提撥備。管理層主要根據於日常業 務過程中的估計及後續售價來估計該等 存貨的可變現淨值。本集團於各報告期間 末檢討存貨水平並就陳舊及滯銷項目計 提撥備。

於2024年12月31日,存貨的賬面值為 約人民幣3,510,501,000元(2023年:人 民幣4,506,058,000元)(已扣除存貨撥備 約人民幣32,780,000元(2023年:人民幣 28.364.000元))。

貿易應收款項及應收貸款的虧損撥備

貿易應收款項及應收貸款的虧損撥備乃 根據預期信貸虧損模型運用的假設及估 計計提。本集團根據其過往經驗及於報告 期間末的前瞻性資料,於作出此等假設及 估計時運用大量判斷,並選擇預期信貸虧 損模式的輸入值。此等假設及估計的變動 可能對評估的結果構成重大影響,並可能 需要於綜合損益及其他全面收益表中計 提額外的虧損撥備。

於2024年12月31日,貿易應收款項及應 收貸款的賬面值分別為約人民幣 1,924,098,000元(2023年: 人民幣 1,679,780,000元)及人民幣806,497,000元 (2023年:人民幣709,247,000元),而貿易 應收款項的累計虧損撥備約為人民幣 89,307,000元(2023年: 人 民 幣 115,747,000元)。於2024年及2023年12月 31日,並無就應收貸款確認任何虧損 撥備。

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION **UNCERTAINTY** (CONTINUED)

Key sources of estimation uncertainty (Continued)

Allowance for inventories

Management reviews the condition of the inventories of the Group and makes allowances for obsolete and slow-moving inventory items identified that are no longer suitable for sale. Management estimates the net realisable value for such inventories based primarily on the estimated and subsequent selling price in the ordinary course of business. The Group carries out an inventory review at the end of each reporting period and makes allowance for obsolete and slow-moving items.

As at 31 December 2024, the carrying amount of inventories was approximately RMB3,510,501,000 (2023: RMB4,506,058,000), net of allowance for inventories of approximately RMB32,780,000 (2023: RMB28,364,000).

Loss allowance on trade receivables and loans receivables

The loss allowance on trade receivables and loans receivables are based on assumptions and estimates used in the ECL model. The Group uses significant judgments in making these assumptions and estimates and selects inputs in the ECL model, based on the Group's historical experience and forwardlooking information at the end of the reporting period. Changes in these assumptions and estimates could materially affect the result of the assessment and it may be necessary to make additional loss allowance in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

As at 31 December 2024, the carrying amounts of trade receivables and loans receivables are approximately RMB1,924,098,000 (2023: RMB1,679,780,000) and RMB806,497,000 (2023: RMB709,247,000) respectively, with accumulated loss allowance on trade receivables of approximately RMB89,307,000 (2023: RMB115,747,000). No loss allowance on loans receivables has been recognised as at 31 December 2024 and 2023.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

截至2024年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2024

主要會計判斷及估計不確定性 的閣鍵來源(續)

估計不確定性的關鍵來源(續)

所得税

誠如附註32所披露,並無就估計未動用 税項虧損約人民幣307,166,000元(2023 年:人民幣241,436,000元)確認遞延税項 資產,原因為截至2024年12月31日無法 預計未來溢利流。此外,並未就與中國附 屬公司的未分派保留盈利約人民幣 2,231,803,000元(2023年: 人 民 幣 2,099,709,000元)確認遞延税項負債,原 因為本集團能夠控制暫時差額撥回的時 間且有關暫時差額很可能不會在可見將 來撥回。如實際結果有別於上述管理層評 估,可能導致重大確認遞延税項資產及負 債,將於年內損益中確認。

5. 資本風險管理

本集團管理其資本,以確保其能夠持續經 營,同時透過與風險水平相稱的定價產品 及服務以及以合理成本確保融資渠道以 最大限度為股東帶來回報。

本集團積極及定期對資本架構進行檢討 及管理,以在較高股東回報情況下可能伴 隨之較高借款水平與穩健的資本狀況帶 來的好處及保障之間取得平衡,並因應經 濟狀況的變化對資本架構作出調整。

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION **UNCERTAINTY** (CONTINUED)

Key sources of estimation uncertainty (Continued)

Income taxes

As disclosed in note 32, no deferred tax asset has been recognised in respect of the estimated unused tax losses of approximately RMB307,166,000 (2023: RMB241,436,000) due to the unpredictability of future profit streams as at 31 December 2024. In addition, no deferred tax liabilities has been recognised in respect of temporary differences associated with the PRC subsidiaries' undistributed retained earnings of approximately RMB2,231,803,000 (2023: RMB2,099,709,000) because the Group is in a position to control the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences and it is probable that such temporary differences will not be reversed in the foreseeable futures. In case where the actual outcome differs from the management's assessment above, a material recognition of deferred tax assets and liabilities may arise, which would be recognised in profit or loss for the year.

CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Group manages its capital to ensure that it will be able to continue as a going concern while maximising the return to shareholders through the pricing of products and services that commensurate with the level of risk and by securing access to financing at a reasonable cost.

The Group actively and regularly reviews and manages its capital structure to maintain a balance between the higher shareholders returns that might be possible with higher levels of borrowings and the advantages and security afforded by a sound capital position, and makes adjustments to the capital structure in light of changes in economic conditions.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

截至2024年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2024

資本風險管理(續)

本集團基於淨負債權益比率每半年監察 其資本架構。本集團的政策是將淨負債權 益 比 率 維 持 於 不 超 過100%(2023年: 100%),該百分比乃每半年根據本集團的 資金需要而釐定及檢討。本集團的整體策 略較過往年度保持不變。

本集團的資本架構包括淨債務(其中包括 附註18所披露的租賃負債、附註31所披 露的銀行貸款及附註33所披露的其他金 融負債),扣除附註28所披露的已抵押銀 行存款及現金及現金等價物,再除以總權 益。於報告期間末的淨負債權益比率 如下:

CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

The Group monitors its capital structure on the basis of a net debt-to-equity ratio on a semi-annual basis. The Group's policy is to maintain the net debt-to-equity ratio at not more than 100% (2023: 100%), which is determined and reviewed with reference to the funding needs of the Group semi-annually. The Group's overall strategy remains unchanged from prior years.

The capital structure of the Group consists of net debt, which includes lease liabilities disclosed in note 18, bank loans disclosed in note 31 and other financial liabilities disclosed in note 33, net of pledged bank deposits and cash and cash equivalents disclosed in note 28, over total equity. The net debt-to-equity ratio at the end of the reporting period was as follows:

		2024年 2024 人民幣千元 RMB'000	2023年 2023 人民幣千元 RMB'000
淨債務	Net debt	1,697,322	1,514,337
權益	Equity	4,408,884	4,514,720
淨負債權益比率(%)	Net debt-to-equity ratio (%)	38.50	33.54

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

截至2024年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2024

6. 金融工具

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

金融工具類別

Categories of financial instruments

		2024年 2024 人民幣千元 RMB'000	2023年 2023 人民幣千元 RMB'000
金融資產	Financial assets		
按攤銷成本計量的金融資產 (包括現金及現金等價物)	Financial assets at amortised cost (including cash and cash equivalents)	3,716,612	3,198,329
按公平值計入其他全面 收益的金融資產	Financial assets at FVTOCI		
指定為按公平值計入其他 全面收益的股本工具	 Equity instruments designated at FVTOCI 	796,786	884,596
<u> </u>	u	100,100	
		4,513,398	4,082,925
金融負債	Financial liabilities		
按攤銷成本計量的金融負債	Financial liabilities at amortised cost	4,995,282	5,513,000

金融風險管理目標及政策

本集團的主要金融資產及負債包括若干 貿易應收款項、應收票據及其他應收款 項、按公平值計入其他全面收益的金融資 產、應收貸款、已抵押銀行存款、現金及 現金等價物、貿易及其他應付款項、銀行 貸款及其他金融負債。該等金融工具之詳 情於相關附註中披露。與此等金融工具有 關的風險包括市場風險(貨幣風險及利率 風險)、信貸風險及流動性風險。關於如 何降低該等風險之政策於下文載列。管理 層管理及監管該等風險以確保及時有效 地採取適當措施。

Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Group's major financial assets and liabilities include certain trade, bills and other receivables, financial assets at FVTOCI, loans receivables, pledged bank deposits, cash and cash equivalents, trade and other payables, bank loans and other financial liabilities. Details of these financial instruments are disclosed in respective notes. The risks associated with these financial instruments included market risk (currency risk and interest rate risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The policies on how to mitigate these risks are set out below. The management manages and monitors these exposures to ensure appropriate measures are implemented on a timely and effective manner.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

截至2024年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2024

6. 金融工具(續)

金融風險管理目標及政策(續)

市場風險

貨幣風險

本集團有若干以外幣(即本公司附屬 公司功能貨幣以外的貨幣)計值的已 抵押銀行存款及現金及現金等價 物,使本集團面臨貨幣風險。本集 團 並無外匯對沖政策。然而,管理 層監管外匯風險並將於需要時考慮 對沖重大外幣風險。

敏感度分析

本集團應用有關外幣兑人民幣及美 元上升及下降5%(2023年:5%)的 敏感度。5%(2023年:5%)為內部向 主要管理層人員匯報外幣風險時使 用的敏感度比率,並代表管理層對 外匯利率出現合理可能變動的評 估。敏感度分析僅包括未償還的外 幣計值貨幣項目,並於報告期間末 就5%(2023年:5%)的外匯匯率變 動調整其換算。

於2024年12月31日,本集團有總額 約人民幣5,455,000元(2023年:人民 幣57,146,000元)乃指主要以集團實 體的附屬公司功能貨幣以外的貨幣 計值的已抵押銀行存款以及現金及 現金及現金等價物。

於2024年12月31日,倘外幣兑人民 幣轉強5%(2023年:5%),則年內稅 後溢利將增加約人民幣205,000元 (2023年:人民幣2,810,000元)。倘 外幣兑人民幣轉弱5%(2023年: 5%),則年內稅後溢利將減少約 人民幣205,000元(2023年:人民幣 2,810,000元)。

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

Market risk

Currency risk

The Group has certain pledged bank deposits and cash and cash equivalents denominated in foreign currencies, i.e. currencies other than the functional currency of the subsidiaries of the Company, which expose the Group to currency risk. The Group did not have a foreign currency hedging policy. However, the management monitors foreign exchange exposure and will consider hedging significant foreign currency exposure should the need arise.

Sensitivity analysis

The Group has applied the sensitivity to a 5% (2023: 5%) increase and decrease in relevant foreign currencies against RMB and USD. 5% (2023: 5%) is the sensitivity rate used when reporting foreign currency risk internally to key management personnel and represents management's assessment of the reasonably possible change in foreign exchange rates. The sensitivity analysis includes only outstanding foreign currency denominated monetary items and adjusts their translation at the end of the reporting period for a 5% (2023: 5%) change in foreign currency rates.

As at 31 December 2024, the Group had an aggregate amount of approximately RMB5,455,000 (2023: RMB57,146,000) which represented pledged bank deposits and cash and cash equivalents that mainly denominated in a currency other than the functional currencies of the subsidiaries of the group entities.

As at 31 December 2024, if the foreign currencies strengthen 5% (2023: 5%) against RMB, the post-tax profit for the year will be increased by approximately RMB205,000 (2023: RMB2,810,000). If the foreign currencies weaken by 5% (2023: 5%) against RMB, the post-tax profit for the year will be decreased by approximately RMB205,000 (2023: RMB2,810,000).

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

截至2024年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2024

6. 金融工具(續)

金融風險管理目標及政策(續)

市場風險(續)

利率風險

本集團就固定利率的應收貸款(附註 27)、已抵押銀行存款(附註28)、固 定利率的銀行貸款(附註31)及其他 金融負債(附註33)承擔公平值利率 風險。

本集團亦就浮動利率的銀行結餘(附 註28) 及浮動利率的銀行貸款(附註 31)承擔現金流量利率風險。本集團 的政策為以浮動利率維持貸款以減 低公平值利率風險。

本集團就金融負債的利率風險承擔 於本附註流動風險管理一節中詳 述。本集團的現金流量利率風險主 要集中於本集團分別以美元及人民 幣計值的銀行貸款及浮動利率銀行 結餘所產生的擔保隔夜融資利率 (「擔保隔夜融資利率」)及貸款基礎 利率(「LPRI)的波動。

敏感度分析

以下的敏感度分析乃根據於報告期 間末承擔的金融工具利率風險而釐 定。編製此分析時是假設於報告期 間末之未償還金融工具在全年內屬 未償還。內部向主要管理層人員匯 報利率風險時採用50個基點(2023 年:50個基點)增加或減少,代表管 理層對利率出現合理可能變動的 評估。

倘 利 率 增 加/減 少50 個 基 點 (2023) 年:50個基點),而所有其他變數維 持不變,則本集團截至2024年12月 31日止年度的税後溢利將增加/減 少約人民幣1,537,000元(2023年:增 加/減少約人民幣1,883,000元)。這 主要由於本公司因其浮動利率的銀 行結餘及銀行貸款而承擔利率風險。

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

Market risk (Continued)

Interest rate risk

The Group is exposed to fair value interest rate risk in relation to fixed interest rate loans receivables (note 27), pledged bank deposits (note 28), bank loans with fixed interest rate (note 31) and other financial liabilities (note 33).

The Group is also exposed to cash flow interest rate risk in relation to bank balances with variable interest rate (note 28) and bank loans with variable interest rates (note 31). It is the Group's policy to keep its loans at floating rate of interests so as to minimise the fair value interest rate risk.

The Group's exposures to interest rates on financial liabilities are detailed in the liquidity risk management section of this note. The Group's cash flow interest rate risk is mainly concentrated on the fluctuation of Secured Overnight Financing Rate ("SOFR") and loan prime rate ("LPR") arising from the Group's US\$ and RMB denominated bank loans, respectively and variable interest rate bank balances.

Sensitivity analysis

The sensitivity analyses below have been determined based on the exposure to interest rates for financial instruments at the end of the reporting period. The analysis is prepared assuming the financial instruments outstanding at the end of the reporting period were outstanding for the whole year. A 50 (2023: 50) basis points increase or decrease is used when reporting interest rate risk internally to key management personnel and represents management's assessment of the reasonably possible change in interest rates.

If interest rates had been 50 (2023: 50) basis points higher/lower and all other variables were held constant, the Group's post-tax profit for the year ended 31 December 2024 would increase/decrease by approximately RMB1,537,000 (2023: increase/decrease by approximately RMB1,883,000). This is mainly attributable to the Company's exposure to interest rates on its variable-rate bank balances and bank loans.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

截至2024年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2024

6. 金融工具(續)

金融風險管理目標及政策(續)

信貸風險

於2024年12月31日,倘交易對手未能履 行其有關各類已確認金融資產的責任,本 集團面對將導致其招致財務損失的最大 信貸風險承擔為綜合財務狀況表所列該 等資產的賬面值。

本集團的信貸風險主要源自貿易應收款 項、應收票據及其他應收款項、應收貸 款、已抵押銀行存款、短期銀行存款及現 金及現金等價物。此等結餘的賬面值代表 本集團就金融資產所承擔的最高信貸 風險。

為盡量降低信貸風險,本集團管理層已轉 授一團隊負責釐定監察程序,以確保採取 跟進行動收回逾期之債務。

就貿易應收款項而言,本集團已應用香港 財務報告準則第9號中的簡化方法,按存 續期預期信貸虧損計量虧損撥備。本集團 運用撥備矩陣(基於過往信貸虧損經驗以 及債務人經營行業的整體經濟狀況估計) 就具有重大結餘的客戶按個別基準及/或 組合基準釐定預期信貸虧損。就此而言, 本公司董事認為本集團的信貸風險顯著 減少。

就應收貸款及其他非貿易相關應收款項 而言,本集團已評估信貸風險自初始確認 以來是否已顯著增加。倘信貸風險已顯著 增加,本集團將根據存續期而非12個月 的預期信貸虧損計量虧損撥備。

6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

Credit risk

As at 31 December 2024, the Group's maximum exposure to credit risk which will cause a financial loss to the Group in the event of the counterparties' failure to discharge their obligations in relation to each class of recognised financial assets is the carrying amounts of those assets as stated in the consolidated statement of financial position.

The credit risk of our Group mainly arises from trade, bills and other receivables, loans receivables, pledged bank deposits, short-term bank deposits and cash and cash equivalents. The carrying amounts of these balances represent the Group's maximum exposure to credit risk in relation to financial assets.

In order to minimise the credit risk, the management of the Group has delegated a team responsible for determination of monitoring procedures to ensure that follow-up action is taken to recover overdue debts.

For trade receivables, the Group has applied the simplified approach in HKFRS 9 to measure the loss allowance at lifetime ECL. The Group determines the ECL on an individual basis for customers with significant balances and/or collectively by using a provision matrix, estimated based on historical credit loss experience, as well as the general economic conditions of the industry in which the debtors operate. In this regard, the directors of the Company consider that the Group's credit risk is significantly reduced.

For loans receivables and other non-trade related receivables, the Group has assessed whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition. If there has been a significant increase in credit risk, the Group will measure the loss allowance based on lifetime rather than 12-month ECL.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

截至2024年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2024

6. 金融工具(續)

金融風險管理目標及政策(續)

信貸風險(續)

已抵押銀行存款及現金及現金等價物涉及的信貸風險有限,原因為交易對手均為 獲國際信貸評級機構頒發高信貸評級的 銀行。

本集團於初始確認資產時會考慮違約概率,並於報告期間持續考慮信貸風險有否顯著增加。為評估信貸風險有否顯著增加,本集團將該資產於報告日期與初始確認當日正在發生的違約風險進行比較,並考慮可獲的合理且可支持的前瞻性資料。

本集團的信貸風險承擔

6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

Credit risk (Continued)

The credit risk on pledged bank deposits and cash and cash equivalents is limited because the counterparties are banks with high credit ratings assigned by international credit-rating agencies.

The Group considers the probability of default upon initial recognition of asset and whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk on an ongoing basis throughout the reporting period. To assess whether there is a significant increase in credit risk, the Group compares the risk of a default occurring on the asset as at the reporting date with the date of initial recognition. It considers available reasonable and supportive forwarding-looking information.

The Group's exposure to credit risk

In order to minimise credit risk, the Group has tasked a team responsible for developing and maintaining the Group's credit risk grading to categorise exposures according to their degree of risk of default. The credit rating information is supplied by independent rating agencies where available and, if not available, the operation management committee uses other publicly available financial information and the Group's own trading records to rate its major customers and other debtors. The Group's exposure and the credit ratings of its counterparties are continuously monitored and the aggregate value of transactions concluded is spread amongst approved counterparties.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

截至2024年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2024

6. 金融工具(續)

金融風險管理目標及政策(續)

信貸風險(續) 本集團的信貸風險承擔(續)

本集團現有的信貸風險級別框架包括以 下類別:

6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

Credit risk (Continued)

The Group's exposure to credit risk (Continued)

The Group's current credit risk grading framework comprises the following categories:

類別 Category	描述 Description	預期信貸虧損的 確認基準 Basis for recognising ECL
良好 Performing	此類金融資產的違約風險低,信貸風險自初始確認以來並無顯著增加,以及並無發生信貸減值(稱為第1階段) For financial assets where there has low risk of default or has not been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition and that are not credit impaired (refer to as Stage 1)	12個月預期信貸 虧損 12-month ECL
呆滯	此類金融資產的信貸風險自初始確認以來已顯著增加,但沒有發生 信貸減值(稱為第2階段)	存續期預期信貸 虧損 — 未發生 信貸減值
Doubtful	For financial assets where there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition but that are not credit impaired (refer to as Stage 2)	Lifetime ECL – not credit impaired
違約	當一項或多項對金融資產的估計未來現金流量構成不利影響的 事件已經發生時,該金融資產被評定為已發生信貸減值(稱為 第3階段)	存續期預期信貸 虧損 — 已發生 信貸減值
Default	Financial assets are assessed as credit impaired when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of that asset have occurred (refer to as Stage 3)	Lifetime ECL – credit impaired
撇銷	有證據顯示債務人陷入嚴重的財務困難,本集團並無實際的收回 期望	款項被撇銷
Write-off	There is evidence indicating that the debtor is in severe financial difficulty and the Group has no realistic prospect of recovery	Amount is written-off

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

截至2024年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2024

6. 金融工具(續)

金融風險管理目標及政策(續)

信貸風險(續) 本集團的信貸風險承擔(續)

下表詳列本集團主要金融資產的信貸質 素,以及本集團按信貸風險評級級別劃分 的最高信貸風險承擔:

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

Credit risk (Continued)

The Group's exposure to credit risk (Continued)

The tables below detail the credit quality of the Group's major financial assets, as well as the Group's maximum exposure to credit risk by credit risk rating grades:

		外部信貸	內部信貸	12 個月或 存續期預期信貸)24年12月31日 December 202			023年12月31日 December 2023	
		評級 External credit rating	評級 Internal credit rating	虧損 12-month or lifetime ECL	賬面總值 Gross carrying amount 人民幣千元 RMB'000	虧損撥備 Loss allowance 人民幣千元 RMB'000	賬面淨值 Net carrying amount 人民幣千元 RMB'000	賬面總值 Gross carrying amount 人民幣千元 RMB'000	虧損撥備 Loss allowance 人民幣千元 RMB'000	賬面淨值 Net carrying amount 人民幣千元 RMB'000
貿易應收款項 Trade receivables	26	不適用 N/A	(附註) (Note)	存續期預期信貸虧損 Lifetime ECL	2,013,405	(89,307)	1,924,098	1,795,527	(115,747)	1,679,780
應收票據 Bills receivables	26	不適用 N/A	良好 Performing	12個月預期信貸虧損 12-month ECL	41,778	-	41,778	22,196	_	22,196
其他應收款項 Other receivables	26	不適用 N/A	良好 Performing	12個月預期信貸虧損 12-month ECL	21,371	-	21,371	22,488	-	22,488
其他應收款項 Other receivables	26	不適用 N/A	良好 Performing	12個月預期信貸虧損 12-month ECL	10,000	-	10,000	_	-	-
應收貸款及利息 Loans and interest receivables	27	不適用 N/A 不適用	呆滯 Doubtful 良好	存續期預期信貸虧損 Lifetime ECL 12個月預期信貸虧損	650,797	-	650,797	_	-	_
	27	N/A		12-month ECL	228,881	_	228,881	737,821	_	737,821

附註:就貿易應收款項而言,本集團已應用香港財務 報告準則第9號中的簡化方法,按存續期預期 信貸虧損計量虧損撥備。本集團基於債務人的 逾期情況對此等項目釐定預期信貸虧損,並已 作出適當調整以反映當期情況及對未來經濟 狀況作出的估計。因此,此等資產的信貸風險 情況依照撥備矩陣按逾期情況呈列。附註26載 有此等資產虧損撥備的進一步詳情。

Note: For trade receivables, the Group has applied the simplified approach in HKFRS 9 to measure the loss allowance at lifetime ECL. The Group determines the ECL on these items based on the past due status of the debtors, adjusted as appropriate to reflect current conditions and estimates of future economic conditions. Accordingly, the credit risk profile of these assets is presented based on their past due status in terms of the provision matrix. Note 26 includes further details on the loss allowance on these assets.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

截至2024年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2024

6. 金融工具(續)

金融風險管理目標及政策(續)

信貸風險(續)

本集團的信貸風險承擔(續)

於2024年12月31日,貿易應收款項總額 中應收本集團最大外部客戶及前五大外 部客戶的款項分別佔7%(2023年:17%) 及25%(2023年:40%),因此本集團有集 中的信貸風險。

本集團按地區劃分的集中信貸風險主要 位於中國(包括香港),佔於2024年12月 31日貿易應收款項總額的100%(2023年: 100%)。

流動資金風險

本集團旗下的獨立營運實體須自行負責 現金管理工作,包括現金盈餘的短期投資 及籌集貸款以應付預期現金需求,惟當借 貸超出若干預定授權水平時,須取得本公 司董事會的批准。本集團的政策是定期監 察其流動資金需要並遵守貸款契諾,以確 保其維持充裕的現金儲備及從主要財務 機構取得足夠的承諾融資額度,以應付其 短期及長期流動資金需求。

本集團依賴其銀行貸款為主要流動資金 來源。於2024年12月31日的備用銀行融 資詳情於附註31披露。

下表為本集團的金融負債餘下合約到期 日的詳情。該表根據本集團可被要求支付 金融負債未折現現金流量的最早日期當 日的未折現現金流量編製。金融負債的到 期日基於協定還款日期計算。

6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

Credit risk (Continued)

The Group's exposure to credit risk (Continued)

The Group has concentration of credit risk as 7% (2023: 17%) and 25% (2023: 40%) of the total trade receivables was due from the Group's largest external customer and the top five largest external customers respectively as at 31 December 2024.

The Group's concentration of credit risk by geographical locations is mainly in the PRC (including Hong Kong), which accounted for 100% (2023: 100%) of the total trade receivable as at 31 December 2024.

Liquidity risk

Individual operating entities within the Group are responsible for their own cash management, including the short-term investment of cash surplus and the raising of loans to cover expected cash demands, subject to approval by the board of directors of the Company when the borrowings exceed certain predetermined levels of authority. The Group's policy is to regularly monitor its liquidity requirements and its compliance with loan covenants to ensure that it maintains sufficient reserves of cash and adequate committed lines of funding from major financial institutions to meet its liquidity requirements in the short and longer term.

The Group relies on bank loans as a significant source of liquidity. Details of the available bank facilities as at 31 December 2024 are disclosed in note 31.

The following table details the Group's remaining contractual maturity for its financial liabilities. The table has been drawn up based on the undiscounted cash flows of financial liabilities based on the earliest date on which the Group can be required to pay. The maturity dates for financial liabilities are based on the agreed repayment dates.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

截至2024年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2024

6. 金融工具(續)

金融風險管理目標及政策(續)

流動資金風險(續)

該表包括利息及本金現金流量。倘若利息 流量為浮動利息,未折現金額以於報告期 間末的實際利率計算得出。

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

Liquidity risk (Continued)

The table includes both interest and principal cash flows. To the extent that interest flows are floating rate, the undiscounted amount is derived from effective interest rate at the end of the reporting period.

	1年內 Within 1 year 人民幣千元 RMB'000		2024年12月3 ⁻ 31 December 2 超過2年 但少於5年 More than 2 years but less than 5 years 人民幣千元 RMB'000		賬面值 Carrying amount 人民幣千元 RMB'000
貿易及其他 Trade and othe 應付款項 payables 銀行貸款 Bank loans 其他金融負債 Other financial liabilities	2,475,227 2,049,872 253,438 4,778,537	- 420,946 420,946	- - -	2,475,227 2,049,872 674,384 5,199,483	2,475,227 1,885,882 634,173

此外,本集團租賃負債的到期情況如下:

In addition, the maturity profile of the Group's lease liabilities is as follows:

租賃負債	Lease liabilities	11.799	4.716	1.161	17,676	16,954
	Loado nabilitioo	,	., •	.,	,	

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

截至2024年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2024

6. 金融工具(續)

金融風險管理目標及政策(續)

流動資金風險(續)

6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

Liquidity risk (Continued)

			於	2023年12月31	日	
			At 3	31 December 20)23	
			超過1年	超過2年	未折現現金	
		1年內	但少於2年	但少於5年	流量總額	賬面值
			More than	More than		
			1 year but	2 years but	Total	
		Within	less than	less than	undiscounted	Carrying
		1 year	2 years	5 years	cash flows	amount
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
貿易及其他	Trade and other					
應付款項	payables	3,304,924	_	_	3,304,924	3,304,924
銀行貸款	Bank loans	1,740,662	_	_	1,740,662	1,597,377
其他金融負債	Other financial					
	liabilities	_	665,478	_	665,478	610,699
		5,045,586	665,478	_	5,711,064	5,513,000
北外,本集團租賃	 三 負債的到期情況	2如下:	In addition, the	e maturity profile	e of the Group's	lease liabilities
			as follows:			

以上包括的其他金融負債為倘附註33所 披露的贖回權被觸發時本集團須結付的 最高金額。

倘浮動利率的變化與報告期間末釐定的 利率估計不同,則包含於上述浮動利率的 金融負債的金額可能會發生變化。

The other financial liabilities included above are the maximum amount the Group is required to be settled if the redemption right has been triggered as disclosed in note 33.

The amounts included above for variable interest rate financial liabilities are subject to change if changes in variable interest rates differ to those estimates of interest rates determined at the end of the reporting period.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

截至2024年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2024

6. 金融工具(續)

於綜合財務狀況表確認的公平值 計量

本集團根據經常性基準按公平值計量 的金融資產的公平值

下表提供對於各報告期間末按公平值計 量的金融工具分析,此乃根據本集團的會 計政策按公平值可觀察程度歸類為公平 值層級之第一至三級。

6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

Fair value measurement recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position

Fair value of the Group's financial assets that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis

The following table provides an analysis of financial instruments that are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period, grouped into fair value hierarchy Levels 1 to 3 based on the degree to which the fair value is observable in accordance to the Group's accounting policy.

		第一級 Level 1 人民幣千元 RMB'000	於2024年 At 31 Dece 第二級 Level 2 人民幣千元 RMB'000	mber 2024 第三級 Level 3	總計 Total 人民幣千元 RMB'000
按公平值計入其他全面 收益的金融資產 非上市股本證券 非上市股本基金	Financial assets at FVTOCI Unlisted equity securities Unlisted equity fund	_ -	- -	787,681 9,105	787,681 9,105
		-	_	796,786	796,786

			於2023年	12月31日	
			At 31 Dece	mber 2023	
		第一級	第二級	第三級	總計
		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
按公平值計入其他全面	Financial assets at				
收益的金融資產	FVTOCI				
非上市股本證券	Unlisted equity securities	_	_	875,491	875,491
非上市股本基金	Unlisted equity fund	_	_	9,105	9,105
		_	_	884,596	884,596

於當前及過往年度的公平值層級之間並 無轉撥。

There were no transfers between levels of fair value hierarchy in the current and prior years.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

截至2024年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2024

6. 金融工具(續)

於綜合財務狀況表確認的公平值 計量(續)

本集團根據經常性基準按公平值計量 的金融資產的公平值(續)

根據經常性基準計量各金融工具的公平 值時所用的估值技巧及輸入數據載列 如下:

6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

Fair value measurement recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position (Continued)

Fair value of the Group's financial assets that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis (Continued)

The valuation techniques and inputs used in the fair value measurements of each financial instruments on a recurring basis are set out below:

			日的公平值 it 31 December				
金融工具 Financial instruments	公平值 層級 Fair value hierarchy	2024 年 2024 2024 人民幣千元	2023年 2023 人民幣千元	估值方法 Valuation technique	重大不可觀察 輸入值 Significant unobservable inputs	範圍 Range	公平值的主要輸 入值與重大不可 觀察輸入值之間 的關係 Relationship of key inputs and significant unobservable inputs to fair value
		RMB'000	RMB'000				
非上市股本 投資	第三級	787,681	875,491	市場法 — 盈利 倍數/ 銷售倍數	盈利倍數/ 銷售倍數	盈利倍數:6.60倍至24.96 倍(2023年:21.43倍至 25.23倍);銷售倍數:2.89 倍至10.16倍(2023年: 3.84倍至7.41倍)	盈利或銷售倍數越高,公平值越高
Unlisted equity investments	Level 3			Market approach — earning multiples/sales multiples	Earnings multiples/ sales multiples	Earnings multiples: from 6.60 to 24.96 times (2023: from 21.43 to 25.23 times); Sales multiples: from 2.89 to 10.16 times (2023: from 3.84 to 7.41 times)	The higher of earnings or sales multiples, the higher the fair value
非上市股權 基金	第三級	9,105	9,105	經調整淨資 產法	非上市股權基金 相關投資的資 產淨值	883,000美元至 1,702,000美元 (2023年:831,000美元至 2,561,000美元)	資產淨值越高, 公平值越高
Unlisted equity fund	Level 3			Adjusted net assets method	Net asset value of underlying investment of unlisted equity fund	U\$\$83,000 to U\$\$1,702,000 (2023: U\$\$831,000 to U\$\$2,561,000))	The higher the net asset value, the higher of the fair value
		796,786	884,596				

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

截至2024年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2024

6. 金融工具(續)

於綜合財務狀況表確認的公平值 計量(續)

本集團根據經常性基準按公平值計量 的金融資產的公平值(續)

就歸類為公平值層級中第三級的經常性公平值計量而言,倘估值模式的不可觀察輸入數據(非上市股本投資的盈利倍數及銷售倍數以及非上市股權基金相關投資的資產淨值)提高/降低5%(2023年:5%),而所有其他變量維持不變,則按公平值計入其他全面收益的金融資產的公平值將會分別增加約人民幣39,225,000元(2023年:人民幣31,199,000元)/減少約人民幣39,225,000元(2023年:人民幣31,199,000元)。

根據經常性基準金融資產第三級公平值 計量的對賬:

6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

Fair value measurement recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position (Continued)

Fair value of the Group's financial assets that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis (Continued)

For recurring fair value measurements categorised within Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy, if the unobservable inputs (earnings multiples and sales multiples for unlisted equity investments and net asset value of underlying investment for of unlisted equity fund) to the valuation model were 5% (2023: 5%) higher/lower while all the other variables were held constant, the fair value of the financial assets at FVTOCI would be increased by approximately RMB39,225,000 (2023: RMB31,199,000)/ decreased by approximately RMB39,225,000 (2023: RMB31,199,000) respectively.

Reconciliation of Level 3 fair value measurements of financial assets on recurring basis:

		非上市股本投資/ 股權基金 Unlisted equity investments/ equity fund 人民幣千元 RMB'000
於2023年1月1日	At 1 January 2023	646,024
非上市股本投資注資 其他全面收益的公平值虧損	Capital contribution in unlisted equity investment Fair value loss in other comprehensive income	421,189 (182,617)
於2023年12月31日	At 31 December 2023	884,596
非上市股本投資注資 其他全面收益的公平值虧損	Capital contribution in unlisted equity investment Fair value loss in other comprehensive income	311,557 (399,367)
於2024年12月31日	At 31 December 2024	796,786

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

截至2024年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2024

6. 金融工具(續)

於綜合財務狀況表確認的公平值 計量(續)

本集團根據經常性基準按公平值計量 的金融資產的公平值(續)

截至2024年12月31日止年度,確認於其 他全面收益的公平值虧損約人民幣 399,367,000元(2023年:公平值虧損人民 幣182,617,000元) 為於報告期間末所持有 指定為按公平值計入其他全面收益的非 上市股本投資及股權基金的未變現收益 或虧損。

根據經常性基準並非按公平值計量的 金融工具的公平值

本公司董事認為,綜合財務報表中按攤銷 成本列賬的其他金融資產及金融負債的 賬面值與其公平值相若。

6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

Fair value measurement recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position (Continued)

Fair value of the Group's financial assets that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis (Continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2024, the fair value loss recognised in other comprehensive income of approximately RMB399,367,000 (2023: fair value loss of RMB182,617,000) was unrealised gain or loss on unlisted equity investments and equity fund designated at FVTOCI held at the end of the reporting period.

Fair value of financial instruments that are not measured at fair value on a recurring basis

The directors of the Company consider that the carrying amounts of other financial assets and financial liabilities recorded at amortised cost in the consolidated financial statements approximate their fair values.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

截至2024年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2024

7. 收入

收入指銷售IC、其他電子元器件、AloT產 品及自研與半導體產品產生的收入、軟件 授權經營服務收入及引力金服所產生的 利息收入。本集團的年內收入分析如下:

7. REVENUE

Revenue represents revenue arising on sales of IC, other electronic components, AloT products and proprietary and semi-conductor products, service revenue from software licensing and interest income generated from IngFin Financing Services. An analysis of the Group's revenue for the year is as follows:

		2024年 2024 人民幣千元 RMB'000	2023年 2023 人民幣千元 RMB'000
屬於香港財務報告準則 第15號範圍內的客戶合約收入: - IC、其他電子元器件、 AloT產品及自研與 半導體產品的銷售額	Revenue from contracts with customers within the scope of HKFRS 15: — Sales of IC, other electronic components, AloT products and proprietary and semi-conductor products	10,085,107	8,816,984
- 軟件授權經營服務收入	Service revenue from software licensing	3,040	4,622
來自其他來源的收入: - 來自引力金服的利息收入	Revenue from other sources: — Interest income from IngFin	10,088,147	8,821,606
	Financing Services	40,980	41,776
		10,129,127	8,863,382

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

截至2024年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2024

7. 收入(續)

以下載列本集團客戶合約收入的分類,以 及客戶合約收入與分類資料所披露金額 的對賬:

7. REVENUE (CONTINUED)

Set out below is the disaggregation of the Group's revenue from contracts with customers and the reconciliation of revenue for contracts with the amounts disclosed in segment information:

	科通技術 Comtech 人民幣千元 RMB'000	硬蛋科技 Ingdan 人民幣千元 RMB'000	總計 Total 人民幣千元 RMB'000
截至2024年12月31日 止年度 2024 屬於香港財務報告準 則第15號範圍內的 客戶合約收入: — IC、其他電子元 器件、AloT產品 及自研與半導體 產品的銷售額 For the year ended 31 December 2024 Revenue from contracts with customers within the scope of HKFRS 15: — Sales of IC, other electronic components, AloT products and proprietary and semi-conductor			
products	9,568,549	516,558	10,085,107
一軟件授權經營— Service revenue from服務收入software licensing	_	3,040	3,040
來自其他來源的 Revenue from other sources 收入	9,568,549	519,598 40,980	10,088,147 40,980
	9,568,549	560,578	10,129,127
客戶合約收入按確認 Disaggregation of revenue from contracts with customers by timing of recognition 收入確認時間: Timing of revenue recognition:			
— 於一個時點 — At a point in time — 於一段時間 — Over time	9,568,549 —	516,558 3,040	10,085,107 3,040
客戶合約總收入 Total revenue from contracts with customers	9,568,549	519,598	10,088,147

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

截至2024年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2024

7. 收入(續)

7. REVENUE (CONTINUED)

		科通技術 Comtech 人民幣千元 RMB'000	硬蛋科技 Ingdan 人民幣千元 RMB'000	總計 Total 人民幣千元 RMB'000
截至2023年12月31日 止年度 屬於香港財務報告準則 第15號範圍內的客戶 合約收入: — IC、其他電子元器 件、AloT產品及 自研與半導體	For the year ended 31 December 2023 Revenue from contracts with customers within the scope of HKFRS 15: — Sales of IC, other electronic components, AloT products and proprietary			
產品的銷售額 一 軟件授權經營服務	and semi-conductor products — Service revenue from	7,835,381	981,603	8,816,984
收入	software licensing	_	4,622	4,622
來自其他來源的收入	Revenue from other sources	7,835,381 —	986,225 41,776	8,821,606 41,776
		7,835,381	1,028,001	8,863,382
客戶合約收入按確認 時間的分類 收入確認時間: 一於一個時點	Disaggregation of revenue from contracts with customers by timing of recognition Timing of revenue recognition: — At a point in time	7,835,381	981,603	8,816,984
一 於一段時間	Over time	_	4,622	4,622
		7,835,381	986,225	8,821,606
客戶合約總收入	Total revenue from contracts with customers	7,835,381	986,225	8,821,606

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

截至2024年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2024

7. 收入(續)

分配至餘下履約責任的交易價格

IC、其他電子元器件、AloT產品及自研與 半導體產品的銷售額及軟件授權經營服 務收入原預期期限為一年或以下,或按本 集團有權就已進行服務開具發票的金額 確認收入的合約釐定。因此,本集團已選 擇實際權宜可行方法,並未披露分配至截 至報告期末未達成(或部分達成)履約責 任的交易價格金額。

8. 分部資料

向本公司執行董事(即主要營運決策者 (「主要營運決策者」))報告以作資源分配 及分部表現評估用途的資料專注於所提 供貨品或服務類型。本公司的執行董事已 選擇圍繞產品及服務的差異組織本集團。

按與資料內部呈報予本集團主要營運決 策者以作資源分配及表現評估用途一致 的方式,本集團已識別兩個可呈報分部:

科通技術: 銷售IC、其他電子元器件

及AloT產品

硬蛋科技: 銷售自研與半導體產品、

引力金服、軟件授權經營

及孵化器業務

主要營運決策者所確定的科通技術及硬 蛋科技的經營分部已合併得出本集團的 可呈報分部。

7. REVENUE (CONTINUED)

Transaction price allocated to the remaining performance obligations

The sales of IC, other electronic components, AloT products and proprietary and semi-conductor products and service revenue from software licensing are with an original expected duration of one year or less or contracts for which revenue is recognised at the amount of which that Group has the right to invoice for the services performed. Accordingly, the Group has elected the practical expedient and has not disclosed the amount of transaction price allocated to the performance obligations that are unsatisfied (or partially satisfied) as of the end of the reporting period.

SEGMENT INFORMATION

Information reported to the executive directors of the Company, being the chief operating decision maker (the "CODM"), for the purpose of resource allocation and assessment of segment performance focuses on types of goods or services provided. The executive directors of the Company have chosen to organise the Group around differences in products and services.

In a manner consistent with the way in which information is reported internally to the Group's CODM for the purposes of resource allocation and performance assessment, the Group has identified two reportable segments:

Comtech: Sales of IC, other electronic components and

AloT products

Ingdan: Sales of proprietary and semi-conductor

products, Ingfin Financing Services, software

licensing and incubator business

Operating segments in Comtech and Ingdan, as identified by the CODM, have been aggregated in arriving at reportable segments of the Group.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

截至2024年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2024

8. 分部資料(續)

分部收入及業績

以下為本集團按可呈報分部劃分的收入 及業績分析。

截至2024年12月31日止年度

8. **SEGMENT INFORMATION** (CONTINUED)

Segment revenues and results

The following is an analysis of the Group's revenue and results by reportable segments.

For the year ended 31 December 2024

		科通技術 Comtech 人民幣千元 RMB'000	硬蛋科技 Ingdan 人民幣千元 RMB'000	總計 Total 人民幣千元 RMB'000
分部收入 - 對外銷售 - 分部間銷售	Segment revenue — External sales — Inter-segment sales	9,568,549 —	560,578 —	10,129,127 —
分部收入	Segment revenue	9,568,549	560,578	10,129,127
分部溢利	Segment profit	366,130	130,992	497,122
未分配收入 未分配公司開支	Unallocated income Unallocated corporate			24,059
未分配財務成本	expenses Unallocated finance costs			(93,270) (125,260)
應佔聯營公司業績	Share of results of associates			6,400
除税前溢利	Profit before tax			309,051

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

截至2024年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2024

8. 分部資料(續)

分部收入及業績(續)

以下為本集團按可呈報分部劃分的收入 及業績分析。(續)

截至2023年12月31日止年度

8. **SEGMENT INFORMATION** (CONTINUED)

Segment revenues and results (Continued)

The following is an analysis of the Group's revenue and results by reportable segments. (Continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2023

		科通技術 Comtech 人民幣千元 RMB'000	硬蛋科技 Ingdan 人民幣千元 RMB'000	總計 Total 人民幣千元 RMB'000
分部收入 — 對外銷售 — 分部間銷售	Segment revenue — External sales — Inter-segment sales	7,835,381	1,028,001	8,863,382
分部收入	Segment revenue	7,835,381	1,028,001	8,863,382
分部溢利	Segment profit	352,358	156,642	509,000
未分配收入	Unallocated income			52,845
未分配公司開支 未分配財務成本	Unallocated corporate expenses Unallocated finance costs			(96,520) (109,295)
應佔聯營公司業績	Share of results of associates		-	4,435
除税前溢利	Profit before tax			360,465

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

截至2024年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2024

8. 分部資料(續)

分部收入及業績(續)

經營分部的會計政策與附註3所述的本集 團會計政策相同。分部溢利指由各分部所 赚取的溢利,惟並未分配中央行政及若干 其他經營開支、其他收入、財務成本、出 售附屬公司的收益及應佔聯營公司業 績。此乃向主要營運決策者報告作資源分 配及評估表現用途的措施。

分部間銷售按當期市場水平收費。

分部資產及負債

以下為本集團按可呈報分部劃分的資產 及負債分析:

分部資產

SEGMENT INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

Segment revenues and results (Continued)

The accounting policies of the operating segments are the same as the Group's accounting policies described in note 3. Segment profit represents the profit earned by each segment without allocation of central administrative and certain other operating expenses, other income, finance costs, gain on disposal of subsidiaries, and share of results of associates. This is the measure reported to the CODM for the purpose of resource allocation and performance assessment.

Inter-segment sales are charged at prevailing market rates.

Segment assets and liabilities

The following is an analysis of the Group's assets and liabilities by reportable segments:

Segment assets

		2024年 2024 人民幣千元 RMB'000	2023年 2023 人民幣千元 RMB'000
科通技術	Comtech	5,664,135	6,162,761
硬蛋科技	Ingdan	3,031,892	3,248,314
分部資產總額	Total segment assets Interests in associates Corporate and other assets	8,696,027	9,411,075
於聯營公司的權益		33,239	26,839
公司及其他資產		877,273	761,505
總資產	Total assets	9,606,539	10,199,419

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

截至2024年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2024

8. 分部資料(續)

分部資產及負債(續)

分部負債

8. **SEGMENT INFORMATION** (CONTINUED)

Segment assets and liabilities (Continued)

Segment liabilities

		2024年 2024 人民幣千元 RMB'000	2023年 2023 人民幣千元 RMB'000
科通技術	Comtech	2,419,387	3,005,801
硬蛋科技	Ingdan	106,299	336,638
分部負債總額	Total segment liabilities Corporate and other liabilities	2,525,686	3,342,439
公司及其他負債		2,671,969	2,342,260
負債總額	Total liabilities	5,197,655	5,684,699

就監控分部表現及分配分部資源而言:

- 所有資產分配至經營分部,惟於聯 營公司及一間合營企業的權益、若 干其他應收款項、於債權證的投 資、可收回所得税、已抵押銀行存 款、現金及現金等價物除外;及
- 所有負債分配至經營分部,惟若干 其他應付款項、租賃負債、應付所 得税、銀行貸款、其他金融負債及 遞延税項負債除外。

For the purposes of monitoring segment performance and allocating resources between segments:

- All assets are allocated to operating segments, other than interests in associates and a joint venture, certain other receivables, investment in debenture, income tax recoverable, pledged bank deposits, cash and cash equivalents; and
- All liabilities are allocated to operating segments, other than certain other payable, lease liabilities, income tax payables, bank loans, other financial liabilities and deferred tax liabilities.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

截至2024年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2024

8. 分部資料(續)

其他分部資料

截至2024年12月31日止年度

8. **SEGMENT INFORMATION** (CONTINUED)

Other segment information

For the year ended 31 December 2024

		科通技術 Comtech 人民幣千元 RMB'000	硬蛋科技 Ingdan 人民幣千元 RMB'000	未分配 Unallocated 人民幣千元 RMB'000	總計 Total 人民幣千元 RMB'000
計入分部溢利或 分部資產計量的 款項: 添置非流動資產	Amounts included in the measure of segment profit or segment assets: Additions to non-current				
(附註)	assets (note)	29,448	-	6,400	35,848
折舊及攤餘	Depreciation and amortisation	43,314	166,185	_	209,499
貿易應收款項的 虧損撥備撥回	Reversal of loss allowance on trade receivables	(10,766)	(15,674)	_	(26,440)
存貨撥備淨額	Allowance of inventories, net	4,416	_	_	4,416

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

截至2024年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2024

8. 分部資料(續)

其他分部資料(續)

截至2023年12月31日止年度

8. **SEGMENT INFORMATION** (CONTINUED)

Other segment information (Continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2023

		科通技術 Comtech 人民幣千元 RMB'000	硬蛋科技 Ingdan 人民幣千元 RMB'000	未分配 Unallocated 人民幣千元 RMB'000	總計 Total 人民幣千元 RMB'000
計入分部溢利或 分部資產計量的 款項:	Amounts included in the measure of segment profit or segment assets:				
添置非流動資產	Additions to non-current				
(附註)	assets (note)	68,809	117,617	4,435	190,861
折舊及攤餘	Depreciation and				
	amortisation	25,947	303,863	_	329,810
貿易應收款項的	Loss allowance on trade				
虧損撥備	receivables	21,437	2,678	_	24,115
存貨撥備淨額	Allowance of inventories,				
	net	2,622			2,622

附註:非流動資產不包括按公平值計入其他全面收 益的金融資產及應收貸款。

Note: Non-current assets excluded financial assets at FVTOCI and loans receivables.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

截至2024年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2024

8. 分部資料(續)

地區資料

本集團幾乎所有收入來自中國(包括香 港)及非流動資產位於中國(包括香港)。

有關主要客戶的資料

截至2024年及2023年12月31日止年度概 無佔本集團總收入10%以上的客戶。

9. 其他收入、收益及虧損

SEGMENT INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

Geographical information

Substantially all of the Group's revenue is derived from the PRC (including Hong Kong) and non-current assets are located in the PRC (including Hong Kong).

Information about major customers

No customer contributes over 10% of the total revenue of the Group during the years ended 31 December 2024 and 2023.

9. OTHER INCOME, GAINS AND LOSSES

		2024 年 2024 人民幣千元	2023年 2023 人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000
銀行利息收入	Bank interest income	13,407	14,991
政府補助(附註)	Government grants (note)	4,625	19,777
匯兑收益淨額	Exchange gain, net	_	3,766
其他	Other	6,027	14,311
		24,059	52,845

附註:政府補助乃由政府酌情授出,不屬非經常性性 質。收取有關補貼不附帶尚未履行的條件及其 他或有事項。

Note: The government grants were granted at the discretion of the government and were non-recurring in nature. There are no unfulfilled conditions and other contingencies attached to the receipts of those subsidies.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

截至2024年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2024

10. 財務成本

10. FINANCE COSTS

		2024年 2024 人民幣千元 RMB'000	2023年 2023 人民幣千元 RMB'000
其他金融負債利息(附註) 銀行貸款利息 租賃負債利息 保理成本	Interest on other financial liabilities (note) Interests on bank loans Interests on lease liabilities Factoring costs	39,352 83,208 1,264 1,436	39,352 65,787 2,486 1,670
		125,260	109,295

11. 所得税開支

11. INCOME TAX EXPENSES

		2024年 2024 人民幣千元 RMB'000	2023年 2023 人民幣千元 RMB'000
即期税項: 中國企業所得税 香港利得税	Current tax: PRC Enterprises Income Tax Hong Kong Profits Tax	13,668 29,545	37,598 10,649
遞延税項(附註32)	Deferred tax (note 32)	43,213 (7,652)	48,247 (7,652)
		35,561	40,595

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

截至2024年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2024

11. 所得税開支(續)

附註:

- 根據開曼群島及英屬處女群島的法律法規,本 集團毋須繳納開曼群島及英屬處女群島的任 何所得税。
- 在香港兩級制利得税制度下,合資格法團首2 百萬港元溢利將按8.25%課税,超過2百萬港 元的溢利將按16.5%課税。截至2024年及2023 年12月31日 止年度,本集團合資格實體的香 港利得税根據兩級制利得税制度計算。本集團 其他不獲納入兩級制利得税制度的香港實體 的溢利,將繼續按16.5%統一税率課税。
- 根據中國企業所得稅法(「企業所得稅法」)及企 業所得税法實施條例,中國附屬公司於該兩個 年度的税率皆為25%,惟若干中國附屬公司為 合資格軟件企業並於2022年及2023年獲授兩 年免税及自2024年後享受三年減半徵税待遇。
- 根據現行企業所得税法及其相關法規,非中國 居民企業就自2008年1月1日起累計其中國居 民被投資者就盈利派發的股息,被徵收10%的 預扣税(除非根據税務協定或類似安排調低)。 於2008年1月1日前產生的未分派盈利獲豁免 繳納有關預扣税。

根據《內地和香港特別行政區關於對所得避免 雙重徵税和防止偷漏税的安排》及其相關法 規,倘香港投資者為「實益擁有人」及於股息分 派前過去十二個月直接擁有中國居民企業最 少25%的股本權益,則中國居民企業派付予其 香港直接控股公司的股息將須按5%的寬減税 **密缴**納預扣税。

11. INCOME TAX EXPENSES (CONTINUED)

Notes:

- Pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Cayman Islands and the BVI, the Group is not subject to any income tax in the Cayman Islands and the BVI.
- Under the two-tiered profits tax rates regime in Hong Kong, the first HK\$2 million of profits of qualifying corporation will be taxed at 8.25%, and profits above HK\$2 million will be taxed at 16.5%. For the years ended 31 December 2024 and 2023, Hong Kong Profits Tax of the qualified entity of the Group is calculated in accordance with the two-tiered profits tax rates regime. The profits of other entities of the Group in Hong Kong not qualifying for the two-tiered profits tax rates regime will continue to be taxed at the flat rate of 16.5%.
- Under the Law of the PRC on EIT (the "EIT Law") and Implementation Regulation of the EIT Law, the tax rate of the PRC subsidiaries is 25% for both years, except for certain PRC subsidiaries which were qualified software enterprises and being granted two-year tax exemption in 2022 and 2023 followed by three-year 50% tax reduction since 2024.
- According to the prevailing the EIT law and its relevant regulations, non-PRC resident enterprises are levied on withholding tax at 10%, unless reduced by tax treaties or similar arrangements, on dividends from their PRC-resident investees for earnings accumulated beginning on 1 January 2008. Undistributed earnings generated prior to 1 January 2008 are exempt from such withholding tax.

Under the Arrangement between the Mainland of China and the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region for the Avoidance of Double Taxation and the Prevention of Fiscal Evasion with respect to Taxes on Income and its relevant regulations, dividends paid by a PRC resident enterprise to its direct holding company in Hong Kong will be subject to withholding tax at a reduced rate of 5% (if the Hong Kong investor is the "beneficial owner" and owns directly at least 25% of the equity interest of the PRC resident enterprise for the past twelve months before the dividends distribution).

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

截至2024年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2024

11. 所得税開支(續)

所得税開支可與綜合損益及其他全面收 益表內的除稅前溢利對賬如下:

11. INCOME TAX EXPENSES (CONTINUED)

The income tax expenses can be reconciled to the profit before tax per the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income as follows:

		2024年 2024 人民幣千元 RMB'000	2023年 2023 人民幣千元 RMB'000
除税前溢利	Profit before tax	309,051	360,465
	-		
按適用所得税税率25% (2023年:25%)計算的税項	Tax at the applicable income tax rate of 25% (2023: 25%)	77,263	90,116
兩免三減半優惠的稅務影響	Tax effect of two-year exemption and	11,200	00,110
	three-year reduction	(42,288)	(47,069)
毋須繳納所得税的司法轄區的 實體的税務影響	Tax effect of entities with jurisdictions	(904)	(0.601)
重	not subject to income tax Tax effect of share of results of	(804)	(2,601)
	associates	(1,600)	(1,109)
毋須課税收入的税務影響	Tax effect of income not taxable for tax		/·
不可扣税支出的税務影響	purposes Tax effect of expenses not deductible for	(3,335)	(3,850)
	tax purposes	4,627	3,169
動用過往未確認的税項虧損的	Tax effect of utilisation of tax losses	ŕ	,
税務影響	previously not recognised	(3,058)	(5,758)
未確認税務虧損的税務影響	Tax effect of tax losses not recognised	17,598	15,246
在其他司法轄區營運的附屬 公司不同税率的影響	Effect of different tax rates of subsidiaries operating in other jurisdictions	(12,823)	(7,538)
已獲香港利得税豁免的影響	Effect of Hong Kong Profits Tax	(12,020)	(1,000)
(附註)	exemption granted (note)	(19)	(11)
所得税開支	Income tax expenses	35,561	40,595

附註:已獲香港利得税豁免指截至2024年及2023年 12月31日止年度的香港利得税寬減,惟各實 體的上限為3,000港元(相當於約人民幣2,700 元(2023年:人民幣2,700元))。

遞延税項的詳情載於附註32。

Note: Hong Kong Profits Tax exemption granted represented a reduction of Hong Kong Profits Tax for the years ended 31 December 2024 and 2023, subject to a ceiling of HK\$3,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB2,700 (2023: RMB2,700)) for each entity.

Details of the deferred taxation are set out in note 32.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

截至2024年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2024

12. 年內溢利

12. PROFIT FOR THE YEAR

		2024年 2024 人民幣千元 RMB'000	2023年 2023 人民幣千元 RMB'000
年內溢利乃於扣除(計入)以下 各項後達致: 董事及最高行政人員薪酬 (附註13) 其他員工:	Profit for the year has been arrived at after charging (crediting): Directors' and chief executive's emoluments (note 13) Other staff:	5,298	4,822
一薪金、工資、津貼及其他 福利 一退休福利計劃供款 一按權益結算以股份支付的 補償開支(附註37(b))	 Salaries, wages, allowance and other benefits Retirement benefit scheme contributions Equity-settled share-based compensation expenses 	169,027 31,859	170,956 32,233
其他員工成本總額	(note 37(b)) Total other staff costs	1,141	2,944
	Auditors' remuneration — Auditor of the Company — Other auditors	3,605 3,459	3,600 7,369
計入以下各項內的無形資產攤餘:	Amortisation of intangible assets	7,064	10,969
 銷售成本 行政及其他經營開支	included in: — Cost of sales — Administrative and other operating expenses	59,185 121,893	97,400 190,272
廠房及設備折舊 使用權資產折舊 投資物業折舊 匯兑虧損(收益)淨額 貿易應收款項的(虧損撥備撥回) 虧損撥備 廠房及設備撇銷 出售投資物業虧損	Depreciation of plant and equipment Depreciation of right-of-use assets Depreciation of investment properties Exchange loss (gain), net (Reversal of loss allowance) loss allowance on trade receivables Write off of plant and equipment Loss on disposal of investment properties	181,078 2,286 22,653 3,482 4,479 (26,440) 26	287,672 2,424 24,464 15,250 (3,766) 24,115 159
存貨撥備淨額 (計入銷售成本) 研發開支(附註)	Allowance for inventories, net (included in cost of sales)	4,416	2,622
	Research and development expenses (note) Amount of inventories recognised as an expense	104,126 9,180,481	102,582 7,745,574

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

截至2024年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2024

12. 年內溢利(續)

附註:截至2024年12月31日止年度的研發開支包括 設計、研發部門僱員的員工成本約人民幣 55,696,000元(2023年:人民幣50,138,000元), 該款項亦計入上文所披露的員工成本內。

> 截至2024年12月31日止年度的研發開支亦包 括 約 人 民 幣 780,000 元 (2023年: 人 民 幣 738.000元)的折舊開支,該款項亦計入上文所 披露的廠房及設備折舊內。

13. 董事及最高行政人員的酬金

(a) 董事及最高行政人員的酬金

已付或應付予6名(2023年:6名)董 事及最高行政人員各自的酬金如下:

12. PROFIT FOR THE YEAR (CONTINUED)

Note: Research and development expenses include staff cost of employees in the design, research and development function of approximately RMB55,696,000 (2023: RMB50,138,000) for the year ended 31 December 2024, and such amount is also included in the staff costs as disclosed

Research and development expenses also include depreciation charge of approximately RMB780,000 (2023: RMB738,000) for the year ended 31 December 2024, and such amount is also included in the depreciation of plant and equipment as disclosed above.

13. DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S **EMOLUMENTS**

(a) Directors' and chief executive's emoluments

The emoluments paid or payable to each of the 6 (2023: 6) directors and the chief executive were as follows:

		董事袍金 Directors' fee 人民幣千元 RMB'000	薪金、津貼 及其他福利 Salaries, allowance and other benefits 人民幣千元 RMB'000	酌情花紅 Discretionary bonus 人民幣千元 RMB'000	退休福利 計劃供款 Retirement benefit scheme contributions 人民幣千元 RMB'000	總計 Total 人民幣千元 RMB'000
截至 2024 年1 2 月31日 止年度	For the year ended 31 December 2024					
執行董事 康敬偉先生(「康先生」) 胡麟祥先生 郭莉華女士	Executive directors Mr. Kang Jingwei, Jeffrey ("Mr. Kang") Mr. Wu Lun Cheung Allen Ms. Guo Lihua	_ _ 544	473 1,203 494	669 913 —	64 16 100	1,206 2,132 1,138
獨立非執行董事 葉忻先生 馬啟元博士 郝純一先生	Independent non-executive directors Mr. Ye Xin Dr. Ma Qiyuan Mr. Hao Chunyi, Charlie	274 274 274	- - -	- - -	- - -	274 274 274
		1,366	2,170	1,582	180	5,298

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

截至2024年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2024

- 13. 董事及最高行政人員的 酬金(續)
 - (a) 董事及最高行政人員的 酬金(續)
- 13. DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S **EMOLUMENTS** (CONTINUED)
 - (a) Directors' and chief executive's emoluments (Continued)

		董事袍金 Directors' fee 人民幣千元 RMB'000	薪金、津貼 及其他福利 Salaries, allowance and other benefits 人民幣千元 RMB'000	酌情花紅 Discretionary bonus 人民幣千元 RMB'000	退休福利 計劃供款 Retirement benefit scheme contributions 人民幣千元 RMB'000	總計 Total 人民幣千元 RMB'000
截至 2023 年12月31日 止年度	For the year ended 31 December 2023					
執行董事	Executive directors					
康敬偉先生(「康先生」)	Mr. Kang Jingwei, Jeffrey ("Mr. Kang")	_	1,137	_	54	1,191
胡麟祥先生	Mr. Wu Lun Cheung Allen	_	1,209	720	16	1,945
郭莉華女士	Ms. Guo Lihua	484	230	97	65	876
獨立非執行董事	Independent non-executive directors					
葉忻先生	Mr. Ye Xin	270	_	_	_	270
馬啟元博士	Dr. Ma Qiyuan	270	_	_	_	270
郝純一先生 ————————————————————————————————————	Mr. Hao Chunyi, Charlie	270	_	_	_	270
		1,294	2,576	817	135	4,822

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

截至2024年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2024

13. 董事及最高行政人員的 酬金(續)

(a) 董事及最高行政人員的 酬金(續)

以上所示的執行董事薪酬主要涉及 彼等提供與管理本集團事務有關的 服務。

康先生亦為本公司最高行政人員, 及上文所披露彼之薪酬包括彼作為 最高行政人員提供服務的酬金。

以上所披露的酌情花紅乃由本公司 的薪酬委員會按照個人表現而釐定。

於截至2024年及2023年12月31日止 年度,本公司的最高行政人員及任 何董事概無放棄或同意放棄本集團 所支付的酬金。於截至2024年及 2023年12月31日止年度,本集團並 無向本公司最高行政人員及董事支 付任何酬金作為加入本集團的獎金 或作為離職補償。

(b) 董事的退休福利及離職福利

除上文所披露者外,於截至2024年 及2023年12月31日 止年度內,本公 司董事並無收取任何其他退休福利 或離職福利。

(c) 給予第三方提供董事服務的 代價

於年末或於截至2024年及2023年12 月31日止年度內任何時間,並無給 予或應收第三方提供董事服務的 代價。

13. DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S **EMOLUMENTS** (CONTINUED)

(a) Directors' and chief executive's emoluments (Continued)

The executive directors' emoluments shown above were mainly for their services in connection with the management of the affairs of the Group.

Mr. Kang is also the chief executive of the Company and his emoluments disclosed above include those for services rendered by him as the chief executive.

Discretionary bonuses disclosed above were determined by the Remuneration Committee of the Company with reference to the individual performance.

Neither the chief executive nor any of the directors of the Company waived or agreed to waive the emoluments paid by the Group during the years ended 31 December 2024 and 2023. No emoluments were paid by the Group to the chief executive and directors of the Company as an inducement for joining the Group or as compensation for loss of office during the years ended 31 December 2024 and 2023.

(b) Directors' retirement benefits and termination benefits

Save as disclosed above, the directors of the Company did not receive any other retirement benefits or termination benefits during the years ended 31 December 2024 and 2023.

(c) Consideration provided to third parties for making available directors' services

No consideration provided to or receivable by third parties for making available directors' services subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the years ended 31 December 2024 and 2023.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

截至2024年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2024

13. 董事及最高行政人員的 酬金(續)

(d) 有關向董事、該等董事的受 控制法人團體及關連實體提 供的貸款、準貸款及其他交 易的資料

於2024年及2023年12月31日或於截 至2024年及2023年12月31日止年度 內任何時間,並無存在任何向本公 司董事、彼等的受控制法人團體及 關連實體提供的其他貸款、類似貸 款,以及惠及該等人士的其他交易。

(e) 董事於重大交易、安排或合 約的重大利益

除附註35所披露者外,於2024年及 2023年12月31日或於截至2024年及 2023年12月31日止年度內任何時 間,並無本公司為訂約方而董事於 當中直接地或間接地擁有重大利益 且與本集團業務有關的重大交易、 安排或合約仍然生效。

14. 僱員酬金

於本集團五名最高酬金人士中,有一名 (2023年: 一名) 本公司董事, 其酬金載於 上文附計13的披露資料內。其餘四名 (2023年:四名)最高薪酬人士的酬金 如下:

13. DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S **EMOLUMENTS** (CONTINUED)

(d) Information about loans, quasi-loans and other dealings in favor of directors. controlled bodies corporate by and connected entities with such directors

There were no other loans, quasi-loans and other dealings in favor of directors of the Company, their controlled bodies corporate and connected entities subsisted at 31 December 2024 and 2023 or any time during the years ended 31 December 2024 and 2023.

(e) Directors' material interests in transactions. arrangements or contracts of significance

Except as disclosed in note 35, no significant transactions, arrangements or contracts in relation to the Group's business to which the Company was a party and in which a director had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at 31 December 2024 and 2023 or at any time during the years ended 31 December 2024 and 2023.

14. EMPLOYEES' EMOLUMENTS

Of the five individuals with the highest emoluments in the Group, 1 (2023: 1) director(s) of the Company whose emoluments is included in the disclosures in note 13 above. The emoluments of remaining 4 (2023: 4) highest paid individuals were as follows:

			2024年 2024 人民幣千元 RMB'000	2023年 2023 人民幣千元 RMB'000
薪金、津貼及其他 退休福利計劃供請 以股份為基礎的補	欠	Salaries, allowance and other benefits Retirement benefit scheme contributions Share-based compensation expenses	8,584 300 184	5,723 241 2,723
3 1.03 1.03 1.02 1.02 1.03 II	*******		9,068	8,687

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

截至2024年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2024

14. 僱員酬金(續)

14. EMPLOYEES' EMOLUMENTS (CONTINUED)

彼等的酬金在下列範圍內:

Their emoluments were within the following bands:

		2024年 2024 人數 Number of individuals	2023年 2023 人數 Number of individuals
1,500,001港元至2,000,000港元 (相當於約人民幣1,369,126元至 人民幣1,825,500元) (2023年:人民幣1,350,270元至 人民幣1,800,360元) 2,000,001港元至2,500,000港元 (相當於約人民幣1,825,501元至 人民幣2,281,875元) (2023年:人民幣1,800,361元至 人民幣2,250,450元) 2,500,001港元至3,000,000港元 (相當於約人民幣2,281,876元至 人民幣2,738,250元) (2023年:人民幣2,250,451元至	HK\$1,500,001 to HK\$2,000,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB1,369,126 to RMB1,825,500) (2023: RMB1,350,270 to RMB1,800,360) HK\$2,000,001 to HK\$2,500,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB1,825,501 to RMB2,281,875) (2023: RMB1,800,361 to RMB2,250,450) HK\$2,500,001 to HK\$3,000,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB2,281,876 to RMB2,738,250) (2023: RMB2,250,451 to	1	1
人民幣2,700,540元)	RMB2,700,540)	3	2

於 截 至2024年 及2023年12月31日 止 年 度,本集團並無向五名最高薪酬人士支付 任何酬金作為加入本集團的獎金或作為 離職補償。

No emoluments were paid by the Group to the five highest paid individuals as an inducement for joining the Group or as compensation for loss of office during the years ended 31 December 2024 and 2023.

15. 股息

截至12月31日止年度並無向本公司股東 派發或建議派發股息,自報告期末起亦無 建議派發任何股息。

截至2023年12月31日止年度,自本公司 股份溢價中確認派發截至2022年12月31 日止年度的末期股息每股0.04港元,合共 約人民幣50,402,000元。

15. DIVIDENDS

No dividend was paid or proposed for the shareholders of the Company during the year ended 31 December, nor has any dividend been proposed since the end of the reporting period.

During the year ended 31 December 2023, a final dividend of HK\$0.04 per share in respect of the year ended 31 December 2022, in aggregate amount of approximately RMB50,402,000 was recognised as distribution out of the Company's share premium.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

截至2024年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2024

16. 每股盈利

16. EARNINGS PER SHARE

本公司擁有人應佔每股基本及攤薄盈利 乃按以下基準計算:

The calculation of the basic and diluted earnings per share attributable to owners of the Company is based on the following:

		2024年 2024 人民幣千元 RMB'000	2023年 2023 人民幣千元 RMB'000
盈利 為計算每股基本及攤薄盈利的 盈利,即本公司擁有人應佔年內 溢利	Earnings Earnings for the purpose of basic and diluted earnings per share, representing profit for the year attributable to owners of the Company	189,854	210,700

		2024年 2024 人民幣千元 RMB'000	2023年 2023 人民幣千元 RMB'000
為計算每股基本盈利的普通股加權 Weigh 平均數 shal	ner of shares Ited average number of ordinary Ites for the purpose of basic Item ings per share	1,370,327	1,368,853
shan 視作以零代價根據本公司的受限 Dee 制股份單位發行股份 C	of dilutive potential ordinary res: med issue of shares under the ompany's RSU scheme for nil onsideration	665	2,175
為計算每股攤薄盈利的普通股加權 Weigh 平均數 shar	ted average number of ordinary res for the purpose of dilutive nings per share	1,370,992	1,371,028

兩個年度的為計算每股基本盈利的普通 股加權平均數已就受託人根據受限制股 份單位計劃持有的股份及庫存股份的影 響作出調整。

The weighted average number of ordinary shares for the calculation of earnings per share for both years has been adjusted for the effects of the shares held by the trustee pursuant to the RSU scheme and treasury shares.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

截至2024年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2024

17. 廠房及設備

17. PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

		汽車 Motor vehicles 人民幣千元	租賃物業裝修 Leasehold improvements 人民幣千元	equipment 人民幣千元	在建工程 Construction- in-process 人民幣千元	總計 Total 人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
成本	COST					
於2023年1月1日	At 1 January 2023	846	7,037	12,410	_	20,293
添置	Additions	O+0	- 1,001	729	8,104	8,833
撇銷	Write-off	(858)	_	(203)	-	(1,061)
進 兑調整	Exchange adjustments	12	_	53	_	65
於2023年12月31日	At 31 December 2023	_	7,037	12,989	8,104	28,130
添置	Additions	404	7,007	955	1,974	3,333
撇銷	Write-off	_	_	(94)	-	(94)
進 兑調整	Exchange adjustments	_	_	70	_	70
於2024年12月31日	At 31 December 2024	404	7,037	13,920	10,078	31,439
派2024 〒 127] 31 日	At 31 December 2024	404	7,007	10,920	10,070	01,409
化	DEDDEGLATION					
折舊	DEPRECIATION At 1 January 2002	661	4 410	6.016		11 007
於2023年1月1日 年內扣除	At 1 January 2023	661 58	4,410	6,916 959	_	11,987 2,424
# 17 17 ks 撇 銷 時 撇 除	Charge for the year Eliminated on write-off	(726)	1,407	(176)	_	(902)
版 新 时 瓶 陈 匯 兑 調 整	Exchange adjustments	(720)	_	(176)	_	(902)
<u></u> 一				40		
₩ 0000 年 10 日 01 日	AL 04 December 2000		5.047	7744		10.501
於2023年12月31日 年內扣除	At 31 December 2023 Charge for the year	10	5,817 1,220	7,744 1,056	_	13,561 2,286
撇銷時撇除	Eliminated on write-off	10	1,220	(68)	_	(68)
進光調整	Exchange adjustments	_	_	60	_	60
E70 M E						
於2024年12月31日	At 31 December 2024	10	7,037	8,792		15 000
	ALOT DECEITIBEL 2024	10	7,037	0,192		15,839
n #						
賬面值	CARRYING VALUE	25.		=		/= 00c
於2024年12月31日	At 31 December 2024	394		5,128	10,078	15,600
於2023年12月31日	At 31 December 2023		1,220	5,245	8,104	14,569

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

截至2024年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2024

17. 廠房及設備(續)

廠房及設備(在建工程除外)於扣除其剩 餘價值後按以下估計可使用年期以直線 法進行折舊:

汽車 5年

租賃物業裝修 租賃年期內或5年

(以較短者為準)

家具及辦公室設備 1至5年

17. PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (CONTINUED)

Plant and equipment, other than construction-in-progress are depreciated on a straight-line basis after less their residual values over their estimated useful lives as follows:

Motor vehicles 5 years

Leasehold improvements Over the shorter of the term

of the lease or 5 years

Furniture and office equipment Over 1 to 5 years

18. 租賃

使用權資產 (a)

(a) Right-of-use assets

		2024年 2024	2023年 2023
		人民幣千元 RMB'000	人民幣千元 RMB'000
土地 樓宇及倉庫	Land Buildings and warehouses	88,470 16,434	91,630 31,072
		104,904	122,702

18. LEASE

使用權資產包括位於中國的土地使 用權人民幣88,470,000元(2023年: 人民幣91,630,000元),租期為三十 年。本集團亦就樓宇及倉庫訂有租 賃安排,租賃期一般介乎兩至六年 (2023年:兩至六年)。

由於訂立新土地及樓宇租賃,故截 至2024年12月31日止年度錄得使用 權資產的添置為約人民幣4,855,000 元(2023年:人民幣117,617,000元)。

Right-of-use assets consist of RMB88,470,000 (2023: RMB91,630,000) which represents land use rights located in the PRC with a lease terms of thirty years. The Group also has lease arrangements for buildings and warehouses with the lease terms of generally ranged from two to six years (2023: two to six years).

Additions to the right-of-use assets for the year ended 31 December 2024 amounted to approximately RMB4,855,000 (2023: RMB117,617,000) due to new leases of land and buildings.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

截至2024年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2024

18. 租賃(續)

18. LEASE (CONTINUED)

(b) 租賃負債

(b) Lease liabilities

		2024年 2024 人民幣千元 RMB'000	2023年 2023 人民幣千元 RMB'000
		NIVID 000	TIVID 000
	非流動 Non-current 流動 Current	5,685 11,269	12,550 19,193
-		16,954	31,743

截至2024年12月31日止年度,本集團就租賃樓宇訂立若干新租賃協議,並於租賃開始時確認已確認租賃負債人民幣4,855,000元(2023年:人民幣22,828,000元)。

During the year ended 31 December 2024, the Group entered into a number of new lease agreements in respect of renting buildings and recognised lease liabilities of RMB4,855,000 (2023: RMB22,828,000) was recognised at inception of leases.

		2024年 2024 人民幣千元 RMB'000	2023年 2023 人民幣千元 RMB'000
租賃負債項下的應付金額	Amounts payable under lease liabilities Within one year	11,269	19.193
一年後但兩年內 兩年後但五年內	After one year but within two years After two years but within five years	4,549 1,136	9,509 3,041
減:於12個月內到期結付的 金額(列於流動負債項下)	Less: amount due for settlement within 12 months (shown under current liabilities)	16,954 (11,269)	31,743
於12個月後到期結付的金額	Amount due for settlement after 12 months	5,685	12,550

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

截至2024年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2024

18. 租賃(續)

18. LEASES (CONTINUED)

(c) 於損益中確認的金額

(c) Amounts recognised in profit or loss

		2024年 2024 人民幣千元 RMB'000	2023年 2023 人民幣千元 RMB'000
使用權資產的折舊開支	Depreciation expense on right-of-	00.050	0.4.40.4
租賃負債的利息開支 與短期租賃有關的開支	use assets Interest expense on lease liabilities Expense relating to short-term	22,653 1,264	24,464 2,486
八座州田東日開町川又	leases	1,218	13,807

(d) 其他

截至2024年12月31日止年度內,租 賃的現金流出總額約為人民幣 22,126,000元(2023年: 人民幣 132,698,000元)。

(d) Others

During the year ended 31 December 2024, the total cash outflows for leases amounting to approximately RMB22,126,000 (2023: RMB132,698,000).

19. 投資物業

19. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

		人民幣千元 RMB'000
成本 於2023年1月1日及2023年12月31日 出售	COST At 1 January 2023 and 31 December 2023 Disposal	237,962 (23,650)
於2024年12月31日	At 31 December 2024	214,312
折舊及減值 於2023年1月1日 年內撥備	DEPRECIATION AND IMPAIRMENT At 1 January 2023 Provided for the year	309 15,250
於2023年12月31日 出售時對銷 年內撥備	At 31 December 2023 Eliminated on disposal Provided for the year	15,559 (12,076) 3,482
於2024年12月31日	At 31 December 2024	6,965
賬面值 於2024年12月31日	CARRYING VALUE At 31 December 2024	207,347
於2023年12月31日	At 31 December 2023	222,403

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

截至2024年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2024

19. 投資物業(續)

上 並 投 資 物 業 按 下 列 年 利 率 以 直 線 法 折舊:

租賃土地

租約年期

樓宇

租約年期及62年

(以較短者為準)

於2024年12月31日,本集團投資物業公 平值為約人民幣222,704,000元(2023年: 人民幣252.551.000元)。

公平值乃基於與本集團並無關連的獨立 估值師戴德梁行所作的估值而得出。估值 乃參考類似地點及狀況的類似物業的近 期市價釐定。

相較過往年度所用估值技術並無變動。於 估計物業的公平值時,物業的最高及最佳 用涂即為其當前用涂。

19. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (CONTINUED)

The above investment properties are depreciated on a straightline basis at the following rates per annum:

Leasehold land Buildings

Over the term of the lease Over the shorter of the term of the lease and 62 years

The fair value of the Group's investment properties as at 31 December 2024 was approximately RMB222,704,000 (2023: RMB252.551.000).

The fair value has been arrived at based on a valuation carried out by Cushman & Wakefield, independent valuers not connected with the Group. The valuation was determined by reference to recent market prices for similar properties in the similar locations and conditions.

There has been no change from the valuation technique used in the prior year. In estimating the fair value of the properties, the highest and best use of the properties is their current use.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

截至2024年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2024

20. 無形資產

20. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

		互聯網 平台	客戶關係	域名及 商標 Domain	供應商關係	不競爭協議 Non-	信息系統	許可證	總計
		Internet	Customer	name and	Supplier		Information	Liaanaa	Total
		人民幣	relationships 人民幣	trademark 人民幣	relationships 人民幣	agreements 人民幣	systems 人民幣	Licence 人民幣	Jotal 人民幣
		千元	千元	千元	千元	千元	千元	千元	千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
成本	COST								
於2023年1月1日	At 1 January 2023	2,722	80,030	2,215	283,182	93,000	1,368,101	440	1,829,690
添置	Additions	_	_	_	_	_	64,411	_	64,411
出售	Disposal	_	_	_	_	_	(714,227)	_	(714,227)
匯兑調整 —————————	Exchange adjustments		_	38			18,360		18,398
於2023年12月31日	At 31 December 2023	2,722	80,030	2,253	283,182	93,000	736,645	440	1,198,272
添置	Additions		_		_	-	27,660	_	27,660
匯 兑 調 整	Exchange adjustments	_	_	34	_	_	10,696	_	10,730
. , , . ,									
於2024年12月31日	At 31 December 2024	2,722	80,030	2,287	283,182	93,000	775,001	440	1,236,662
EE 2.1 MA A.4									
累計攤餘	ACCUMULATED AMORTISATION	0.700	40.700	4.005	100.000	00.000	504.040	440	000 004
於2023年1月1日	At 1 January 2023	2,722	49,796	1,995	126,826	29,636	591,249	440	802,664
年內扣除 出售	Charge for the year	-	5,741	194	31,465	8,590	241,682	_	287,672
山 告 匯 兑 調 整	Disposal	_	_	47	_	_	(375,840)	_	(375,840)
世兄詗笙 ————————————————————————————————————	Exchange adjustments			41			38,575		38,622
於2023年12月31日	At 31 December 2023	2,722	55,537	2,236	158,291	38,226	495,666	440	753,118
年內扣除	Charge for the year		5,741	16	31,465	8,590	135,266	_	181,078
匯 兑調 整	Exchange adjustments	_	_	35	-	_	4,394	_	4,429
							<u> </u>		
於2024年12月31日	At 31 December 2024	2,722	61,278	2,287	189,756	46,816	635,326	440	938,625
n= 7 #									
賬面值	CARRYING VALUE		10.750		00.400	40 404	100.075		000 007
於2024年12月31日	At 31 December 2024		18,752	_	93,426	46,184	139,675	_	298,037
於2023年12月31日	At 31 December 2023	_	24,493	17	124,891	54,774	240,979	_	445,154

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

截至2024年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2024

20. 無形資產(續)

上述無形資產具有固定可使用年期。該等 無形資產按以下估計可使用年期按直線 法攤餘:

互聯網平台	3年
客戶關係	5至9年
域名及商標	11年
供應商關係	9年
不競爭協議	9年
信息系統	5年
許可證	5年

於截至2024年12月31日止年度信息系統 的添置指用於汽車業務並納入科通技術 分部的信息系統的添置約為人民幣 27.660.000元(2023年:人民幣64.411.000元)。

於截至2023年12月31日止年度,本集團 利用其若干信息系統向其被投資方注 資,其中投資被分類為按公平值計入其他 全面收益的金融資產。該等信息系統的賬 面 值 在 轉 讓 時 約 為 人 民 幣 338,387,000 元 (2024年:無),並於變動時計入出售。

該等無形資產的減值評估的詳情於附註 21內披露。

20. INTANGIBLE ASSETS (CONTINUED)

The above intangible assets have finite useful lives. Such intangible assets are amortised on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives as follows:

Internet platform	3 years
Customer relationships	5 to 9 years
Domain name and trademark	11 years
Supplier relationships	9 years
Non-compete agreements	9 years
Information systems	5 years
License	5 years

Additions to information systems during the year ended 31 December 2024 represented the additions to the information systems used in the automotive business of approximately RMB27,660,000 (2023: RMB64,411,000), and included into Comtech segment.

During the year ended 31 December 2023, the Group used certain of its information systems as capital injections to its investees in which the investments are classified as financial assets at FVTOCI. The carrying amount of these information systems amounting to approximately RMB338,387,000 (2024: nil) at the time of transfer and included in disposals in the movement.

Details of the impairment assessment of such intangible assets are disclosed in note 21.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

截至2024年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2024

21. 商譽

21. GOODWILL

		人民幣千元 RMB'000
成本	COST	
於2023年1月1日、2023年12月31日、	At 1 January 2023 and 31 December 2023 and	
2024年1月1日及2024年12月31日	1 January 2024 and 31 December 2024	607,007
減值	IMPAIRMENT	
於2023年1月1日、2023年12月31日、	At 1 January 2023, 31 December 2023,	
2024年1月1日及2024年12月31日	1 January 2024 and 31 December 2024	_
賬面值	CARRYING VALUES	
於2024年12月31日	At 31 December 2024	607,007
於2023年12月31日	At 31 December 2023	607,007

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

截至2024年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2024

21. 商譽(續)

就減值測試目的而言,從業務合併產生的 商譽分配至本集團五個(2023年:五個)單 獨現金產生單位。於2024年及2023年12 月31日分配至此等單位的商譽的賬面值 如下:

21. GOODWILL (CONTINUED)

For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill arising from the business combinations was allocated to five (2023: five) individual cash-generating units of the Group. The carrying amounts of goodwill as at 31 December 2024 and 2023 allocated to these units are as follows:

		商譽 Goodwill	
		2024年 2024 人民幣千元 RMB'000	2023年 2023 人民幣千元 RMB'000
科通技術: - 銷售IC及其他	Comtech: — Sales of IC and other electronic		
電子元器件	components	180,674	180,674
- EZ Robot Inc.及其附屬公司 (「易造機器人集團」)	 EZ Robot Inc., and its subsidiaries ("EZ Robot Group") 	155,515	155,515
硬蛋科技:	Ingdan:		
Heicolink Holdings Limited及其附屬公司(「海科聯	 Heicolink Holdings Limited and its subsidiaries ("Heicolink Group") 		
集團」)	, , ,	121,509	121,509
New United HoldingsLimited及其附屬公司	 New United Holdings Limited and its subsidiaries ("New United Group") 		
(「New United集團」)	,	105,546	105,546
— Risingnovas Holdings	Risingnovas Holdings Limited and its National ("Disingular and Crayer")		
Limited及其附屬公司 (「Risingnovas集團」)	subsidiary ("Risingnovas Group")	43,763	43,763
		607,007	607,007

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

截至2024年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2024

21. 商譽(續)

現金產生單位 - 銷售IC及其他電 子元器件

此現金產生單位的可收回金額乃根據使 用價值計算釐定,其使用根據經本集團管 理層批准的五年期財務預算的現金流量 預測,而收入增長率為3%(2023年: 3%)。超過五年期的現金流量使用此現金 產生單位的穩定增長率3%(2023年:3%) 推算。現金流量預測採用的收入增長率乃 以現金產生單位過往的表現及行業增長 預測為依據。使用的增長率並不超出現金 產生單位經營業務的長期平均增長率。

現 金 流 量 使 用 税 前 折 現 率 14.6% (2023) 年:15.5%)折現。

於2024年及2023年12月31日,根據使用 價值計算(乃由本集團管理層及獨立估值 師華坊編製)的現金產生單位的可收回金 額高於其賬面值。因此,並無於綜合損益 及其他全面收益表確認商譽的減值虧損 (2023年:無)。本集團管理層相信,任何 此等假設出現任何合理可能變動將不會 導致此現金產牛單位的賬面總值超出此 現金產生單位的可收回金額。

21. GOODWILL (CONTINUED)

Cash-generating unit — Sales of IC and other electronic components

The recoverable amount of this cash-generating unit has been determined based on value-in-use calculation, which uses cash flow projections based on financial budgets approved by management of the Group covering a five-year period with revenue growth rate of 3% (2023: 3%). Cash flows beyond the five-year period are extrapolated using a steady growth rate of 3% (2023: 3%) for this cash-generating unit. The revenue growth rate adopted in the cash flow projections are based on the past performance of the cash-generating unit and the industry growth forecasts. The growth rates used do not exceed the long-term average growth rates for the business in which the cash-generating unit operates.

The cash flows are discounted using pre-tax discount rate of 14.6% (2023: 15.5%).

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

截至2024年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2024

21. 商譽(續)

現金產生單位 - 易造機器人集團

此現金產生單位的可收回金額乃根據使 用價值計算釐定,其使用根據經本集團管 理層批准的五年期財務預算的現金流量 預測,而收入增長率為3%(2023年: 3%)。超過五年期的現金流量使用此現金 產生單位的穩定增長率3%(2023年:3%) 推算。現金流量預測採用的收入增長率乃 以現金產生單位過往的表現及行業增長 預測為依據。使用的增長率並不超出現金 產生單位經營業務的長期平均增長率。

現 金 流 量 使 用 税 前 折 現 率 14.1% (2023) 年:13.8%)折現。

於2024年及2023年12月31日,根據使用 價值計算(乃由本集團管理層及獨立估值 師華坊編製)的現金產生單位的可收回金 額高於其賬面值。因此, 並無於綜合損益 及其他全面收益表確認商譽的減值虧損 (2023年:無)。本集團管理層相信,任何 此等假設出現任何合理可能變動將不會 導致此現金產生單位的賬面總值超出此 現金產牛單位的可收回金額。

21. GOODWILL (CONTINUED)

Cash-generating unit — the EZ Robot Group

The recoverable amount of this cash-generating unit has been determined based on value-in-use calculation, which uses cash flow projections based on financial budgets approved by management of the Group covering a five-year period with revenue growth rate of 3% (2023: 3%). Cash flows beyond the five-year period are extrapolated using a steady growth rate of 3% (2023: 3%) for this cash-generating unit. The revenue growth rate adopted in the cash flow projections are based on the past performance of the cash-generating unit and the industry growth forecasts. The growth rates used do not exceed the long-term average growth rates for the business in which the cash-generating unit operates.

The cash flows are discounted using pre-tax discount rate of 14.1% (2023: 13.8%).

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

截至2024年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2024

21. 商譽(續)

現金產生單位 - 海科聯集團

此現金產生單位的可收回金額乃根據使 用價值計算釐定,其使用根據經本集團管 理層批准的五年期財務預算的現金流量 預測,而收入增長率為3%(2023年: 3%)。超過五年期的現金流量使用此現金 產生單位的穩定增長率3%(2023年:3%) 推算。現金流量預測採用的收入增長率乃 以現金產生單位過往的表現及行業增長 預測為依據。使用的增長率並不超出現金 產生單位經營業務的長期平均增長率。

現 金 流 量 使 用 税 前 折 現 率 13.1% (2023) 年:13.2%)折現。

於2024年及2023年12月31日,根據使用 價值計算(乃由本集團管理層及獨立估值 師華坊編製)的現金產生單位的可收回金 額高於其賬面值。因此,並無於綜合損益 及其他全面收益表確認商譽的減值虧損 (2023年:無)。本集團管理層相信,任何 此等假設出現任何合理可能變動將不會 導致此現金產生單位的賬面總值超出此 現金產牛單位的可收回金額。

21. GOODWILL (CONTINUED)

Cash-generating unit — the Heicolink Group

The recoverable amount of this cash-generating unit has been determined based on value-in-use calculation, which uses cash flow projections based on financial budgets approved by management of the Group covering a five-year period with revenue growth rate of 3% (2023: 3%). Cash flows beyond the five-year period are extrapolated using a steady growth rate of 3% (2023: 3%) for this cash-generating unit. The revenue growth rate adopted in the cash flow projections are based on the past performance of the cash-generating unit and the industry growth forecasts. The growth rates used do not exceed the long-term average growth rates for the business in which the cash-generating unit operates.

The cash flows are discounted using pre-tax discount rate of 13.1 (2023: 13.2%).

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

截至2024年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2024

21. 商譽(續)

現金產生單位—New United集團

此現金產生單位的可收回金額乃根據使 用價值計算釐定,其使用根據經本集團管 理層批准的五年期財務預算的現金流量 預測,而收入增長率為3%(2023年: 3%)。超過五年期的現金流量使用此現金 產生單位的穩定增長率3%(2023年:3%) 推算。現金流量預測採用的收入增長率乃 以現金產生單位過往的表現及行業增長 預測為依據。使用的增長率並不超出現金 產生單位經營業務的長期平均增長率。

現 金 流 量 使 用 税 前 折 現 率 14.1% (2023) 年:13.8%)折現。

於2024年及2023年12月31日,根據使用 價值計算(乃由本集團管理層及獨立估值 師華坊編製)的現金產生單位的可收回金 額高於其賬面值。因此, 並無於綜合損益 及其他全面收益表確認商譽的減值虧損 (2023年:無)。本集團管理層相信,任何 此等假設出現任何合理可能變動將不會 導致此現金產生單位的賬面總值超出此 現金產牛單位的可收回金額。

21. GOODWILL (CONTINUED)

Cash-generating unit — the New United Group

The recoverable amount of this cash-generating unit has been determined based on value-in-use calculation, which uses cash flow projections based on financial budgets approved by management of the Group covering a five-year period with revenue growth rate of 3% (2023: 3%). Cash flows beyond the five-year period are extrapolated using a steady growth rate of 3% (2023: 3%) for this cash-generating unit. The revenue growth rate adopted in the cash flow projections are based on the past performance of the cash-generating unit and the industry growth forecasts. The growth rates used do not exceed the long-term average growth rates for the business in which the cash-generating unit operates.

The cash flows are discounted using pre-tax discount rate of 14.1 (2023: 13.8%).

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

截至2024年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2024

21. 商譽(續)

現金產生單位—Risingnovas集團

此現金產生單位的可收回金額乃根據使 用價值計算釐定,其使用根據經本集團管 理層批准的五年期財務預算的現金流量 預測,而收入增長率為3%(2023年: 3%)。超過五年期的現金流量使用此現金 產生單位的穩定增長率3%(2023年:3%) 推算。現金流量預測採用的收入增長率乃 以現金產生單位過往的表現及行業增長 預測為依據。使用的增長率並不超出現金 產生單位經營業務的長期平均增長率。

現 金 流 量 使 用 税 前 折 現 率 14.1% (2023) 年:14.7%)折現。

於2024年及2023年12月31日,根據使用 價值計算(乃由本集團管理層及獨立估值 師華坊編製)的現金產生單位的可收回金 額高於其賬面值。因此,並無就截至2024 年及2023年12月31日止年度於綜合損益 及其他全面收益表確認商譽的減值虧 損。本集團管理層相信,任何此等假設出 現任何合理可能變動將不會導致此現金 產生單位的賬面總值超出此現金產生單 位的可收回金額。

21. GOODWILL (CONTINUED)

Cash-generating unit — the Risingnovas Group

The recoverable amount of this cash-generating unit has been determined based on value-in-use calculation, which uses cash flow projections based on financial budgets approved by management of the Group covering a five-year period with revenue growth rate of 3% (2023: 3%). Cash flows beyond the five-year period are extrapolated using a steady growth rate of 3% (2023: 3%) for this cash-generating unit. The revenue growth rate adopted in the cash flow projections are based on the past performance of the cash-generating unit and the industry growth forecasts. The growth rates used do not exceed the long-term average growth rates for the business in which the cash-generating unit operates.

The cash flows are discounted using pre-tax discount rate of 14.1% (2023: 14.7%).

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

截至2024年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2024

22. 按公平值計入其他全面收益的 22. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FVTOCI 金融資產

		2024年 2024 人民幣千元 RMB'000	2023年 2023 人民幣千元 RMB'000
指定為按公平值計入其他全面 收益的股本投資: 一 非上市股本證券 一 非上市股權基金	Equity investments designated as at FVTOCI: — Unlisted equity securities — Unlisted equity fund	787,681 9,105	875,491 9,105
		796,786	884,596
為報告目的所作的分析: — 非流動資產	Analysed for reporting purposes as: — Non-current assets	796,786	884,596

此等投資的公平值於附註6內披露。

以上的股本投資指在(i)香港、中國及英屬 處女群島註冊成立/成立的私人實體所發 行的非上市股本證券;及(ii)非上市股權基 金的投資。

本集團並無任何權利委任任何董事加入 上述被投資公司的董事會。本公司董事認 為,此等股本證券投資並非持作買賣,而 是持作中至長期策略目的。因此,本公司 董事已選擇將此等股本投資指定為按公 平值計入其他全面收益,原因是彼等相 信,不於損益內確認此等投資公平值的短 期波動將與本集團持有此等投資作長遠 目的及變現其長期表現潛力之策略不符。

於截至2024年12月31日止年度,本集團於 中國投資若干公司,投資總額為 311,577,000元(二零二三年:人民幣 421,189,000元),以現金人民幣100,000,000 元及本集團賬面值約人民幣211,557,000元 的存貨(二零二三年: 賬面值分別約人民 幣338,387,000元及人民幣82,802,000元的 無形資產及存貨)支付代價。

The fair value of these investments is disclosed in note 6.

The above equity investments represent investments in (i) unlisted equity securities issued by private entities incorporated/ established in Hong Kong, the PRC and the BVI; and (ii) unlisted equity fund.

The Group did not have any right to appoint any directors in the board of directors of the above-mentioned investees. In the opinion of the directors of the Company, these investments in equity securities are not held for trading. Instead, they are held for medium to long-term strategic purposes. Accordingly, the directors of the Company have elected to designate these equity investments as at FVTOCI as they believe unrecognising short-term fluctuations in these investments' fair value in profit or loss would not be consistent with the Group's strategy of holding these investments for long-term purposes and realising their performance potential in the long run.

During the year ended 31 December 2024, the Group invested in certain companies in the PRC with total investment amount of RMB311,577,000 (2023: RMB421,189,000) in which the considerations were settled by cash of RMB100,000,000 and the Group's inventories with carrying value of approximately RMB211,557,000 (2023: intangible assets and inventories with carrying value of approximately RMB338,387,000 and RMB82,802,000 respectively.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

截至2024年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2024

23. 於聯營公司的權益

23. INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES

		2024年 2024 人民幣千元 RMB'000	2023年 2023 人民幣千元 RMB'000
於聯營公司的投資的成本 — 非上市應佔收購後業績,扣除已收股息	Cost of investments in associates — unlisted Share of post-acquisition results, net of dividends received	16,325 16,914	16,325 10,514
	or dividende received	33,239	26,839

於2024年及2023年12月31日,本集團於 下列聯營公司中擁有權益:

At 31 December 2024 and 2023, the Group had interests in the following associates:

實體名稱	實體形式 Form of	主要營運及 註冊成立/ 成立地點 Principal place of operation and incorporation/	所持股份類別 Class of shares	本公司間接 擁有權權 參與股份 Proport ownership i participatin indirectly	重益或 分比例 ion of nterest or g shares	本集團指 投票權 Proportion power h	比例 of voting	主要業務
Name of entity	entity	establishment	held	the Con 2024年 2024		the Gr 2024年 2024		Principal activities
喜和香港(附註i) Zim HK (note i)	註冊成立 Incorporated	香港 Hong Kong	普通股 Ordinary shares	15%	15%	15%	15%	IC及其他電子元器件貿易 Trading of IC and other electronic components
IngDan Japan Corporation ([IngDan Japan]) IngDan Japan Corporation ("IngDan Japan")	註冊成立 Incorporated	日本 Japan	普通股 Ordinary shares	30%	30%	30%	30%	汽車業務相關IC及AloT產品貿易 Trading of IC and AloT products related to Automotive business

附註:

由於本集團有權根據喜和香港的組織章程細 則載列的條文委任三名董事中的一名,故本集 團對喜和香港有重大影響力。

對本集團而言屬重大且採用權益法入賬 的聯營公司喜和香港的財務資料概要載 列如下。以下財務資料概要指根據香港財 務報告準則編製的聯營公司財務報表所 示金額。

Note:

The Group is able to exercise significant influence over Zim HK because it has the power to appoint one out of the three directors under the provisions stated in the Articles of Association of Zim HK.

The summarised financial information in respect of the associate, namely ZIM HK, which is material to the Group and are accounted for using equity method is set out below. The summarised financial information below represents amounts shown in the associates' financial statements prepared in accordance with HKFRSs.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

截至2024年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2024

23. 於聯營公司的權益(續)

23. INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES (CONTINUED)

喜和香港

Zim HK

		2024年 2024 人民幣千元 RMB'000	2023年 2023 人民幣千元 RMB'000
流動資產	Current assets Non-current assets Current liabilities	801,306	588,699
非流動資產		199	196
流動負債		(627,433)	(456,195)
收入	Revenue Profit and total comprehensive income for the year	2,647,780	1,796,518
年內溢利及全面收益總額		41,372	34,047

以上呈列的財務資料概要與於該聯營公 司的權益賬面值的對賬載列如下:

The reconciliation of the summarised financial information presented above to the carrying amount of the interest in the associate is set out below:

		2024年 2024 人民幣千元 RMB'000	2023年 2023 人民幣千元 RMB'000
喜和香港的淨資產 本集團於喜和香港的擁有權權益	Net assets of Zim HK Proportion of the Group's ownership	174,072	132,700
比例 本集團應佔該聯營公司的淨資產	interest in Zim HK Group's share of net assets of	15%	15%
平朱	the associate	26,111	19,905
商譽	Goodwill	6,297	6,297
本集團於喜和香港的權益賬面值	Carrying amount of the Group's interest in Zim HK	32,408	26,202

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

截至2024年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2024

23. 於聯營公司的權益(續)

23. INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES (CONTINUED)

本集團於IngDan Japan(其被視為並非個 別屬重大且採用權益法入賬)的財務資料 及賬面值載列如下:

The financial information and carrying amount of the Group's interest in IngDan Japan, which is considered as not individually material and accounted for using the equity method, are set out below:

	2024年 2024 人民幣千元 RMB'000	2023年 2023 人民幣千元 RMB'000
本集團應佔年內溢利/(虧損)及 Group's share of profit /(loss) and total comprehensive income (expense) for the year	194	(672)
本集團於非重大聯營公司的權益的 Carrying amount of the Group's 賬面值 interest in an immaterial associate	831	637

24. 於一間合營企業的權益

24. INTEREST IN A JOINT VENTURE

		2024年 2024 人民幣千元 RMB'000	2023年 2023 人民幣千元 RMB'000
於一間合營企業的投資的成本 一 非上市 應佔收購後虧損	Cost of investment in a joint venture — unlisted Share of post-acquisition losses	_ _	1,000 (1,000)
		_	-

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

截至2024年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2024

24. 於一間合營企業的權益(續)

24. INTEREST IN A JOINT VENTURE (CONTINUED)

於2024年及2023年12月31日,本集團於 下列合營企業中擁有權益:

At 31 December 2024 and 2023, the Group had interest in the following joint venture:

實體名稱 Name of entity	實體形式 Form of entity	主要營運及 註冊成立/ 成立地點 Principal place of operation and establishment	所持股份類別 Class of shares held	本公司間接 擁有權權差 股份比 Proport ownership i participatir held by th 2024年 2024	盖或參與 比例 ion of nterest or	本集團打 投票權 Proportion power hel Groot 2024年 2024	比例 of voting d by the	主要業務 Principal activities
蜘蛛家智能科技(上海) 有限公司(「蜘蛛家上海」) ZZJ Intelligent Technology (Shanghai) Limited * ("ZZJ Shanghai")	成立 Established	中國 The PRC	注資資本 Contributed capital	-	-	— (附註) (Note)	-	提供信息技術集成服務 Provision of Information Technology integration services

本集團已於採用權益法時終止確認其應 佔蜘蛛家上海的虧損。蜘蛛家上海的未確 認股份於兩個年度及累計均對本集團而 言屬不重大。

附註:蜘蛛家已於截至2024年12月31日止年度撤銷

The Group has stopped recognising its share of loss of ZZJ Shanghai when applying the equity method. Unrecognised share of ZZJ Shanghai are, for both years and cumulatively insignificant to the Group.

Note: ZZJ has been deregistered during the year ended 31 December 2024.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

截至2024年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2024

25. 存貨

25. INVENTORIES

		2024年 2024 人民幣千元 RMB'000	2023年 2023 人民幣千元 RMB'000
商品	Merchandises	3,510,501	4,506,058

於2024年12月31日,本集團的存貨賬面 值已經扣除約為人民幣32,780,000元 (2023年:人民幣28,364,000元)的存貨

於截至2024年12月31日止年度,約人民幣 4,416,000元(2023年:人民幣2,622,000元) 的存貨撥備獲確認並計入銷售成本內。

As at 31 December 2024, the carrying amounts of the Group's inventories were net of allowance for inventories of approximately RMB32,780,000 (2023: RMB28,364,000).

During the year ended 31 December 2024, allowance for inventories of approximately RMB4,416,000 (2023: RMB2,622,000) has been recognised and included in cost of sales.

26. 貿易應收款項、應收票據及其 他應收款項

26. TRADE, BILLS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

		2024年 2024 人民幣千元 RMB'000	2023年 2023 人民幣千元 RMB'000
按攤銷成本列賬的應收款項包括:	Receivables at amortised cost comprise:		4 705 507
— 貿易應收款項 — 應收票據	Trade receivablesBills receivables	2,013,405 41,778	1,795,527 22,196
貿易應收款項及應收票據 減:貿易應收款項的虧損撥備	Trade and bills receivables Less: loss allowance on trade receivables	2,055,183 (89,307)	1,817,723 (115,747)
應收貸款利息(附註(a)) 貿易按金及預付款項 其他應收款項(附註(b)) 於債權證的投資	Loan interest receivables (note (a)) Trade deposits and prepayments Other receivables (note (b)) Investment in debenture	1,965,876 73,181 310,291 21,371 10,000	1,701,976 28,574 168,633 33,050
		2,380,719	1,932,233

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

截至2024年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2024

26. 貿易應收款項、應收票據及其 他應收款項(續)

於2024年12月31日,來自客戶合約的貿 易應收款項及應收票據總額約為人民幣 2,055,183,000元(2023年12月31日:人民 幣 1,817,723,000 元)。

本集團授予的信貸期介乎自票據日期起 計0至120天(2023年:0至120天)。以下 為於報告期間末按交付貨品或提供服務 日期(與各自的收入確認日期相若)呈列 的貿易應收款項及應收票據(已扣除貿易 應收款項的虧損撥備)的賬齡分析。

26. TRADE, BILLS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (CONTINUED)

As at 31 December 2024, the gross amount of trade and bills receivables arising from contracts with customers amounted to approximately RMB2,055,183,000 (31 December 2023: RMB1,817,723,000).

The Group allows credit period ranging from 0 to 120 days (2023: 0 to 120 days) from the date of billing. The following is an ageing analysis of trade and bills receivables, net of loss allowance on trade receivables, presented based on the dates of delivery of goods or rendering services, which approximates the respective revenue recognition dates, at the end of the reporting period.

		2024年 2024 人民幣千元 RMB'000	2023年 2023 人民幣千元 RMB'000
1個月內 1至2個月 2至3個月 超過3個月	Within 1 month 1 to 2 months 2 to 3 months Over 3 months	1,839,691 42,347 11,751 72,087	1,595,943 71,024 7,468 27,541
		1,965,876	1,701,976

本集團按相等於存續期預期信貸虧損的 金額計量貿易應收款項及應收票據的虧 損撥備。貿易應收款項的預期信貸虧損乃 參照債務人過往違約經驗及對債務人當 前財務狀況作出的分析(已就債務人特定 因素、債務人經營行業的整體經濟狀況及 於報告日期當前及預測狀況方向的評估 作出調整),就重大結餘的客戶按個別基 準運用撥備矩陣集體估計。

於截至2024年及2023年12月31日止年度 內作出的估計方法或重大假設並無改變。

The Group measures the loss allowance on trade and bills receivables at an amount equal to lifetime ECL. The ECL on trade receivables are estimated on an individual basis for customers with significant balances and collectively using a provision matrix by reference to past default experience of the debtor and an analysis of the debtor's current financial position, adjusted for factors that are specific to the debtors, general economic conditions of the industry in which the debtors operate and an assessment of both the current as well as the forecast direction of conditions at the reporting date.

There has been no change in the estimation techniques or significant assumptions made during the years ended 31 December 2024 and 2023.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

截至2024年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2024

26. 貿易應收款項、應收票據及其 他應收款項(續)

本集團根據個別重大客戶或非個別重大 客戶集體賬齡確認貿易應收款項的存續 期預期信貸虧損如下:

26. TRADE, BILLS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (CONTINUED)

The Group recognised lifetime ECL for trade receivables based on individually significant customer or the ageing of customers collectively that are not individually significant as follows:

		加權平均 預期虧損率 Weighted average expected loss rate %	賬面總值 Gross carrying amount 人民幣千元 RMB'000	虧損撥備 Loss allowance 人民幣千元 RMB'000
於2024年12月31日 就重大結餘的客戶按 個別基準估計 已發生信貸減值的應收	As at 31 December 2024 Individual basis for customers with significant balances			
款項 – 違約	Credit impaired receivables — Default Not credit-impaired receivables	100%	1,263	1,263
款項 — 呆滯	Doubtful	75%	64,171	48,128
運用撥備矩陣集體估計	Collectively using a provision matrix			
其他貿易應收款項的 賬齡:	Other trade receivables aged:			
- 尚未到期	 Not yet due 	0%	1,777,938	_
- 逾期1-60天	 Past due 1–60 days 	13%	188,453	24,499
- 逾期超過60天	- Past due over 60 days	66%	23,359	15,417
			2,055,183	89,307

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

截至2024年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2024

26. 貿易應收款項、應收票據及其 26. TRADE, BILLS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES 他應收款項(續) (CONTINUED)

		加權平均 預期虧損率 Weighted average expected loss rate %	賬面總值 Gross carrying amount 人民幣千元 RMB'000	虧損撥備 Loss allowance 人民幣千元 RMB'000
於2023年12月31日 就重大結餘的客戶按個 別基準估計 已發生信貸減值的應收	As at 31 December 2023 Individual basis for customers with significant balances Credit impaired receivables			
款項 – 違約	Default	100%	1,263	1,263
木發生信 貞減	Not credit-impaired receivables — Doubtful	75%	98,608	73,956
運用撥備矩陣集體估計	Collectively using a provision matrix			
其他貿易應收款項的 賬齡:	Other trade receivables aged:			
- 尚未到期	Not yet due	0%	1,312,364	_
- 逾期1-60天	 Past due 1–60 days 	9%	400,430	37,190
一 逾期超過60天	- Past due over 60 days	66%	5,058	3,338
			1,817,723	115,747

貿易應收款項的虧損撥備變動載列如下:

The movement in the loss allowance on trade receivables is set out below:

		存續期預期 信貨虧損 一未發生 信貸減值 Lifetime-ECL 一 not credit impaired 人民幣千元 RMB'000	存續期預期 信貸虧損 一已發值 Elfetime-ECL 一 credit impaired 人民幣千元 RMB'000	總計 Total 人民幣千元 RMB'000
於2023年1月1日 年內(減少)增加	At 1 January 2023 (Decrease) increase during the year	67,227 47,257	24,405 (23,142)	91,632 24,115
於2023年12月31日 年內減少	At 31 December 2023 Decrease during the year	114,484 (26,400)	1,263 —	115,747 (26,440)
於2024年12月31日	At 31 December 2024	88,040	1,263	89,307

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

截至2024年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2024

26. 貿易應收款項、應收票據及其 他應收款項(續)

26. TRADE, BILLS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (CONTINUED)

附註:

Notes:

- 於報告期間末應收貸款利息的明細呈列如下:
- The breakdown of the loan interest receivables at the end of the reporting period is presented as follows:

	2024年 2024 人民幣千元 RMB'000	2023年 2023 人民幣千元 RMB'000
本集團的聯營公司 Associate of the Group 本集團的被投資公司,分類為按公平值 Investees of the Group, classified as financial 計入其他全面收益的金融資產 assets at FVTOCI	4,451 22,476	3,381 8,415
本集團的僱員 Employees of the Group	21,308	16,075
其他 Others	24,946	703
	73,181	28,574

根據預期信貸虧損計量應收貸款利息的虧損 撥備詳情載於附註27。

本集團按相等於12個月預期信貸虧損的金額 計量其他應收款項的虧損撥備。於2024年及 2023年12月31日,本集團管理層估計其他應 收款項的預期信貸虧損並不重大。

Details of the measurement of the loss allowance on loan interest receivables under the ECL was set out in note 27.

The Group measures the loss allowance on other receivables at an amount equal to 12-month ECL. As at 31 December 2024 and 2023, the management of the Group estimates the ECL on other receivables was insignificant.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

截至2024年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2024

27. 應收貸款

27. LOANS RECEIVABLES

		2024年 2024 人民幣千元 RMB'000	2023年 2023 人民幣千元 RMB'000
於年初 增加 借款人還款 匯兑調整	At the beginning of the year Addition Repayment from borrowers Exchange adjustments	709,247 183,946 (96,348) 9,652	704,002 72,399 (80,128) 12,974
於年末,有抵押	At the end of the year, secured	806,497	709,247
為報告目的所作的分析: 流動部分 非流動部分	Analysed for reporting purpose: — Current portion — Non-current portion	2,875 803,622	424,635 284,612
		806,497	709,247

於2024年及2023年12月31日,應收貸款 於整個合約貸款期內由借款人以現金存 款、存貨、貿易應收款項或借款人持有的 若干股權抵押。

按借款人的身份呈列的應收貸款如下:

The loans receivables are secured, throughout the contractual loan period, by the borrowers' cash deposits, inventories, trade receivables or certain equity interests held by the borrowers as at 31 December 2024 and 2023.

The loans receivables, presented based on the identity of the borrower, are as follows:

		2024年 2024 人民幣千元 RMB'000	2023年 2023 人民幣千元 RMB'000
本集團的聯營公司 本集團的被投資公司,分類為 按公平值計入其他全面收益	Associate of the Group Investees of the Group, classified as financial assets at FVTOCI	60,742	94,554
的金融資產		409,627	277,388
本集團之僱員	Employees of the Group	117,600	117,600
其他	Others	218,528	219,705
		806,497	709,247

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

截至2024年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2024

27. 應收貸款(續)

27. LOANS RECEIVABLES (CONTINUED)

以下為應收貸款於報告期末按其合約或 經重續到期日呈列的到期情況:

The following is a maturity profile of loans receivables, presented based on their contractual or renewed maturity dates at the end of the reporting period:

		2024年 2024 人民幣千元 RMB'000	2023年 2023 人民幣千元 RMB'000
6個月內 6至12個月 超過1年	Within 6 months 6–12 months Over 1 year	– 2,875 803,622	117,600 307,035 284,612
		806,497	709,247

於截至2024年12月31日止年度,人民幣 706,372,000元的應收貸款(2023年:無) 已於到期日或之前重續並將原到期日延 期多於一年。

應收貸款附帶的實際利息按固定年利率 介乎3.8%至7%(2023年:年利率6%至7%) 計算。

本集團提供的貸款利率乃按貸款金額及 信貸評級相若的其他貸款利率而釐定。

於2024年12月31日的應收貸款賬面值中 包括本公司向僱員提供的貸款約人民幣 117.600.000元(2023年:人民幣117.600.000 元),以使選定僱員能夠自非控股權益獲 得本集團實體的股份。

During the year ended 31 December 2024, loans receivables of approximately RMB706,372,000 (2023: nil) has been renewed on or before due date and extend original maturity date for more than one year.

Loans receivables carried effective interest at fixed rates ranging from 3.8% to 7% per annum (2023: 6% to 7% per annum).

The interest rate of the loans granted by the Group are determined at rates to others with similar amount and credit

Included in the carrying amount of loan receivables as at 31 December 2024 is loans to employees of approximately RMB117,600,000 (2023: RMB117,600,000) given by the Company for the purpose of enabling the selected employees to acquire the shares of the Group's entity from NCI.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

截至2024年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2024

27. 應收貸款(續)

於 截 至2024年 及2023年12月31日 止 年 度,在誊定應收貸款及應收貸款利息的 12個月預期信貸虧損時,本集團管理層 已考慮過往的信貸虧損經驗、交易對手的 財務狀況、抵押品價值,以及債務人經營 行業的未來前景,並適當地考慮多個外部 來源的實際及預期經濟資料,以估計此等 金融資產於其各自虧損評估時間內各自 發生的違約概率,以及在各種情況下違約 時的虧損。

在評估應收貸款及應收貸款利息的虧損 撥備時,於兩個年度所作出的估計方法或 重大假設並無改變。

於2024年及2023年12月31日,本集團管 理層估計應收貸款及應收貸款利息預期 信貸虧損項下的虧損撥備對綜合財務報 表而言並不重大。

28. 已抵押銀行存款及現金及現金 等價物

已抵押銀行存款

已抵押銀行存款指抵押予銀行作為本集 團獲授銀行貸款擔保的存款。於2024年 及2023年12月31日,所有銀行存款已被 本集團質押以獲取短期銀行貸款(附註 31),並因此分類為流動資產。

於2024年12月31日,已抵押銀行存款按 固定年利率介乎0.22%至0.35%(2023年: 0.25%至0.35%)計息。

現金及現金等價物

於2024年及2023年12月31日,計入現金 及現金等價物內的銀行結餘按當期市場 利率計息。

27. LOANS RECEIVABLES (CONTINUED)

During the years ended 31 December 2024 and 2023, in determining the 12-month ECL for the loans receivables and loan interest receivables, the management of the Group have taken into account the historical credit loss experience, the financial position of the counterparties, value of collaterals as well as the future prospects of the industries in which the debtors operate, various external sources of actual and forecast economic information, as appropriate, in estimating the probability of default of each of these financial assets individually occurring within their respective loss assessment time horizon, as well as the loss upon default in each case.

There has been no change in the estimation techniques or significant assumptions made during the both years in assessing the loss allowance on loans receivables and loan interest receivables.

As at 31 December 2024 and 2023, the management of the Group estimates the loss allowance under the ECL on loans receivables and loan interest receivables was insignificant to the consolidated financial statements.

28. PLEDGED BANK DEPOSITS AND CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Pledged bank deposits

Pledged bank deposits represented deposits pledged to the bank to secure banking loans granted to the Group. As at 31 December 2024 and 2023, all bank deposits have been pledged by the Group to secure short-term bank loans (note 31) and were therefore classified as current assets.

The pledged bank deposits carried fixed interest rates ranged from 0.22% to 0.35% (2023: 0.25% to 0.35%) per annum as at 31 December 2024.

Cash and cash equivalents

Bank balances included in cash and cash equivalents carried prevailing market interest rate as at 31 December 2024 and 2023.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

截至2024年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2024

29. 貿易及其他應付款項

29. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

		2024年 2024 人民幣千元 RMB'000	2023年 2023 人民幣千元 RMB'000
貿易應付款項 應計員工成本 其他應付款項	Trade payables Accrued staff costs Other payables	2,388,410 29,473 57,344	3,244,183 29,896 30,845
		2,475,227	3,304,924

以下為於報告期間末按發票日期呈列的 貿易應付款項的賬齡分析:

The following is an ageing analysis of trade payables presented based on the invoice date at the end of the reporting period:

		2024年 2024 人民幣千元 RMB'000	2023年 2023 人民幣千元 RMB'000
1個月內 1至3個月 超過3個月	Within 1 month 1 to 3 months Over 3 months	1,891,643 465,111 31,656	377,855 2,819,350 46,978
		2,388,410	3,244,183

本集團獲授的平均信貸期為30天(2023 年:30天)。本集團已實施財務風險管 理,以確保所有應付款項於信貸期限內 結清。

The average credit period granted to the Group is 30 days (2023: 30 days). The Group has financial risk management in place to ensure that all payables are settled within the credit timeframe.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

截至2024年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2024

30. 合約負債

30. CONTRACT LIABILITIES

		2024年 2024 人民幣千元 RMB'000	2023年 2023 人民幣千元 RMB'000
銷售IC及其他電子元器件 軟件授權經營服務收入	Sales of IC and other electronic components Service revenue from software licensing	137,276 —	98,660 3,040
流動	Current	137,276	101,700

合約負債指因銷售IC及其他電子元器件 及軟件授權經營服務收入而收取的墊 款。銷售IC及其他電子元器件及軟件授權 經營服務收入的履約責任分別會於交付 IC及其他電子元器件及完成服務之時 達成。

於截至2024年12月31日止年度內確認並 計入於2024年1月1日的合約負債內的收 入約為人民幣101.700.000元(2023年:人 民幣262,551,000元)。截至2024年12月31 日止年度內確認的收入並無與於2024年1 月1日前滿足的履約責任有關。

Contract liabilities represents advances received for the sales of IC and other electronic components and service revenue from software licensing. The performance obligation of the sales of IC and other electronic components and service revenue from software licensing would be satisfied upon the time of the delivery of IC and other electronic components and completion of service respectively.

Revenue recognised during the year ended 31 December 2024 that was included in the contract liabilities as at 1 January 2024 is approximately RMB101,700,000 (2023: RMB262,551,000). There was no revenue recognised during the year ended 31 December 2024 that related to performance obligations that were satisfied prior to 1 January 2024.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

截至2024年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2024

31. 銀行貸款

31. BANK LOANS

須償還賬面值(根據貸款協議所載之計劃 償還日期):

Carrying amount repayable (based on scheduled repayment dates set out in the loan agreements):

	2024年	2023年
	2024	2023
	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
	RMB'000	RMB'000
一年內並於流動負債項下列示 Within one year and shown under current		
liabilities	1,885,882	1,597,377

- 於2024年12月31日,賬面值約人民 幣 169,700,000元(2023年: 人民幣 142,346,000元)的銀行貸款按一年 期LPR的利率計息,實際利息按浮動 年利率介乎1.5%至5.45%(2023年: 1.5%至6.6%)計算。
- 於2024年12月31日,賬面值約人民 (b) 幣 179,180,000元(2023年: 人民幣 74.810,000元)的銀行貸款按SOFR加 1.5%(2023年: 按SOFR加1.5%)的 利率計息,實際利息按浮動年利率 4.5% (2023年:按浮動年利率4.3%) 計算。
- As at 31 December 2024, the carrying amount of the bank loans of approximately RMB169,700,000 (2023: RMB142,346,000) carried interest rate of the one-year LPR with an effective interest at floating rate of ranging from 1.5% to 5.45% (2023: from 1.5% to 6.6%) per annum.
- As at 31 December 2024, the carrying amount of the bank loans of approximately RMB179,180,000 (2023: RMB74,810,000) carried interest rate of SOFR plus 1.5% (2023: SOFR plus 1.5%) with an effective interest at floating rate of 4.5% (2023: floating rate of 4.3%) per annum.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

截至2024年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2024

31. 銀行貸款(續)

(c) 於2024年12月31日,賬面值約人民 幣 1.537.002.000 元 (2023年:人民幣 1.380,221,000元)的銀行貸款按介乎 1.21%至7.01%(2023年:1.6%至 7.11%)的固定年利率計息。

> 本集團銀行貸款的利率變動風險 如下:

31. BANK LOANS (CONTINUED)

As at 31 December 2024, the carrying amount of the bank loan of approximately RMB1.537.002.000 (2023: RMB1,380,221,000) carried fixed interest rate of ranging from 1.21% to 7.01% (2023: from 1.6% to 7.11%) per annum.

The exposure of the Group's bank loans to interest rate changes is as follows:

		2024年 2024 人民幣千元 RMB'000	2023年 2023 人民幣千元 RMB'000
定息借款 浮息借款	Fixed-rate borrowings Variable-rate borrowings	1,537,002 348,880	1,380,221 217,156
		1,885,882	1,597,377

截至2024年12月31日 止年度,本集 團獲得約人民幣1,880,843,000元 (2023年:人民幣2,778,686,000元) 之新貸款。所得款項乃用作一般營 運資金。

本集團銀行貸款的實際利率範圍 如下:

During the year ended 31 December 2024, the Group obtained new loans in the amount of approximately RMB1,880,843,000 (2023: RMB2,778,686,000). The proceeds were used for general operating working capital.

The ranges of effective interest rates on the Group's bank loans are as follows:

		2024年 2024 人民幣千元 RMB'000	2023年 2023 人民幣千元 RMB'000
定息借款	Fixed-rate borrowings	1.21%至7.01% 1.21% to 7.01%	1.60%至7.11% 1.60% to 7.11%
浮息借款	Variable-rate borrowings	1.50% 至 5.45% 1.50% to 5.45%	1.50% 在 7.11% 1.50% 至 6.60% 1.50% to 6.60%

於2024年12月31日,所有銀行融資分 別以本集團約人民幣231,458,000元 (2023年:人民幣287,705,000元)的已 抵押銀行存款及人民幣78,796,000元 (2023年:人民幣119,799,000元)的貿 易應收款項作為擔保。

As at 31 December 2024, all banking facilities were secured by the Group's pledged bank deposits and trade receivables of approximately RMB231,458,000 (2023: RMB287,705,000) and RMB78,796,000 (2023: RMB119,799,000) respectively.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

截至2024年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2024

31. 銀行貸款(續)

31. BANK LOANS (CONTINUED)

於報告期間末的銀行融資金額及使用情 況載列如下:

The amount of banking facilities and the utilisation at the end of the reporting period are set out as follows:

		2024年 2024 人民幣千元 RMB'000	2023年 2023 人民幣千元 RMB'000
融資金額 — 一年內屆滿	Facility amount — expiring within one year	3,056,631	5,458,735
已動用 — 一年內屆滿	Utilisations — expiring within one year	1,885,882	1,597,377
未動用銀行融資	Unused banking facilities	1,170,749	3,861,358

32. 遞延税項

32. DEFERRED TAXATION

以下為本年度及過往年度確認的主要遞 延税項負債及其變動情況:

The following are the major deferred tax liabilities recognised and movements thereon during the current and prior years:

		收購附屬公司產生 的無形資產 Intangible assets arising from acquisition of subsidiaries 人民幣千元
於2023年1月1日 計入損益(附註11)	At 1 January 2023 Credited to profit or loss (note 11)	RMB'000 41,530 (7,652)
於2023年12月31日 計入損益(附註11)	At 31 December 2023 Credited to profit or loss (note 11)	33,878 (7,652)
於2024年12月31日	At 31 December 2024	26,226

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

截至2024年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2024

32. 搋延税項(續)

於2024年12月31日,由於未來溢利來源無 法預測,故並無就估計未動用税項虧損約人 民幣307.166元(2023年: 人民幣241.436.000 元)確認遞延税項資產。估計未動用 税 項 虧 損 包 括 約 人 民 幣 214,879,000 元 (2023年:人民幣158,913,000元)的結餘 將於未來五年內屆滿。其他估計未動用稅 項虧損可無限期結轉。

於2024年12月31日,與中國附屬公司自 2008年1月1日起並未確認的遞延税項負 債的未分配保留 盈利有關的應課税暫時 差額總額約為人民幣2,231,803,000元 (2023年:人民幣2,099,709,000元)。由於 本集團能控制撥回暫時差額的時間,且該 等暫時差額將有可能不會於可見未來撥 回,故並未就此等暫時差額確認遞延税項 負債。

32. **DEFERRED TAXATION** (CONTINUED)

As at 31 December 2024, no deferred tax asset has been recognised in respect of estimated unused tax losses of approximately RMB307,166 (2023: RMB241,436,000) due to the unpredictability of future profit streams. Included in the estimated unused tax losses was a balance of approximately RMB214,879,000 (2023: RMB158,913,000) that will be expired within next five years. Other estimated unused tax losses may be carried forward indefinitely.

As at 31 December 2024, the aggregate amount of taxable temporary differences associated with the PRC subsidiaries' undistributed retained earnings for which deferred tax liabilities have not been recognised from 1 January 2008 onwards were approximately RMB2,231,803,000 (2023: RMB2,099,709,000). No deferred tax liabilities have been recognised in respect of these temporary differences because the Group is in a position to control the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences and it is probable that such temporary differences will not be reversed in the foreseeable future.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

截至2024年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2024

33. 其他金融負債

於2020年,本公司的全資附屬公司 Alphalink Global Limited (「Alphalink」) 與 Optimum Profuse Technology (HK) Limited (「Optimum Profuse」,一名獨立第三方)訂 立一份注資協議,據此,Optimum Profuse 同意以人民幣35,000,000元的現金代價就 深圳市科通技術股份有限公司(前稱為科 通工業技術(深圳)有限公司)(「深圳科 通」)的25%股本權益注資。第一次注資 (「第一次注資」)於2021年1月1日生效, 而深圳科通仍為本公司擁有75%股本權 益的間接附屬公司。除第一次注資外, Alphalink與投資者訂立多份注資協議,以 人民幣341,900,000元的總現金代價進行 第二次注資(「第二次注資」)。第二次注資 完成後,本公司於深圳科通持有的股權由 75% 攤 薄 至65.65%, 然 而 深 圳 科 通 仍 為 本公司的附屬公司。

第二次注資的詳情載於本公司日期為 2020年9月10日、2020年9月25日及2020 年10月16日的公告內。

根據上述該等投資者第二次注資,本公司 向各投資者授予贖回權。倘贖回期內發生 任何觸發事件,則各投資者有權要求本公 司按贖回價購回彼等於深圳科誦的所有 股權。截至2021年12月31日止年度,另 一名投資者訂立一份注資協議,代價為人 民幣150,000,000元。授予投資者就此注 資的贖回權與第二次注資的贖回權相同。

英文名稱僅供識別。

33. OTHER FINANCIAL LIABILITIES

In 2020, Alphalink Global Limited ("Alphalink"), a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, entered into a capital contribution agreement with Optimum Profuse Technology (HK) Limited ("Optimum Profuse"), an independent third party in which Optimum Profuse agreed to contribute for 25% equity interest in Shenzhen Comtech Limited.* (深圳市科通技術股份有限 公司) (formerly known as 科通工業技術(深圳)有限公司) ("Shenzhen Comtech") at a cash consideration of RMB35,000,000. The first capital contribution (the "First Capital Contribution") was effective on 1 January 2021 and Shenzhen Comtech remained as an indirect subsidiary with 75% equity interest owned by the Company. In addition to the First Capital Contribution, Alphalink entered into various capital contribution agreements with the investors for the second capital contributions (the "Second Capital Contributions") at an aggregate cash consideration of RMB341,900,000. Upon the completion of the Second Capital Contributions, the equity interest in Shenzhen Comtech held by the Company has been diluted from 75% to 65.65%, while Shenzhen Comtech remained as a subsidiary of the Company.

Details of the Second Capital Contributions are set out in the Company's announcements dated on 10 September 2020, 25 September 2020 and 16 October 2020.

Pursuant to the Second Capital Contributions from investors as mentioned above, a redemption right is granted by Company to each investors. Each investors shall have the right to request the Company to repurchase all of their equity interests in Shenzhen Comtech at the redemption price, if any of the triggering events occurs during the redemption period. During the year ended 31 December 2021, another investor entered into a capital contribution agreement at a consideration of RMB150,000,000. Same redemption right granted to the investor in respect of this contribution as Second Capital Contribution.

The English name is for identification purpose only.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

截至2024年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2024

33. 其他金融負債(續)

贖回價按本金額加應計利息(為各項注資 完成日期起至向各投資者收取贖回價當 日的年利率8%)再減各投資者作為深圳科 通股東所收取的任何現金收入計算。

贖回權構成一份合約,當中包含本集團購 回本公司附屬公司股本工具的義務,以致 確認可贖回金融負債並於其後按攤銷成 本計量。

截至2024年12月31日止年度,若干投資 者已通知本公司行使贖回權。因此,本公 司將透過本公司之全資附屬公司庫購網 電子商務(深圳)有限公司向投資者購回 深圳科通合共約5.58%之權益(「贖回」)。 本公司根據贖回應付投資者之款項合共 約 為 人 民 幣 249,618,000 元 , 將 於 2025 年 結算。詳情載於日期為2025年1月1日之 公告。

截至2024年12月31日 止年度,若干投資 者與本公司就餘下其他金融負債約人民 幣384.555,000元訂立補充協議,據此,倘 於2026年6月30日前發生任何觸發事件, 則投資者有權要求本公司購回彼等於深 圳科通的所有股權。

33. OTHER FINANCIAL LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

The redemption price was the principal amount plus accrued interest, being 8% per annum calculated from the date of the completion of each capital contribution to the date of receipt of the redemption price from each Investors, less any cash income received by each Investor as the shareholders of Shenzhen Comtech.

The redemption right constituted a contract that contains an obligation for the Group to repurchase the equity instruments of the subsidiaries of the Company gives rise to a redeemable financial liability recognised and subsequently measured at amortised cost.

During the year ended 31 December 2024, certain investors had notified the Company of the exercise of the redemption right. As a result, the Company through Kugouwang, Ecommerce Services (Shenzhen) Limited* (庫購網電子商務 (深圳)有限公司), a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, would repurchase from the investors (the "Redemption") an aggregate of approximately 5.58% interest in Shenzhen Comtech. The amount payable by the Company to these investors pursuant to the redemption in aggregate amounts of approximately RMB249,618,000, will be settled in 2025. Details are set out in announcement dated 1 January 2025.

During the year ended 31 December 2024, supplementary agreements have been signed between certain investors and the Company for the remaining other financial liabilities of approximately RMB384,555,000, in which shall the investors have the right to request the Company to repurchase all of their equity interests in Shenzhen Comtech if any of the triggering events occurs before 30 June 2026.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

截至2024年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2024

33. 其他金融負債(續)

33. OTHER FINANCIAL LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

其他金融負債變動如下:

The movement of other financial liabilities is as follows:

		2024年 2024 人民幣千元 RMB'000	2023年 2023 人民幣千元 RMB'000
於年初 其他金融負債利息(附註10) 已付利息	At the beginning of the year Interest on other financial liabilities (note 10) Interest paid	610,699 39,352 (15,878)	571,347 39,352 —
於年末	At the end of the year	634,173	610,699
為報告目的所作的分析: — 流動部分 — 非流動部分	Analyzed for reporting purpose: — Current portion — Non-current portion	249,618 384,555	- 610,699
		634,173	610,699

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

截至2024年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2024

34. 股本

34. SHARE CAPITAL

		股份數目 Number of shares	以原幣計值 金額 Amount in original currency	於綜合財務 報表內列示 Shown in the consolidated financial statements
			美元 US\$	人民幣千元 RMB'000
每股0.0000001美元的 普通股 法定: 於2023年1月1日、 2023年12月31日及 2024年12月31日	Ordinary shares of US\$0.0000001 each Authorised: At 1 January 2023, 31 December 2023 and 31 December 2024	500,000,000,000	50,000	不適用 N/A
已發行及繳足: 於2023年1月1日、 2023年12月31日及 2024年12月31日	Issued and fully paid: At 1 January 2023, 31 December 2023 and 31 December 2024	1,394,262,732	139	1

附註:

- 截至2024年及2023年12月31日止年度概無購 回股份以供註銷。
- 截至2024年及2023年12月31日止年度,概無 自聯交所回購股份並存入受限制股份單位 計劃。
- 截 至2024年12月31日 止 年 度,1,060,000個 (2023年:2,285,000個)受限制股份單位歸屬予 受益人,及約人民幣1,696,000元(截至2023年 12月31日止年度:人民幣1,842,000元)計入就 受限制股份單位計劃持有的股份。

餘下股份由受限制股份單位計劃受託人 以信託形式持有,直至於受限制股份單位 歸屬時發放予受益人為止(見附註37(a))。

Notes:

- There were no shares repurchased for cancellation during the years ended 31 December 2024 and 2023.
- No shares were repurchased through the Stock Exchange and deposited under RSU Scheme trustee during the year ended 31 December 2024 and 2023.
- For the year ended 31 December 2024, 1,060,000 (2023: 2,285,000) units of RSUs were vested to the beneficiaries, and approximately RMB1,696,000 (year ended 31 December 2023: RMB1,842,000) were credited to the shares held for the RSU Scheme.

The remaining shares are held on trust by the RSU Scheme trustee until their release to the beneficiaries upon the vesting of the RSUs (see note 37(a)).

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

截至2024年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2024

35. 關聯方交易

(a) 與關聯方交易

除於綜合財務報表的其他部分所披 露者外,本集團與關聯方於年內訂 立以下交易:

35. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

(a) Transactions with related parties

Save as disclosed elsewhere in the consolidated financial statements, the Group entered into the following transactions with related parties during the year as follows:

關聯方 Related party	交易性質 Nature of transaction	2024年 2024 人民幣千元 RMB'000	2023年 2023 人民幣千元 RMB'000
Envision (China) Group (附註i及ii) Envision (China) Group (notes i & ii)		-	22,828
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	租賃付款	12,911	12,056
	Rental payment 租賃負債利息 Interest on lease liabilities	883	1,582
	已付物業管理費	1,552	1,524
	Property management fee paid 已付短期租金開支 Short-term rental expenses paid	1,218	12,445
喜和香港有限公司	來自聯營公司的貸款利息收入	5,320	7,191
Zim Hong Kong Limited	Loan interest — income from associate		

附註:

添置使用權資產/租賃付款

於2019年12月23日,本公司與Envision (China) Group(由康先生擁有)訂立物業 租賃及配套服務框架協議(「2019框架協 議」),據此,Envision (China) Group於各 個別租賃協議的租賃期內向本集團提供 物業租賃及配套管理服務。

於 截 至2023年12月31日 止 年 度,於 2019框架協議到期後,本集團與 Envision (China) Group 訂立另一份物業租 賃協議及補充服務框架協議。本集團與 Envision (China) Group的相關租賃協議指 租賃辦公室及樓宇,租賃期介乎2至6年 (2024年:2至6年),並確認使用權資產 及相應的租賃負債約人民幣22,828,000 元(2024年:無)。於2024年12月31日, 與Envision (China) Group的租賃產生的使 用權資產及租賃負債的賬面總值分別約 為人民幣10,496,000元(2023年:人民幣 21,731,000元)及人民幣11,005,000元 (2023年:人民幣22.150.000元)。

Notes:

Additions to right-of-use assets/rental payment

On 23 December 2019, the Company entered into the property leasing and complementary services framework agreement (the "2019 Framework Agreement") with Envision (China) Group which was owned by Mr. Kang. Envision (China) Group provides property leasing and complementary management services to the Group during the lease terms under each individual lease agreements.

During the year ended 31 December 2023, the Group entered into another property leasing and complementary services framework agreement with Envision (China) Group after the 2019 Framework Agreement expired. The relevant lease agreements with Envision (China) Group represents the lease of offices and buildings with lease period ranged from 2 to 6 years (2024: 2 to 6 years) and recognised right-to-use assets and corresponding lease liabilities of approximately RMB22,828,000 (2024: nil). As at 31 December 2024, the aggregate carrying amount of the right-of-use assets and lease liabilities arising from leases with Envision (China) Group were approximately RMB10,496,000 (2023: RMB21,731,000) and RMB11,005,000 (2023: RMB22,150,000) respectively.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

截至2024年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2024

35. 關聯方交易(續)

(a) 與關聯方交易(續)

附註:(續)

已付物業管理費

根據上文附註(i)所披露的框架協議, Envision (China) Group已於各個別租賃協 議的租賃期內向本集團提供配套管理 服務。

於截至2024年12月31日止年度,本集 團已支付物業管理費款項約人民幣 1,552,000元(2023年:人民幣1,524,000 元)。

(b) 與關聯方之間的結餘

除綜合財務報表中其他部分所披露 者外,本集團與關聯方之間並無其 他重大結餘。

(c) 主要管理層成員的報酬

年內,本公司董事及主要管理層其 他成員的薪酬如下:

35. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (CONTINUED)

(a) Transactions with related parties (Continued)

Notes: (Continued)

Property management fee paid

Under the Framework Agreement as disclosed in note (i) above, Envision (China) Group has provided complementary management services to the Group during the lease terms under each individual lease agreements.

During the year ended 31 December 2024, the Group has made property management fee payment of approximately RMB1,552,000 (2023: RMB1,524,000).

(b) Balances with related parties

Save as disclosed elsewhere in the consolidated financial statements, the Group has no other material balances with related parties.

(c) Compensation of key management personnel

The remuneration of directors of the Company and other members of key management personnel during the year was as follows:

		2024年 2024 人民幣千元 RMB'000	2023年 2023 人民幣千元 RMB'000
短期福利 退休福利 以股份為基礎的付款	Short-term benefits Post-employment benefits Share-based payment	10,754 508 184	8,299 376 2,723
		11,446	11,398

本公司董事及主要行政人員的薪酬 由薪酬委員會根據個人表現及市場 趨勢釐定。

The remuneration of directors of the Company and key executives is determined by the Remuneration Committee having regard to the performance of individuals and market trends.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

截至2024年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2024

36. 退休福利計劃

本集團為所有合資格香港僱員設立強積 金計劃。該等計劃的資產與本集團的資產 分開持有,並由信託人以基金託管。本集 團按相關工資成本的5%(2023年:5%)向 強積金計劃作出供款,每月上限為1,500 港元(2023年:1,500港元),僱員的供款 比率亦相同。該計劃的供款即時歸屬。

根據中國法律法規的規定,中國附屬公司 須按僱員基本薪金的一定比例向所有僱 員作出國家管理退休計劃供款。國家管理 的退休計劃負責支付所有退休員工的全 部退休金義務。根據國家管理的退休計 劃,本集團在年度供款以外的實際退休金 或退休後福利方面沒有進一步的義務。該 計劃的供款即時歸屬。

37. 以股份支付的交易

本公司的受限制股份單位計劃

受限制股份單位計劃旨在獎勵本集團董 事及僱員的忠誠及表現。根據受限制股份 單位計劃所規定的條件,受限制股份單位 有權於股份歸屬時收取本公司股份。各受 限制股份單位賦予持有人於各自歸屬期 末獲得股份的權利。本公司在聯交所購回 的股份由受限制股份單位計劃受託人信 託持有,直至於受限制股份單位歸屬時向 受益人發行。

36. RETIREMENT BENEFIT SCHEME

The Group operates the MPF Scheme for all qualifying employees in Hong Kong. The assets of the schemes are held separately from those of the Group, in funds under the control of trustees. The Group contributes 5% (2023: 5%) of relevant payroll costs, capped at HK\$1,500 (2023: HK\$1,500) per month, to the MPF Scheme, in which the contribution is matched by employees. Contributions to the plan vested immediately.

As stipulated by rules and regulations in the PRC, subsidiaries in the PRC are required to contribute to a state-managed retirement plan for all its employees at a certain percentage of the basic salaries of its employees. The state-managed retirement plan is responsible for the entire pension obligations payable to all retired employees. Under the state-managed retirement plan, the Group has no further obligations for the actual pension payments or post-retirement benefits beyond the annual contributions. Contributions to the plan vested immediately.

37. SHARE-BASED PAYMENT TRANSACTIONS

RSU scheme of the Company

The purpose of the RSU Scheme is to reward the fidelity and performance of the directors and employees of the Group. The RSUs are the rights to receive Company's shares when they vest pursuant to the conditions provided for under the RSU Scheme. Each RSU gives the holder a right to receive a share at the end of respective vesting period. The shares repurchased by the Company on the Stock Exchange were held on trust by the RSU Scheme trustee until their release to the beneficiaries upon vesting of the RSUs.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

截至2024年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2024

37. 以股份支付的交易(續)

37. SHARE-BASED PAYMENT TRANSACTIONS (CONTINUED)

本公司的受限制股份單位計劃(續)

授予受限制股份單位的條款及條件 詳情如下:

RSU scheme of the Company (Continued)

Details of the terms and conditions of the grant of RSUs are as follows:

		受限制 股份	於授出日身 Fair value as		
		單位數目 Number of RSUs	每股 Per share 人民幣 RMB	總額 Aggregate amount 人民幣千元 RMB'000	歸屬條件 Vesting conditions
向僱員授予的受限制 股份單位:	RSUs granted to employees:				
- 於2019年9月3日	— on 3 September 2019	14,000,000	1.24	17,360	附註(i) Note (i)
- 於2020年7月16日	— on 16 July 2020	7,680,000	1.09	8,371	附註(i) Note (i)
- 於2022年4月20日	— on 20 April 2022	3,900,000	1.60	6,240	附註(i) Note (i)
已授予的受限制股份 單位總數	Total RSUs granted	25,580,000			

附註:

Note:

The RSUs granted have a vesting period of three years in twelve quarterly equal installments from the grant date.

已授予的受限制股份單位的歸屬期為期 三年,自授出日期起分12個季度等額

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

截至2024年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2024

37. 以股份支付的交易(續)

37. SHARE-BASED PAYMENT TRANSACTIONS (CONTINUED)

本公司的受限制股份單位計劃(續)

年內授出受限制股份單位之變動 如下:

RSU scheme of the Company (Continued)

The movement of the grant of RSUs during the year is as follows:

		受限制股份 Number	
		2024年 2024	2023年 2023
於1月1日未歸屬 年內歸屬 年內沒收	Outstanding as at 1 January Vested during the year Forfeited during the year	1,265,000 (1,060,000) —	4,270,000 (2,285,000) (720,000)
於12月31日未歸屬	Outstanding as at 31 December	205,000	1,265,000

按權益結算以股份為基礎的補償開 支約人民幣1.141.000元(2023年:人 民幣2,944,000元)於截至2024年12 月31日止年度的損益中確認為員工 成本,而餘額將按各自的歸屬期於 日後確認。

Equity-settled share-based compensation expenses of approximately RMB1,141,000 (2023: RMB2,944,000) were recognised as staff costs in profit or loss for the year ended 31 December 2024 and the remaining balance is to be recognised in the future based on the respective vesting periods.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

截至2024年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2024

38. 於一間附屬公司的擁有權權益

於 截 至2024年12月31日 止 年 度, Gold Tech Holdings Limited(本公司之非全資附 屬公司)與尚志投資有限公司(「尚志」)訂 立一份買賣協議,以約人民幣19,293,000 元的現金代價從尚志收購Comtech Photoelectric Holdings Limited額外的40% 股權。該項收購於2024年5月20日生效, 於完成後,於Comtech Photoelectric Holdings Limited之股權由60%變更為 100% · Comtech Photoelectric Holdings Limited及其附屬公司的主要業務為IC芯片 應用方案設計和分銷。

上述交易構成與非控股權益之間的股權 交易,現金代價與Comtech Photoelectric Holdings Limited及其附屬公司淨資產賬面 值的相關份額之間的差額約人民幣 14,423,000元於其他儲備中扣除。

38. CHANGE IN OWNERSHIP INTEREST IN A **SUBSIDIARY**

During the year ended 31 December 2024, Gold Tech Holdings Limited, a non wholly owned subsidiary of the Company entered into a sale and purchase agreement with Apex Will Investment Limited ("APEX") to acquire additional 40% equity interest Comtech Photoelectric Holdings Limited from APEX at a cash consideration of approximately RMB19,293,000. The acquisition was effective on 20 May 2024 and the equity interest in Comtech Photoelectric Holdings Limited has been changed from 60% to 100% upon the completion. The principal activities of Comtech Photoelectric Holdings Limited and its subsidiaries are application design and distribution of IC chips.

The above-mentioned transaction constituted an equity transaction with non-controlling interest and the difference between the cash consideration and the relevant share of the carrying amount of the net assets of Comtech Photoelectric Holdings Limited and its subsidiaries of approximately RMB14,423,000 was debited to other reserve.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

截至2024年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2024

39. 融資活動所產生負債的對賬

下表詳述本集團融資活動產生的負債變 動,包括現金及非現金變動。融資活動產 生的負債是現金流量或未來現金流量將 於本集團綜合現金流量表中分類為融資 活動現金流量的負債。

39. RECONCILIATION OF LIABILITIES ARISING FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES

The table below details changes in the Group's liabilities arising from financing activities, including both cash and non-cash changes. Liabilities arising from financing activities are those for which cash flows were, or future cash flows will be, classified in the Group's consolidated statement of cash flows as cash flows from financing activities.

	租賃負債 Lease liabilities 人民幣千元 RMB'000 (附註18) (note 18)	Accrued interest payable 人民幣千元 RMB'000 (附註29)	銀行貸款 Bank loans 人民幣千元 RMB'000 (附註31) (note 31)	其他金融 負債 Other financial liabilities 人民幣千元 RMB'000 (附註33) (note 33)	總計 Total 人民幣千元 RMB'000
於2024年1月1日 At 1 Jan	nuary 2024 31,743	-	1,597,377	610,699	2,239,819
— 增加 — Ad	ng cash flows: dditions – epayment (20,908)) (83,208)	1,880,843 (1,611,783)	_ (15,878)	1,880,843 (1,731,777)
- 應計利息 - Ad	sh changes: ccrued interest 1,264 ew leases	83,208	-	39,352	123,824
	arrangement 4,855 xchange adjustment –	_	- 19,445	-	4,855 19,445
於2024年12月31日 At 31 D	ecember 2024 16,954	-	1,885,882	634,173	2,537,009

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

截至2024年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2024

39. 融資活動所產生負債的 對賬(續)

39. RECONCILIATION OF LIABILITIES ARISING FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES (CONTINUED)

			rd= (→ rd= ÷		# // 스 로	
		和任名住	應付應計	细怎代劫	其他金融	/病 ≟⊥
		租賃負債	利息	銀行貸款	負債	總計
			Accrued		Other	
		Lease	interest	D 11	financial	T
		Liabilities	payable	Bank loans	liabilities	Total
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		(附註18)	(附註29)	(附註31)	(附註33)	
		(note 18)	(note 29)	(note 31)	(note 33)	
於2023年1月1日	At 1 January 2023	30,531	_	888,116	571,347	1,489,994
融資現金流量:	Financing cash flows:					
- 增加	Additions	_	_	2,778,686	_	2,778,686
- 還款	-Repayment	(24,102)	(65,787)	(2,063,018)	_	(2,152,907)
非現金變動:	Non-cash changes:					
- 應計利息	Accrued interest	2,486	65,787	_	39,352	107,625
- 新增租賃安排	-New leases					
	arrangement	22,828	_	_	_	22,828
- 匯兑調整	Exchange adjustment	_	_	(6,407)	_	(6,407)
於2023年12月31日	At 31 December 2023	31,743	_	1,597,377	610,699	2,239,819
2,1010 12/101		31,110		.,001,011	270,000	

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

截至2024年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2024

40. 主要非現金交易

除於綜合財務報表其他部分披露者外,主 要非現金交易載列如下:

(a) 新增租賃安排

於截至2024年12月31日止年度,本 集團就樓宇訂立新安排。於租賃開 始時確認的使用權資產及租賃負債 為約人民幣4.855,000元(2023年:人 民幣22,828,000元)。

(b) 就透過無形資產按公平值計入其他 全面收益的若干金融資產進行增資。

> 於截至2024年12月31日止年度,本 集團於中國投資若干公司,以本集 團賬面價值約人民幣211,557,000元 的存貨(2023年: 賬面價值分別約為 人民幣338,387,000元及人民幣 82.802.000元的無形資產及存貨)清 償代價。

40. MAJOR NON-CASH TRANSACTIONS

Except for disclosed in other sections of the consolidated financial statement, the major non-cash transactions are set out below:

(a) New lease arrangements

During the year ended 31 December 2024, the Group entered into new arrangements in respect of buildings. Right-of-use assets and lease liabilities of approximately RMB4,855,000 (2023: RMB22,828,000) were recognised at the commencement of the leases.

(b) Capital injections on certain financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income through intangible assets.

During the year ended 31 December 2024, the Group invested in certain companies in the PRC in which the considerations were settled by the Group's inventories with carrying value of approximately RMB211,557,000 (2023: intangible assets and inventories with carrying value of approximately RMB338,387,000 and RMB82,802,000 respectively).

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

截至2024年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2024

41. 有關本公司財務狀況表的資料

41. INFORMATION ABOUT THE STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE **COMPANY**

		附註 Notes	2024年 2024 人民幣千元 RMB'000	2023年 2023 人民幣千元 RMB'000
非流動資產 於附屬公司的投資	Non-current asset Investments in subsidiaries		204,979	204,979
流動資產 按金、預付款項及其他 應收款項 應收附屬公司款項 現金及現金等價物	Current assets Deposits, prepayments and other receivables Amounts due from subsidiaries Cash and cash equivalents	(a)	173,185 1,888,052 890	169,554 1,854,923 3,677
			2,062,127	2,028,154
流動負債 其他應付款項 應付税項	Current liabilities Other payables Tax payables		22,125 3,606	13,109 3,553
			25,731	16,662
流動資產(負債)淨額	Net current assets (liabilities)		2,036,396	2,011,492
資產淨額	Net assets		2,241,375	2,216,471
資本及儲備 股本 儲備	Capital and reserves Share capital Reserves	34 (b)	1 2,241,374	1 2,216,470
總權益	Total equity		2,241,375	2,216,471

附註:

Notes:

The amounts due to subsidiaries are unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand.

應付附屬公司款項為無抵押、免息及須按要求 償還。

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

截至2024年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2024

41. 有關本公司財務狀況表的 資料(續)

41. INFORMATION ABOUT THE STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE **COMPANY** (CONTINUED)

附註:(續)

儲備變動 (b)

Notes: (Continued)

Movement in reserves

					战至2024年12。	月31日止年度			
					e year ended :				
				以股份為					
				基礎的補償					
		股份溢價	資本儲備	儲備	其他儲備	庫存股份	匯兑儲備	累計虧損	總計
				Share-based					
		Share	Capital	compensation	Other	Treasury	Exchange	Accumulated	
		premium	reserve	reserve	reserve	shares	reserve	losses	Total
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
於2024年1月1日	At 4 January 0004	0.000.054	40.000	00.004	400 400	(07.040)	000 450	(000,070)	0.040.470
於2024年1月1日	At 1 January 2024	2,023,351	18,923	28,034	186,196	(37,818)	286,456	(288,672)	2,216,470
年內虧損	Loss for the year	_	_	_	_	_	_	(5,067)	(5,067)
年內其他全面收入	Other comprehensive income	_	_	_	_	_	_	(3,007)	(3,007)
十八共祀王山权八	for the year	_		_			28,830	_	28,830
	ioi trie year						20,000		20,000
年內全面收入(開支)	Total comprehensive income								
總額	(expense) for the year	-	-	-	-	-	28,830	(5,067)	23,763
根據受限制股份單位	Issue of shares under the								
計劃發行股份	RSU Scheme (note 37)								
(附計37)	(,	_	_	(1,696)	_	1,696	_	_	_
按權益結算以股份為	Equity-settled share-based			(1,000)		-,			
基礎的補償	compensation expenses								
開支(附註37(b))	(note 37(b))	_	_	1,141	_	_	_	_	1,141
	, V-W			,					,
₩ 0004 / 7.40 円 0 : □	AL 04 D	0.000.07	40.000	07.770	100 100	(00.455)	045.000	(000 700)	0.044.074
於2024年12月31日	At 31 December 2024	2,023,351	18,923	27,479	186,196	(36,122)	315,286	(293,739)	2,241,374

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

截至2024年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2024

41. 有關本公司財務狀況表的 資料(續)

COMPANY (CONTINUED)

41. INFORMATION ABOUT THE STATEMENT

OF FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE

附註:(續)

(b) 儲備變動(續)

Notes: (Continued)

Movement in reserves (Continued)

						月31日止年度			
				For th 以股份為	ne year ended (31 December 2	023		
				基礎的補償					
		股份溢價	資本儲備	儲備	其他儲備	庫存股份	匯兑儲備	累計虧損	總計
				Share-based					
		Share	Capital	compensation	Other	Treasury	Exchange	Accumulated	
		premium	reserve	reserve	reserve	shares	reserve	losses	Tota
		人民幣千元 RMB'000							
		DIVID UUU	UND OOO	NIVID UUU	UNIO OOO	DIVID UUU	UIVID 000	DIVID UUU	UNID OOC
₩ 0000 左 4 日 4 日	At 1 I 0000	0.070.750	10.000	00.000	100 100	(00,000)	050.000	(070 000)	0.040.04
於2023年1月1日	At 1 January 2023	2,073,753	18,923	26,932	186,196	(39,660)	258,966	(276,093)	2,249,017
年內虧損	Loss for the year	_	_	_	_	_	_	(12,579)	(12,579
年內其他全面收入	Other comprehensive								
	income for the year:	_	_	_	_	_	27,490	_	27,490
	Total comprehensive income								
總額	(expense) for the year			_			27,490	(12,579)	14,911
股息	Dividends Issue of shares under the	(50,402)	_	_	_	_	_	_	(50,402
依據文限制版[5] 单位 計劃發行股份	RSU Scheme (note 37)								
(附許37)	1100 ocheme (note or)	_	_	(1,842)	_	1,842	_	_	_
按權益結算以股份為	Equity-settled share-based			()- /		,-			
基礎的補償開支	compensation expenses								
(附註37(b))	(note 37(b))	_	_	2,944	_	_	_		2,944
於2023年12月31日	At 31 December 2023	2,023,351	18,923	28,034	186,196	(37,818)	286,456	(288,672)	2,216,470

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

截至2024年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2024

42. 本公司主要附屬公司的詳情

42. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES OF THE COMPANY

下表所列乃為本公司董事認為對本集團 業績或資產及負債有主要影響的本集團 附屬公司。本公司董事認為將其他附屬公 司的資料列出,會令細節過於冗長。

The below table lists the subsidiaries of the Group which, in the opinion of the directors of the Company, principally affected the results or assets and liabilities of the Group. To give details of other subsidiaries would, in the opinion of the directors of the Company, result in particulars of excessive length.

附屬公司名稱(附註(a)) Name of subsidiary (note (a))	註冊成立/ 成立/營業地點 Place of incorporation/ establishment/ operations	所持股份 類別 Class of shares held	已發行及全數繳足 普通股本/註冊資本 Issued and fully paid ordinary share capital/registered capital	本公司應佔股本權益及表決權百分比 Percentage of equity interest and voting power attributable to the Company 直接 間接 Direct Indirect			主要業務 Principal activities	
				2024年 2024	2023年 2023	2024年 2024	2023年 2023	
硬蛋寬帶有限公司 (前稱「科通寬帶有限公司」) Ingdan Broadband Corporation Limited (formerly known as "Comtech Broadband Corporation Limited")	香港 Hong Kong	普通 Ordinary	2,000,000港元 HK\$2,000,000	-	-	70%	70%	智能產品的硬件、軟件和服務的 開發和銷售 Development and sales of hardware, software, and services for intelligent products
科通數字(香港)有限公司 Comtech Digital Technology (Hong Kong) Limited	香港 Hong Kong	普通 Ordinary	10,000港元 HK\$10,000	-	-	66.83%	66.83%	芯片應用設計和分銷服務 Application design and distribution of chips
科通數字技術(深圳)有限公司 Comtech Digital Technology (Shenzhen) Limited*	中國 PRC	注資資本 Contributed capital	300,000美元 US\$300,000	-	-	66.83%	66.83%	芯片應用設計和分銷服務 Application design and distribution of chips
深圳科通 Shenzhen Comtech	中國 PRC	注資資本 Contributed capital	2021年: 人民幣5,827,680元 (2019年: 500,000美元) 2021: RMB5,827,680 (2019: US\$500,000)	-	-	66.83%	66.83%	芯片應用設計和分銷服務 Application design and distribution of chips
科通國際(香港)有限公司 Comtech International (Hong Kong) Limited	香港 Hong Kong	普通 Ordinary	1,000,000港元 HK\$1,000,000	-	-	66.83%	66.83%	芯片應用設計和分銷服務 Application design and distribution of chips
Ingdan Limited (前稱「Cogobuy Limited」) Ingdan Limited (formerly known as "Cogobuy Limited")	香港 Hong Kong	普通 Ordinary	1港元 HK\$1	-	-	100%	100%	投資控股 Investment holding

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

截至2024年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2024

42. 本公司主要附屬公司的 詳情(續)

42. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL **SUBSIDIARIES OF THE COMPANY** (CONTINUED)

附屬公司名稱(附註(a)) Name of subsidiary (note (a))	註冊成立/ 成立/營業地點 Place of incorporation/ establishment/ operations	所持股份 類別 Class of shares held	已發行及全數繳足 普通股本/註冊資本 Issued and fully paid ordinary share capital/registered capital	Percenta	ge of equity attributable	盖及表決權已 interest and to the Com 間报 Indire 2024年 2024	I voting pany 養	主要業務 Principal activities
庫購網電子商務(深圳)有限公司 (「庫購網電子商務」) Kugouwang Ecommerce Services (Shenzhen) Limited* ("Kugouwang Ecommerce")	中國 PRC	注資資本 Contributed capital	1,200,000港元 HK\$1,200,000	-	-	100%	100%	智能產品的硬件、軟件和服務的 開發和銷售 Development and sales of hardware, software, and services for intelligent products
科通工業信息技術(深圳) 有限公司 Comtech Information Technology (Shenzhen) Limited	中國 PRC	注資資本 Contributed capital	300,000美元 US\$300,000	-	-	66.83%	66.83%	芯片應用設計和分銷服務 Application design and distribution of chips
硬蛋有限公司 INGDAN.com Limited	香港 Hong Kong	普通 Ordinary	1港元 HK\$1	-	-	100%	100%	智能產品的硬件、軟件和服務的 開發和銷售 Development and sales of hardware, software, and services for intelligent products
硬蛋科技(香港)有限公司 Ingdan Technology (Hong Kong) Limited	香港 Hong Kong	普通 Ordinary	100,000美元 US\$100,000	-	-	100%	100%	智能產品的硬件、軟件和服務的 開發和銷售 Development and sales of hardware, software, and services for intelligent products
硬蛋科技(深圳)有限公司 (「硬蛋深圳」) INGDAN.com (Shenzhen) Limited* ("Ingdan Shenzhen")	中國 PRC	注資資本 Contributed capital	1,500,000美元 US\$1,500,000	-	-	100%	100%	智能產品的硬件、軟件和服務的 開發和銷售 Development and sales of hardware, software, and services for intelligent products
深圳市前海硬蛋通信技術有限公司(前稱[前海科通芯城通信技術(深圳)有限公司」) Shenzhen Qianhai Ingdan Limited (formerly known as "Qianhai Cogobuy.com (Shenzhen) Limited")	中國 PRC	注資資本 Contributed capital	200,000,000港元 HK\$200,000,000	_	-	100%	100%	智能產品的硬件、軟件和服務的 開發和銷售 Development and sales of hardware, software, and services for intelligent products
Heicolink Holdings Limited Heicolink Holdings Limited	英屬處女群島 BVI	普通 Ordinary	50,000美元 US\$50,000	53%	53%	-	-	投資控股 Investment holding

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

截至2024年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2024

42. 本公司主要附屬公司的 詳情(續)

42. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL **SUBSIDIARIES OF THE COMPANY** (CONTINUED)

附屬公司名稱(附註 (a))	註冊成立/ 成立/營業地點 Place of incorporation/	所持股份 類別 Class of	已發行及全數繳足 普通股本/註冊資本 Issued and fully paid ordinary share		態 佔股本權 ঐ			主要業務
Name of subsidiary (note (a))	establishment/ operations	shares held	capital/registered capital				pany 爰	Principal activities
海科聯科技(香港)有限公司 Heicolink Technology (Hong Kong) Limited	香港 Hong Kong	普通 Ordinary	10,000港元 HK\$10,000	-	_	53%	53%	自研AIOT產品、硬件、軟件及服務的開發和銷售 Development and sales of proprietary AIoT products, hardware, software and services
芯城財務有限公司 Cogobuy Finance Limited	香港 Hong Kong	普通 Ordinary	1港元 HK\$1	-	_	100%	100%	於香港提供供應鍵金融服務 Provision of supply chain financing services in Hong Kong
創星技術(香港)有限公司	香港	普通	5,000,000美元	-	_	100%	100%	智能產品的硬件、軟件和服務的 開發和銷售
Risingnovas (HK) Limited	Hong Kong	Ordinary	US\$5,000,000					Development and sales of hardware, software, and services for intelligent products
硬蛋集團有限公司 (前稱「科通芯城集團」)	英屬處女群島	普通	50,000美元	100%	100%	-	-	投資控股
Ingdan Group, Inc. (formerly known as "Cogobuy Group, Inc.")	BVI	Ordinary	US\$50,000					Investment holding
科通芯城寬帶有限公司 Cogobuy Broadband Corporation Limited	香港 Hong Kong	普通 Ordinary	100,000港元 HK\$100,000	-	_	66.83%	66.83%	芯片應用設計和分銷服務 Application design and distribution of chips
深圳市赤狐軟件技術有限公司 Shenzhen FOXSAAS Software Technology Limited	中國 PRC	注資資本 Contributed capital	人民幣1,000,000元 RMB1,000,000	-	_	66.83%	66.83%	芯片應用設計和分銷服務 Application design and distribution of chips
上海博迪通信技術有限公司	中國	注資資本	人民幣3,000,000元	-	_	100%	100%	智能產品的硬件、軟件和服務的 開發和銷售
Shanghai Bodi Communication Technology Limited*	PRC	Contributed capital	RMB3,000,000					Development and sales of hardware, software, and services for intelligent products
科通物聯技術有限公司	香港	普通	3,500,000港元	-	_	51%	51%	智能產品的硬件、軟件和服務的 開發和銷售
Cogolink Technology Limited	Hong Kong	Ordinary	HK\$3,500,000					Development and sales of hardware, software, and services for intelligent products

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

截至2024年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2024

42. 本公司主要附屬公司的 詳情(續)

42. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES OF THE COMPANY (CONTINUED)

附屬公司名稱(附註(a)) Name of subsidiary (note (a))	註冊成立/ 成立/營業地點 Place of incorporation/ establishment/ operations	所持股份 類別 Class of shares held	已發行及全數繳足 普通股本/註冊資本 Issued and fully paid ordinary share capital/registered capital	本公司應佔股本權益及表決權百分比 Percentage of equity interest and voting power attributable to the Company 直接 間接 Indirect 2024年 2023年 2024年 2023年			主要業務 Principal activities	
				2024	2023	2024	2023	
深圳市協諾通信技術有限公司 Shenzhen Xeno Communication Technology Company Limited	中國 PRC	注資資本 Contributed capital	人民幣50,000,000元 RMB50,000,000	-	-	100%	100%	智能產品的硬件、軟件和服務的 開發和銷售 Development and sales of hardware, software, and services for intelligent products
科通物聯技術(深圳)有限公司	中國	注資資本	人民幣10,000,000元	_	_	51%	51%	智能產品的硬件、軟件和服務的
Cogolink Technology (Shenzhen) Limited	PRC	Contributed capital	RMB10,000,000					開發和銷售 Development and sales of hardware, software, and services for intelligent products
科通芯創技術(北京)有限公司 Comtech Xintron Technology (Beijing) Limited*	中國 PRC	注資資本 Contributed capital	人民幣2,004,800元 RMB2,004,800	-	_	66.83%	66.83%	芯片應用設計和分銷服務 Application design and distribution of chips
深圳可購百(附註(c))	中國	注資資本	人民幣1,000,000元	-	_	100%	100%	智能產品的硬件、軟件和服務的 開發和銷售
Shenzhen Kegoubai (note (c))	PRC	Contributed capital	RMB1,000,000					Development and sales of hardware, software, and services for intelligent products
科通工業智能 (深圳) 有限公司 Comtech Industrial Smart (Shenzhen) Limited	中國 PRC	注資資本 Contributed Capital	人民幣10,000,000元 RMB10,000,000	-	_	66.83%	66.83%	芯片應用設計和分銷服務 Application design and distribution of chips

英文名稱僅供識別

The English name is for identification purpose only

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

截至2024年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2024

42. 本公司主要附屬公司的 詳情(續)

附註:

- 所有於中國成立的法律實體的性質均為有限 責任公司。
- 本公司全資附屬公司庫購網電子商務與本集 團全資擁有之深圳可購百及姚怡女士訂立一 系列合約安排(「合約安排」),讓庫購網電子商 務能夠:
 - 對深圳可購百行使有效的財務及營運控
 - 行使深圳可購百的權益股東表決權;
 - 可酌情提供業務支持、技術及諮詢服 務,作為獲得深圳可購百產生的絕大部 份經濟利益及回報的代價:
 - 獲得向姚怡女士購買深圳可購百全部股 本權益的獨家權利;及
 - 自姚怡女士取得對深圳可購百全部股權 的抵押,作為擔保姚怡女士及深圳可購 百履行合約安排項下所有責任的附屬抵 押品。

深圳可購百持有廣東省通信管理局發出的互 聯網內容供應商許可證(「ICP許可證」)。根據 中國適用之法律及法規,外國投資者禁止持有 ICP許可證。由於合約安排,本集團有權因參 與深圳可購百業務而獲得可變動回報,並有能 力行使其對深圳可購百的權力影響該等回報, 因此本集團被視為對深圳可購百擁有控制權。 因此,深圳可購百被視為本集團的附屬公司, 而深圳可購百的財務報表自2013年2月1日(即 合約安排生效日期) 起計入本集團的綜合財務 報表。

42. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES OF THE COMPANY (CONTINUED)

Notes:

- The nature of all the legal entities established in the PRC is limited liability company.
- Kugouwang Ecommerce, the Company's wholly-owned subsidiary, entered into a series of contractual arrangements (the "Contractual Arrangements") with Shenzhen Kegoubai, wholly-owned by the Group, and Ms. Yao Yi which enable Kugouwang Ecommerce to:
 - exercise effective financial and operational control over Shenzhen Kegoubai:
 - exercise equity shareholders' voting rights of Shenzhen Kegoubai;
 - receive substantially all of the economic interest and returns generated by Shenzhen Kegou bai in consideration for the business support, technical and consulting services provided by Kugouwang Ecommerce, at Kugouwang Ecommerce's discretion;
 - obtain an exclusive right to purchase the entire equity interest in Shenzhen Kegoubai from Ms. Yao Yi; and
 - obtain a pledge over the entire equity interest of Shenzhen Kegoubai from Ms. Yao Yi as collateral security to guarantee performance of all of the obligations of Ms. Yao Yi and Shenzhen Kegoubai under the Contractual Arrangements.

Shenzhen Kegoubai holds an internet content provider licence (the "ICP licence") issued by the Guangdong Communications Administration. Due to applicable law and regulations of the PRC, foreign investors are prohibited from holding an ICP licence. As a result of the Contractual Arrangements, the Group has rights to variable returns from its involvement with Shenzhen Kegoubai, has the ability to affect those returns through its power over Shenzhen Kegoubai, and is considered to have control over Shenzhen Kegoubai. Consequently, Shenzhen Kegoubai is considered to be a subsidiary of the Group and the financial statements of Shenzhen Kegoubai are included in the Group's consolidated financial statements from 1 February 2013, the effective date of the Contractual Arrangements.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

截至2024年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2024

42. 本公司主要附屬公司的 詳情(續)

附註:(續)

(c) (續)

> 然而,中國法律及法規現時及日後的詮釋及應 用存在不確定因素,這可能影響本公司對深圳 可購百行使控制權的能力、其獲得深圳可購百 產生的絕大部分經濟利益的權利,以及其將深 圳可購百的財務業績合併至本集團綜合財務 報表的能力。本公司相信,根據本公司中國法 律顧問的法律意見,合約安排具法律約束力及 可予執行, 並無違反中國現時的法律及法規。

> 於報告期間末,本公司有其他對本集團而言並 非屬重大的附屬公司。大多數該等附屬公司從 事投資控股及暫無營業。下文所示匯總乃基於 地理位置及業務性質。該等附屬公司概要載列 如下:

42. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES OF THE COMPANY (CONTINUED)

Notes: (Continued)

(Continued) (c)

> However, there are uncertainties regarding the interpretation and application of existing and future PRC laws and regulations which could affect the Company's ability to exercise control over Shenzhen Kegoubai, its right to receive substantially all of the economic interest generated by Shenzhen Kegoubai, and its ability to consolidate the financial results of Shenzhen Kegoubai into the Group's consolidated financial statements. The Company believes that, based on the legal opinion obtained from the Company's PRC legal counsel, the Contractual Arrangements are legally binding and enforceable and do not violate current PRC laws and regulations.

> At the end of the reporting period, the Company has other subsidiaries that are not material to the Group. A majority of these subsidiaries engage in investment holding and inactive. The aggregation shown below based on the geographical location and nature of business. A summary of these subsidiaries are set out as follows:

主要業務 Principal activities	註冊成立或註冊/營業地點	Place of incorporation or registration / operations	附屬公司數目 Number of subsidiaries			
			2024年 2024	2023年 2023		
投資控股	開曼群島	Cayman Islands	2	2		
Investment holding	英屬處女群島 中國	BVI PRC	15 _	13 —		
	香港	Hong Kong	1	1		
暫無營業	中國	PRC	5	11		
Inactive	香港 新加坡	Hong Kong Singapore	7 1	11 1		
	以色列	Israel	_	1		
			31	40		

於兩個年度末或兩個年度內任何時間,附 屬公司概無發行任何未償還的債務證券。

None of the subsidiaries had issued any debt securities outstanding at the end of both years or at any time during both years.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

截至2024年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2024

42. 本公司主要附屬公司的 詳情(續)

42. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES OF THE COMPANY (CONTINUED)

擁有對本集團而言屬重大的非控股權益 的附屬公司詳情:

Details of subsidiaries that have non-controlling interests that are material to the Group:

附屬公司名稱 Name of subsidiary	成立/註冊成立地點 Place of establishment/incorporation	非控股權益持有的擁有 權權益及投票權比例 Proportion of ownership interest and voting rights held by non-controlling interest		分配至非控 溢利(ki Profit (loss) a non-controllin	虧損) allocated to	累計非控 Accumula controlling	ited non-
		2024年 2024	2023年 2023	2024年 2024 人民幣千元 RMB'000	2023年 2023 人民幣千元 RMB'000	2024年 2024 人民幣千元 RMB'000	2023年 2023 人民幣千元 RMB'000
深圳科通 Shenzhen Comtech	中國 PRC	33.2%	33.2%	70,208	67,093	406,768	384,413

本集團擁有重大非控股權益的附屬公司 或附屬公司集團各自的財務資料概要載 列如下。以下的財務資料概要為於集團內 公司間抵銷前的金額。

The summarised financial information in respect of each of the Group's subsidiary or group of subsidiaries that has material non-controlling interests is set out below. The summarised financial information below represents amounts before intragroup eliminations.

深圳科通集團

Shenzhen Comtech Group

		於 2024 年	於2023年
		12月31日	12月31日
		As at	As at
		31 December	31 December
		2024	2023
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000
流動資產	Current assets	6,604,754	7,141,990
非流動資產	Non-current assets	145,762	139,729
流動負債	Current liabilities	(5,525,307)	(6,123,826)
本公司擁有人應佔權益	Equity attributable to owners of the Company	818,441	773,480
非控股權益	Non-controlling interests	406,768	384,413

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

截至2024年12月31日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2024

42. 本公司主要附屬公司的 詳情(續)

深圳科通集團(續)

42. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES OF THE COMPANY (CONTINUED)

Shenzhen Comtech Group (Continued)

		截至12月3 For the ye 31 Dec	ear ended
		2024年 2024 人民幣千元 RMB'000	2023年 2023 人民幣千元 RMB'000
收入 開支 年內溢利	Revenue Expenses Profit for the year	9,568,549 (9,357,054) 211,495	7,838,952 (7,636,842) 202,110
本公司擁有人應佔溢利及全面 收益總額 非控股權益應佔溢利及全面 收益總額	Profit and total comprehensive income attributable to the owners of the Company Profit and total comprehensive income attributable to the non-controlling interests	141,287 70,208	135,017 67,093
年內溢利及全面收益總額	Profit and total comprehensive income for the year	211,495	202,110
經營活動的現金流入淨額 投資活動的現金流出淨額 融資活動的現金流出淨額	Net cash inflows from operating activities Net cash outflows from investing activities Net cash outflows from financing activities	2,175,597 (3,483,259) 1,251,414	2,323,896 (2,485,493) (227,117)
現金(流出)流入淨額	Net cash (outflows) inflows	(56,247)	(388,714)

43. 報告期後事項

於2025年2月7日,本公司與一名認購人 訂立認購協議,據此,認購人已有條件同 意認購而本公司已有條件同意發行及配 發認購股份,認購價為每股認購股份1.30 港元,總金額為325,000,000港元。股份認 購已於2025年3月3日完成。詳情載於日 期 為2025年2月10日、2025年2月20日 及 2025年3月3日之公告。

43. EVENT AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

On 7 February 2025, the Company entered into subscription agreement with a subscriber, pursuant to which the subscriber has conditionally agreed to subscribe for, and the Company has conditionally agreed to issue and allot, the subscription shares at subscription price of HK\$1.30 per subscription share for HK\$325,000,000. The subscription of shares has been completed on 3 March 2025. Details are set out in announcements dated 10 February 2025, 20 February 2025 and 3 March 2025.

五年財務概要 **Five-Year Financial Summary**

本集團的綜合業績及資產與負債概要載列 如下:

A summary of the consolidated results and assets and liabilities of the Group is set out below:

		截至2024年	截至2023年	截至2022年	截至2021年	截至2020年
		12月31日	12月31日	12月31日	12月31日	12月31日
		止年度	止年度	止年度	止年度	止年度
		For the				
		year ended				
		December 31,				
		2024	2023	2022	2021	2020
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
業績	Results					
收入	Revenue	10,129,127	8,863,382	9,535,519	9,452,436	6,185,100
經營溢利(附註)	Profit from operation (Note)	427,911	465,325	535,179	489,458	221,654
財務成本	Finance costs	(125,260)	(109,295)	(67,746)	(47,303)	(8,965)
除税前溢利	Profit before taxation	309,051	360,465	515,895	459,997	204,897
所得税	Income tax	(35,561)	(40,595)	(63,475)	(47,612)	(17,469)
77113 00	moonie tax	(55,551)	(10,000)	(55, 1. 5)	(,0.2)	(,)
年內溢利	Drofit for the year	072 400	010.070	450.040	410 005	107 400
十八盆刊	Profit for the year	273,490	319,870	452,240	412,385	187,428
以下應佔:	Attributable to:					
- 本公司擁有人	 Owners of the Company 	189,854	210,700	314,414	296,151	123,200
— 非控股權益 —————————	 Non-controlling interests 	83,636	109,170	138,006	116,234	64,228
年內溢利	Profit for the year	273,490	319,870	452,420	412,385	187,428
每股盈利	Earnings per share					
基本(人民幣元)	Basic (RMB)	0.139	0.154	0.224	0.213	0.089
攤薄(人民幣元)	Diluted (RMB)	0.138	0.154	0.224	0.213	0.880
**・ 立 () () と / い い し	2	01100	0.101	U.LLT	0.210	0.000

(ii)出售附屬公司收益。

附註:經營溢利不包括(i)應佔聯營公司及合營企業業績·及 Note: Profit from operation excluded (i) share of results of associates and joint ventures, and (ii) gain on disposal of subsidiaries.

五年財務概要(續)

Five-Year Financial Summary (Continued)

	於 2024 年	於2023年	於2022年	於2021年	於2020年
	12月31日	12月31日	12月31日	12月31日	12月31日
	As of	As of	As of	As of	As of
	December 31,	December 31,	December 31,	December 31,	December 31,
	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020
	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
	Х				
資產及負債 Assets and liabilities					
總資產 Total assets	9,606,539	10,199,419	9,705,239	7,782,724	5,492,165
總負債 Total liabilities	(5,197,655)	(5,864,699)	(5,251,887)	(3,240,577)	(1,268,579)
資產淨值 NET ASSETS	4,408,884	4,514,720	4,453,352	4,542,147	4,223,586
本公司權益股東 Total equity attributable					
應佔總權益 to equity shareholder	S				
of the Company	3,846,055	3,993,793	4,028,676	4,154,638	3,940,103
非控股權益 Non-controlling interests	562,829	520,927	424,676	387,509	283,483
總權益 TOTAL EQUITY	4,408,884	4,514,720	4,553,352	4,542,147	4,223,586

Definitions

「2014年受限制股份單位 本公司所採納於2014年3月1日生效,於2014年12月21日修訂,並於2023年6 月9日本公司2023年股東週年大會結束時終止的計劃 計劃」 "2014 RSU Scheme" the scheme adopted by the Company which took effect as at March 1, 2014, amended on December 21, 2014 and terminated on June 9, 2023 at the conclusion of the Company's 2023 annual general meeting 「2023年受限制股份單位 本公司於2023年6月9日採納的受限制股份單位計劃 指 計劃 "2023 RSU Scheme" the RSU scheme adopted by the Company on June 9, 2023 [AI]指 人工智能 "Al" artificial intelligence [AIGC] 生成式人工智能 指 "AIGC" artificial intelligence-generated content AloT AI及IoT "AloT" Al and loT [Alphalink] Alphalink Global Limited,一家於英屬處女群島註冊成立之公司,為硬蛋集團 指 之直接全資附屬公司及深圳科通之主要股東 "Alphalink" Alphalink Global Limited, a company incorporated in the BVI, a direct wholly-owned subsidiary of Ingdan Group and the major shareholder of Shenzhen Comtech 「組織章程細則」 本公司於2014年6月27日採納及於2014年7月18日(上市日期)生效的經修訂 指 組織章程細則及經不時修訂 "Articles of Association" the amended articles of association of the Company adopted on June 27, 2014 and with effect from July 18, 2014 (the Listing Date), and as amended from time to time 具上市規則賦予該詞的涵義 「聯繫人| 指 "associate" has the meaning ascribed to it under the Listing Rules 「審核委員會| 本公司審核委員會 指 "Audit Committee" the audit committee of the Company 「董事委員會| 董事會轄下的委員會 指 "Board Committee(s)" committee(s) of the Board 「董事會| 指 本公司董事會 "Board of Directors" or the board of Directors of our Company "Board"

「英屬處女群島」

「企業管治守則」

"CG Code"

"BVI"

指

指

英屬處女群島

the British Virgin Islands

上市規則附錄C1所載的《企業管治守則》

the Corporate Governance Code set out in Appendix C1 to the Listing Rules

Definitions (Continued)

「最高行政人 "chief executiv		指	具上市規則賦予該詞的涵義 has the meaning ascribed to it under the Listing Rules
「中國」或「中	國內地」	指	中華人民共和國,除文義另有所指及僅就本報告而言,本報告所提述的中國不包括台灣、香港或澳門;「中國的」一詞亦具類似涵義
"China", "Mair or "PRC"	nland China"		the People's Republic of China and, except where the context requires and only for the purpose of this report, references in this report to the PRC or China do not include Taiwan, Hong Kong or Macau; the term "Chinese" has a similar meaning
「公司法」 "Companies L	.aw"	指	開曼群島公司法(2018年修正本)(經不時修訂) Companies Law (2018 Revision) of the Cayman Islands, as amended from time to time
「本公司」		指	硬蛋創新,一家於2012年2月1日在開曼群島註冊成立的獲豁免有限公司,前 稱科通芯城集團
"Company", " Company", Company"			Ingdan, Inc. (硬蛋創新), an exempted company incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability on February 1, 2012 and formerly known as Cogobuy Group
「科通技術」		指	科通技術業務事業部
"Comtech"			Comtech business unit
「關連人士」		指	具上市規則賦予該詞的涵義
"Connected p	erson(s)"		has the meaning ascribed to it under the Listing Rules
「控股股東」 "Controlling S	hareholder(s)"	指	具上市規則賦予該詞的涵義,於本年報中指康先生及Envision Global has the meaning ascribed to it under the Listing Rules and, in the context of this annual report, means Mr. Kang and Envision Global
「董事」 "Director(s)"		指	本公司董事 the director(s) of our Company
「Envision Chir	naJ	指	Envision (China) Holding Ltd. (前稱Comtech (China) Holding Ltd.),一家於2002年5月27日在英屬處女群島註冊成立的有限公司,由康先生間接全資擁有
"Envision Chir	na"		Envision (China) Holding Ltd. (formerly known as Comtech (China) Holding Ltd.), a limited liability company incorporated in the BVI on May 27, 2002 which is indirectly wholly-owned by Mr. Kang
「Envision GloI	bal	指	Envision Global Investments Limited,一家於2012年2月1日在英屬處女群島註冊成立的有限公司,由康先生全資擁有,並為我們的直接控股股東
"Envision Glob	oal"		Envision Global Investments Limited, a limited liability company incorporated in the BVI on February 1, 2012 which is wholly-owned by Mr. Kang and is our immediate Controlling Shareholder
			Controlling Orland Iolad

Definitions (Continued)

「本集團」、「我們」或

「我們的」

本公司、其附屬公司及深圳可購百(其財務業績已基於合約安排而綜合入賬 及入賬列作本公司的附屬公司)或(按文義所指)在被本公司收購前包含本公

司附屬公司的公司

"Group", "our Group", "the Group", "we", "us", or "our" the Company, its subsidiaries and Shenzhen Kegoubai (the financial results of which have been consolidated and accounted for as a subsidiary of our Company by virtue of the contractual arrangements) or, where the context requires, the companies that currently comprise the subsidiaries of the Company prior to their acquisition by the Company

港元,香港法定貨幣 「港元」 指

"HK\$"

Hong Kong dollars, the lawful currency of Hong Kong

「香港」 指 中國香港特別行政區

"Hong Kong"

the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region of the PRC

[IC] 指 集成電路

"IC" integrated circuits

「硬蛋科技」 硬蛋科技業務事業部 指 "Ingdan" Ingdan business unit

「硬蛋雲」 指 硬蛋品牌雲計算技術服務平台

"Ingdan Cloud"

Ingdan brand cloud computing technology services platform

「硬蛋集團」 指 硬蛋集團有限公司(前稱科通芯城集團有限公司),一家於英屬處女群島註冊

成立的公司,為本公司的直接全資附屬公司

"Ingdan Group" Ingdan Group, Inc., formerly known as Cogobuy Group, Inc., a company

incorporated in the British Virgin Islands and a direct wholly-owned subsidiary of the

Company

「引力金服」 指 引力金服業務事業部

"Ingfin Financing Services"

Ingfin Financing Services business unit

[IoT] 指 物聯網

"IoT" Internet of Things

[iPaaS] 指 整合平台即服務

"iPaaS" Integration platform as a service

「庫購網電子商務」 指 庫購網電子商務(深圳)有限公司(Kugouwang E-commerce Services (Shenzhen)

Limited*, 前稱Cogobuy.com E-commerce Services (Shenzhen) Limited), 一家於

2012年7月31日在中國成立的公司,為我們的間接全資附屬公司

Kugouwang E-commerce Services (Shenzhen) Limited*, formerly known as "Kugouwang E-commerce"

> Cogobuy.com E-commerce Services (Shenzhen) Limited (庫購網電子商務(深圳) 有限公司), a company established in the PRC on July 31, 2012, and our indirectly

wholly-owned subsidiary

Definitions (Continued)

「上市日期」	指	2014年7月18日,股份於聯交所上市之日
"Listing Date"		July 18, 2014, the date the Shares were listed on the Stock Exchange
「上市規則」	指	香港聯合交易所有限公司《證券上市規則》(經不時修訂)
"Listing Rules"		the Rules governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (as amended from time to time)
「主板」	指	聯交所運作的證券交易所(不包括期權市場),獨立於聯交所GEM並與其並行
1 土 11人]	111	運作
"Main Board"		the stock exchange (excluding the option market) operated by the Stock Exchange which is independent from and operates in parallel with GEM of the Stock Exchange
「標準守則」	指	上市規則附錄C3所載的《上市發行人董事進行證券交易的標準守則》
"Model Code"		the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers set out in Appendix C3 to the Listing Rules
「大綱」	指	本公司於2014年6月27日採納及於2014年7月18日(上市日期)生效的經修訂組織章程大綱及經不時修訂
"Memorandum"		the amended memorandum of association of the Company adopted on June 27,
		2014 and with effect from July 18, 2014 (the Listing Date), and as amended from time to time
「康先生」	指	康敬偉先生,本公司主席、首席執行官兼執行董事,並為我們的控股股東
"Mr. Kang"		Mr. Kang Jingwei, Jeffrey (康敬偉), chairman, chief executive officer and executive Director of our Company and our Controlling Shareholder
「胡先生」	指	胡麟祥先生,本公司首席財務官、執行董事兼公司秘書
"Mr. Wu"		Mr. Wu Lun Cheung Allen (胡麟祥), chief financial officer, executive Director and company secretary of our Company
F ÷0 / 1	11-	
「郭女士」 "Ms. Guo"	指	郭莉華女士,本公司執行董事 Ms. Guo Lihua (郭莉華), executive Director of the Company
Γ <i>t</i> νΝ +	+6	炒岭五上,我佣的土西 吸声,深圳可联五的唯一见声及本修生生(到通生统
「姚女士」	指	姚怡女士,我們的主要股東、深圳可購百的唯一股東及李峰先生(科通技術 戰略副總裁)的妻子
"Ms. Yao"		Ms. Yao Yi (姚恰), our substantial Shareholder, the sole shareholder of Shenzhen Kegoubai, and the wife of Mr. Li Feng (Vice President of Strategy, Comtech)
「納斯達克」 "NASDAQ"	指	全美證券交易商協會自動報價系統 National Association of Securities Dealers Automated Quotations
IVAODAQ		riational Association of Securities Dealers Automated Quotations
「紐交所」	指	紐約證券交易所
"NYSE"		New York Stock Exchange
「中國法律顧問」	指	安傑世澤律師事務所

AnJie Broad Law Firm

"PRC Legal Advisor"

Definitions (Continued)

「招股章程」 本公司日期為2014年7月8日的招股章程

the prospectus of the Company dated July 8, 2014 "Prospectus"

「研發| 指 研究及開發

"R&D" research and development

「報告期間」 截至2024年12月31日止年度 指 "Reporting Period" the year ended December 31, 2024

「人民幣」 人民幣元,中國法定貨幣 指

"RMB" Renminbi, the lawful currency of PRC

「受限制股份單位計劃」 2014年受限制股份單位計劃及2023年受限制股份單位計劃 指

"RSU Schemes" the 2014 RSU Scheme and the 2023 RSU Scheme

「受限制股份單位」 受限制股份單位 指

"RSUs" restricted share units

香港法例第571章《證券及期貨條例》 「證券及期貨條例」 指

"SFO" the Securities and Futures Ordinance (Chapter 571 of the Laws of Hong Kong)

「股份」 指 本公司股本中每股面值0.0000001美元的普通股

"Share(s)" ordinary share(s) in the share capital of our company with a par value of

US\$0.000001 each

「股東| 指 本公司不時的股份持有人

"Shareholder(s)" holder(s) of Share(s) of the Company from time to time

「深圳科通| 指 深圳市科通技術股份有限公司,前稱科通工業技術(深圳)有限公司,一家於

2005年5月24日在中國成立的有限公司,為本公司的間接附屬公司

"Shenzhen Comtech" Shenzhen Comtech Limited, formerly known as Comtech Industrial Technology

(Shenzhen) Company Limited (科通工業技術(深圳)有限公司), a limited liability company established in the PRC on May 24, 2005, which is an indirect subsidiary of

the Company

「深圳可購百」 深圳市可購百信息技術有限公司,一家於2012年12月13日在中國成立的有 指

> 限責任公司,由姚女士全資擁有,並憑藉合約安排入賬列作我們的附屬公司 Shenzhen Kegoubai Information Technologies Limited (深圳市可購百信息技術有

限公司), a limited liability company established in the PRC on December 13, 2012, wholly-owned by Ms. Yao and, by virtue of the contractual arrangements, accounted

for as our subsidiary

「聯交所」 指 香港聯合交易所有限公司

"Shenzhen Kegoubai"

"Stock Exchange" The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited

「主要股東」 指 具上市規則賦予該詞的涵義

Definitions (Continued)

"substantial shareholder"		the meaning ascribed to it under the Listing Rules
「Total Dynamic」	指	Total Dynamic Holdings Limited,一家於2012年12月4日在英屬處女群島註冊成立的有限責任公司,由姚女士全資擁有,並為我們的股東
"Total Dynamic"		Total Dynamic Holdings Limited, a limited liability company incorporated in the BVI on December 4, 2012 which is wholly-owned by Ms. Yao and is our Shareholder
「庫存股份」	指	具上市規則賦予該詞的涵義
"treasury share(s)"		has the meaning ascribed to it under the Listing Rules
「美國」	指	美利堅合眾國、其領土、屬地及歸其管轄的所有地區
"United States" or "US"		the United States of America, its territories, its possessions and all areas subject to its jurisdiction
「美元」	指	美元,美國法定貨幣
"US\$"		United States dollars, the lawful currency of the United States
[%]	指	百分比
"%"		per cent

- 僅供識別
- For identification purpose only

本年報之中英文版本如有任何歧義,概以英文版本為準(於中國內地成立的法定實體名稱除外)。

In the event of any inconsistency, the English language text of this annual report (other than the names of the legal entities established in Mainland China) shall prevail over the Chinese language text.





(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability) (於開曼群島註冊成立的有限公司) Stock Code 股份代號: 00400